

Community Health Assessment/
Community Health Improvement
Plan (CHA/CHIP)



Outline

- What is a CHA/CHIP?
- Why we do a CHA/CHIP
- MAPP process
- Steering Committee
- Timeline

Community health assessment involves a process of collecting, analyzing, and using data to educate and mobilize communities, develop priorities, garner resources, and plan actions to improve the public's health. (PHAB)

A community health assessment refers to a state, tribal, local, or territorial health assessment that identifies key health needs and issues through systematic, comprehensive data collection and analysis. (CDC)

- A Community health improvement plan is a systematic effort to address issues identified by the community health assessment.
- It should include participation of a broad set of community partners.
- A community health improvement plan can be used by partners to prioritize activities and community health issues. (adapted from PHAB)

A community health improvement plan (or CHIP) is a systematic effort to address public health problems based on the results of community health assessment activities and the community health improvement process. (CDC)

Benefits of a CHA/CHIP

Benefits include

- Improved organizational and community coordination and collaboration
- Increased knowledge about public health and the interconnectedness of activities
- Strengthened partnerships within state and local public health systems
- Identifies strengths and weaknesses to address quality improvement efforts
- Baselines on performance to use in preparing for accreditation
- Benchmarks for public health practice improvements (CDC)

Why We Do A CHA/CHIP

Our Vision

Healthy People. Healthy Places.

Our Mission

Working with the community to improve, protect, and promote the health of the environment and the well-being of all people.

Institute Of Medicine Core Public Health Functions

Assessment

Policy Development

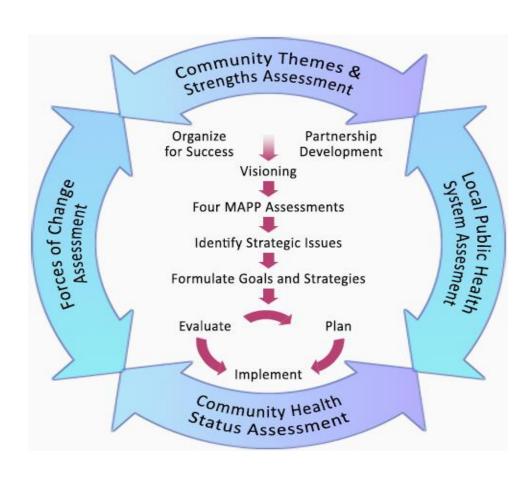
Assurance

Why We Do A CHA/CHIP

CHA/CHIP is a requirement for accreditation

 Wisconsin local health departments are required by state law to complete a CHA/CHIP every 5 years

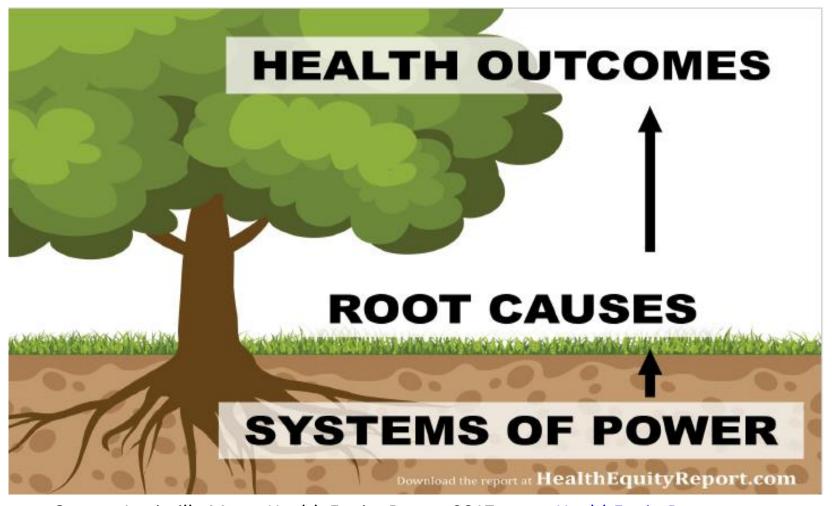
Mobilizing for Action Through Planning and Partnerships



CHA/CHIP Steering Committee Organizations

Latino Health Council
Foundation for Black Women Wellness
Ho-Chunk Gaming Madison
Healthy Kids Collaborative
PHMDC
Agrace
100 Black Men
Wisconsin Transgender Health Coalition
Access to Independence
Kids Forward
Nehemiah
Urban League
Centro Hispano
Bayview
South Madison Coalition of the Elderly
Stoughton Wellness Coalition
Alzheimer's Association

Addressing systems of power



Source: Louisville Metro Health Equity Report 2017, www.HealthEquityReport.com

CHA CHIP Phases and Role of Steering Committee

Phase 1

Steering Committee

*Representative *Engaged *Inclusive

Staff: Initiate SC: ID gaps

September 2018 October

Phase 2

Assessment Review

What's missing

from a community
perspective that
affect and impact
healthy people and
places?

SC: ID what's missing
Staff: Fill data gaps

November December

Phase 3

Picture of Health (MAPP Assessments)

Complete MAPP
Assessments(LPHSA, CHSA,
FOC, CTSA) to
develop picture of
health in Dane
County

SC: Participate and review assessments Staff: Support assessment process

IN PROGRESS

Phase 4

Identify Key Strategic Issues

Prioritize
strategic issues
to enhance,
protect &
promote healthy
people and
places?

SC: ID 3-5 strategic issues Staff: Complete CHA report/ begin CHIP development

> March thru May

Phase 5

Conduct CHIP ID Goals and Strategies

Focuses
resources on
actions that
enhance, protect
and promote
healthy people
and places?

SC: Develop goal and strategies to move to Action Cycle.
Staff: Backbone for organizing Action Phase

June +

Phase 6

Implement CHIP & Future of SC

Focus on
ensuring the
work gets done.
Determine future
role and format of
SC moving
forward.

SC: ID future of the group.. Staff: work on implementation and SC as backbone for next steps.

June +