DARBO-WORTHINGTON-STARKWEATHER NEIGHBORHOOD PLAN HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT (HIA)

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WHAT IS HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT (HIA)?

A combination of procedures, methods and tools by which a policy, program or project may be judged as to its potential effects on the health of a population, and the distribution of those effects within the population. (WHO, 2012)

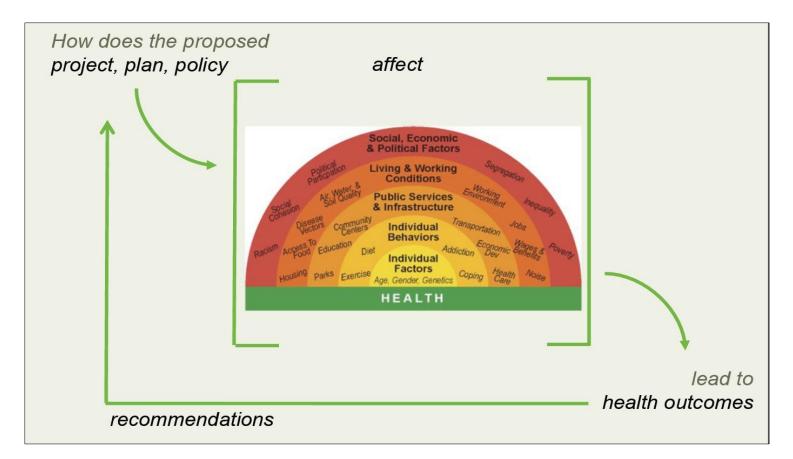
- Measure health effects of a proposed project, plan or program
- Make health impacts more explicit
- Provide recommendations
- Highlight health disparities
- Raise awareness among decision-makers and the public

HIAS IN US



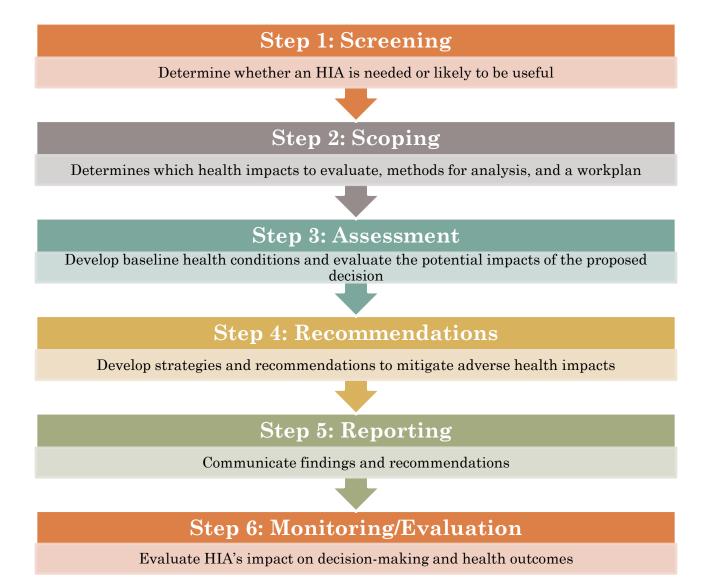
Source: Pew Trusts.org

HIA ADDRESSES DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH



Source: Human Impact Partners

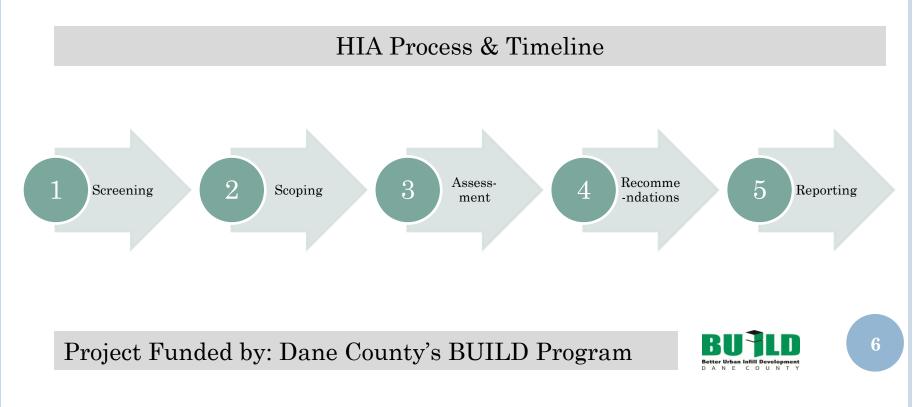
HIA: WHAT IS THE PROCESS?



HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT (HIA) OF DARBO-WORTHINGTON-STARKWEATHER NEIGHBORHOOD PLAN

Project Description

In an effort to make sure that the Darbo-Worthington-Starkweather Neighborhood Plan would bring about the best health outcomes for current and future residents a Health Impact Assessment (HIA) is being conducted.



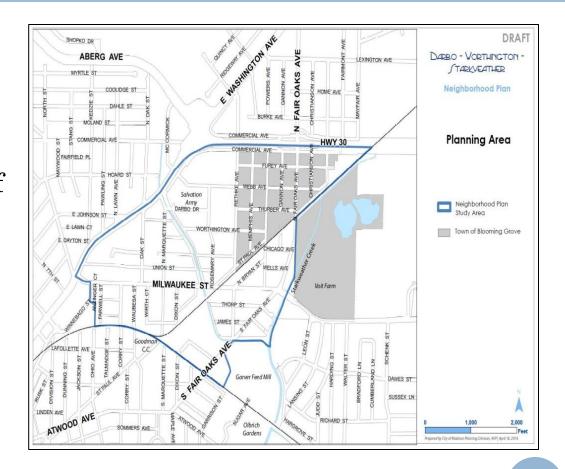
DARBO-WORTHINGTON-STARKWEATHER NEIGHBORHOOD BACKGROUND

Population

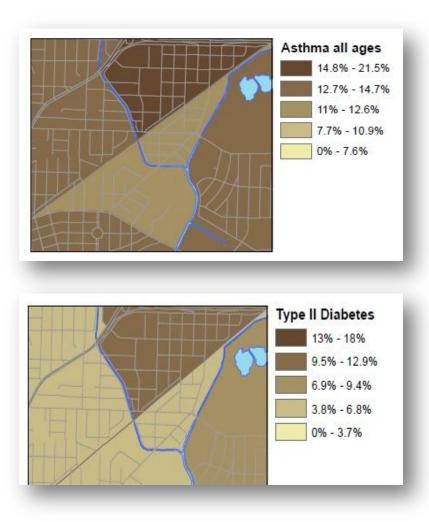
- 3600 persons
- 21 % Town Residents
 CDBG Target Area
- Higher concentration of low and moderate income population in planning area

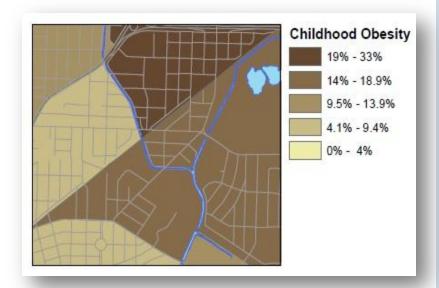
Food Swamp

 Area determined by Public Health that is swamped with convenience stores and fast food outlets



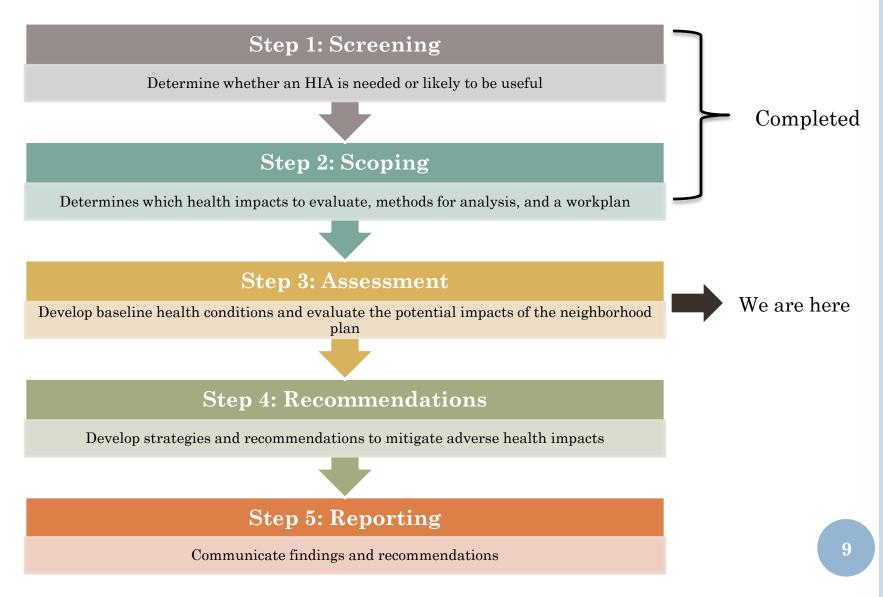
CRUDE RATES OF ASTHMA, DIABETES AND CHILDHOOD OBESITY IN THE PLANNING AREA





Data Source: UW Dept. of Family Medicine PHINEX: Public Health Information Exchange Data collected from 2007-2012

PROJECT STATUS: WHERE WE ARE?



CASE STUDIES

- Duluth, MN 6th Avenue East Duluth HIA (2011)
- Portland, OR SE 122nd Avenue Planning Study HIA (2010)
- Hartford, CT Northeast Neighborhood Sustainability Plan HIA (2014)
- Denver, CO How Neighborhood Planning Affects Health in Globeville and Elyria Swansea (2014)
- Detroit, MI Healthy Neighborhoods for a Healthy Detroit (2015)

DATA SOURCES & METHODS

- Primary Research stakeholder interviews, Focus Group Meetings, listening sessions, Open House and other community engagement
- Health Status food insecurity, obesity rate, asthma, type 2 diabetes, birth rates
- Demographics & socioeconomics age, race, ethnicity
- Housing housing tenure, housing cost burden, age of housing stock
- Environmental tree canopy, air quality index, water quality, noise, soil contamination
- Crime & Safety crimes rates, lighting, code violations, crash rates
- Access and equity- proximity of parks, grocery stores, jobs, medical facilities

HEALTH DETERMINANTS

- 1. Safety
- 2. Mobility & Accessibility
- 3. Environmental & Built Conditions
- 4. Social Connectedness & Empowerment

NEXT STEPS

- Perform qualitative and/or quantitative analysis to evaluate the potential impacts of the neighborhood plan on the health determinants
- Develop strategies and recommendations to mitigate negative impacts
- Present results to the community
- Present results to the BUILD Advisory Committee
- Create HIA report that documents the entire process and results
- Incorporate the HIA report in the Neighborhood Plan and go through committees and council for review and approval

QUESTIONS?