Monona Shores

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)

Financial Report

December 31, 2019

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Community Development Authority of the City of Madison Madison, Wisconsin

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Monona Shores, a business-type activity-enterprise fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Monona Shores, a business-type activity-enterprise fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present only the Monona Shores fund, a business-type activity-enterprise fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

SVA Certified Public accountants, S.C.

Madison, Wisconsin

April 6, 2020

(A Business-Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison) STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2019 and 2018

ASSETS	2019	2018
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash - tenants' security deposits Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 659,092 69,529 37,116 32,511	\$ 457,832 65,060 45,871 0
Total Current Assets	798,248	568,763
Noncurrent Assets Net Capital Assets Deposit Total Noncurrent Assets	4,238,027 10,500 4,248,527	4,684,042 0 4,684,042
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,046,775	\$ 5,252,805
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Accrued PILOT Accrued interest Unearned revenue Tenants' security deposits payable Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 27,752 12,225 40,000 7,421 25,421 69,507 173,205	\$ 31,151 5,944 40,000 8,407 28,724 67,564 167,443
Total Current Liabilities	355,531	349,233
Long-Term Liabilities Mortgage notes payable, net of current maturities	2,516,240	2,689,446
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	1,548,582 626,422	1,827,153 386,973
Total Net Position	2,175,004	2,214,126
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 5,046,775	\$ 5,252,805

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(A Business-Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison) STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating revenues:	* 4 007 005	4.4.000.000
Rental income	\$ 1,227,695	\$ 1,203,088
Vacancies and concessions	(30,205)	(75,553)
Other revenues	42,633	35,915
Total operating revenues	1,240,123	1,163,450
Operating expenses:		
Rent and administrative	261,899	206,821
Utilities	77,199	70,432
Operating and maintenance	356,448	316,492
PILOT, taxes and insurance	48,928	88,792
Depreciation	446,015	433,554
Total operating expenses	1,190,489	1,116,091
Operating income	49,634	47,359
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Interest income	845	0
Interest expense	(89,601)	(96,384)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(88,756)	(96,384)
Loss before transfers	(39,122)	(49,025)
Transfers out	0	145,351
Change in net position	(39,122)	(194,376)
Net position, beginning	2,214,126	2,408,502
Net position, ending	\$ 2,175,004	\$ 2,214,126

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(A Business-Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from customers	\$	1,247,518	\$	1,166,350
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(784,603)		(696,681)
Net cash provided by operating activities		462,915		469,669
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		•		(445.054)
Transfers out		0		(145,351)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Debt retired		(167,444)		(161,646)
Interest paid		(90,587)		(96,384)
Acquisition of capital assets		0		(218,920)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activites		(258,031)		(476,950)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income		845		0_
Change in cash and cash equivalents		205,729		(152,632)
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning		522,892		675,524
Ending	\$	728,621	\$	522,892
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE				
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	659,092	\$	457,832
Restricted cash - tenants' security deposits		69,529		65,060
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	728,621	\$	522,892
RECONCILIATION OF CHANGE IN OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income	\$	49,634	\$	47,359
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	•	,	•	,
Depreciation		446,015		433,554
Change in assets and liabilities:		0 ===		(==0:
Accounts receivable		8,755		(772)
Prepaid expenses		(32,511)		0
Deposit		(10,500)		0
Accounts payable		(1,456)		(14,517)
Accrued expenses Unearned revenue		6,281 (3,303)		(1,027) 5,072
Oneamed revenue		(3,303)		5,012
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	462,915	\$	469,669

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A -- Summary of significant accounting policies

Reporting entity

Monona Shores (the fund) is a business-type activity-enterprise fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison (CDA). The CDA is a component unit of the City of Madison. The fund consists of a 104-unit, low-income housing project called Monona Shores Apartments, located in Madison, Wisconsin, and was placed in service in December 1999.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and basis of presentation

The financial statements of the fund have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the fund are described below.

The accounts of the fund are organized and operated on the basis of a proprietary fund.

The fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's operations. The principal operating revenues of the fund include activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions, mainly rental income. Operating expenses for the fund include the cost of services provided, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenue includes activities that have characteristics of non-exchange transactions such as most federal, state, and local grants and subsidies. Non-operating revenue also includes interest income.

Proprietary Fund - The proprietary fund is an *Enterprise Fund* used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the CDA has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Enterprise Funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The enterprise fund is used to account for the activities of the low-rent housing program. Under the low-rent housing program, the CDA owns and operates housing units. Financing for the acquisition and rehabilitation of this property was obtained through long-term debt issues. The operations and maintenance are funded principally through tenant rent.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A -- Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the fund considers all investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, with the exception of cash not available to the fund due to restrictions placed on it.

Accounts receivable and revenue recognition

The fund utilizes the direct write-off method of accounting for bad debts. The use of this method has no material effect on the financial statements.

Accounts receivable are not interest bearing. A receivable is considered past due if payments have not been received by the fund after 5 days. Accounts receivable are written-off when management determines an account is uncollectible, based on its history of past write-offs, collections, and current credit conditions. Accounts receivable are written-off only after the tenant vacates the unit. A late payment fee of \$30 or \$35 is charged for accounts 5 days past due.

Rental revenue is recognized when earned. The fund leases apartments to eligible applicants under operating leases which are substantially all on a yearly basis. Other revenue consists of various tenant charges and other services and is recognized when the service is complete.

Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost. Depreciation of rental property is computed on the straight-line and declining-balance methods based upon the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	15
Buildings and improvements	27.5
Furnishings and equipment	5

On September 20, 2018, the fund adopted a new capitalization policy which is the same policy used by the CDA. All purchases of capital assets in excess of \$5,000, and/or extends the useful life will be capitalized. Prior to September 20, 2018, all purchases of capital assets in excess of \$10,000, renovations or building improvements greater than \$25,000 and any purchases and/or construction of infrastructure that exceeds \$50,000 and/or extends the useful life will be capitalized.

Maintenance and repairs of rental property are charged to operations, and major improvements are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale or other disposition of rental property, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The fund reviews long-lived assets, including rental property, for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. An impairment loss would be recognized when the estimated future cash flows from the use of the asset are less than the carrying amount of that asset. To date, there have been no such losses.

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A -- Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Net position

The fund's net position is subdivided into two categories: 1) net investment in capital assets, and 2) unrestricted. Each component of net position is reported separately on the statements of net position. Net investment in capital assets represents the balance of land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, and furnishings and equipment less accumulated depreciation, net of any related debt incurred in the acquisition of capital assets. The remaining net position, not related to capital assets, is reported as unrestricted.

Subsequent events

These financial statements have not been updated for subsequent events occurring after April 6, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. The fund has no responsibility to update these financial statements for events and circumstances occurring after this date.

NOTE B -- Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash

The fund's cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash as of December 31, 2019 were comprised of the following:

		Carrying Value		Bank Balance		Associated Risks	
Deposits	\$	728,621	\$	769,194	94 Custodial credit r		
Reconciliation to financial st Per statement of net positio Cash and cash equivalent Restricted cash – tenants'	n s				\$	659,092 69,529	
Total cash and cash equiva	alents a	and restricted	cash		\$	728,621	

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE B -- Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash (Continued)

The fund's cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash as of December 31, 2018 were comprised of the following:

	(Carrying Value		Bank Balance		Associated Risks
		value		Dalaricc		MONO
Deposits	\$	522,892	\$	673,529	С	ustodial credit risk
Reconciliation to financial s Per statement of net position		ents:				
Cash and cash equivalen Restricted cash – tenants	ts	ity deposits			\$	457,832 65,060
Total cash and cash equiv	alents	and restricted	cash		<u>\$</u>	<u>522,892</u>

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The fund has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

Custodial credit risk

Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the fund's deposits may not be returned to the fund.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, \$519,194 and \$423,529 of the fund's total bank balance of \$769,194 and \$673,529, respectively was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019

NOTE C -- Capital assets, net

The balance of and changes in capital assets as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 is summarized as follows:

	De	ecember 31,					De	ecember 31,
		2018	/	Additions	Dele	tions		2019
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	173,501	\$	0	\$	0	\$	173,501
Total capital assets not being								
depreciated		173,501		0		0		173,501
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		10,921,469		0		0		10,921,469
Land improvements		580,129		0		0		580,129
Furniture and equipment		560,033		0		0		560,033
Total capital assets being								
depreciated		12,061,631		0		0		12,061,631
Accumulated depreciation		(7,551,090)		(446,015)		0		(7,997,105)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		4,510,541		(446,015)		0		4,064,526
Total capital assets, net	\$	4,684,042	\$	(446,015)	\$	0	\$	4,238,027

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2019

NOTE C -- Capital assets, net (Continued)

The balance of and changes in capital assets as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 is summarized as follows:

	De	ecember 31, 2017	 Additions	Dele	tions	De	ecember 31, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	173,501	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	173,501
Total capital assets not being			 	'			_
depreciated		173,501	0		0		173,501
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		10,823,949	97,520		0		10,921,469
Land improvements		580,129	0		0		580,129
Furniture and equipment		438,633	 121,400		0		560,033
Total capital assets being							
depreciated		11,842,711	218,920		0		12,061,631
Accumulated depreciation		(7,117,536)	 (433,554)		0_		(7,551,090)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net		4,725,175	 (214,634)		0_		4,510,541
Total capital assets, net	\$	4,898,676	\$ (214,634)	\$	0_	\$	4,684,042

NOTE D -- Long-term debt

	E	Beginning Balance 2018	In	Balance With		Balance		Balance		ounts Due Within Ine Year
Mortgage notes payable: Johnson Bank WHEDA	\$	2,643,822 213,067	\$	0	\$	167,444 0	\$	2,476,378 213,067	\$	173,205 0
Total long-term debt	\$	2,856,889	\$	0	\$	167,444	\$	2,689,445	\$	173,205

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE D -- Long-term debt (Continued)

G		•	,							
	ı	Beginning Balance 2017	Inc	reases	De	ecreases		Ending Balance 2018		ounts Due Within One Year
Mortgage notes payable: Johnson Bank WHEDA	\$	2,805,468 213,067	\$	0	\$	161,646 0	\$	2,643,822 213,067	\$	167,443 0
Total long-term debt	\$	3,018,535	\$	0	\$	161,646	\$	2,856,889	\$	167,443
Mortgage notes	pa	yable consi	st of the	following	g:					
							20	19	2	2018
Johnson Bank; \$21,503, includ 2021; collateral property and the profits, and pro- allowed, subjec	ing izec e as cee	interest at 3 d by a first n ssignment o ds; prepayn	3.48%; du nortgage f leases, nent of th	ue Septe on the rentals ie note i	ember rental , issue	S,	2,476,378 2			

Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA); nonrecourse; non-interest bearing; monthly principal payments beginning on June 1, 2023; due May 1, 2031; collateralized by a third mortgage on the rental property; prepayment of the note is not allowed until May 2023.

213,067		213,067	
\$ 2,856,889	<u>\$</u>	2,689,445	\$

Future maturities of principal and interest on long-term debt as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	
2020	\$ 173,205	\$	84,826
2021	2,303,173		58,157
2022	0		0
2023	15,536		0
2024	26,633		0
2025 - 2028	133,165		0
2029 – 2033	<u>37,733</u>		0
	<u>\$ 2,689,445</u>	<u>\$</u>	142,983

(A Business -Type Activity-Enterprise Fund of the Community Development Authority of the City of Madison)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE E -- Commitments and contingencies

Land Use Restriction Agreement (LURA)

The CDA was assigned and has assumed a LURA with WHEDA as a condition to receiving an allocation of low-income housing tax credits. Under this agreement, the fund must continuously comply with IRC Section 42 and other applicable sections of the IRC. The agreement places occupancy restrictions on rents and the minimum percent of units which shall be occupied by individuals or families whose income meets the requirements set under the IRC Section 42. The CDA is obligated to certify tenant eligibility.

Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)

The CDA has entered into a PILOT Agreement with the City of Madison, Wisconsin (the City), under which the CDA agrees to make annual PILOT payments to the City in the amount of \$40,000 beginning in 2015 and ending with 2025. The PILOT Agreement shall terminate on the day before the respective January 1st of the year during which the City determines that Monona Shores no longer qualifies for property tax exemption or termination of ownership of Monona Shores by the CDA. PILOT expense totaled \$40,000 for each of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Uncertainty

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the entity as of April 6, 2020, management believes that a material impact on the entity financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.