## Matrix of Standards for Alterations in the Existing Historic District Ordinances 1/5/21

Alterations	N 4	- 1	ا استا	ka		onit	Manager	<b>F</b> ?
	Mansion	T	hird La			versity	Marquette	First
	Hill	E	Ridge C	R	He TR-C	ights TR-V	Bungalows	Settlement
Building Form		E		<u> </u>	TR-C	IN-V		
Proportions of width to	X		1	1				
height in facades	~							
	Х			V				
Proportions and	X			Х				
relation of width to								
height of doors and								
windows								
Proportion and rhythm	Х		Х	Х				
of solids to voids								
Directional Expression	Х							
Compatible Height	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
Compatible Gross	Х							
Volume	~							
Rhythm of buildings								
and masses								
Chimneys						 	X	X
Retain Original Historic			х	Х	х	Х		
Materials								
Architecture								
Retain historical roof			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
appearance								
Restoration					x			
Residing			1		X	X	x	x
Alterations to visible				-	X	X	<u>^</u>	<u>^</u>
					^	^		
street facades								
Alteration to non-					х	Х		
visible facades								
Dormers and other roof							Х	Х
alterations								
Windows and doors –							Х	Х
general standards								
Windows and doors –							X	
street facades							~	
							V	
Windows and doors –							х	
non-street side facades								
Windows and doors –							Х	
Rear facades								
Porches							Х	
Additions and other							Х	Х
alterations								
Foundations							Х	Х
Tuckpointing and brick							Х	Х
repair								
Decks								Х
Entrance Doors								X
			-				1	X
Double or Multiple								^
Doors				-				
Storm Windows and							X	х
Doors								
Lighting Fixtures								Х
Shutters								Х
Repairs								Х
Alterations to Post-		1				1		Х
1930 Structures								
Site			L	1		1		
				V				
Landscape Treatment				Х				
Parking lots					Х	Х		
Fences							Х	Х
Retaining Walls in Front								Х
Yards								
Accessory Structures								
Accessory Structures								x
Other			I	1				A
				1				
2 <sup>nd</sup> exits					Х	-	Х	
Skylights							Х	Х
Accessibility Ramps			$\perp$					Х
Fire Escapes and								Х
Rescue Platforms								
Permanently Installed						1	1	x
i crinanentiy histalleu	1		1	1	1	1	1	^

Standards for Alterations	Historic Districts					
	Mansion	Third Lake	University	Marquette	First	
	Hill	Ridge	Heights	Bungalows	Settle	
Building Form						
Proportions of width to height in facades	Any new structure located within two hundred (200) feet of other historic resources shall be visually compatible with those historic resources in the following ways: In the street elevation(s) of a structure, the proportion of width to height in the facade(s).					
Proportions and relation of width to height of doors and windows	Any new structure located within two hundred (200) feet of other historic resources shall be visually compatible with those historic resources in the following ways: The proportions and relationships of width to height of the doors and windows in street facade(s).	<b>Parcels Zoned for Residential Use.</b> Alterations of the street facade(s) shall retain the original or existing historical proportional relationships of door sizes to window sizes.				
Proportion and rhythm of solids to voids	Any new structure located within two hundred (200) feet of other historic resources shall be visually compatible with those historic resources in the following ways: The proportion and rhythm of solids to voids created by openings in the façade	Parcels Zoned for Mixed-Use, Commercial Use and Residential Use Alterations of street façade(s) shall retain the original or existing historical proportion and rhythm of solids to voids				
Directional Expression	All street facades shall blend with other structures via directional expression. When adjacent structures have a dominant vertical or horizontal expression, this expression should be carried over and reflected.					
Compatible Height	Any new structure located within two hundred (200) feet of other historic resources shall be visually compatible with those historic resources in the following ways: Height	Parcels Zoned for Employment Use, Mixed-Use, Commercial Use and Residential Use. Any exterior alterations on parcels zoned for employment use that are located within two hundred (200) feet of other historic resources shall be visually compatible with those historic resources in the following ways: (a) Height	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, Zoning Districts Height. No alterations shall be higher than the existing structure; however, if the existing structure is already a nonconforming one, alteration shall be made thereto except in accordance with Section 28.192. Roof alterations resulting in an increased structure volume are prohibited unless they meet the requirements in Sec. 41.24(4)(a)5. and are permitted under Chapter 28, or approved as a variance pursuant to Sec. 28.184 or approved as a conditional use or as			

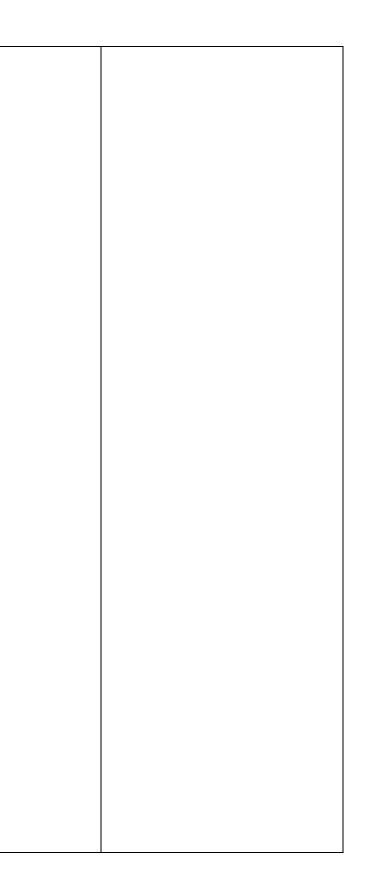
	Marquette	First
	Bungalows	Settlement
r		
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of		
n		

			part of a planned residential	
			development.	
			<b>TR-VI, TR-V2, TR-U1, TR-U2, NMX,</b> <b>TSS and LMX Zoning Districts</b> Height. No alterations shall be higher than the existing structure; however, if the existing structure is already nonconforming, no alteration shall be made thereto except in accordance with Sec. 28.192, MGO. In addition,	
			all alterations, including alterations to	
			the top of a structure, shall conform to the height restrictions for the	
			zoning district in which the structure	
			is located.	
Compatible Gross	Any new structure located within two hundred	Parcels Zoned for Mixed-Use,		
Volume	(200) feet of other historic resources shall be	Commercial Use and Residential Use.		
· oranic	visually compatible with those historic	Alterations of street facade(s) shall		
	resources in the following ways:	retain the original or existing		
	Gross Volume	historical materials.		
Rhythm of mass and		Parcels Zoned for Residential Use.		
spaces		Any exterior alterations on parcels		
		zoned residential use that are located		
		within two hundred (200) feet of		
		other historic resources shall be		
		visually compatible with those historic resources in the following		
		ways:		
		Rhythm of mass and spaces		
Chimneys				The exterior appearance
/ -				visible from the street sha
				maintained in good repai
				removal of the exterior pe
				such chimneys is prohibit
				Chimneys not visible from
				may be removed. New ch
				be constructed of brick to
				closely as possible the bri
				structure, or if there is no
				structure, chimneys may brick similar in dimension
				to brick on other in the
				neighborhood. New chim
				visible from the street ma
L		1	I	

shall be pair. The r portions of bited. rom the street chimneys shall k to match as brick on the a y be made of ions and color		
shall be pair. The r portions of bited.pre-1930 chimneys visible from the street shall be maintained in good repair. The removal of the exterior portions of such chimneys is prohibited. Chimneys not visible from the street may be removed. New chimneys shall be constructed of brick on the no brick on theshall be pre-1930 chimneys visible from portions of such chimneys is prohibited. Chimneys not visible from the street may be removed. New chimneys shall be constructed of brick, stone, stucco, or other compatible material. Metal chimneys		
shall be pair. The r portions of bited. rom the street chimneys shall k to match as brick on the a y be made of ions and color		
shall be pair. The r portions of bited. rom the street chimneys shall k to match as brick on the a y be made of ions and color		
may also be	shall be pair. The r portions of bited. Tom the street chimneys shall to match as brick on the no brick on the ay be made of ions and color e imneys not	pre-1930 chimneys visible from the street shall be maintained in good repair. The removal of the exterior portions of such chimneys is prohibited. Chimneys not visible from the street may be removed. New chimneys shall be constructed of brick, stone, stucco, or other compatible material. Metal chimneys

			constructed of metal or other non-	
			historic material.	Describe to all states and all states
Retain Original Historic	Parcels Zoned for Mixed-Use,	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, Zoning		Repairs to structures shall either
Materials	Commercial Use and Residential Use	Districts		match the existing or the original
	Alterations of the street façade(s) of	Repairs. Materials used in exterior		appearance. Restoration to the
	any existing structure shall retain the	repairs shall duplicate the original		original appearance is encouraged.
	original or existing historical	building materials in texture and		
	materials.	appearance, unless the Landmarks		
		Commission approves duplication of		
		the existing building materials where		
		the existing building materials differ		
		from the original. Repairs using		
		materials that exactly duplicate the		
		original in composition are		
		encouraged.		
		TR-VI, TR-V2, TR-U1, TR-U2, NMX,		
		TSS and LMX Zoning Districts.		
		Repairs. Materials used in repairs		
		shall harmonize with the existing		
		materials in texture, color and		
		architectural detail.		
Architecture				
Retain historical roof	Parcels Zoned for Mixed-Use,	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, Zoning	Reroofing shall be done with asphalt	Reroofing shall be done with asphalt.
appearance	Commercial Use and Residential Use.	Districts	shingles, fiberglass shingles or other	Fiberglass or other rectangular
	Alterations of the roof of any existing	Roof Shape. The roof shape of the	rectangular composition shingle	composition shingles similar in
	structure shall retain its existing	front of a structure shall not be	similar in appearance to 3-in-1 tab	appearance to 3-in-1- tab asphalt
	historical appearance.	altered except to restore it to the	asphalt shingles. Sawn wood shingles	shingles. Sawn wood shingles also
		original documentable appearance or	may also be approved. Modern style	may be approved. Modern style
		to add a dormer or dormers in a	shingles, such as thick wood shakes,	shingles such as thick wood shakes,
		location and shape compatible with	Dutch lap, French method and	Dutch lap, French method, and
		the architectural design of the	interlock shingles are incompatible	interlock shingles are prohibited.
		structure and similar in location and	with the historic character of the	Vents shall be located as
		shape to original dormers on	district and are prohibited. Vents shall	inconspicuously as possible and shall
		structures of the same vintage and	be located as inconspicuously as	be similar in color to the color of the
		style within the district. Alterations of	possible and shall be similar in color	roof. Rolled roofing, tar-and-gravel,
		the roof shape of the sides or back of	to the color of the roof. Rolled	rubberized membranes, and other
		a structure shall be visually	roofing, tar and gravel and other	similar roofing materials are
		compatible with the architectural	similar roofing materials are	prohibited, except that such materials
		design of the existing structure.	prohibited except that such materials	may be used on flat or slightly sloped
		(i) Poof Matorial	may be used on flat as slightly slaved	I roote that are not visible tram the
		(i) Roof Material.	may be used on flat or slightly sloped	roofs that are not visible from the
		1. If the existing roof is tile, slate or	roofs which are not visible from the	ground.
		.,		

	historic character, all repairs thereto
	shall be made using the same
	materials. In addition, in all cases any
	such roof must be repaired rather
	than replaced, unless the
	documented cost of repair exceeds
	the documented cost of re-roofing
	with a substitute material that
	approximates the appearance of the
	original roofing material as closely as
	possible, in which case re-roofing
	with a material that approximates the
	appearance of the original roofing
	material as closely as possible will be
	approved by the Landmarks
	Commission.
	2. If the existing roofing material is
	asphalt shingles, sawn wood shingles
	or a nonhistoric material such as
	fiberglass, all repairs shall match in
	appearance the existing roof material;
	however, if any such roof is covered
	or replaced, re-roofing must be done
	using rectangular sawn wood shingles
	or rectangular shingles that are
	similar in width, thickness and
	apparent length to sawn wood
	shingles, for example, 3-in-1 tab
	asphalt shingles. Modern style
	shingles, such as thick wood shakes,
	Dutch lap, French method and
	interlock shingles, that are
	incompatible with the historic
	character of the district are
	prohibited.
	3. Rolled roofing, tar and gravel and
	other similar roofing materials are
	prohibited except that such materials
	may be used on flat or slightly sloped
	roofs which are not visible from the
	ground.
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	(j) Parking Lots. No new parking lots
	will
	TR-VI, TR-V2, TR-U1, TR-U2, NMX,



	TSS and LMX	
	Roof Shape. Roof alterations to	
	provide additional windows,	
	headroom or area are prohibited	
	unless permitted under Chapter 28,	
	or otherwise approved pursuant	
	thereto as a variance or as part of a	
	conditional use. In addition, all roof	
	alterations shall be visually	
	compatible with the architectural	
	design of the structure.	
	Roof Materials. All repairs shall	
	match in appearance the existing	
	roofing materials; however, when a	
	roof is covered or replaced, roofing	
	materials shall duplicate as closely as	
	practicable the appearance of the	
	original materials. Thick wood shakes,	
	French method, interlock and Dutch	
	lap shingles are prohibited. Rolled	
	roofing, tar and gravel and other	
	similar roof materials are also	
	prohibited except on flat or slightly	
	sloped roofs which are not visible	
	from the street.	
Restoration	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, Zoning	
	Districts.	
	Projects that will restore the	
	appearance of a structure to its	
	original appearance are encouraged	
	and will be approved by the	
	Landmarks Commission if such	
	projects are documented by	
	photographs, architectural or	
	archeological research or other	
	suitable evidence.	
	Suitable evidence.	
Deciding	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, and TR-VI,	Re-siding with aluminum
Residing		_
	TR-V2, TR-U1, TR-U2, NMX, TSS and	replaces or covers clapbo
	LMX Zoning Districts	original siding on structu
	Re-siding with aluminum or vinyl that	sided with clapboards wi
	replaces or covers clapboards or	approved by the Landma
	nonoriginal siding on structures	Commission provided that
	originally sided with clapboards will	siding imitates the width
	be approved by the Landmarks	original clapboard siding

احطلا التعاير معر	Original wood siding ar and 1020
ım or vinyl that	Original wood siding or pre-1930
boards or non-	siding that blends with the historic
	-
tures originally	character of the structure shall be
will be	retained and restored as necessary,
marks	except that if the owner can
that the naw	-
that the new	demonstrate to the Landmarks
lth of the	Commission that the original siding is
ng to within	beyond repair, it may be replaced

	Commission provided that the new siding imitates the width of the original clapboard siding to within one (1) inch and provided further that all architectural details including, but not limited to, window trim, wood cornices and ornament either remain uncovered or are duplicated exactly in appearance. Where more than one layer of siding exists on the structure, all layers except the first must be removed before new siding is applied. If insulation is applied under the new siding, all trim must be built up so that it projects from the new siding to the same extent it did with the original siding.	one inch and provided further that all architectural details including, but not limited to, window trim, wood cornices and other ornament either remain uncovered or are duplicated exactly in appearance. All trim must continue to project out beyond the plane of the siding. Brick, stucco, and half-timber detailing shall match the original in appearance. Original wood shingle siding should be repaired or replaced to match the original in appearance, whenever possible; however, covering wood shingles with double-four vinyl or aluminum may be approved.	with wood, composite wood, or concrete clapboard siding to match the original or existing pre-1930 appearance. Restoration of original wood decorative details is encouraged. Soffits may be replaced or sided with wood or artificial materials, provided the appearance of the proposed material matches as closely as possible the original appearance. Original brick, stone and stucco siding shall be retained. Installation of artificial siding on such structures is prohibited. Painting of unpainted brick is prohibited. Mortar and other materials used in brick repair shall match the original in color, hardness, and appearance.
Alterations to visible street facades	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, Zoning DistrictsAlterations Visible from the Street and Alterations to Street Facades. Alterations visible from the street, including alterations to the top of structures, and alterations to street facades shall be compatible with the existing structure in architectural design, scale, color, texture, proportion and rhythm of solids to voids and proportion of widths to heights of doors and windows. Materials used in such alterations shall duplicate in texture and appearance, and architectural details used therein shall duplicate in design, the materials and details used in the original construction of the existing structure or of other structures in University Heights of similar materials, age and architectural style, unless the Landmarks Commission approves duplication of the texture and appearance of materials and the design of architectural details used in the		

	the existing structure where the	
	existing building materials and	
	architectural details differ from the	
	original. Alterations that exactly	
	duplicate the original materials in	
	composition are encouraged.	
	Alterations that destroy significant	
	architectural features are prohibited.	
	Side alterations shall not detract from	
	the design composition of the original	
	facade.	
	TR-VI, TR-V2, TR-U1, TR-U2, NMX,	
	TSS and LMX Zoning Districts	
	Alterations. Alterations shall be	
	compatible in scale, materials and	
	texture with the existing structure.	
	Repairs. Materials used in repairs	
	shall harmonize with the existing	
	materials in texture, color and	
	architectural detail.	
Alteration to non-visible	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, Zoning	
facades	Districts	
	Additions and Exterior Alterations Not	
	Visible from the Street. Additions and	
	exterior alterations that are not	
	visible from any streets contiguous to	
	the lot lines upon which the structure	
	is located will be approved by the	
	Landmarks Commission if their design	
	is compatible with the scale of the	
	existing structure and, further, if the	
	materials used are compatible with	
	the existing materials in texture, color	
	and architectural details. Additions	
	and alterations shall harmonize with	
	the architectural design of the	
	structure rather than contrast with it.	
	TR-VI, TR-V2, TR-U1, TR-U2, NMX,	
	TSS and LMX Zoning Districts	
	Alterations. Alterations shall be	
	compatible in scale, materials and	
	texture with the existing structure. Repairs. Materials used in repairs	

	 shall harmonize with the existing		
	materials in texture, color and		
	architectural detail.		
Dormers and other roof alterations		New dormers shall be greater than three (3) feet from the front edge of the roof. New dormers shall match original dormers on the structure (or original dormers on similar structures in the district) in roof shape and material, width of overhang, siding, window design and trim details. The ridge line of a new dormer shall not extend above the ridge line of the main roof of the structure. The dormer walls shall not extend beyond the line of the main structure wall below. Shed dormers behind existing dormers or gables on non-street sides of the structure may be approved provided that the roof material, siding, window design and trim details match the original features of the structure. Other roof alterations shall be compatible with the roof shape and other features of the structure, such as siding and trim details, and shall not extend above the ridge line of the structure.	New dormers shall match the appearance of original dormers on the structure in roof shape and material, width of overhang, siding, window design, and trim details whenever feasible. If the original roof shape is not practical, another shape may be approved, provided that it does not detract from the historic character of the structure or the neighborhood. New dormers shall be no less than twelve (12) feet from the front edge of the roof. The ridge line of a new dormer shall not extend above the ridge line of the main roof of the structure unless such higher roof line is not visible from the ground. Shed dormers behind existing dormers or gables on non-street sides of the structure may be approved, provided that the roof material, siding, window design and trim details match the original features of the structure. Other roof alterations shall be compatible with the roof shape and other historic features of the structure, such as siding and trim details, and shall not extend above the ridge line of the structure unless such extension is not visible from the
Windows and doors – general standards		The original appearance of leaded glass and other non-rectangular decorative windows (e.g., curved top windows) on any facade of the structure shall be retained. Replacement of such windows shall duplicate the original in size, configuration and appearance. Picture windows are prohibited. Trim on new or remodeled windows shall match the original window trim on	On the front facade and on side facades within ten (10) feet of the front facade, all original windows or pre-1930 windows that are compatible with the historic character of the structure shall retain their existing historic size, appearance, and trim detail. If any of the original windows or pre-1930 windows that are compatible with the historic character of the structure have true

	the structure	divided lights (i.e., with small panes of
		glass between muntin bars),
		replacement sash shall duplicate the
		existing appearance and have true
		divided lights. If windows have been
		altered in the past, restoration to the
		original appearance is encouraged.
		On side facades not within ten (10)
		feet of the front facade and on rear
		facades of the structure, the sills of
		original windows or pre-1930
		windows that are compatible with the
		historic character of the structure
		may be raised to serve bathrooms
		and kitchens. In other respects, the
		design shall duplicate the original
		appearance of the existing window.
		On side facades more than ten (10)
		feet from the front facade and on
		rear facades, new windows in
		locations where no window
		previously existed may be approved,
		provided they retain a similar ratio of
		height to width as original windows
		on the structure, are the same type of
		window as others on the structure
		(e.g., double-hung or casement), and
		are trimmed and finished to match
		the appearance of the other
		windows.
Windows and doors –	Windows and d	pors on the front or
street facades	street facade of	the structure and on
	side faces within	n ten (10) feet of the
		he structure shall
	retain their orig	
		luding true muntins
	where they exis	
		pors may be approved
		e original appearance.
Windows and doors –		e original appearance
non-street side facades		doors on the sides of
	the structure is	
		acement or new
		pposed, the muntin
		iginal windows on the

		stru	ucture may either be replicated	
		wit	th true-divided lights or with	
		ext	terior or interior applied grids or	
		wit	th grids applied between the panes	
		of	glass. New windows shall either be	
		cas	sement windows or double-hung	
			ndows. Sash on new windows over	
			ur (4) feet square shall be divided	
			muntins or mullions. Bay windows	
			ay be approved if they have sides	
			rpendicular to the wall and if they	
			not extend beyond the eaves of	
			e roof.	
Windows and doors –			placement, remodeling or	
Rear facades			tallation of new doors and	
			ndows on the rear facade will not	
			restricted except as discussed	
			der "General Standards" above.	
Porches			rches and stairway railings shall	Porches that are original to the
		ma	atch the original railings in	structure, or that pre-date 1930 and
		apr	pearance wherever possible.	blend with the historic character of
		Wr	rought iron railings with vertical	the structure, shall be retained,
		bal	lusters at least one-half (1/2) inch	rehabilitated or rebuilt to match the
		in v	width, wood railings with vertical	original in all details. Porches on
		squ	uare balusters spaced no more	street facades may be enclosed with
		tha	an three (3) inches apart, and solid	wood-framed screens, on the
			Ill railings covered in siding to	condition that the railing must be
			atch the structure will be approved.	retained or restored in a design
			her designs may be permitted if	compatible with the historic character
			ey blend with the character of the	of the structure. Porches on street
			ructure and the district. Porches	facades shall not be enclosed as a
			ay be enclosed with windows or	heated space. If a porch is on a street
			-	
			reens provided that new windows	facade and the owner can
			casements or double-hung units	demonstrate to the Landmarks
			nilar in proportion to other	Commission that it is beyond repair,
			ndows on the structure. Steps may	then a new porch must be
			constructed of wood, concrete or	constructed in its place. Construction
			ck. If wood is used, steps shall have	of new porches to approximate the
			ers and be enclosed on the sides by	dimensions of original porches is
			tice or a wing wall. Rear yard decks	encouraged.
			all have a railing as described	All porches shall present a finished
		abo	ove, shall have the underside	appearance, e.g., all floor joists shall
		scr	eened by lattice or evergreen	be hidden from view and all porches
			rubs, and all parts of the deck,	shall be finished with ceilings and
			cept the flooring and steps, shall be	frieze boards. Porch ceilings shall
		Che		

		painted or opaque-stained in a color	have the appearance of narrow
		to blend with the colors on the	beaded boards, unless another
		structure.	original material is approved by the
			Landmarks Commission. First floor
			porch flooring shall be tongue-in-
			groove boards; carpeting and two-by-
			four (2 x 4) decking are prohibited. All
			wood on exterior porches, except
			flooring and stair treads, shall be
			painted or opaque stained.
			All railings on porches shall be
			constructed of wood, or another
			material that duplicates the
			appearance of wood, with top and
			bottom rails. Bottom rails shall be
			raised above the floor level and shall
			be no higher than three and one-half
			(3 1/2) inches from the floor. All
			balusters on porch railings shall be
			square posts, unless the owner can
			demonstrate to the Landmarks
			Commission that a different design is
			original to the structure. If the
			building code requires a forty-two
			(42) inch high railing, the lower
			portion of the railing may be solid
			framed panels. Railings on stairways
			may be either wood to match the
			railings on the porch or wrought iron
			with one-by-one (1 x 1) plain vertical
			balusters. Twisted or other decorative
			wrought iron is prohibited. All
			balusters shall be constructed such
			that a four (4) inch ball may not pass
			through the railing at any point. All
			balusters shall be located in between
			the top and bottom rail and shall not
			extend across the face of either.
			Siding on porch rails is prohibited
			unless the existing rail is sided. Porch posts shall be trimmed with
			decorative molding at the top and
			bottom of the posts.
			All porches and stairways shall be
			enclosed between the frieze under
			enciosed between the meze under

	the first floor and the ground with a
	framed lattice of crisscross design,
	narrow vertical boards or other
	openwork design. The lattice shall be
	designed such that a three-(3) inch
	ball could not pass through any
	portion of the lattice. All stairways
	shall have solid wood risers.
	Porches on street facades may be
	enclosed by storm windows. Storm
	windows on porches shall have the
	appearance of double-hung windows,
	with or without a transom, and shall
	fill the space between the top of the
	railing and the upper frieze board.
	When porches are enclosed, the
	railing area underneath may be filled
	in with solid framed panels. Porches
	on street facades shall not be
	enclosed as a four-season heated
	space.
Additions and other	New additions on the front of the Additions on the front of the
alterations	structure are prohibited. Additions on structure are prohibited, except for
	the sides or rear shall be permitted if open porches. Additions on the sides
	they are compatible with the or rear shall be permitted if they are
	structure in architectural design, compatible with the structure in
	scale, color, texture, proportion and architectural design, scale, color,
	rhythm of solids to voids and texture, proportion and rhythm of
	proportion of widths to heights of solids to voids, and proportion of
	doors and windows. Materials and widths to heights of doors and
	architectural details used in additions windows. Additions that exactly
	and alterations shall duplicate in duplicate the original materials in
	texture, appearance, and design, the composition are encouraged.
	materials and details used in the Additions that destroy significant
	original construction of the structure architectural features are prohibited.
	or of other structures in the district. Side additions shall not detract from
	The Landmarks Commission may the design composition of the main
	approve an exception to this policy facade. Siding on new additions shall
	where the existing structure materials be the same as the structure, unless
	and architectural details differ from the structure is masonry, in which
	the original. Additions and exterior case narrow-gauge clapboards will be
	alterations that exactly duplicate the permitted. Foundation material on
	original materials in composition are additions shall duplicate the original
	encouraged. Additions or exterior foundation material whenever

	architectural features are prohibited.	may also be permitted, provided they
	Side additions shall not detract from	do not detract from the historic
	the design composition of the original	character of the structure.
	facade.	
Foundations	The original or existing finish on the	All original foundation masonry, such
	foundation shall be retained. Brick or	as brick, stone, or rusticated concrete
	stone shall not be covered with a	block, shall be retained unless the
	cementitious or other surface.	owner can demonstrate to the
	Foundation insulation shall be applied	Commission that significant repairs
	only to the interior. Basement	are required, in which case
	windows may be removed provided	replacement with materials to
	that the space is filled with a material	duplicate the original appearance is
	to match as closely as possible the	encouraged. If duplicating the original
	appearance of the surrounding	appearance is not practical, other
	foundation and provided that the	materials may be approved, provided
	new material is inset at least one inch	they blend with the historic character
	from the plane of the wall.	of the structure and the district.
Tuckpointing and brick	Mortar and other materials used in	
	brick repair shall match the original in	
repair		
	color, hardness and appearance. Brick	
	shall not be painted.	
Decks		Decks in rear yards will be approved
		by the Landmarks Commission
		provided that the design complies
		with par. 1., except that tongue-in-
		groove flooring is not required. Decks
		in front and side yards may be
		permitted if they are not replacing an
		entrance porch, do not detract from
		the historic character of the structure
		and neighborhood, and if they comply
		with par.1.
Entrance Doors		If the entrance door is original or is
		pre-1930 and blends with the historic
		character of the structure, it should
		be retained unless the owner can
		demonstrate to the Landmarks
		Commission that it is beyond repair.
		Metal doors may be approved,
		provided they blend with the historic
		appearance of the structure.
		Unpaneled, modern-style doors, and
		doors with a fake wood grain are
		prohibited. All doors shall be painted
		or varnished.

Double or Multiple Doors			Double or multiple doors, such as
			doors leading onto patios or decks, may be permitted, provided they have frames similar to full view doors. Raw aluminum or other metallic finishes are prohibited. Patio doors shall be painted or finished with a material that resembles a painted finish. Such doors on street facades shall be hinged doors, rather than
			sliding doors.
Storm Windows and Doors		Storm windows and doors shall be enameled, painted or otherwise coated with a colored surface; raw aluminum is prohibited. Storm door designs of wood and glass to match the original design on the structure or on similar structures in the district is encouraged. Storm doors of simple design with no stylistic references (e.g., colonial cross-bars) may also be used. Storm doors with metal grilles may be approved provided that they blend with the style of the structure.	Storm windows and doors shall be enameled, painted or otherwise coated with a colored surface to resemble a painted surface. Raw aluminum or other metallic finishes on storm windows and doors are prohibited. Painted or varnished storm doors of wood and glass to match the original design on the structure or on similar structures in the district are encouraged. Storm doors of simple design with no stylistic references may be used. Full view storm doors will be permitted. Storm doors with metal grills are prohibited.
Lighting Fixtures			Lighting fixtures that are visible from the street shall be of a design that is compatible with the historic appearance of the structure.
Shutters			The installation of new shutters requires approval of the Landmarks Commission. Shutters will be permitted, provided they are compatible with the historic character of the structure and are of a size that, if the shutters were workable, would cover the window opening.
Alterations to Post-1930 Structures			Alterations to structures that post- date 1930 shall be compatible with the original character of the structure and shall not detract from the historic character of older structures in the district. Alterations that bring the

	structure into compliance with the regulations of this section regarding siding, decks, foundations, porches, the proportion of windows and doors, and the proportion and rhythm of solids to voids of the street facades of such structures are encouraged. It is not the intent of this ordinance to create fake historic structures, but to allow modern style structures to retain their essential style while still blending with the appearance of historic structures in the district.
Site	
Landscape Treatment	Parcels zoned residential useAny exterior alterations that arelocated within two hundred (200) feetof other historic resources shall bevisually compatible with thosehistoric resources in the followingways:Landscape treatment
Parking lots	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, Zoning   Districts   Parking Lots. No new parking lots will   be approved unless they are   accessory to and on the same zoning   lot as a commercial structure or   multiple family dwelling.   TR-VI, TR-V2, TR-U1, TR-U2, NMX,   TSS and LMX Zoning Districts   Parking Lots. No new parking lots will   be approved unless they are   accessory to and on the same zoning   lot as a commercial structure or   multiple family dwelling.
Fences	
Retaining Walls in Front Yards	
Accessory Structures	
Accessory Structures	
Other	
2 <sup>nd</sup> exits	TR-C2, TR-C3, and TR-C4, Zoning Second exit platforms and stairways

			1
	Districts	shall be as unobtrusive as possible.	
	Second Exit Platforms and Fire	No second exit platforms or stairways	
	Escapes. Second exit platforms and	shall be permitted on the front facade	
	fire escapes shall be invisible from the	of a structure. When possible, second	
	street, wherever possible, and shall	exit stairways shall be provided on	
	be of a plain and unobtrusive design	the interior of the. When this is not	
	in all cases. In instances where an	possible, they shall be added onto the	
	automatic combustion products	rear section of the structure. Railings	
	detection and alarm system is	and design shall follow the railing and	
	permitted as an alternative to second	deck standards listed under "Porches"	
	exits, use of such a system shall be	above.	
	mandatory.		
Skylights		Skylights on street-facing roof slopes	Skylights on the roof slope over the
		are prohibited. Skylights may be	main street facade are prohibited
		permitted on side roof slopes	unless not visible from the street.
		provided the front edge of the	Skylights may be permitted on rear
		skylight is at least ten (10) feet back	roof slopes and on side roof slopes,
		from the front edge of the main roof.	provided the front edge of the
		Skylights on any roof area not visible	skylight is at least ten (10) feet back
		from the street may be permitted.	from the front edge of the main roof
		The design should be as simple as	and provided that the skylight is not
		possible, of the flat type (not bubble)	so obtrusive as to detract from the
		and painted to blend with the color of	general appearance of the structure.
		the roof.	Skylights on any roof area not visible
			from the ground will be permitted.
			The design of new skylights shall be as
			simple as possible, of the flat (not
			bubble) type, and finished to blend
			with the color of the roof.
Accessibility Ramps			It is the intent of this section to
			permit accessibility ramps wherever
			possible, especially when required by
			ADA provisions. Accessibility ramps
			shall be as inconspicuous as possible.
			Landscape screening shall be
			provided where possible. The details
			of such ramps shall conform to the
			requirements for porches in par. 1.
Fire Ference and Decaus			• • •
Fire Escapes and Rescue			Fire escapes and rescue platforms
Platforms			shall be located such that they are as
			unobtrusive from the street as
			possible. No fire escapes or rescue
			platforms shall be permitted on the
			front facade of a structure unless the
			owner can demonstrate to the

	Landmarks Commission that no other location is practical. The design of fire escapes and rescue platforms shall comply with the requirements of par. 1., except that balusters on fire escapes and second exit platforms may be metal with one-by-one plain vertical balusters, painted to blend with the colors of the structure. Twisted or other decorative wrought iron is prohibited.
Permanently Installed Air Conditioners	Permanently installed air conditioners shall be as inconspicuous as possible. Ground air conditioners shall be screened with landscaping where possible.