

Equitable Development in Madison An assessment of factors contributing to displacement and gentrification

City of Madison Planning Division



Equitable Development in Madison

POPULATION

248,951 (2015) 318,951 (2040 projection)

Madison will add 70,000 new residents between now and 2040.

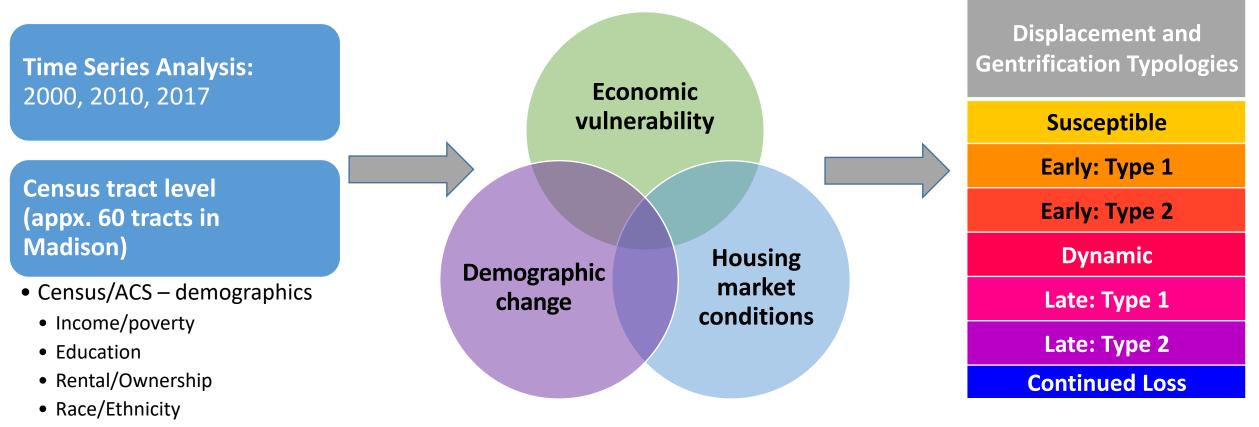
TOTAL HOUSING UNITS

110,000 (2015) 150,000 (2040 projection)

Madison will need to build 40,000 housing units by 2040 to meet the needs of our growing population.



Portland, Oregon Methodology



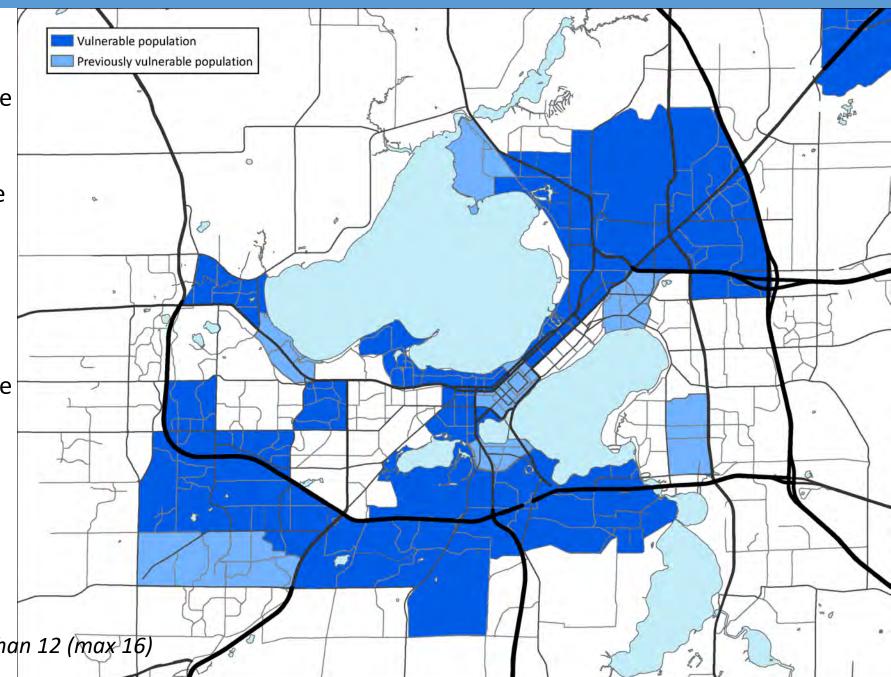
• Housing values/rents

Economic Vulnerability

- Share of households that are **renters** greater than city average
- Share of population that are communities of color greater than city average
- Share of adults without a four-year degree greater than city average
- Share of households that are low-income (below 80% MFI) greater than city average - (substituted 185% of poverty level)

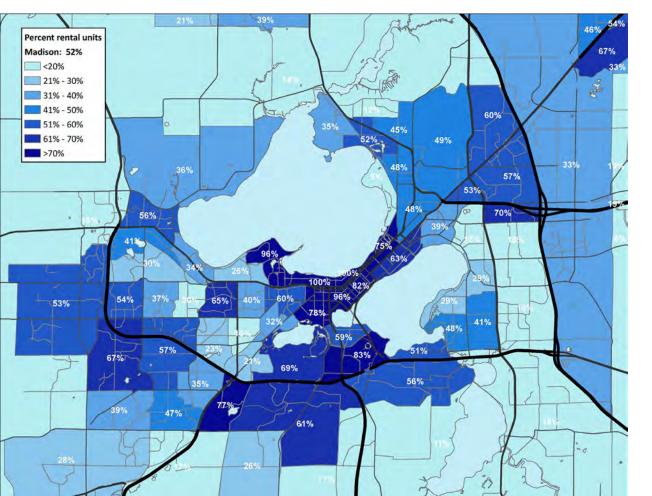
Considered vulnerable

- 3 out of 4 criteria are met
- sum of quintile score is greater than 12 (max 16)

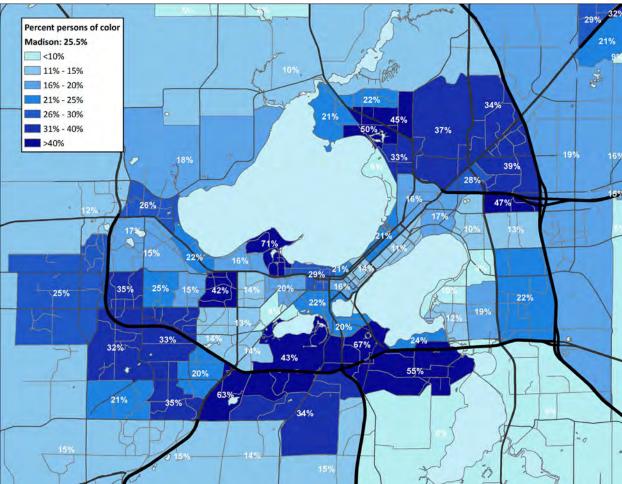


Economic Vulnerability

Share of households that are **renters** greater than city average

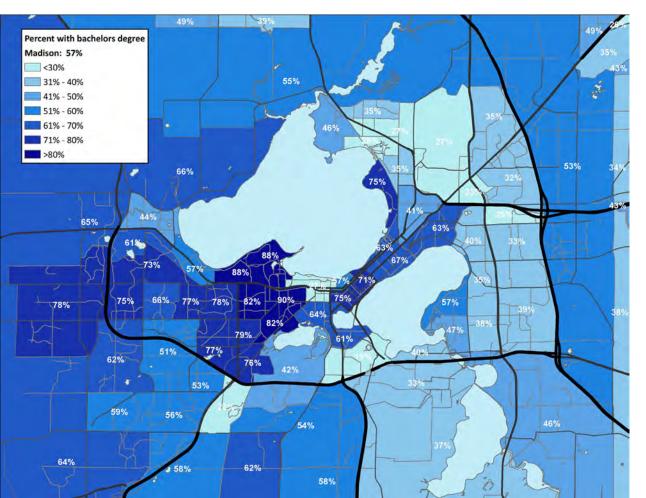


Share of population that are **communities of color** greater than city average

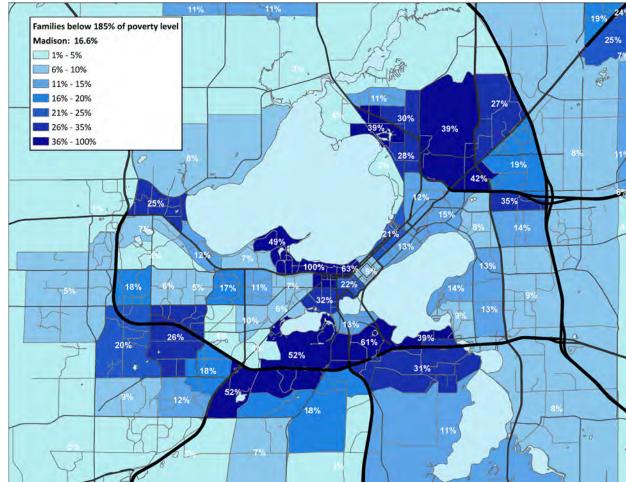


Economic Vulnerability

Share of adults without a **four-year degree** greater than city average



Share of households that are **low-income** (below 80% MFI) greater than city average - *(substituted 185% of poverty level)*

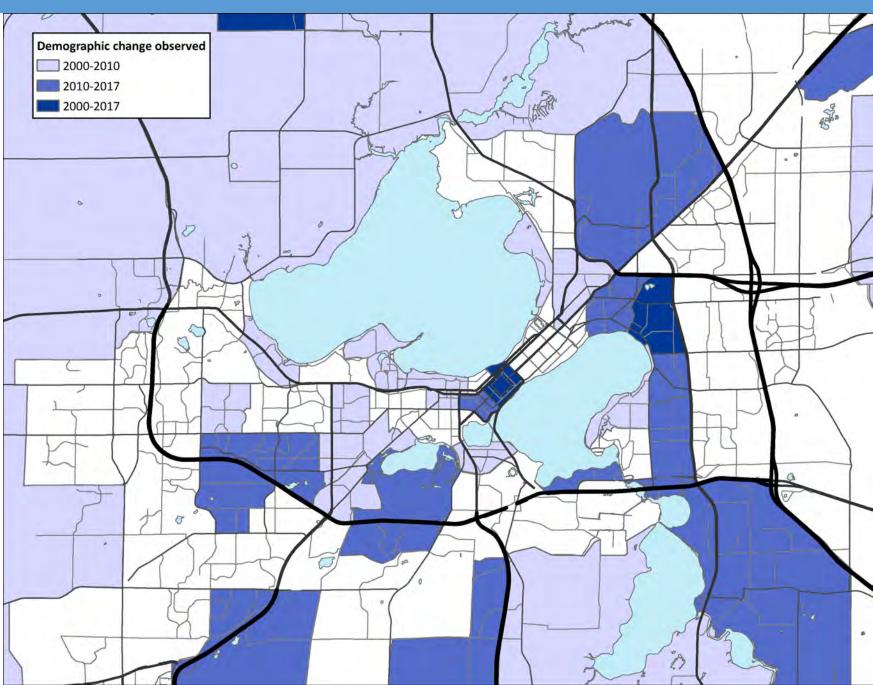


Demographic Change

- The share of **homeowners** increased or decreased slower than the citywide average
- The **white population rate** increased or decreased slower than the citywide average
- The share of adults with a **four-year degree** increased faster than the citywide average
- Median household income increased faster than the citywide average

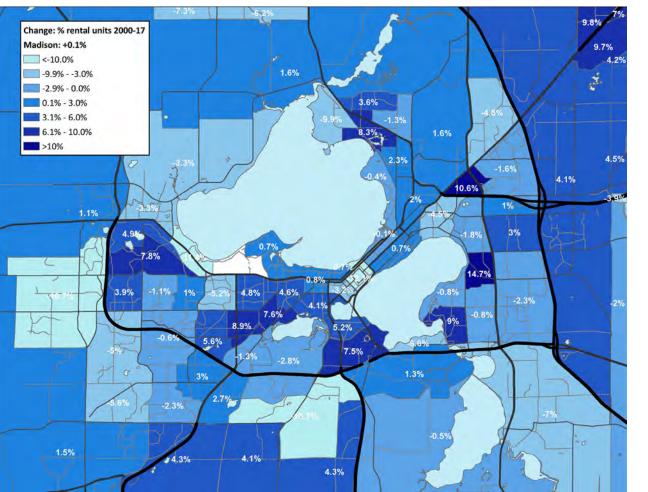
Change Observed

- Three of four factors occurred
- Factors two and three occurred

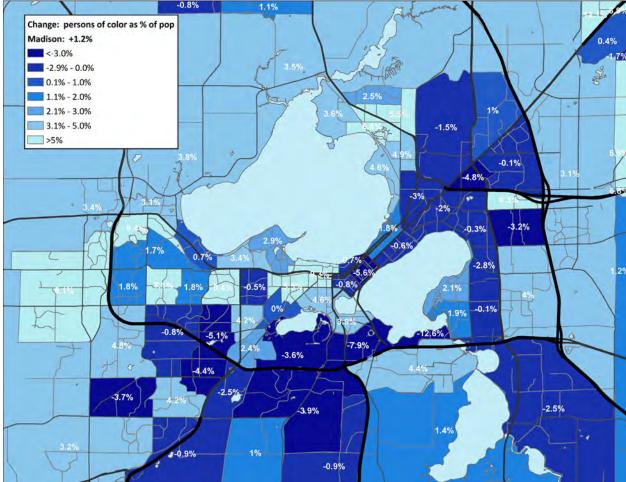


Demographic Change

The share of **homeowners** increased or decreased slower than the citywide average



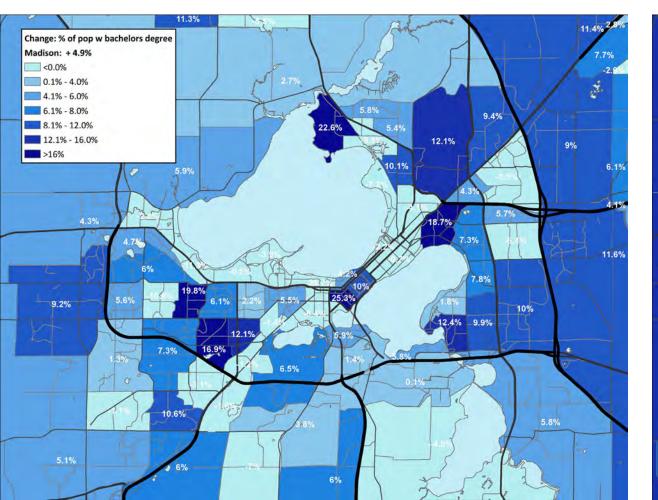
The **white population rate** increased or decreased slower than the citywide average

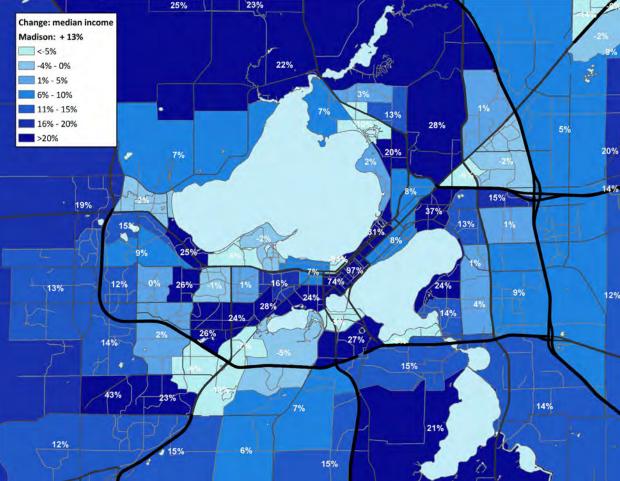


Demographic Change

The share of adults with a **four-year degree** increased faster than the citywide average

Median **household income** increased faster than the citywide average





Housing Market Conditions – Rental

Appreciated tracts:

- low or moderate 2000 home values/rents
- high 2017 home values/rents
- high 2000–2017 appreciation

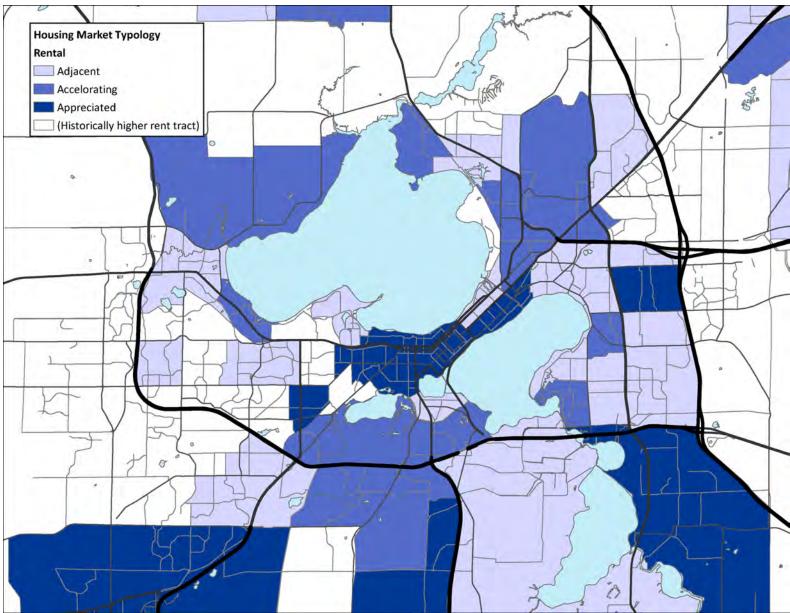
Accelerating tracts:

- low or moderate 2017 home values/rents
- high appreciation

Adjacent tracts:

- Low or moderate 2017 home values/rents
- Low or moderate 2008–2017 appreciation

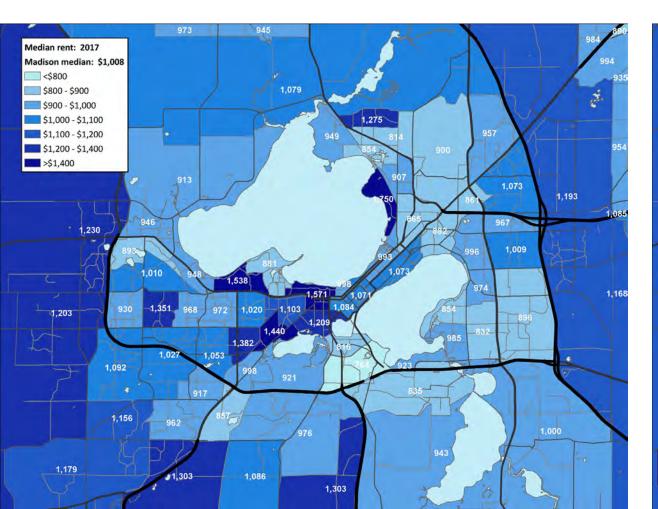
Low or Moderate: Lower three quintiles (<60 percentile) of Census tracts High: Top 2 quintiles (>60 percentile) Note: Quintiles calculated from all Dane County Census tracts

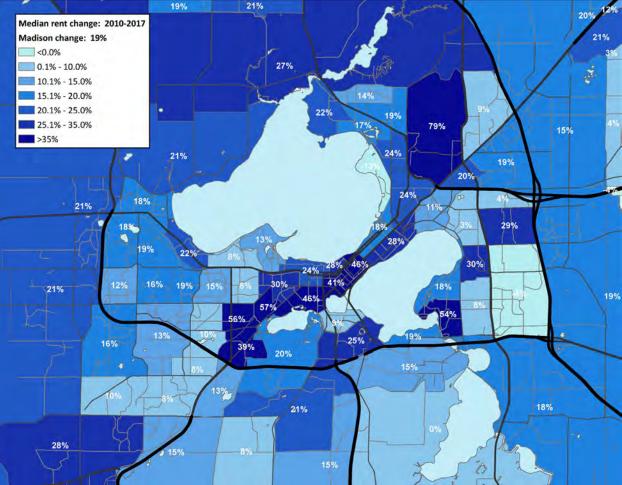


Housing Market Conditions – Rental

Median Rent (2017)

Rent Change (%; 2010-2017)





Housing Market Conditions – Ownership

Appreciated tracts:

- low or moderate 2000 home values/rents
- high 2017 home values/rents
- high 2000–2017 appreciation

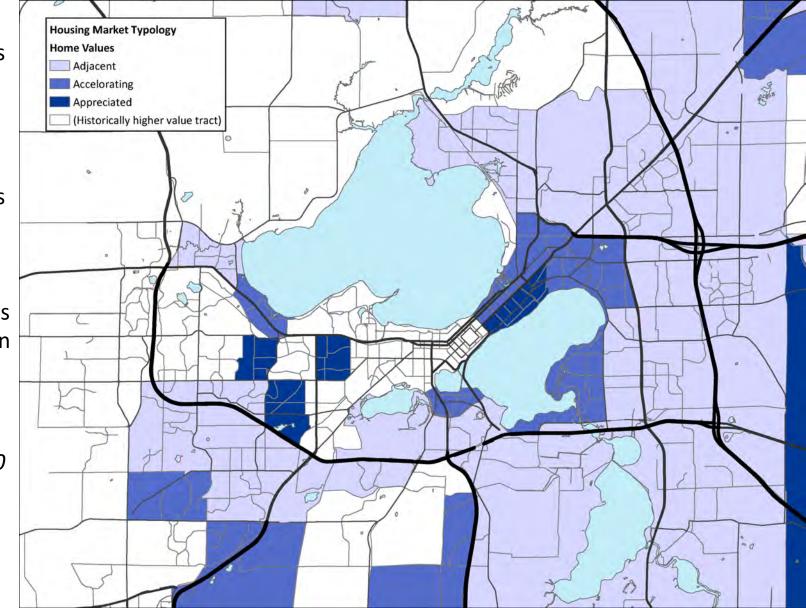
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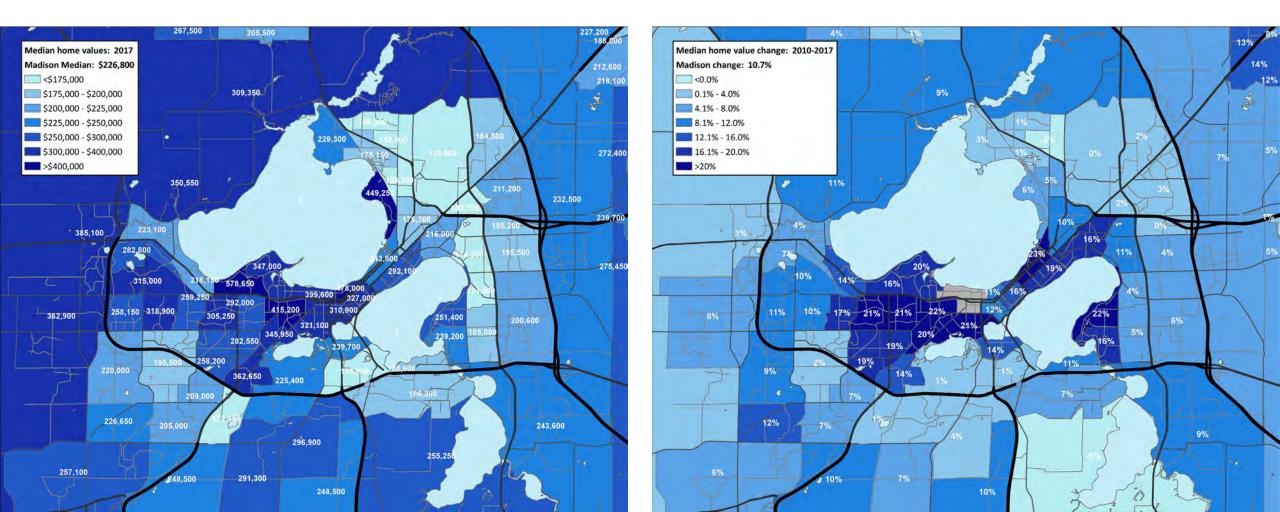
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Housing Market Conditions – Ownership

Median Assessment (2017)

Assessment Change (%; 2010-2017)



Displacement Typologies

Typology	Vulnerable population?	Demographic change?	Housing market condition	
Susceptible	Yes	No	Adjacent	
Early: Type 1	Yes	No	Accelerating	
Early: Type 2	Yes	Yes	Adjacent	
Dynamic	Yes	Yes	Accelerating	
Late: Type 1	Yes	Yes	Appreciated	
Late: Type 2	Previously	Yes	Accelerating	
Continued Loss	Previously	Yes	Appreciated	

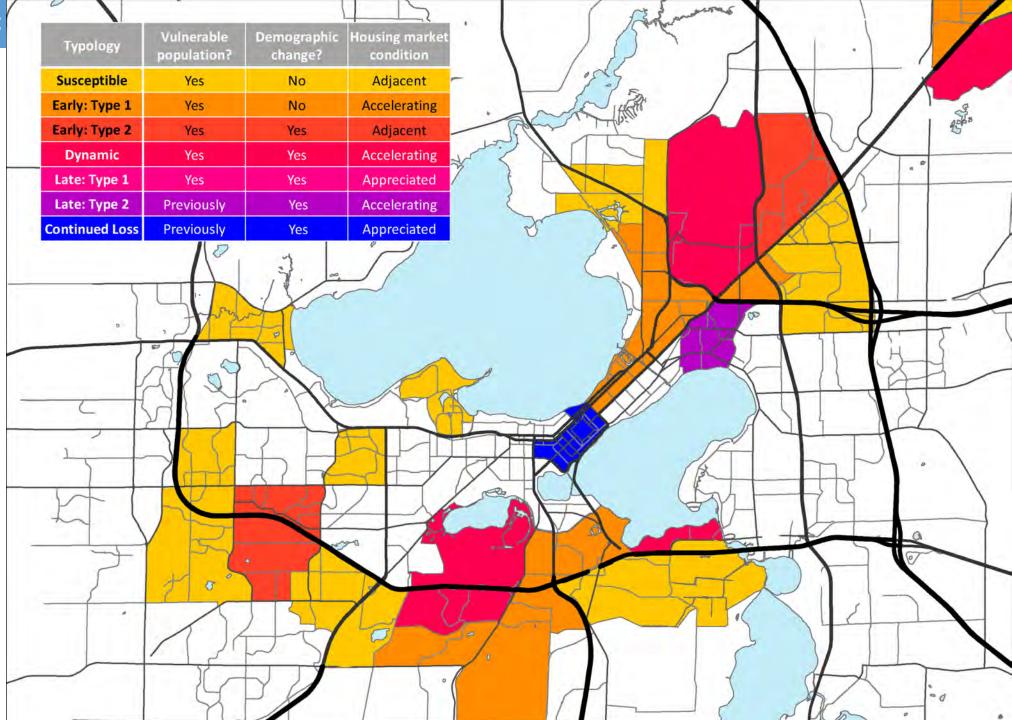
Demographic change

Economic

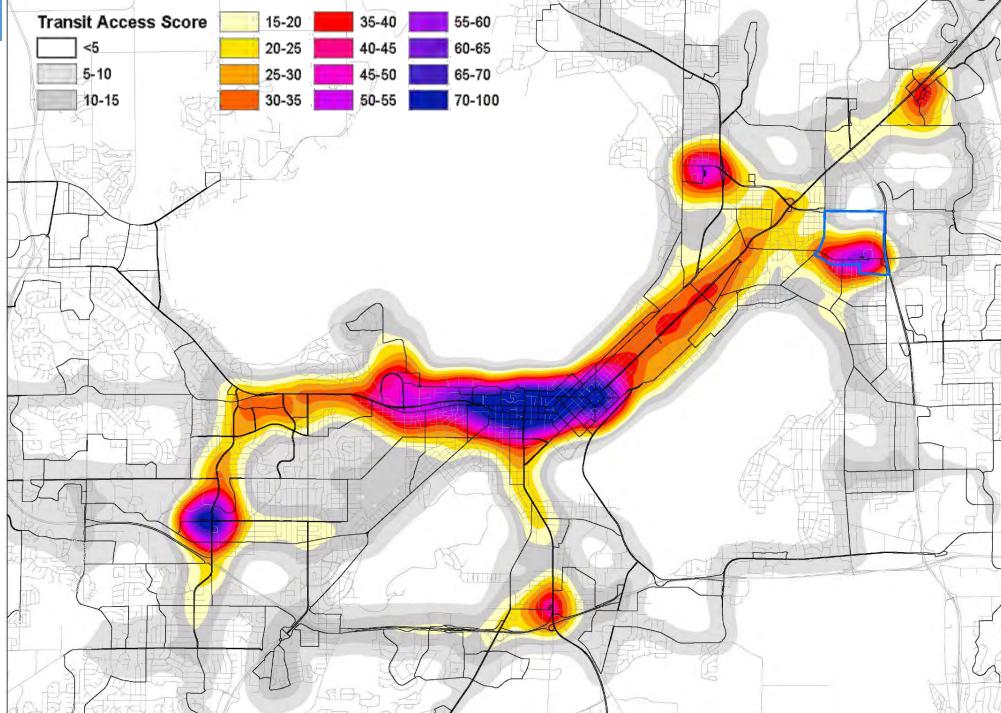
vulnerability

Housing market conditions

Equitable Development



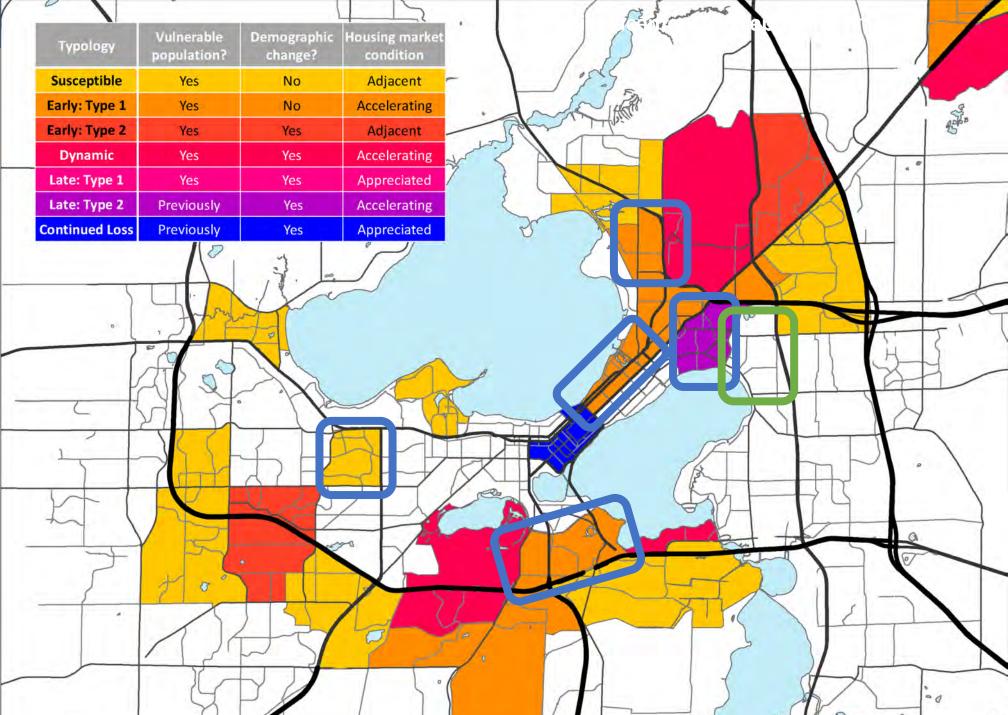
Equitable Development



Equitable Development

Case Studies:

- Sherman and Northport
- Atwood and Milwaukee
- Hill Farms
- South Park
- Tenney Lapham
- Eastmorland



Strategies to address displacement and gentrification:

- Create new affordable housing
- Financial strategies to support affordable housing
- Preserve affordable housing (both subsidized and naturally occurring)
- Stabilize neighborhoods to retain residents and businesses
- Plan for inclusive, equitable growth

Strategy Options – best practices

Strategies currently being implemented

- Affordable Housing Funds
- TIF (Tax Increment Financing)
- Land Banking
- Accessory Dwelling Units
- Community Land Trusts
- Housing Cooperatives
- Park Impact Fee Waiver
- Property Tax Assistance
- Homeownership Programs
- Targeted Economic Development
- Commercial Stabilization Programs

Strategies that can be implemented

- Adjusting Zoning Standards
- Housing Levy
- Developer Exactions
- Retain Expiring Subsidy Units
- Community Impact Reports or HIA/EIA
- Community Benefits Agreements
- Real Estate Transfer Taxes*
- Loan Guarantee Programs*

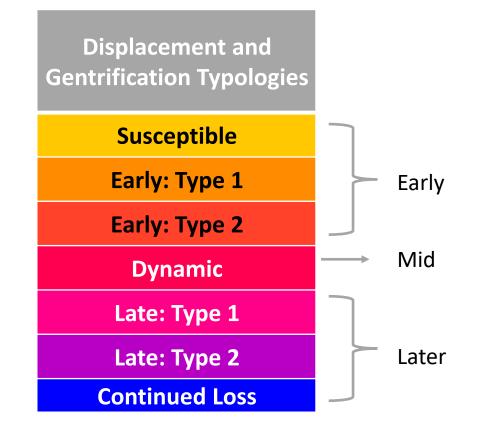
Strategies prohibited by State law

- Density bonuses
- Inclusionary zoning
- Rent Control
- Stronger Eviction Protection Laws

Summary Table of Equitable Development Strategies

Strategies currently implemented by City of Madison

		Early	Mid	Later
1.	Affordable Housing Fund	Х	Х	Х
2.	Land Banking	Х	Х	
3.	Housing Cooperatives	Х	Х	
4.	Community Land Trusts	Х	Х	
5.	Impact Fee Waivers	Х	Х	Х
6.	Accessory Dwelling Units	Х	Х	Х
7.	Property Tax Assistance		Х	Х
8.	Homeownership Programs	Х	Х	
9.	TIF (Tax Increment Financing)	Х	Х	Х
10.	Economic Development/Commercial Stabilization Programs	X	х	
Strate	egies recommended to be implemented by the City of Madison			
1.	Adjusting Zoning Standards	Х	Х	Х
2.	Housing Levy	Х	Х	Х
3.	Developer Exactions	Х	Х	Х
4.	Retain Expiring Subsidy Units	Х	Х	Х
5.	Community Impact Report or HIA/EIA	Х	Х	Х
6.	Community Benefit Agreements		Х	Х
Strate	egies pre-empted by Wisconsin State Law			
1.	Inclusionary Zoning		Х	Х
2.	Rent Control		Х	Х
3.	Density Bonuses	Х	Х	Х
4.	Eviction Protection Laws	Х	Х	



City Board Commission and Committee Review Process

- Introduction: August 6
- Economic Development Committee: Aug 21, Sept 18
- Equal Opportunity Commission and CDA: Sept 12, Oct 17
- Housing Strategy Committee: Sept 26, Oct 24
- Community Development Block Grant Committee: Oct 3
- Plan Commission: Nov 11
- Common Council: Nov 19