Madison Municipal Operations Energy Analysis and Scenario Comparison

A high-level energy and cost analysis was conducted to quantify energy management strategies identified to help the City of Madison achieve its Georgetown University Energy Prize (GUEP) reduction goal for municipal buildings from January 2015 through December 2016. The analysis includes all City buildings as well as street lights and water treatment and distribution facilities and applies a package of recommendations developed using utility data and energy use indexes, information gathered from department staff, and limited site visits conducted in March and June 2015. With this framework as a baseline, the filters of maximum energy savings, realistic implementation within the GUEP challenge timeframe, and package payback period were applied to support decision making. Three different target payback scenarios were run: 5, 7, and 10 years.

During the program plan development phase of the GUEP, a target reduction of 37 million kBtu by the end of 2016 was identified. Table 1 presents the three payback scenarios as they compare to this goal. In addition to the scenarios presented here, other activities are also currently underway as part of GUEP that will affect reduction outcomes and offer persistence beyond the GUEP challenge, including 1) the Facility and Energy Management Leadership Academy providing training to City facility staff about best practices and opportunities for efficiency improvements in City facilities, and 2) the City's existing operations and maintenance budgets for equipment upgrades.

GUEP Reduction Goal	37,000,000 kBtu					
Scenario	kBtu saved	Simple Payback (years)	Savings as % of Goal			
5-year Payback	18,599,000	5	50%			
7-year Payback	28,129,000	7	76%			
10-year Payback	44,590,000	10	121%			

Table 1. Scenarios and Estimated Savings Compared to GUEP Reduction Goal

The 5-year scenario (Table 2) focuses on interior lighting upgrades (linear fluorescent and HID replacements) and water distribution upgrades, including system optimization and controls, infrastructure upgrades, and an end user reduction program.

Toble 2 Evenr S	Connaria: Entimated	Coat and	Sovingo by	Decommondation
Table Z. S-veal S	ocenano. Estimatec	LOSI and a	Savinus uv	Recommendation

Category	kWh saved	therms saved	kBtu saved	Total Savings (\$)	Total Cost (\$)	Simple Payback (years)
Interior Lighting	1,755,200	0	5,989,000	\$179,800	\$1,014,500	6
Water Distribution	3,696,391	0	12,612,000	\$346,600	\$1,543,500	4
Total Package	5,451,591	0	18,601,000	\$526,400	\$2,558,000	5

SCENARIO COMPARISON 1 MUNICIPAL BUILDING ENERGY ANALYSIS



As a mid-range scenario, the package that meets a 7-year payback threshold (Table 3) includes the interior lighting and water measures as well as HVAC improvements, controls optimization, and plug load strategies for select buildings.

Category	kWh saved	therms saved	kBtu saved	Total Savings (\$)	Total Cost (\$)	Simple Payback (years)
Interior Lighting	1,755,200	0	5,989,000	\$179,800	\$1,014,500	6
HVAC	162,300	32,500	3,804,000	\$39,800	\$752,900	19
Controls	430,200	33,600	4,828,000	\$73,200	\$923,200	13
Plug Load	264,100	0	901,000	\$31,500	\$308,800	10
Water Distribution	3,696,391	0	12,612,000	\$346,600	\$1,543,500	4
Total Package	6,308,191	66,100	28,134,000	\$670,900	\$4,542,900	7

Table 3. 7-year Scenario: Estimated Cost and Savings by Recommendation

The 10-year scenario is the only modeled option that enables the City to achieve its GUEP reduction goal entirely. This scenario includes all the measure from the 7-year scenario and incorporates expedited implementation of the City's existing plan to upgrade all of its street lights with LEDs.

Category	kWh saved	therms saved	kBtu saved	Total Savings (\$)	Total Cost (\$)	Simple Payback (years)
Interior Lighting	1,755,200	0	5,989,000	\$179,800	\$1,014,500	6
HVAC	162,300	32,500	3,804,000	\$39,800	\$752,900	19
Controls	430,200	33,600	4,828,000	\$73,200	\$923,200	13
Plug Load	264,100	0	901,000	\$31,500	\$308,800	10
Water Distribution	3,696,391	0	12,612,000	\$346,600	\$1,543,500	4
Street Lights	4,824,318	0	16,461,000	\$342,500	\$5,488,200	16
Total Package	11,132,509	66,100	44,595,000	\$1,013,400	\$10,031,100	10

Table 4. 10-year Scenario: Estimated Cost and Savings by Recommendation

The framework for the analysis provides a snapshot of City facilities by department, acknowledges efficiency efforts already underway, presents a utility analysis as a backdrop, and provides a first order quantification of applicable recommendations. The packages identified represent good energy management by combining both implementation scope and applicable buildings to balance shorter and longer term projects, helping to achieve an overall payback this is palatable and within an expected range.

Appendix - Scenario Summaries by Department

The 5-year scenario includes only those measure packages that have paybacks within 10 years, with some departments having much lower payback, which for an overall payback of 5 years.

Department	Cumulative Summary					
	Savings (\$)	Cost (\$)	Savings (kBTU)	Payback (yrs)		
Engineering	\$0	\$0	0	0		
Fire	\$2,000	\$14,200	81,000	7		
Library	\$400	\$1,400	8,000	4		
Metro Maintenance	\$25,400	\$80,000	911,000	3		
Monona Terrace	\$0	\$0	0	0		
Parks	\$11,700	\$65,700	196,000	6		
Police	\$5,000	\$51,200	163,000	10		
Senior Center	\$0	\$0	0	0		
Streets	\$0	\$0	0	0		
Traffic Engineering/ Parking	\$126,300	\$731,200	4,405,000	6		
Water Utility	\$9,000	\$70,800	223,000	8		
Total (Buildings)	\$179,800	\$1,014,500	5,987,000	6		
Water Distribution	\$346,600	\$1,543,500	12,612,000	4		
Grand Total	\$526,400	\$2,558,000	18,599,000	5		

Table	A1.	5-vea	r Scer	nario
1 0010		0,00		

The 7-year scenario bundles in a few more measure packages, and while the payback by department is greater than 7 years, the overall payback is within this timeframe largely because of the water distribution opportunities. By combining longer-term paybacks with measure packages that have shorter paybacks, the City will be able to get closer to its reduction goal.

Table A2. 7-year Scenario

Department	Cumulative Summary					
	Savings (\$)	Cost (\$)	Savings (kBTU)	Payback (yrs)		
Engineering	\$1,500	\$31,400	39,000	21		
Fire	\$15,400	\$311,600	1,097,000	20		
Library	\$13,300	\$89,900	441,000	7		
Metro Maintenance	\$66,500	\$484 <i>,</i> 600	4,669,000	7		
Monona Terrace	\$12,400	\$193,900	443,000	16		
Parks	\$28,600	\$216,900	1,181,000	8		

3



Department	Cumulative Summary						
	Savings (\$)	Savings (\$)Cost (\$)Savings (kBTU)Payb (yr					
Police	\$21,200	\$372,500	1,074,000	18			
Senior Center	\$0	\$0	0	0			
Streets	\$12,200	\$296,700	1,072,000	24			
Traffic Engineering/ Parking	\$134,200	\$839,000	4,775,000	6			
Water Utility	\$18,800	\$163,100	726,000	9			
Total (Buildings)	\$324,100	\$2,999,600	15,517,000	9			
Water Distribution	\$346,600	\$1,543,500	12,612,000	4			
Grand Total	\$670,700	\$4,543,100	28,129,000	7			

The 10-year scenario includes the 7-year bundle as well as street light upgrades, which are already underway but could be expedited to help the City achieve its reduction goal entirely. The departments with longer-term paybacks are again offset to some degree by the water distribution opportunities and upgrades to Fire, Library, and Traffic Engineering/Parking.

Department	Cumulative Summary					
	Savings (\$)	Cost (\$)	Savings (kBTU)	Payback (yrs)		
Engineering	\$1,500	\$31,400	39,000	21		
Fire	\$15,400	\$311,600	1,097,000	20		
Library	\$13,300	\$89,900	441,000	7		
Metro Maintenance	\$66,500	\$484,600	4,669,000	7		
Monona Terrace	\$12,400	\$193,900	443,000	16		
Parks	\$28,600	\$216,900	1,181,000	8		
Police	\$21,200	\$372,500	1,074,000	18		
Senior Center	\$0	\$0	0	0		
Streets	\$12,200	\$296,700	1,072,000	24		
Traffic Engineering/ Parking	\$134,200	\$839,000	4,775,000	6		
Water Utility	\$18,800	\$163,100	726,000	9		
Total (Buildings)	\$324,100	\$2,999,600	15,517,000	9		
Water Distribution	\$346,600	\$1,543,500	12,612,000	4		
Street Lights	\$342,500	\$5,488,200	16,461,000	16		
Grand Total	\$1,013,200	\$10,031,300	44,590,000	10		

Table A3. 10-year Scenario

4



The contents of this document are offered as guidance only. The Brendle Group, Inc. and all sources referenced in this report do not (a) make any warranty or representation, expressed or implied, with respect to the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of the information contained in this report, or that the use of any information, apparatus, method or process disclosed in this report may not infringe on privately owned rights; (b) assume any liabilities with respect to the use of, or for damages resulting from the use of, any information, apparatus, method or process disclosed in this report. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by The Brendle Group, Inc.