## DRAFT City of Madison Comprehensive Early Childhood Plan

#### Vision

All children have equitable access to opportunities to meet developmental milestones and succeed in school and life.

- By all children, we mean especially children facing barriers to success.
- Access means equitable access to resources, programming and services at the time they are needed.

#### Background and Gathering Input

In 2017, Madison applied and was accepted into National League of Cities (NLC) Early Childhood Network to improve early childhood services in the City. This partnership allows Madison access to collaborate with other cities' plans for early childhood and ensure that services align to best serve families in our community.

Through the NLC process, it was recognized that Madison does not have a formal plan for early childhood. The broad term "early childhood" is used throughout this plan to encompass many programs and terms that are used in this field which include, but are not limited to child care, preschool, early childhood education, prekindergarten, home visiting, parent education, play and learn groups, and others.

To begin the process of developing a Comprehensive Early Childhood Plan, the City and the United Way of Dane County, gathered approximately 50 leaders from community based organizations, elected officials, government staff, philanthropy and other early childhood stakeholders to assess where the city is on early child care and education. From this meeting, came recommendations to do further outreach to families and service providers to complement the grasstops level feedback.

Over the course of a year (June 2018-July 2019), the City met with various community organizations and early childhood programs, and attended events to hear what families had to say about accessing early childhood programs and education. Feedback was gathered from over approximately 200 individual parents, grandparents, caregivers and staff. This information helped inform recommendations and identify priority areas, which allowed staff to begin drafting potential action steps to address the gaps identified.

#### **Timeline of Process**

Aug 2017	Identify the current state of Madison early childhood care and education.
Jan-Aug 2018	Collect feedback from community leaders and develop draft themes and action steps.
June 2018-July 2019	Gather feedback from parents and service providers.
Aug-Dec 2019	Re-analyze themes and action steps. Create and revise a draft Comprehensive Early Childhood Plan for the City of Madison.

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Jan-Mar 2020	Provide opportunity for final feedback and input on the Draft Comprehensive
	Early Childhood Plan for the City of Madison. This is gathered through a series of
	formal and informal meetings with community groups and stakeholders.
Spring 2020	Comprehensive Early Childhood Plan for Madison is published.

#### Barriers and Needs Identified by the Community

Lack of up to date information about availability of early childhood programs and services was the biggest barrier to access early childhood programs and services that families and frontline staff identified. Specifically, families mentioned the need for more resources in Hmong and Spanish, ensuring information is in places that families can easily access, such as doctor's offices and schools, and creating a mass resource about child care and education programs in both printed and online formats. Additionally, many families wanted more information on how to engage with public officials, as only 38% of survey respondents thought elected representatives were dedicated to funding early childhood programs. Further, many parents mentioned that child care assistance limits and thresholds negatively impacted them and often prevented them from receiving support by just a few dollars.

Grasstops leaders identified the need for more data, especially looking at how data informs programs and services. Additionally, many respondents recommended coordinating funding streams to ensure organizations in the public and private sector were aligned to address the areas with the highest need. Many mentioned that although many groups were doing good work, oftentimes initiatives were disjointed and could be made stronger by more collaboration and coordination between organizations. Additionally, many identified the need for integration of child care and family services.

Families and grasstops leaders identified very similar areas of growth needed in early childhood in Madison. Inequity in access to resources was a common theme in both groups, mentioning income, race, neighborhood, and language as being very common barriers to accessing early childhood programs and services. Additionally, individuals mentioned the need to expand funding for early childhood programs and services overall. As wait lists grow and many centers experience staffing shortages, families and grasstops leaders both want increased public funding for early childhood. Lastly, due to many staffing shortages, the need for increased investments in the field of early childhood was a common theme. Professional development, increased wages and benefits, and recruitment and retention efforts were mentioned by both parents and grasstops leaders.

#### Overlapping **Feedback Grasstops Feedback Family Feedback** Inequity in access Data gathering Information about to resources Coordinated funding programs and resources Funding for early • Thresholds for child care child care and Integration of child care assistance education and family services Investments for early childhood teachers

## Recommendation 1: Link Families with Resources

Target: Community resources for children and families are well known, accessible, and easy to use.

Families are children's first and most important teachers. When families are empowered and knowledgeable about early childhood resources in the community, the child is more likely to access quality programs. Once connected with a program, families are often referred to other useful community services and learn best practices to support their child(ren)'s development. However, many families said that getting connected to a program was difficult. Many families discussed the difficulty in accessing services because of the time commitment to research various centers on their own time. Additionally, families identified the need for a mass resource where they could learn about early childhood programs, community services for their children, and even developmental milestones.

YoungStar, a program out of the Wisconsin Department of Children and Families (DCF), is a Quality Rating and Improvement System to evaluate the quality of child care programs in a consistent way. The YoungStar website already contains useful information on child care centers, children with special needs, and referrals to other resources. However, many people surveyed were not aware of YoungStar's website or how to find resources or programs on it.

While effective resources exist, they are not well known in the Madison community. This may be creating barriers for families who want to access early childhood programs and services.

To address these barriers, existing, low cost options will be explored to share information with families. Using social media to connect families with early childhood centers and organizations that have openings for care or other programming could serve as an easy and sustainable way to facilitate the sharing of information. A workgroup will be formed to co-create the social media presence with families to ensure it meets their needs for format and usability. Additionally, service providers will coordinate engagement efforts with other existing events or gatherings. For example, opportunities such as The Week of the Young Child will be used as catalysts

for action and information sharing with families because the increased media attention to the topic during this week will allow for earned media opportunities that do not normally exist.

Timeframe	Milestone	Partners/Who will complete milestone	Outcome
May 2020	Create workgroup to create social media presence for information sharing		Workgroup is formed
June 2020	Workgroup conducts research and makes decisions regarding the social media launch		-
July-Aug 2020	Social media presence is launched and promoted by partners prior to school beginning		Social media is launched

Recommendation 2: Improve Access to High Quality Child Care
Target: Families have access to high quality, basic services that proactively promote and support health, learning and family strengths.

The City of Madison has many high quality child care centers, but families still tend to face long wait-times to get connected with these centers. Additionally, many centers are not affordable for families making it difficult to enroll low-income children into high quality centers. Although there are many programs to support families with centers they may not typically be able to afford, some families are ineligible due to their income, working status, or location. Therefore, it is a priority to continue to strive for affordable and high quality child care that is accessible for any family who many want to enroll.

In order to decrease wait-times to enroll children into child care programs, new programs may have to be created. However, as mentioned in Recommendation 2, there is an early childhood staffing crisis, where current centers are struggling to fill openings and recruit new people into the field of early childhood, making it difficult to create new programs.

To improve the situation, Madison should continue to strive for more affordable and quality child care for children by providing incentives to start new child care programs. Additionally, Madison should continue to encourage lawmakers to fund early childhood so that more quality programs can be created. It is important to ensure all child care programs that are created reach historically marginalized families, especially families who are low-income, of color, and whose first language is not English.

Partner agencies and community members such as landlords or employers can be utilized to connect more families to state and local child care subsidies through formal and informal means.

Timeframe	Milestone	Partners/Who will	Outcome
		complete milestone	

2020-2022	Identify incentive	City of Madison	More child care
	package for child	WWBIC	programs in Madison
	care start-ups		
2020-2022	Work with state and	City of Madison	Increased uptake of
	local partners to	We Care for Dane	Wisconsin Shares for
	connect families to	Kids	Dane County
	child care subsidies	Business Partners	
		State of Wisconsin	
		Dane County	

Recommendation 3: Support Early Childhood Workforce

Target: Service providers access supports to ensure staff are well-supported, grow professionally and are retained within the workforce.

Currently, there is a staffing crisis in Madison in the field of early childhood. Centers have a difficult time recruiting qualified classroom teachers and qualified teachers are often underpaid compared to careers in other fields (Davis, 2018). Oftentimes, early childhood teachers are forced to leave their jobs for other positions that pay more in order to make ends meet, resulting in low retention for many centers.

Lack of qualified child care staff prevents centers from growing to accept more families and new centers from being created, leading to a shortage in child care spots for children. Additionally, when there is little incentive to advance in education for early childhood, centers lack qualified staff. Early childhood staff must be paid a living wage in order to retain service providers and incentivize people to join the field.

Further, many programs that work to serve the community are faced with teacher turnover rates that are high due to burnout of staff from working with children with challenging behaviors. Oftentimes, these teachers lack support from a qualified professional who could help them better meet the needs of the kids in their care.

To improve retention, there must be prioritization from the Madison community to both support existing early childhood staff and also to fund early childhood programs through more public funding sources. To support existing child care staff, the City of Madison is hiring an Infant and Early Childhood Mental Health Consultant to support programs in addressing the social emotional needs of children in accredited care. A working group will be created to create a plan for addressing wage and benefits issues for the workforce. Finally, work will be done with Madison College to promote the field of early childhood education in high schools and other non-traditional community locations.

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Timeframe	Milestone	Partners/Who will complete milestone	Outcome
May 2020	Hire Infant Mental Health Consultant	City of Madison	Centers will be able to receive assistance to support their work with children with challenging behaviors.

Updated: 1/7/20

**Commented** [c1]: WECA reviewing for alignment with their work.

Summer 2020	Working group on wages and benefits is formed	Advisory Group Members	Focused effort is made to create a plan for addressing wage and benefit issues in the Madison early childhood workforce
Dec 2021	A plan for addressing wages and benefits is developed by the working group	Working Group on Wages and Benefits	Action Plan Created
2020	Work with Madison College to develop approaches to recruit early childhood staff	Madison College	More staff in the field of early childhood.

## Recommendation 4: Coordinate Early Childhood Efforts

Target: Local early childhood leaders work together and across systems to coordinate efforts and review implementation of plan.

Many community organizations and leaders are dedicated to promoting early childhood programs and education. With a vast network of individuals and organizations focused on early childhood, it is crucial that these institutions focus on the areas with the highest need. In order to do so, there must be a shared vision that recognizes the largest areas for the City of Madison to grow and common goals to address these areas.

There must be open lines of communication through a core groups of community leaders and this groups of people should be representative of the community. Within this group, organizations should work together to address common goals.

Many steps have been taken to begin to address this recommendation, such as through the creation of the NLC Advisory Group and the Dane Brain Collective, which brought the film No Small Matters to Madison in 2019. These groups, with several overlapping members, represent a large cross-section of the early childhood community.

To continue to address these issues, it is recommended that the NLC Advisory Group and the Dane Brain Collective merge, expand membership and begin to meet biannually to review the progress made on the Comprehensive Early Childhood Plan. The existing Madison Metropolitan School District (MMSD) early childhood advisory group will be a part of this structure. Additionally, the Plan should be updated periodically to ensure all recommendations are still priorities within the daily work of early childhood organizations.

Finally, there is a need to coordinate professional learning opportunities across and between sectors and agencies. To that end, members of the merged early childhood group will look for occasions to provide such learning opportunities.

Timeframe	Milestone	Partners/Who will complete milestone	Outcome
Spring 2020	NLC Advisory Group members reach out to Dane Brain Collective to suggest a merger and create parameters for the group, including a name	NLC Advisory Group Members	Groups are merged
Summer 2020	New members sought	Merged Group Members (yet to be named)	More comprehensive representation in the group
Fall 2020 and biannually thereafter	Merged group meets to review progress	Merged Group Members	Review and revisions of Comprehensive Early Childhood Plan

# Recommendation 5: Inform Strategies with Data Target: Local early childhood leaders use data to drive systems change.

Using data to drive decisions and best practices in early childhood is crucial for the City of Madison. Some agencies, programs, and departments have internal data that are used to drive decisions, but there are few common reporting mechanisms for the City of Madison. A standardized system for data reporting will only strengthen early childhood programs and services and give programs an opportunity to increase their quality that is backed by data.

Ultimately, a centralized way to longitudinally track children's progress once they are in school is envisioned but not yet planned for. This would allow data from preschool to be linked to MMSD data to identify patterns of success or areas for improvement overall.

Timeframe	Milestone	Partners/Who will complete milestone	Outcome
December 2020	Create a common metrics for agencies	City of Madison United Way	Programs and agencies will be able
	o o	,	to report and access

to report their	data from around
information.	Madison to inform
	their strategies and
	initiatives.

## Recommendation 6: Mobilize the Community

Target: Elected officials, businesses, and philanthropists prioritize support for early childhood.

As discussed in Recommendations 2 and 3, in order to increase the creation of early childhood programs and services, there must be an increase in public funding to support early childhood staff wages and the creation of new centers. In order to do so, elected officials must be dedicated to funding early childhood programs and services. In family surveys, only 38% strongly agreed or agreed that their elected representatives were dedicated to funding early childhood programs. Many families indicated that they did not know much about early childhood funding and they were unsure of how to engage with their elected official.

To ensure that all community members, including elected officials support early childhood, there must be a strong united front of people ready to advocate for more public funding for early childhood. This should include families, business and philanthropy.

One step to increase parental and community involvement with their elected official is to more effectively utilize information and advocacy efforts that exist to help community members effectively engage with their representatives. In feedback sessions, many families indicated that they did not know where to start when engaging with their elected official. It is important that there are educational tools for families to learn how to advocate for their children. Wisconsin Early Childhood Association (WECA) provides some of these tools at the state level and will be invited to join this initiative. Members can adapt existing tools to create Madison-specific methods of engagement with elected officials. Additionally, elected officials could be provided with opportunities to meet with early childhood community members to create accessible opportunities for the Madison community to engage with their representatives.

Further, business interest should be leveraged to create an urgency for investment and action in early childhood funding. Many businesses are struggling to find employees due to the lack of affordable child care options. Businesses can lead by subsidizing child care at local or onsite child care facilities, providing child care stipends to employees, or contributing to a child care shared services network which offsets operating costs for child care programs across a large network of providers.

Finally, philanthropic partners should be encouraged to lead by example in the space of early childhood by funding in ways they have not before. This could be innovative ideas or simply prioritizing ways to offset costs for families who cannot afford both rent and child care in Madison. Philanthropists can subsidize the cost of care at local high quality programs, provide scholarship dollars for child care workers to attain education and professional development or contribute to capital campaigns for early childhood facilities.

Both business and philanthropy can also use their relationships and political influence to elevate early childhood as an issue of importance to elected officials.

Timeframe	Milestone	Partners/Who will complete milestone	Outcome
2020	Madison-specific	Wisconsin Early	Families will have
	toolkit is created	Childhood	access to resources
	with sample emails,	Association	to learn how to
	letters, and elevator		effectively
	pitches for		communicate with
	community members		their elected officials.
	to engage with public officials.		
2020	Common Council and	Common Council and	Families will be able
	MMSD School Board	MMSD School Board	to meet with their
	Members are invited	and group members	local elected
	to an early childhood		representatives to
	roundtable		advocate for early childhood.
2020 and beyond	Create a working	Advisory Group	Ongoing work on
	group to plan for	Members	business strategy is
	business strategy in		planned and carried
	early childhood		out
2020 and beyond	Create a working	United Way of Dane	Ongoing work on
	group to plan the	County	philanthropic
	philanthropic		strategy is planned
	strategy in early		and carried out
	childhood		

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### References

Davis, J. (2018). Wisconsin's child care worker shortage fueled by low wages, no benefits. Wisconsin Public Radio.

## Appendix A: Individual or Organizations with Input Into This Document

We would like to thank the individual and organizations listed below who provided support or input through in-person meetings, interviews, surveys or phone calls from January 2018-December 2019.

Amy Christianson, Reach Dane Satellite Family Child Care*	Ledell Zellers, Madison Common Council (formerly)
Andrea Riley, Community Coordinated Child Care*	Lee Elizabeth Hayes, Foundation for Madison Public Schools
Allied Drive Neighborhood Resource Team	Lilliam Post, Catholic Multicultural Center
Bayview Community Center Staff	Madison Metropolitan School District 4K Parents
Boys and Girls Club of Greater Madison	Madison Metropolitan School District Play N Learn Participants
Bridge Lakepoint Waunona Neighborhood Center	Madison Metropolitan School District Staff*
Catholic Multicultural Center Parent Groups	Madison Public Library Staff*
Christie Howell-Yrios, Animal Crackers*	Maggie Pascaly, American Family Insurance
Cigdem Unal, UW Office of Campus Child Care and Family Resources	Nan Brien*
City of Madison Community Development Division Staff*	Neighborhood Resource Team Leaders
Daithi Wolfe, Kids Forward	RISE Respite Center Staff
Dane County Human Services Staff	River Food Pantry
DANEnet	Ruth Schmidt, Wisconsin Early Childhood Association
Denise DeMarb, Madison Common Council (formerly)	Sandra Bonnici, Madison Children's Museum
Dipesh Navsaria, UW School of Medicine and Public Health	Sara Eskrich, Madison Common Council (formerly)
Donna Jost, Madison College	Sara Finesilver, Literacy Network
Early Care and Education Committee Members	Senay Goitom*
Falk Elementary School Parent Meeting	Sharyl Kato, The Rainbow Project
Gail Allen, UW School of Medicine and Public Health	Shiva Bidar-Sielaff, Madison Common Council
Gloria Reyes	Steve Skolaski, Oscar Rennebohm Foundation
Head Start Parent Council	Theresa Terrace Community Dinner Attendees
Heather Davis, Madison Children's Museum	Travis Wright, UW Madison
Jen Bailey, Reach Dane	United Way of Dane County
Jessica Cioci, Madison College*	Urban League of Greater Madison
Jill Wootton, The River Food Pantry	Vanessa McDowell, YWCA Madison
Katie Osterholz, Head Start Policy Council	Vera Court Neighborhood Center Staff
La Sup	YWCA of Madison

<sup>\*</sup>Denotes current or former member of the advisory group