#### CIVILIAN OVERSIGHT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT

A TRAINING BY THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR CIVILIAN OVERSIGHT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT FOR THE MADISON, WISCONSIN POLICE CIVILIAN REVIEW BOARD

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**EDUCATIONAL SESSION III** 



# INTRODUCTIONS

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### TRAINING OVERVIEW

Effective Practices in the Complaint Process

Developing Policy Recommendations

Public Reporting and Transparency

Identifying Challenges and Opportunities

# Effective Practices in the Complaint Process

# Filing and Receiving Complaints

Submission of Complaints

**Barrier-free Complain Process** 

Anonymous Complaints

Third-Party Complaints

Internal Complaints

Accessibility for Non-English Speakers & Persons with Disabilities

#### Case Management

Complaint Triage and Alternative to Formal Investigation

Handling Complaints Alleging Potentially Criminal Conduct

Referring Complaints to Mediation

#### Communication With Complainants



#### Status Updates



#### Closeout Meetings



Complaint Process and Mediation Feedback Surveys

#### DEVELOPING POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Policy vs. Procedure

**Policy** (noun) - a course or principle of action adopted or proposed by a government, party, business, or individual. A policy is a deliberate system of principles to guide decisions and achieve rational outcomes.

**Procedure** (noun) - an established or official way of doing something. A procedure is the method in which a policy is implemented.

#### Developing Policy & Training Recommendations

Policy and training recommendations should include, to the greatest extent possible, specific **details**, relevant **examples** and **resources**, and **actionable language** to guide proposed actions for the law enforcement agency.

#### Developing Disciplinary Recommendations

Disciplinary recommendations for sustained allegations of misconduct should be:

Consistent

Just

Fair

ΣÌΣ

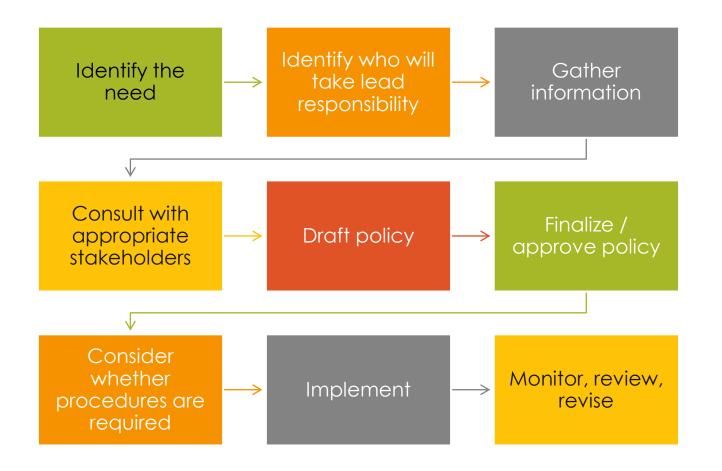
#### Requiring Written, Public Responses

Requiring the law enforcement department to publicly respond in writing to a civilian oversight agency's recommendations can **improve transparency and accountability**.

# Status of Recommendations and Follow-Up

Oversight agencies should track and report the status of recommendations issued to the law enforcement department.

If the law enforcement department has accepted a particular recommendation, the oversight agency should follow-up on its status, and assist with its implementation where possible.



Key Stages Involved in Developing Policies:

# Policies

# What Policies Do You Need to Develop?

Look at external policy influence and internal policy development.

The need for policy development should be kept under constant review.

Keep in mind that as a Board you are a part of the city government — and like any governmental entity, subject to lawsuits and claims against you. Having your own policies in place will be beneficial should there be litigation.

# Break

# 10 MINUTES

#### PUBLIC REPORTNIG AND TRANSPARENCY

# Issue Regular Reports

As a general rule, reports should contain the following:

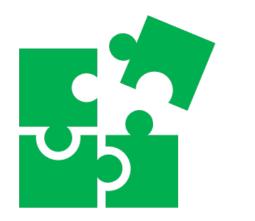
- Agency mission
- Authority
- Activity
- Accomplishments

#### Special Reports

Stand-alone reports should be issued for Investigations and matters of significant community interest.







### Publishing and Presenting Data



Data should be regularly published and presented in a clear and accessible format.

# Public Reporting & Transparency



Issuing regular public reports is critical to an agency's credibility.



They should not be censored or modified by law enforcement or political stakeholders.



Reports should be written in an accessible manner.



They should include as much information related to the agency's mandate and operations as can be disclosed by law.

# Identifying Challenges & Opportunities



# Stepping Back: Why We Are Here

Sankofa: History from the Mound Builders to Today Reflections:

- > Why was this board established?
- > What does Madison want?
- > What will your legacy be?



#### Stepping Through: Challenges

Very high expectations Fear of change Community trauma Skepticism from law enforcement Lack of understanding of oversight and its role Impartiality Having legitimacy with "both sides" Need for training "Change can't wait" Attempting to meet all the demands Some stakeholders think others cannot be engaged

#### Stepping Up: Opportunities

Moment we're in/"Fierce Urgency of Now"

State law creates possibilities

Community trauma

Government support for oversight

Calls for reform/defunding/abolition

Centering those most impacted

Demonstrating legitimacy

Policy and procedures can be changed

Creating something sustainable

Defining the role, work, and outcomes

Engaging all stakeholders

# Case Studies: New Orleans & Newark

- Origin of each city's civilian oversight model
- Initial implementation and challenges encountered
- Change and how it was achieved





# Case Study: Building a Sustainable Commission



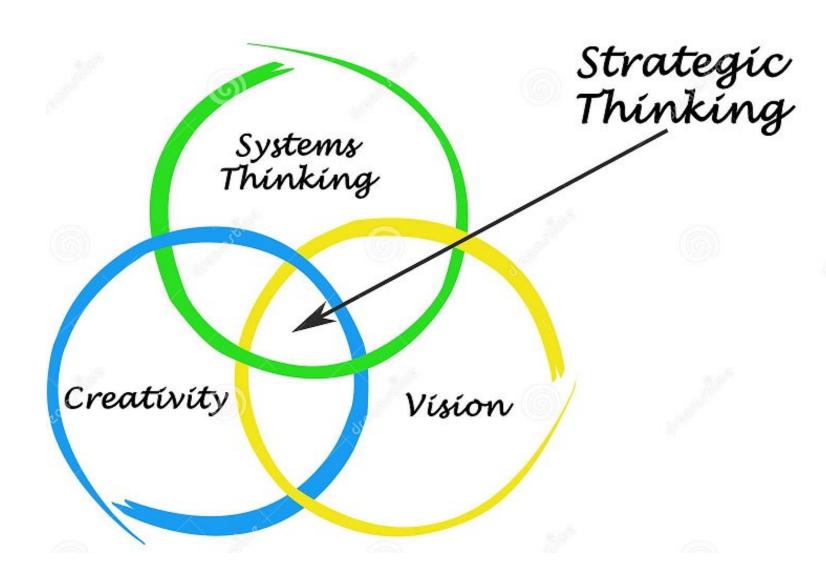
Results and looking forward: What do you hope to see in 2025?



How will you set expectations and measure success?



How will you actively listen to and honor all voices, perspectives, and lived experiences?



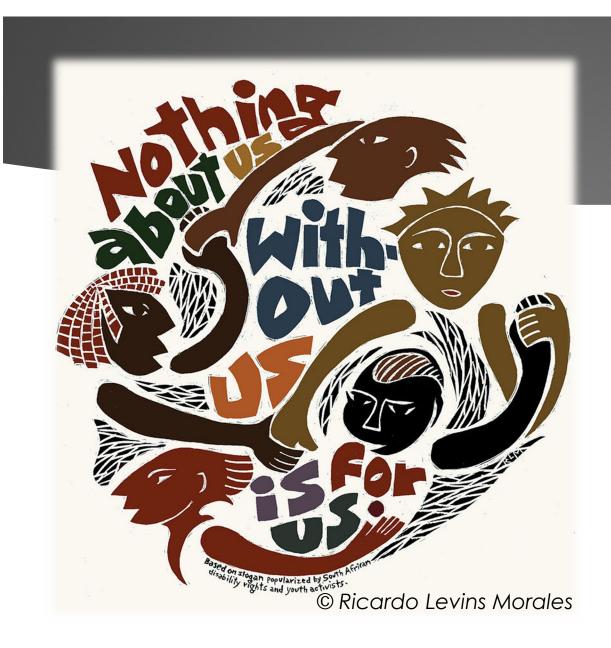
Thinking Strategically How can you build on opportunities, while addressing and understanding the challenges?

# Thinking Strategically

How will you build legitimacy with all stakeholders and goodwill for the future?

What are your priorities and what can go on the "back burner"?

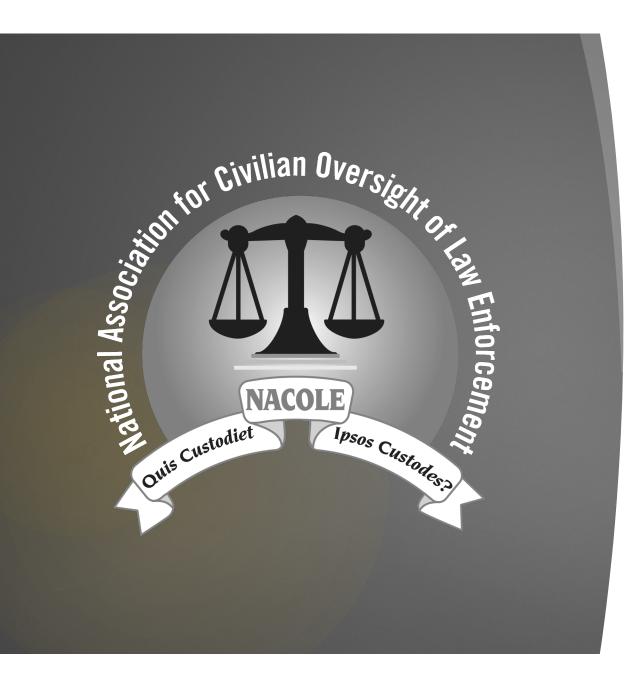
How can you adapt to conditions in order to achieve your mission?



"If you have come to help me you are wasting your time.

But if you have come because your liberation is bound up with mine, then let us work together."

Australian Aboriginal activists in Queensland, 1970s



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