# Monroe Street Budget Amendment FAQ 1/5/2018

## 1. Why are we doing this project?

- a. To repair the pavement which is in poor condition.
  - i. A three rating for the pavement is considered very poor for an arterial street. (A rating of 10 is an excellent street and a rating of 1 is an extremely poor street)
  - ii. Poor drainage has accelerated deterioration of pavement
- b. To enhance the walkability of the street.
- c. To replace early 1900's infrastructure and upgrade where needed.
  - i. Sanitary sewer mains as old as 1905 (newest main from 1932).
  - ii. Water mains from 1911-1918.
  - iii. Existing storm sewer system is limited and/or undersized in areas, and aging (circa 1950 or earlier).
  - iv. flooding in some locations, especially in areas near West Lawn Ave. and Spooner.
  - v. Stormwater treatment elements including a screen treatment structure to aid in phosphorus and sediment removal, raingardens/bio-retention, and a pilot project involving a rock infiltration trench will be installed.
  - vi. Overall, project is roughly 2 miles in length, with about 7 miles of pipe (excluding electrical conduits).

#### 2. What was the cost of the bids received?

- a. Speedway Sand and Gravel \$18.7 million.
- b. R.G. Huston Company, Inc \$23.9 million.
- c. Parisi Construction Co, Inc \$25.0 million.

#### 3. What costs in addition to the cost of the bid are required for the project?

- a. Construction contingency and construction oversight estimated at \$2.7 million are added to the cost of the bids.
- b. Undergrounding, estimated at \$1.4 M was planned.
- c. City supplied labor and materials for construction estimated at \$1.0 M is required for street lights, traffic signals and parking equipment.

# 4. How does the budget compare to the current estimate based on the bids received?

a. The budget was \$17.7 million, the new estimated cost is \$22.4 million.

# 5. If awarded, how will the \$4.7 million of additional funding required for the project be paid for?

- a. \$2.4 million will be reallocated from existing sewer utility and water utility funds.
- b. \$1.5 million of new appropriation will need to be provided from the Storm Water Utility.
- c. Budget authority for special assessments will be increased by \$0.8 million. No new special assessments will be levied. This simply provides the

- authority needed based on the schedule of assessments that was approved by the Common Council in October of 2017.
- d. The undergrounding of above ground electrical and cable lines will be deleted from the project saving \$1.4 million (\$125,000 as unallocated contingency remains which could be used to partially fund the installation of conduit for future undergrounding if additional savings can be achieved after award)
- e. No additional general fund supported GO borrowing will be required.

#### 6. What are we not doing as a result of the fund transfers?

- a. Storm Water Utility funds are an additional appropriation. There will be no impact on other planned projects.
- b. Sanitary Sewer Utility unused funds will come from 2017 unused funds from Rural to Urban projects. There will be no impact on other planned projects.
- c. Water Utility funds will use 2018 budgeted funds. As a result, the following projects will be reduced in scope or delayed:
  - i. The proposed Booster Station 129 design will be delayed to 2019.
  - ii. Some proposed pipeline improvements in Pressure Zone 10 will be delayed to 2019.
  - iii. Water main replacement scope will be reduced on some 2018 Pavement Management projects.
  - iv. The scope of the 2018 water main lining project will be reduced.
  - v. Far east side interstate crossing projects will be delayed to 2019.

#### 7. Why is the project over estimate?

- a. Budgets are prepared without the benefit of detailed design. The budgets, especially for the utilities, were significantly underestimated.
- b. Contractors are currently busy which tends to increase costs.
- c. The project is viewed as difficult from the standpoint of traffic control and limited work space which tends to increase cost.
- d. The need to coordinate with other private utilities doing work introduces risk and tends to increase cost.
- e. Completing this amount of work in a single year will be difficult, and, with financial penalties in place, involves contractor risk which tends to increase cost.

# 8. What elements were included in this project that are not typical of a commercial arterial street?

- a. The majority of the cost for this project is for the construction of the basic infrastructure, curb and gutter, pavement, sidewalk, utilities, street lights and traffic signals.
- b. Pedestrian scale lighting was included in commercial areas. In accordance with City policy, this cost is 100% assessable.
- c. Street reconstruction projects generally have improvements to help pedestrians cross the busy street. This project has 4 raised intersections at a cost of \$0.2 million.

d. This project has a new public plaza bordered by Breese Terrace, Regent St and Monroe St (Monroe-Regent Plaza) and some entrance features at the Wingra Park entrance with a cost of \$0.5 million.

### 9. How was the public involved during the development of the project?

- a. Extensive public outreach and input process in preparation for 2018 Reconstruction
- b. Numerous (12+) public informational meetings on various aspects of the project, including pedestrian, bike & transit concerns, meetings with focus groups on the cross section, green infrastructure, and business involvement. Meetings were held as early as 2014, and regularly through 2016.
- c. A community survey was conducted with about 2,800 respondents
- d. An Engagement Resource Team met regularly with representatives from the various stakeholders to help provide input regarding the focus of the public meetings and communicate information to the groups.

#### 10. What was learned from the public input?

- a. There was a desire to have improved pedestrian safety, and this is addressed with addition of raised intersections & colored crossings, additional islands, and narrower street between Edgewood & Regent.
- b. There was a desire to have better public spaces at the Monroe-Regent area and at the Wingra Park entrance.
- c. Interest in improved storm water treatment & green infrastructure
- d. A strong preference from the business community to complete the project in a single year

### 11. What are the possible options if the project is not awarded?

- a. Rebid the project as is. This is not recommended.
  - i. \$5.2 million separate the low bidder to the next bidder. We expect a rebid to end up someplace between the low bidder and the second bidder resulting in increased costs.
  - ii. Late fall was an optimal time to bid, bidding a project this large in the spring is not recommended because contractor schedules are filling up and the project must start early to complete in a year. It would need to be bid in the fall of 2018 for 2019 construction.
- b. Remove raised intersections and plaza areas and rebid. This is not recommended.
  - i. Bids are expected to increase with a rebid due to the discrepancy between the low and second low bidder and these increases will likely offset the savings achieved by deleting \$0.7 million in work from the project.
- c. Rebid with Monroe St closed to through traffic, leaving it open to residents and those patronizing businesses only. This is not recommended.
  - i. Closing the street will be detrimental to the businesses on the street.
  - ii. Closing the street typically yields lower costs however it is not clear that a savings would be realized in this case. If the street is

closed, there isn't a designated space for traffic. This could be problematic because it will make it harder to keep the work zone safe and the contractor may view it as a worse condition to the current traffic control plan which keeps one lane open inbound.

- d. Do not build the project. This is not recommended.
  - i. The existing poor pavement and utilities from the early 1900's would remain.