

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

CITY OF MADISON PARKING UTILITY

MADISON, WISCONSIN

Prepared for: CITY OF MADISON PARKING UTILITY

JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The City of Madison Parking Utility (Parking Utility) has maintained its financial solvency by charging fees that cover all of the costs incurred in providing service. While the physical conditions of the parking structures have been routinely monitored and serviced for repairs, the average age is 43 years and all of the parking structures will either require replacement or significant rehabilitation within the next 20 years. The current financial position of the Parking Utility is stable with an operating capital reserve and no existing debt, but there is a concern for how it might service the impending capital costs. The Parking Utility properly recognizes that it is approaching a "day of reckoning" where past practices will no longer allow it to keep pace with changing conditions. At some point in the near future, the Parking Utility will be "under water" with its finances, unless new approaches are taken. This study explores options for addressing future financial challenges.

This report on the Parking Utility represents an effort by Walker Parking Consultants (Walker) to develop a document that achieves a balanced evaluation for the City, its citizenry who rely on a safe, convenient parking system, as well as for visitors who want to come and enjoy Downtown Madison. This report reflects local information obtained from focus group meetings where community members, Walker staff and representatives of the Parking Utility discussed public parking policies and future considerations.

The objective of this analysis is to provide an independent evaluation of the parking operation and provide options that may help the Parking Utility sustain financial solvency in light of future capital expenditures. This report is not an audit of or a budget for the Parking Utility. This report provides information for the Parking Utility to use when developing a financial plan of action. This report is intended to help the Parking Utility determine if the auxiliary enterprise is going to have sufficient resources available in the near and long term to address future capital costs.

MADISON PARKING UTILITY

The Parking Utility is responsible for the operation and maintenance of 5,550 parking spaces. The parking system includes 3,675 spaces in five parking structures, 473 spaces in seven surface parking lots, and 1,402 on-street metered parking spaces. A summary of the Parking Utility's CY2012 operating revenue and expenses are presented below:

Source of Revenue	Gro	oss Revenue	% of Total
Parking Garages	\$	8,653,058	72%
On-Street Meters		2,338,696	19%
Parking Lots		932,670	8%
Other		121,669	1%
Total	\$	12,046,093	100%

Uses of Revenue	Ex	penditures	% of Total
Salaries	\$	4,652,718	48%
Non-Salaries		1,933,203	20%
PILOT/Meter Tax		1,506,566	15%
Capital Expenditures		1,056,803	11%
Sales Tax		620,736	6%
Total	\$	9 770 025	100%

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FACILITY REPLACEMENT

The age of each parking structure and the conceptual estimate of replacement cost are provided in the following exhibit. The figures are provided for strategic planning purposes and are not budget numbers. For comparison, the analysis includes figures for below and above grade construction. Since the exact replacement capacities and design configurations are unknown, the base assumption is that the replacement supply is equal to the current supply. If the Parking Utility were to replace all the structured parking assets at once, the conceptual estimate of cost in 2014 dollars is approximately \$77 million to \$147 million. The wide range represents the significant cost difference in building new parking above or underground. The replacement of the parking structures will likely occur over an extended period of time with the condition and age of each facility determining the sequence. This approach does increase the conceptual estimate of cost. The assumption applied in this analysis is that construction costs may increase annually by an average of 3.5 percent. The result is a much higher total cost of approximately \$115 million to \$220 million for above grade and below grade construction, respectively.

Conceptual Estimate of Future Capital Expenditures

2014 Dollars															
					Conceptual E	stim	ate for	Conceptual Estim ate for							
	Below Grade Parking Above G									ide P	arking				
Facility Name	Spaces	Year Built	Age	F	Project Cost Debt Service		Project Cost		Project Cost Debt		Debt Service		oject Cost	D∈	ebt Service
Government East	516	1958	55	\$	20,640,000	\$	1,656,000	\$	10,836,000	\$	870,000				
State Street Capitol	855	1961	52		34,200,000		2,744,000		17,955,000		1,441,000				
Capitol Square North	613	1971	42		24,520,000		1,968,000		12,873,000		1,033,000				
State Street Campus	1,066														
Lake Street (Phase 1)	533	1964	49		21,320,000		1,711,000		11,193,000		898,000				
Frances Street (Phase 2)	533	1982	31		21,320,000		1,711,000		11,193,000		898,000				
Overture Center	625	1982	31		25,000,000		2,006,000		13,125,000		1,053,000				
Total (2013 Dollars)	3,675	Average	43	\$	147,000,000	\$	11,796,000	\$	77,175,000	\$	6,193,000				

Adjusted Capital Expenditures for Actual Year Dollars (3.5%/Yr.)												
Conceptual Estimate for				ate for	Conceptual Estim ate for							
				Below Grad	e Pa	rking	Above Grade Parking					
Facility Name	Spaces	Replacement Year	Р	roject Cost	De	ebt Service	Р	roject Cost	D€	ebt Service		
Government East	516	2014	\$	20,640,000	\$	1,656,000	\$	10,836,000	\$	870,000		
SSC - Lake (Phase 1)	533	2019		24,465,000		1,963,000		12,844,225		1,031,000		
State Street Capitol	855	2024		46,611,000		3,740,000		24,470,822		1,964,000		
Capitol Square North	613	2029		39,690,000		3,185,000		20,837,455		1,672,000		
SSC - Frances (Phase 2)	533	2033		40,988,000		3,289,000		21,518,557		1,727,000		
Overture Center	625	2033		48,063,000		3,857,000		25,232,830		2,025,000		
Total (Adjusted Dollars)	3,675		\$	220,457,000	\$	17,690,000	\$	115,739,889	\$	9,289,000		

Sources: City of Madison Parking Utility; Walker Parking Consultants, 2014 Estimate of Debt Service Payment uses inputs of 20-year term and 5% rate

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The current operation of the Parking Utility is unlikely to maintain financial solvency beyond the first two redevelopment projects. The Parking Utility's operating conditions are projected and shown for each development in the following exhibit. For comparison, projections are prepared for below and above grade construction. Both scenarios would require significant contributions from the Parking Utility capital reserves that would reduce the fund balance to less than one year of operating budget. The summary below is a stress test on the Parking Utility funds and does not include capital contributions from other sources.

Summary of Capital Replacement Projects

Parking Structure	G	iovernment East		State Street ampus-Lake	8	State Street Capitol	Ca	pitol Square North		Overture		State Street mpus-Francis						
Replacement Period		2015-16		2020-21		2024-25		2029-30		2033-34	2033-34							
Replacement Spaces		516		533		855		613		625		533						
Above or Below Grade	В	elow Grade	В	Below Grade		Below Grade		Below Grade		Below Grade Below Grade		low Grade Below Grade		Below Grade		elow Grade	В	elow Grade
Estimate of Probable Replacement Cost (Actual Year)	\$	20,640,000	\$	24,465,000	\$	46,611,000	\$	39,690,000	\$	40,988,000	\$	48,063,000						
Funding Options:																		
Parking Utility Reserves	\$	14,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000						
Reserve Balance	\$	12,000,000	\$	12,000,000	\$	13,164,000	\$	11,164,000	\$	9,164,000	\$	7,164,000						
Parking Utility Revenue Bonds	\$	6,640,000	\$	22,465,000	\$	44,611,000	\$	37,690,000	\$	38,988,000	\$	46,063,000						
General Obligation Bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-						
Private Participation		-		-		-		-		-		-						
Parking Tax		-		-		-		-		-		-						
Estimated Parking Utility NOI	\$	2,479,000	\$	1,946,000	\$	143,000	\$	(3,437,000)	\$	(6,461,000)	\$	(9,589,000)						
Estimate Annual Debt Service Payment	\$	533,000	\$	1,803,000	\$	3,580,000	\$	3,024,000	\$	3,128,000	\$	3,696,000						
Surplus/(Deficit)	\$	1,946,000	\$	143,000	\$	(3,437,000)	\$	(6,461,000)	\$	(9,589,000)	\$	(13,285,000)						

Parking Structure	G	overnment East		State Street ampus-Lake	8	State Street Capitol	Ca	pitol Square North		Overture		tate Street				
Replacement Period		2015-16		2020-21		2024-25		2024-25		2024-25		2029-30		2033-34	2033-34	
Replacement Spaces		516		533		855		613		625		533				
Above or Below Grade	Ak	oove Grade	Al	bove Grade	Α	bove Grade	A	bove Grade	Α	bove Grade	AŁ	ove Grade				
Estimate of Probable Replacement Cost (Actual Year)	\$	10,836,000	\$	12,844,225	\$	24,470,822	\$	20,837,455	\$	21,518,557	\$	25,232,830				
Funding Options:																
Parking Utility Reserves	\$	10,836,000	\$	12,844,225	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000				
Reserve Balance	\$	15,164,000	\$	2,319,775	\$	7,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$	1,000,000				
Estimated Contribution to Reserves from NOI	\$	-	\$	5,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Parking Utility Revenue Bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,470,822	\$	18,837,455	\$	19,518,557	\$	23,232,830				
General Obligation Bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-				
Private Participation		-		-		-		-		-		-				
Parking Tax		-		-		-		-		-		-				
Estimated Parking Utility NOI	\$	2,479,000	\$	2,479,000	\$	2,479,000		676,000	\$	(836,000)		(2,402,000)				
Estimate Annual Debt Service Payment Surplus/(Deficit)	\$ \$	- 2,479,000	\$ \$	2,479,000	\$ \$	1,803,000 676,000		1,512,000 (836,000)	\$ \$	1,566,000 (2,402,000)		1,864,000 (4,266,000)				

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Options for improving the long-term financial position of the Parking Utility are provided in the following exhibit. Details on each option are provided in the body of this report.

Options for Improving Financial Position of the Parking Utility

Option	Description	Potential Impact
1	Suspend or terminate the annual Parking Meter Occupancy Tax paid to the City's General Fund.	\$200,000 in Revenue Increase
2	Suspend the annual Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) paid to the City's General Fund	\$1.3 million in Revenue Increase
3	Competitively bid on-street parking enforcement services. Request that Madison Police Department submit a competitive bid for enforcement services along with qualified firms.	10-20% Cost Reduction
4	Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies. According to the Parking Utility, up to 18.65 FTE are eligible for retirement through 2018.	\$1.2 Million Cost Reduction
5	Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies gained by <i>moderate</i> use of parking access and revenue control automation technology.	\$800,000 Cost Reduction
6	Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies gained by <i>optimal</i> use of parking access and revenue control automation technology.	\$1.5 Million Cost Reduction
7	Eliminate all time limits for on-street meter parking and implement an escalating price schedule to manage turnover. This option removes regulation by time and replaces it with an economic choice. For example, a patron parking at a multi-space meter for \$1.75 per hour could pay \$42 to park in that space for 24 hours or \$14 to park for eight hours.	Revenue Increase
8	Increase the hourly on-street meter rates nearest to Capitol Square and lower on-street meter rates in underutilized areas.	Revenue Increase
9	Convert all 2-hour time limit curb-side parking to meter parking and charge a minimum of \$1.00 per hour.	Revenue Increase

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Options for Improving Financial Position of the Parking Utility (Continued)

Option	Description	Potential Impact
10	Increase special event parking rates at the Overture Center, State Street Capitol and State Street Campus Garages (Lake & Frances) from \$5.00 per event to a minimum of \$10.00 and a maximum of \$25.00. This would align special event rates more closely with the University of Wisconsin, Kohl Center, and Camp Randall special event rates of \$10.00 to \$25.00.	Revenue Increase
11	Offer special event parking at Multi-Space Meters located near special event locations. Charge a premium hourly or flat rate for on-street event parking.	Revenue Increase
12	Install, operate and maintain new on-street meters serving 78 spaces. The estimated net gain in meter operating revenue is approximately \$58,000 per year.	\$58,000 Revenue Increase
13	Extend hours of enforcement to 9:00 PM, Monday through Saturday.	\$535,000 Revenue Increase
14	Reallocate citation revenue to the Parking Utility.	Revenue Increase
15	Take actions to modify current parking regulations that exempt Persons with Disabilities from parking fees and time limit restrictions at metered spaces with a time limit of 30 minutes or longer. State Statutes currently exempt Persons with Disabilities from any ordinance imposing time limitations and meter payment at metered stalls where the time limitation is one-half hour or more.	Up to an \$800,000 Revenue Increase
16	Collect a City parking surcharge in downtown Madison with revenue pledged to service capital reserve and debt obligations for Parking Utility structure replacement.	Revenue Increase
17	Issue General Obligation Bonds to pay for all or a portion of the parking improvements.	Reduces Utility Debt Obligation
18	Issue Parking Utility Bonds to pay for a portion of the parking improvements.	Funds Near Term Replacement Projects (1-10 Yrs.)
19	Pursue Tax Increment Financing grant through a qualifying partner.	Reduces Utility Debt Obligation
20	Sell air-rights above each public parking structure to reduce the amount of capital financed by the City and or Parking Utility. A form of private participation of funds.	Reduces Utility Debt Obligation

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Options for Improving Financial Position of the Parking Utility (Continued)

21	Obtain bond payment guarantee from any private development built in combination with a public parking replacement project.	Mitigate Operating Risk
22	Build above grade parking to reduce potential debt amount. Many cities want underground parking - but most are unable to afford the premium cost.	Reduction in Required Funding
23	Reduce the number of parking spaces that will be replaced. Build only what can be paid for by the Utility.	Reduction in Required Funding
24	Implement Conservative (Scenario 3) Pricing Strategy Details in Exhibit 49 and Exhibit 52	Revenue Increase
25	Implement Moderate (Scenario 2) Pricing Strategy Details in Exhibit 49 and Exhibit 51	Revenue Increase
26	Implement Optimal (Scenario 1) Pricing Strategy Details in Exhibit 49 and Exhibit 50	Revenue Increase

Scenario 1 financial summary is presented in the following exhibit.

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Scenario 1B: Optimal Pricing	Strategy with	n Tax Aba	atement	S				
Optimal with Full Tax Abatements Revenue (rounded)	1 2014	2 2015	3 2016	4 2017	5 2018	10 2023	15 2028	20 2033
Volume Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,953,197	1,931,313	1,929,204	1,868,617	1,835,218	1,922,411	2,020,474	2,123,538
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,944 1,255,052	11,061 1,247,852	11,161 1,258,133	11,264 1,266,334	11,344 1,273,633	11,875 1,346,500	12,480 1,408,851	13,117 1,480,931
Off-Street Garages								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	9,797,600 (501,400)	10,622,600 (544,100)	11,309,400 (579,600)	12,508,200 (641,700)	13,596,000 (697,900)	16,623,300 (853,400)	20,142,900 (1,034,100)	24,413,400 (1,253,300)
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	9,296,200	10,078,500	10,729,800	11,866,500	12,898,100	15,769,900	19,108,800	23,160,100
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(205,700) (11,100)	(241,700) (11,700)	(277,100) (12,200)	(328,300) (12,900)	(380,700) (13,600)	(494,600) (16,800)	(599,300) (20,300)	(726,300) (24,800)
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	9,079,400	9,825,100	10,440,500	11,525,300	12,503,800	15,258,500	18,489,200	22,409,000
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	970,200	1,035,000	1,098,600	1,172,400	1,251,100	1,524,300	1,857,300	2,262,900
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,700)	(54,000)	(57,300)	(61,100)	(65,200)	(79,500)	(96,900)	(117,900)
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax) (Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	919,500 (20,300)	981,000 (23,600)	1,041,300 (26,800)	1,111,300 (30,700)	1,185,900 (35,000)	1,444,800 (45,500)	1,760,400 (55,300)	2,145,000 (67,300)
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,400)	(2,500)	(2,500)	(3,100)	(3,800)	(4,500)
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots On-Street	896,900	955,100	1,012,100	1,078,100	1,148,400	1,396,200	1,701,300	2,073,200
Meter Parking Revenue	2,079,000	2,620,400	2,763,900	2,954,500	3,174,300	3,671,700	4,577,300	5,537,800
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees Construction Related	(43,700) 295,000	(59,600) 303,800	(67,700) 312,900	(77,600) 322,300	(88,900) 332,000	(102,800) 384,900	(128,200) 446,200	(155,100) 517,200
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,330,300	2,864,600	3,009,100	3,199,200	3,417,400	3,953,800	4,895,300	5,899,900
Total Revenue	12,306,600	13,644,800	14,461,700	15,802,600	17,069,600	20,608,500	25,085,800	30,382,100
Expenses (rounded)								
Off-Street Garages Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,153,900	2,218,400	2,285,100	2,353,700	2,424,300	2,810,300	3,258,400	3,777,200
Total - Admin	602,100	620,000	638,500	657,700	677,500	785,300	910,200	1,055,000
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	359,100 255,600	369,900 263,200	381,000 271,100	392,500 279,200	404,300 287,500	469,000 333,300	543,600 386,300	630,300 447,800
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,000
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300 235,000	1,245,700 242,100	1,270,600 249,400	1,296,000 256,800	1,321,900 264,500	1,459,400 306,700	1,611,500 355,600	1,779,400 412,300
Total - Unities Total - Insurance	19,200	19,700	20,300	20,900	21,500	25,000	29,000	33,100
Total - Other Operations Expenses	180,800	186,200	191,800	197,400	203,400	235,900	273,400	316,800
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	5,111,600	5,252,200	5,397,400	5,546,600	5,700,100	6,535,200	7,495,900	8,599,900
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	42,200 3,800	43,400 3,900	44,900 4,000	46,400 4,100	47,900 4,200	56,200 4,700	65,200 5,200	75,200 5,700
Total - Facility Maintenance	9,900	10,400	10,600	10,800	11,000	12,000	13,000	14,200
Total - Collections Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	4,000 90,900	4,100 92,700	4,200 94,700	4,300 96,600	4,400 98,500	4,900 108,700	5,400 120,000	5,900 132,500
Total - Utilities	3,700	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,700
Total - Insurance Total - Other Operations Expenses	700 64,000	700 66,000	700 67,900	700 69,800	700 71,900	700 83,200	700 96,000	700 111,100
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,000
On-Street Total - Labor	238,500	245,700	253,100	260,700	268,500	311,300	360,800	418,200
Total - Admin	142,600	146,900	151,300	155,800	160,500	186,100	215,800	250,300
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	14,600 16,900	15,000 17,400	15,500 17,900	16,000 18,400	16,500 19,000	19,100 22,000	22,100 25,500	25,600 29,600
Total - Collections	26,500	27,300	28,100	28,900	29,800	34,500	40,000	46,400
Total - Operations Expenses Total - Meter Revenue Tax	45,300 237,400	46,700 292,400	48,100 307,700	49,500 327,700	51,000 350,600	59,100 405,700	68,500 502,300	79,400 605,500
Total - Sales Tax	123,800	152,400	160,400	170,800	182,800	211,500	261,900	315,700
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters General and Administrative	845,600 1,227,000	943,800 1,263,800	982,100 1,301,700	1,027,800 1,340,800	1,078,700 1,381,000	1,249,300 1,601,000	1,496,900 1,856,100	1,770,700 2,151,800
Payment for Enforcement	439,600	452,800	466,400	480,400	494,800	573,500	664,900	770,700
Total Expenses PILOT Abatement	7,843,000 1,312,200	8,137,700	8,378,600	8,632,400	8,897,400	10,234,100	11,824,500 1,731,500	13,644,100 1,911,900
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement	237,400	1,338,400 292,400	1,365,300 307,700	1,392,600 327,700	1,420,400 350,600	1,568,100 405,700	502,300	605,500
Total Expenses - Adjusted	6,293,400	6,506,900	6,705,600	6,912,100	7,126,400	8,260,300	9,590,700	11,126,700
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	6,013,200	7,137,900	7,756,100	8,890,500	9,943,200	12,348,200	15,495,100	19,255,400
Capital Expenditures								
Garages Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5,143,000	687,000	711,000	749,000	776,000	939,000	217,000	820,000
Parking Equipment	0	0	2,162,000	0	0	0	3,049,700	0
Lots On-Street	47,300 0	49,000 0	50,700 0	52,400 0	54,300 0	64,500 0	76,600 0	90,900 0
Total Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,900
Net Operating Income (NOI)	822,900	6,401,900	4,832,400	8,089,100	9,112,900	11,344,700	12,151,800	18,344,500
Preliminary Assumptions for Public Financing		SU	MMARY	Summary Carre	ricon of Bon!	omont Ontion-		
Average Net Operating Income	\$ 11,419,815			Summary Compa Model Scenario 1	rison of Replac		otimal with Full T	ax Abatements
Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20			Replacement Park	ing		Above Grade	Below Grade
New Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT) Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	\$ 9,516,513 5.00%			Number of Spaces Avg. Cost/Space		\$	3,675 31,494 \$	3,675 59,988
Amortization Period (n)	5.00%			Est. Capital Replace	cement Cost (Act		115,739,889	220,457,000
Annual PMT	\$1.00			Est. Avg. Annual N	IOI	,	11,419,815	11,419,815
Present Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.) Amortizable Principle Amount (PMT x PV Factor)	\$12.46 \$ 118,596,781		,	Est. Supportable D Est. Funding Surp		\$	118,596,781 2,856,892 \$	118,596,781 (101,860,219)
Rounde			,	Lat. Funding Sur	nua (Delicit)	Rounded \$		
	. , ,						utive Summa	

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

INTRODUCTION

One of Downtown Madison's defining characteristics is its focus on being a place where the community comes together to live, work and play. Within this vibrant economic environment, the public parking assets are a critical component of a larger network of mobility and accessibility options made available to the public. The Madison Parking Utility provides public access to over 5,550 parking spaces through five parking structures, seven parking lots and more than 1,400 on-street, metered, parking spaces. Maintaining this public infrastructure is important to the continued success of the downtown community and the Parking Utility intends to continue delivering parking services by ensuring that it operates in a financially sustainable manner.

The Parking Utility has maintained its financial solvency by charging fees that cover all of the costs incurred in providing service. While the physical conditions of the parking structures have been routinely monitored and serviced for repairs, the average age is 43 years and all of the parking structures will either require replacement or significant rehabilitation within the next 20 years. The current financial position of the Parking Utility is stable with an operating capital reserve and no existing debt, but there is a concern for how it might service the impending capital costs. The Parking Utility properly recognizes that it is approaching a "day of reckoning" where past practices will no longer allow it to keep pace with changing conditions. At some point in the near future, the Parking Utility will be "under water" with its finances, unless new approaches are taken. This financial sustainability study explores options for addressing future financial challenges.

OBJECTIVES

The objective of this analysis is to provide an independent evaluation of the parking operation and provide options that may help the Parking Utility sustain financial solvency in light of future capital expenditures. This report is not an audit of or a budget for the Parking Utility. This report provides information for the Parking Utility to use when developing a financial plan of action. This report is intended to help the Parking Utility determine if the auxiliary enterprise is going to have sufficient resources available in the near and long term to address future capital costs.

REPORT ORGANIZATION

This report provides an orderly presentation of the project information to help simplify the many interleaved issues that impact the financial performance of the Parking Utility. The report begins with an overview of the Parking Utility to establish the framework for evaluating the potential impact of any changes. Future capital costs for facility replacements and repairs are then presented to help size the impending costs. Presented next is a review of the local parking market conditions to assess the operating environment and options for improvement. The report concludes with an operating assessment that explains the financial impact of various options for supporting future financial sustainability. This organizational method was implemented to aid the reader in comprehending the analysis and options within this report.

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

MADISON PARKING UTILITY

The Parking Utility is an auxiliary enterprise agency of the City of Madison. As an auxiliary enterprise, the Parking Utility generates a revenue stream that is sufficient to cover ongoing operating expenses and outstanding debt service, and is capable of issuing revenue bonds with Common Council Approval. The Madison Common Council approves the Parking Utility budget.

Under city ordinances the Parking Utility manager reports to the Traffic Engineer who reports to the Mayor. The Madison Transit and Parking Commission ("TPC") is responsible for overseeing parking utility operations and making recommendations on parking issues and items to the Madison Common council. All decisions of the Commission can be appealed to the Common Council.

PARKING UTILITY MISSION

The mission of the Parking Utility is *to provide safe, convenient and affordable parking to the City's citizens and visitors*. Goals of the Parking Utility include but are not limited to:

- 1. To constantly pursue exceptional customer service.
- 2. To maintain downtown vitality.
- 3. To provide safe, clean, and easy-to-use parking facilities.
- 4. To sustain a self-financing operation which maintains accurate, financial records to meet the agency's long-term financial goals which includes the proper maintenance of current facilities and the financing of new parking infrastructure.
- 5. To improve parking opportunities by encouraging greater use of underutilized facilities.

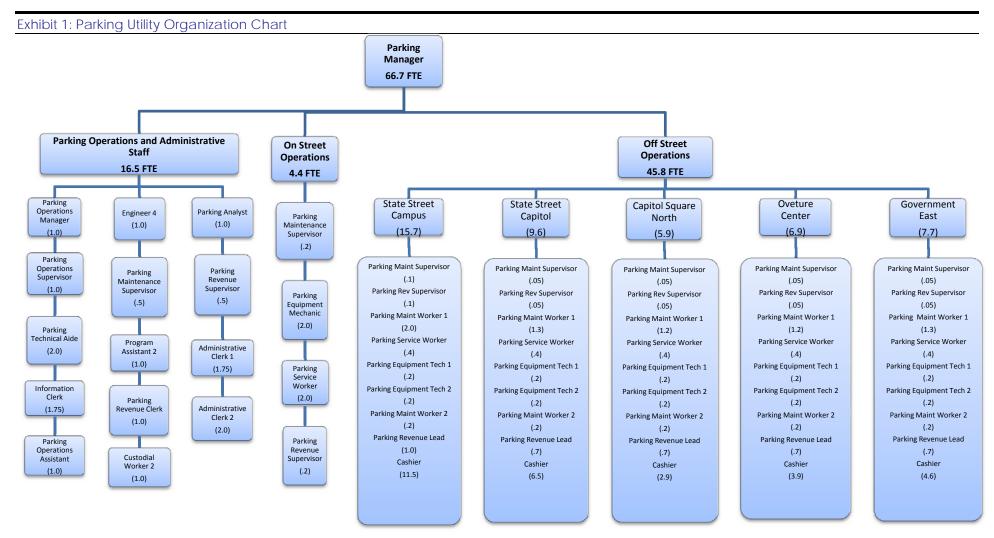
ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND STAFFING

The Parking Utility is self-operated and currently employs 66.7 full-time equivalent (FTE) employees. A Parking Manager is responsible for the Utility and reports to the Transit & Parking Commission. Subordinate to the Parking Manager are the Parking Operations and Administrative Staff (16.5 FTE's), On-Street Operations Staff (4.4 FTE), and Off-Street Operations Staff (45.8 FTE's). A detailed account of the current staffing is provided in the following organizational chart (Exhibit 1).

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT



Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

Note that FTE levels fluctuate and the actual figures may vary

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

DESCRIPTION OF PARKING UTILITY ASSETS

The Parking Utility operates and maintains 5,550± parking spaces within the downtown area including 1,402± on-street metered spaces, 473± spaces located in seven surface parking lots, and 3,675± spaces located in five parking garages. Throughout the report "off-street" refers to parking in surface and structured facilities, on-street parking refers to spaces allocated in the public right-of-way, typically adjacent to curbs.

Listed in the following exhibit are the parking assets under management by the Parking Utility.

Exhibit 2: Parking Assets Controlled by Madison Parking Utility

Facility Name	Туре	Spaces	% of Subtotal	% of Total
Capitol Square North	Garage	613	17%	11%
Government East	Garage	516	14%	9%
Overture Center	Garage	625	17%	11%
State Street Campus	Garage	1,066	29%	19%
State Street Capitol	Garage	855	23%	15%
Subtotal	Garage	3,675	100%	66%
Dioir	Lot	58	12%	1%
Blair	Lot			
Brayton	Lot	243	51%	4%
Buckeye	Lot	55	12%	1%
Evergreen	Lot	26	5%	0%
Lot 88	Lot	20	4%	0%
Wilson Street	Lot	50	11%	1%
Wingra	Lot	21	4%	0%
Subtotal	Lot	473	100%	9%
Campus Area	On-Street SSM	160	11%	3%
Capitol Square	On-Street SSM	25	2%	0%
CCB Area	On-Street SSM	94	7%	2%
East Washington Area	On-Street SSM	96	7%	2%
GEP Area	On-Street SSM	86	6%	2%
MATC Area	On-Street SSM	100	7%	2%
Meriter Area	On-Street SSM	128	9%	2%
MMB Area	On-Street SSM	107	8%	2%
Monroe Area	On-Street SSM	125	9%	2%
Schenks Area	On-Street SSM	76	5%	1%
State Street Area	On-Street SSM	99	7%	2%
University Area	On-Street SSM	187	13%	3%
Wilson/Butler Area	On-Street SSM	119	8%	2%
Subtotal	On-Street	1,402	100%	25%
Total		5,550		100%

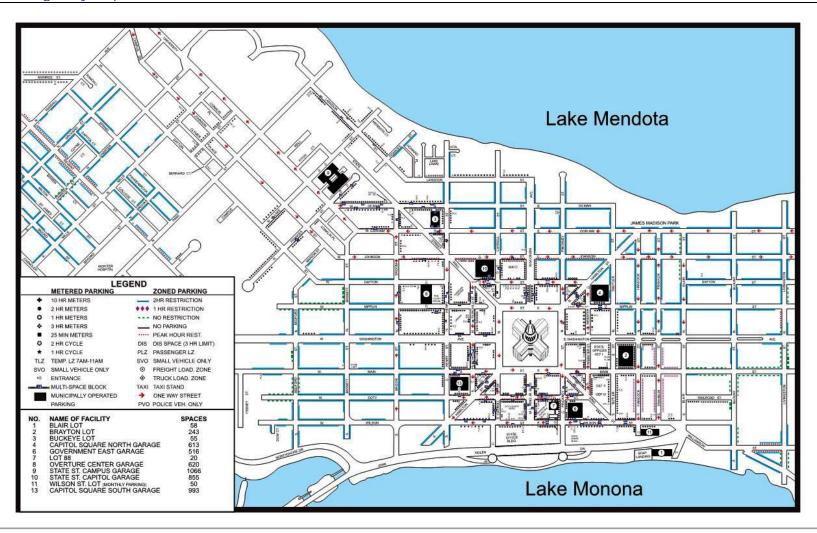
Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 3: Parking Utility Map



Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

PARKING UTILITY FINANCIAL POSITION

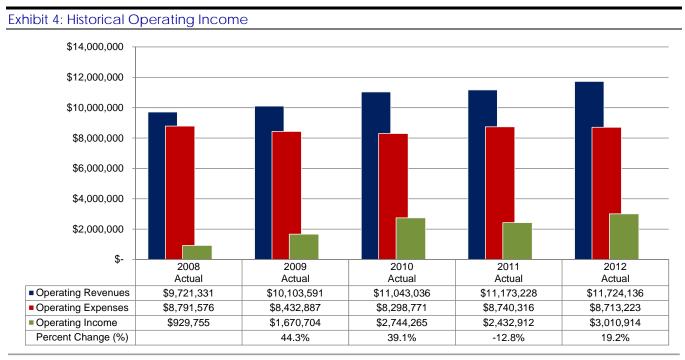
The operating budget of the Parking Utility is separate from the City's general fund. The operating budget includes a stream of revenues collected from a variety of sources, including the following:

- Monthly leases
- Transient revenues
- Parking meter revenues
- Special event revenues

The Parking Utility does not retain revenue from parking citations.

Budgeted expenses include the operating and capital costs associated with delivering public off-street and metered parking services. This includes labor costs associated with maintenance, security, parking enforcement, revenue collection, management, and administration. Other operating costs include utilities, supplies, and equipment. Capital repair and maintenance costs are part of the overall operating budget and appropriately reflect the age of the structured parking assets.

The historical performance of the Parking Utility shows an increase in operating revenue and relatively stable operating expense that result in an increase in annual operating income.



Source Data: City of Madison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, 2008-2011; City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

The latest audited financial statements show that the Parking Utility collected \$12,046,093 in gross revenues during Calendar Year 2012. During this same period, operating expenses were reported to be \$6,585,921. Additional expenditures included \$1,506,566 in PILOT and Parking Meter Occupancy Tax paid to the City and \$620,736 in Sales Tax paid to the State of Wisconsin. Also, the Utility invested \$1,056,803 in capital expenditures (Capex) to repair and maintain the aging parking facilities. The total net operating income after Capex was \$2,276,068, resulting in an operating margin of approximately 19 percent. A summary of the CY2012 Parking Utility Financial Standing is provided in the following exhibit.

Exhibit 5: Summary of Parking Utility Financial Standing - Audited CY2012

		Utility Total	% of Total
Gross Revenue		·	
Cashiered Revenue	\$	6,948,959	57.7%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		765,592	6.4%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		8,001	0.1%
Coupons		59,623	0.5%
Off-Street Meters		732,166	6.1%
On-Street Meters		2,338,696	19.4%
Monthly		973,374	8.1%
Long-Term Lease		98,013	0.8%
Miscellaneous		121,669	1.0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	12,046,093	100.0%
Operating Expenses Salaries			
Administration	\$	531,732	8.1%
Equipment Maintenance	•	510,162	7.7%
Facility Maintenance		702,163	10.7%
Operations		2,908,661	44.2%
Non-Salaries		, ,	
Administration		761,720	11.6%
Equipment Maintenance		366,132	5.6%
Facility Maintenance		273,743	4.2%
Operations		531,608	8.1%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,585,921	100.0%
Operating Income	\$	5,460,172	
	•	0,100,11	
Less:	ф	4 FOC FCC	
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ \$	1,506,566	
Sales Tax	\$	620,736	
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	1,056,803	
Total NOI including Capex	\$	2,276,068	
Operating Margin		19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	3,332,871	
Operating Margin		28%	

Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

Note the Parking Utility does not collect or retain revenues associated with parking enforcement and parking citations.

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



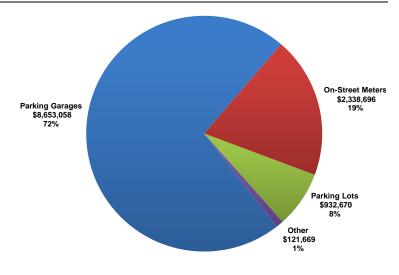
JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

SOURCES AND USES OF OPERATING REVENUE

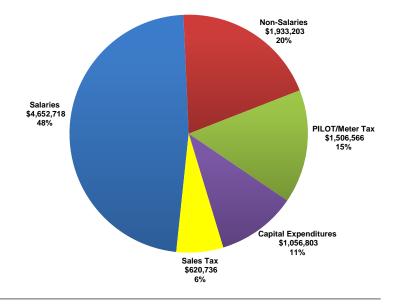
The sources and uses of funds provide a general indication of the financial health and nature of business activities associated with the Parking Utility. The total gross operating revenue in CY2012 was \$12,046,093. Of that total, 72 percent of the revenue or \$8.6 million was collected at parking garages, 19 percent at on-street parking meters, 8 percent at parking lots, and the remaining 1 percent from motorcycle and residential-related permits. The total expenditures for the same period were \$9,770,025. Of that total, 48 percent was allocated to salaries, 20 percent to non-salary related operating expenses, 15 percent to PILOT and Meter Tax, 11 percent to capital repairs and maintenance, and 6 percent to State sales tax. The sources and uses of funds for the Utility in CY2012 are provided in the following exhibit.

Exhibit 6: Sources and Uses of Operating Revenue CY2012

Source of Revenue	Gr	oss Revenue	% of Total
Parking Garages	\$	8,653,058	72%
On-Street Meters		2,338,696	19%
Parking Lots		932,670	8%
Other		121,669	1%
Total	\$	12,046,093	100%



Uses of Revenue	E	xpenditures	% of Total
Salaries	\$	4,652,718	48%
Non-Salaries		1,933,203	20%
PILOT/Meter Tax		1,506,566	15%
Capital Expenditures		1,056,803	11%
Sales Tax		620,736	6%
Total	\$	9,770,025	100%



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

OPERATING REVENUE BY FACILITY

A public parking system with multiple revenue-generating properties is essentially a portfolio of several small businesses that reflect their local market conditions. This is evident with the Parking Utility as the off-street parking garages and lots have different operating characteristics reflective of their unique locations and user demographics. The historical operating revenue by off-street parking facility is summarized in the following exhibit.

Exhibit 7: Overview of Operating Revenue by Off-Street Parking Facility

Parking Facility	Туре	Permit	Transient	Sp	ecial Event	Gr	oss Revenue	% of Subtotal	% of Total	 ss Revenue / Space
Capitol Square North	Garage	\$ 237,495	\$ 825,703	\$	36,323	\$	1,099,521	13%	11%	\$ 1,794
Overture Center	Garage	205,165	744,116		227,566		1,176,847	14%	12%	1,883
Government East	Garage	177,193	1,503,381		36,000		1,716,574	20%	18%	3,327
State Street Campus-Frances	Garage	14,257	582,021		75,267		671,546	8%	7%	1,260
State Street Campus-Lake	Garage	14,257	2,175,306		103,977		2,293,541	27%	24%	4,303
State Street Capitol	Garage	165,775	1,242,795		286,861		1,695,431	20%	18%	1,983
Subtotal		\$ 814,142	\$ 7,073,323	\$	765,994	\$	8,653,460	100%	90%	\$ 2,355
Revenue Source (%)		9%	82%		9%		100%			
Blair	Lot	\$ 59,616	\$ 7,323	\$	_	\$	66,939	7%	1%	\$ 1,154
Brayton	Lot	124,364	390,523		-		514,887	55%	5%	2,119
Buckeye	Lot	-	212,235		-		212,235	23%	2%	3,859
Evergreen	Lot	-	40,927		-		40,927	4%	0%	1,574
Lot 88	Lot	-	15,389		-		15,389	2%	0%	769
Wilson	Lot	73,265	-		-		73,265	8%	1%	1,465
Wingra	Lot	-	9,030		-		9,030	1%	0%	430
Subtotal		\$ 257,245	\$ 675,425	\$	-	\$	932,670	100%	10%	\$ 1,972
Revenue Source (%)		28%	72%		0%		100%			, i
Total		\$ 1,071,387	\$ 7,748,749	\$	765,994	\$	9,586,130	100%	100%	\$ 2,311
Revenue Source (%)		11%	81%		8%		100%			

Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

Garage Revenue:

- Transient revenue represents 81 percent
- Permit revenue represents 9 percent
- Special event revenue represents 9 percent

Lot Revenue:

- Transient revenue represents 72 percent
- Permit revenue represents 28 percent
- No special event revenue is collected in parking lots

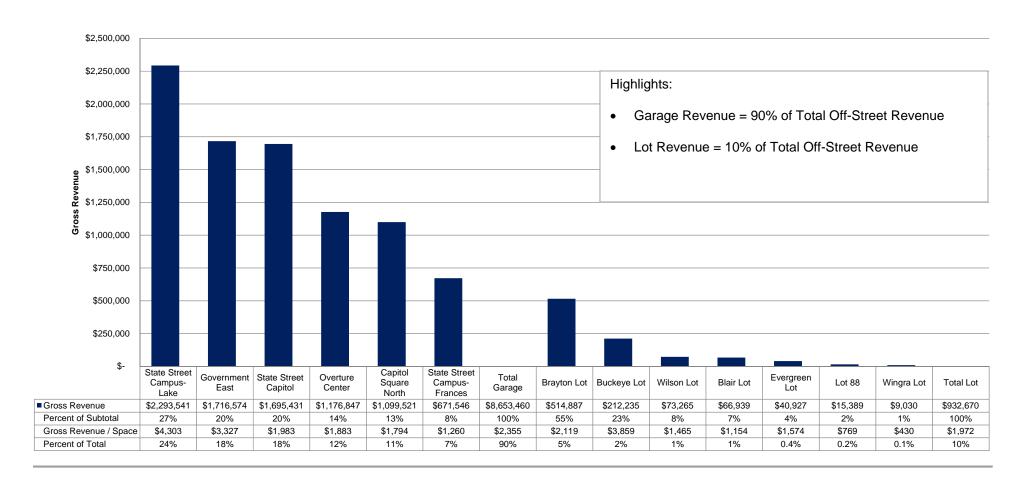
Revenue by parking facility is further analyzed the following two exhibits.

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 8: Off-Street Parking Gross Revenue by Facility

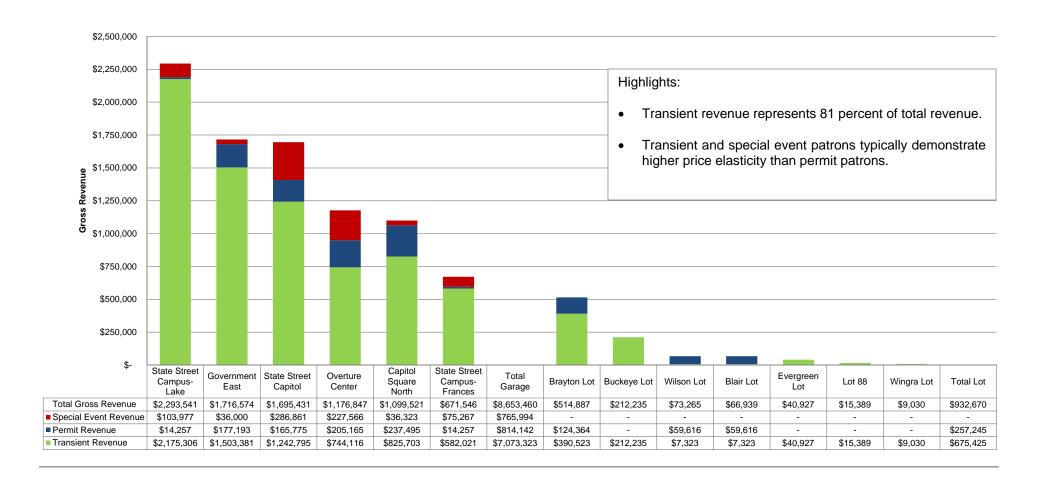


PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



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Exhibit 9: Off-Street Gross Revenue by Facility and Revenue Source





JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

OPERATING EXPENDITURES BY FACILITY

The CY2012 historical operating expenditures by off-street parking facility are summarized in the following exhibit.

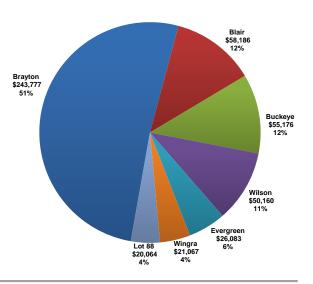
Exhibit 10: Operating Expenditures by Off-Street Parking Facility

			Operating E	-хрє	enses	_							- /
Parking Facility	Туре		Salaries	Ν	lon-Salaries	10	tal w/o Taxes & Capex		Taxes		Capex		Total w/ Capex
Capitol Square North Overture Center Government East State Street Campus-Frances State Street Campus-Lake State Street Capitol Miscellaneous	Garage Garage Garage Garage Garage Garage	\$	473,370 527,837 518,572 233,170 1,048,471 835,029	\$	263,500 229,655 208,420 162,804 314,187 427,033	\$	736,870 757,492 726,991 395,973 1,362,658 1,262,062	\$	234,970 291,103 251,964 239,543 262,320 381,934	\$	189,115 48,960 269,847 87,968 110,219 149,604 56,000	\$	1,160,954 1,097,555 1,248,802 723,484 1,735,197 1,793,600 56,000
Subtotal % of Subtotal	Garage	\$	3,636,448 47%	\$	1,605,599 21%	\$	5,242,047 67%	\$	1,661,833 21%	\$	911,712 12%	\$	7,815,592 100%
Blair Brayton Buckeye Evergreen Lot 88 Wilson Wingra Subtotal	Lot Lot Lot Lot Lot Lot	\$	22,597 94,675 21,428 10,130 7,792 19,480 8,182 184,285	\$	14,808 62,038 14,042 6,638 5,106 12,765 5,361	\$	37,405 156,713 35,470 16,768 12,898 32,246 13,543 305,043		19,130 80,150 18,141 8,576 6,597 16,492 6,927		1,650 6,914 1,565 740 569 1,423 598 13,458	\$	58,186 243,777 55,176 26,083 20,064 50,160 21,067 474,513
% of Subtotal		Ψ	39%	Ψ	25%	Ψ	64%	Ψ	33%	Ψ	3%	Ψ	100%
Total % of Total		\$	3,820,734 46%	\$	1,726,357 21%	\$	5,547,090 67%	\$	1,817,845 22%	\$	925,170 11%	\$	8,290,105 100%

PARKING GARAGES

State Street Capitol \$1,793,600 23% State Street CampusLake \$1,735,197 22% State Street CampusFrances \$723,484 9% Capitol Square North \$1,160,954 15% Capitol Square North \$1,160,954 15%

PARKING LOTS



Source: City of Madison Parking Utility CY2012

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



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TAXES AND PARKING METER OCCUPANCY TAX

The practice of a municipality using surplus revenues from a parking enterprise fund to service non-parking related expenditures is more common in recent economic times. For example, the Pittsburgh Parking Authority and Pittsburgh City Council entered into a parking meter revenue-share agreement that allocates 10 percent of all on-street meter revenue to the City's General Fund. The remaining 90 percent is retained by the Parking Authority to pay for meter enforcement, collections and maintenance. In addition, the City receives an annual fixed payment of \$1.8 million from the Parking Authority. For context, the Pittsburgh Parking Authority generates approximately \$41 million in revenue, \$23 million in annual expenses, and services capital repairs and debt obligations with the remaining net operating income.

On a different scale but similar in construct; the Madison Parking Utility pays the City an annual Parking Meter Occupancy Tax equal to 10 percent of the annual on-street meter revenue. The annual tax on meter revenue is transferred to the City's General Fund. The annual amount paid to the City in recent years is approximately \$200,000.

An annual Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) of approximately \$1.3 million is paid by the Parking Utility to the City's General Fund. This is not unique to the Parking Utility. A PILOT is also paid by the City's Water, Convention Center and Golf utilities.

Most of the public parking revenues are subject to the State of Wisconsin and Dane County Sales Taxes.. Exempt parking revenue includes income from lease agreements. The annual amount paid by the Parking Utility in recent years is approximately \$620,000.

Option:

Suspend or terminate the parking meter tax paid to the City's General Fund and increase the Parking Utility's annual net operating income by approximately \$200,000.

Option:

Suspend the annual PILOT paid to the General Fund and increase the Parking Utility's annual net operating income by approximately \$1.3 million.

The estimated value of \$1.5 million (\$1.3 million PILOT + \$200,000 meter tax) in terms of supportable debt is \$15.6 million based on the following assumptions.

Assumptions: 1.20 debt service coverage ratio; 5.0% interest rate; and 20-year term

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE BY FACILITY

The following section provides information on each parking facility within the Parking Utility and measures the level of contribution to the Utility's overall financial performance. As previously noted, each parking facility operates with a unique business model to address the distribution of client type (monthly, transient, special event), facility location, type of property (garage or lot), and age of the property.

CAPITOL SQUARE NORTH GARAGE

Exhibit 11: Capitol Square North Garage

Facility Built in 1971, Age 42 Years			CY 20			
Operating Statement	Capitol Square North Garage	% of Facility Total	Garages Total	% of Garages Total	Utility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue						
Cashiered Revenue	\$ 824,906	75%	\$ 6,948,959	12%	\$ 6,948,959	12%
Special Event/Pay on Entry	36,323	3%	765,592	5%	765,592	5%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	525	0%	8,001	7%	8,001	7%
Coupons	272	0%	59,623	0%	59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters	-	-	56,740	0%	732,166	0%
On-Street Meters	-	-	-	0%	2,338,696	0%
Monthly	237,495	22%	716.129	33%	973.374	24%
Long-Term Lease	-	-	98,013	0%	98,013	0%
Miscellaneous	_	-	_	0%	121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 1,099,521	100%	\$ 8,653,058	13%	\$ 12,046,093	9%
Operating Expenses Salaries						
Administration	\$ 56,145	8%	\$ 376,482	15%	\$ 531,732	11%
Equipment Maintenance	68,090	9%	343,218	20%	510,162	13%
Facility Maintenance	102,527	14%	643,475	16%	702,163	15%
Operations	246,608	33%	2,273,274	11%	2,908,661	8%
Non-Salaries	-,		, -,		,,,,,,,	
Administration	86,411	12%	586,321	15%	761,720	11%
Equipment Maintenance	54,662	7%	348,687	16%	366,132	15%
Facility Maintenance	47,927	7%	248,170	19%	273,743	18%
Operations	74,500	10%	422,421	18%	531,608	14%
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 736,870	100%	\$ 5,242,047	14%	\$ 6,585,921	11%
Total Operating Expenses	Ψ 700,070	10070	Ψ 0,242,041	1470	φ 0,000,021	1170
Operating Income	\$ 362,651	100%	\$ 3,411,011	11%	\$ 5,460,172	7%
Less:						
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 173,109	-	\$ 1,201,932	14%	\$ 1,506,566	11%
Sales Tax	\$ 61,861	-	\$ 459,901	13%	\$ 620,736	10%
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 189,115	100%	\$ 911,712	21%	\$ 1,056,803	18%
Total Capital Experiultures	ψ 109,113	100 /0	ψ 311,712	21/0	ψ 1,050,605	1070
Total NOI including Capex	\$ (61,433)	100%	\$ 837,466	-7%	\$ 2,276,068	-3%
Operating Margin	-6%		10%		19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 127,681	100%	\$ 1,749,178	7%	\$ 3,332,871	4%
Operating Margin	12%		20%		28%	

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

OVERTURE CENTER GARAGE

Exhibit 12: Overture Center Garage

Facility Built in 1982, Age 31 Years					CY 20				
Operating Statement	Overture Ga	ırage	% of Facility Total	Ga	rages Total	% of Garages Total	ι	Jtility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue									
Cashiered Revenue	•	0,754	63%	\$	6,948,959	11%	\$	6,948,959	11%
Special Event/Pay on Entry	227	7,566	19%		765,592	30%		765,592	30%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	•	1,129	0%		8,001	14%		8,001	14%
Coupons	2	2,234	0%		59,623	4%		59,623	4%
Off-Street Meters		-	-		56,740	0%		732,166	0%
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly	107	7,152	9%		716,129	15%		973,374	11%
Long-Term Lease	98	8,013	8%		98,013	100%		98,013	100%
Miscellaneous		_	-		´ -	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 1,176	6,847	100%	\$	8,653,058	14%	\$	12,046,093	10%
Operating Expenses Salaries									
Administration	\$ 6	1,786	8%	\$	376,482	16%	\$	531,732	12%
Equipment Maintenance	•	4,250	7%	•	343,218	16%	Ψ.	510,162	11%
Facility Maintenance		0,621	13%		643,475	16%		702,163	14%
Operations		1,180	41%		2,273,274	14%		2,908,661	11%
Non-Salaries	31	1,100	4170		2,210,214	1470		2,300,001	1170
Administration	0′	2,010	12%		586,321	16%		761,720	12%
Equipment Maintenance		9,481	8%		348,687	17%		366,132	16%
Facility Maintenance		1,274	3%		248.170	9%		273,743	8%
Operations		1,274 6,890	3% 8%		422,421	13%		531,608	0% 11%
•		,		φ.			Φ.	,	
Total Operating Expenses	р /5/	7,492	100%	\$	5,242,047	14%	\$	6,585,921	12%
Operating Income	\$ 419	9,355	100%	\$	3,411,011	12%	\$	5,460,172	8%
Less:									
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 232	2,905	-	\$	1,201,932	19%	\$	1,506,566	15%
Sales Tax	\$ 58	8,198	-	\$	459,901	13%	\$	620,736	9%
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 48	8,960	100%	\$	911,712	5%	\$	1,056,803	5%
Total NOI including Capex	\$ 79	9,292	100%	\$	837,466	9%	\$	2,276,068	3%
Operating Margin		7%			10%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 128	8,252	100%	\$	1,749,178	7%	\$	3,332,871	4%
Operating Margin		11%			20%			28%	

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

GOVERNMENT EAST GARAGE

Exhibit 13: Government East Garage

Facility Built in 1958, Age 55 Years			CY 20				
Operating Statement	Government East Garage	% of Facility Total	Garages Total	% of Garages Total	U	tility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue							
Cashiered Revenue	\$ 1,501,654	87%	\$ 6,948,959	22%	\$	6,948,959	22%
Special Event/Pay on Entry	36,000	2%	765,994	5%		765,994	5%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	1,200	0%	8,001	15%		8,001	15%
Coupons	526	0%	59,623	1%		59,623	1%
Off-Street Meters	-	-	56,740	0%		732,166	0%
On-Street Meters	-	-	-	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly	177,193	10%	716,129	25%		973,374	18%
Long-Term Lease	-	-	98,013	0%		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 1,716,574	100%	\$ 8,653,460	20%	\$	12,046,496	14%
Operating Expenses Salaries							
Administration	\$ 58,013	8%	\$ 376,482	15%	\$	531,732	11%
Equipment Maintenance	53,808	7%	343,218	16%		510,162	11%
Facility Maintenance	103,207	14%	643,475	16%		702,163	15%
Operations	303,545	42%	2,273,274	13%		2,908,661	10%
Non-Salaries							
Administration	84,685	12%	586,321	14%		761,720	11%
Equipment Maintenance	45,130	6%	348,687	13%		366,132	12%
Facility Maintenance	19,228	3%	248,170	8%		273,743	7%
Operations	59,376	8%	422,421	14%		531,608	11%
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 726,991	100%	\$ 5,242,047	14%	\$	6,585,921	11%
Operating Income	\$ 989,582	100%	\$ 3,411,413	29%	\$	5,460,574	18%
Less:							
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 158,984	-	\$ 1,201,932	13%	\$	1,506,566	11%
Sales Tax	\$ 92,979		\$ 459,901	20%	\$	620,736	15%
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 269,847	100%	\$ 911,712	30%	\$	1,056,803	26%
Total NOI including Capex	\$ 467,772		\$ 837,868	56%	\$	2,276,470	21%
Operating Margin	27%		10%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 737,619		\$ 1,749,580	42%	\$	3,333,273	22%
Operating Margin	43%	b	20%			28%	

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

STATE STREET CAMPUS GARAGE - FRANCES

Exhibit 14: State Street Campus Garage - Frances

Facility Built in 1982, Age 31 Years		CY 2012										
Operating Statement	State Street Campus Garage - Frances	% of Facility Total	Garages Total	% of Garages Total	Ut	ility Total	% of Utility Total					
Gross Revenue												
Cashiered Revenue	\$ 578,412	86%	\$ 6,948,959	8%	\$	6,948,959	8%					
Special Event/Pay on Entry	74,865	11%	765,592			765,592	10%					
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	1,183	0%	8,001	15%		8,001	15%					
Coupons	2,426	0%	59,623			59,623	4%					
Off-Street Meters	-	-	56,740			732,166	0%					
On-Street Meters	-	-	-	0%		2,338,696	0%					
Monthly	14,257	2%	716,129			973,374	1%					
Long-Term Lease	-	-	98,013	0%		98,013	0%					
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	0%		121,669	0%					
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 671,144	100%	\$ 8,653,058	8%	\$	12,046,093	6%					
Operating Expenses Salaries												
Administration	\$ 32,600	8%	\$ 376,482	9%	\$	531,732	6%					
Equipment Maintenance	16,188	4%	343,218	5%		510,162	3%					
Facility Maintenance	43,772	11%	643,475	7%		702,163	6%					
Operations Non-Salaries	140,610	36%	2,273,274	6%		2,908,661	5%					
Administration	57,634	15%	586,321	10%		761,720	8%					
Equipment Maintenance	46,559	12%	348,687	13%		366,132	13%					
Facility Maintenance	11,723	3%	248,170	5%		273,743	4%					
Operations	46,888	12%	422,421	11%		531,608	9%					
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 395,973	100%	\$ 5,242,047	8%	\$	6,585,921	6%					
Operating Income	\$ 275,171	100%	\$ 3,411,011	8%	\$	5,460,172	5%					
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Less: PILOT/Meter Tax	¢ 205.204		¢ 1 201 022	17%	•	1 EOG EGO	1.40/					
	\$ 205,204 \$ 34.339	-	\$ 1,201,932 \$ 459,901		\$	1,506,566	14%					
Sales Tax	\$ 34,339	-	\$ 459,901	7%	Ф	620,736	6%					
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 87,968	100%	\$ 911,712	10%	\$	1,056,803	8%					
Total NOI including Capex	\$ (52,340)	100%	\$ 837,466	-6%	\$	2,276,068	-2%					
Operating Margin	-8%	,.	10%		-	19%	_,-					
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 35,627	100%	\$ 1,749,178	2%	\$	3,332,871	1%					
Operating Margin	5%	10070	20%		Ψ	28%	170					

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

STATE STREET CAMPUS GARAGE - LAKE

Exhibit 15: State Street Campus Garage - Lake

Facility Built in 1964, Age 49 Years	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	State Street Campus Garage - Lake	% of Facility Total	Garages Total	% of Garages Total	Ut	ility Total	% of Utility Total				
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$ 2,172,158	95%	\$ 6,948,959	31%	\$	6,948,959	31%				
Special Event/Pay on Entry	103,977	5%	765,994	14%		765,994	14%				
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	2,139	0%	8,001	27%		8,001	27%				
Coupons	1,009	0%	59,623	2%		59,623	2%				
Off-Street Meters	-	-	56,740	0%		732,166	0%				
On-Street Meters	-	-	-	0%		2,338,696	0%				
Monthly	14,257	1%	716,129	2%		973,374	1%				
Long-Term Lease	-	-	98,013	0%		98,013	0%				
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	0%		121,669	0%				
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 2,293,541	100%	\$ 8,653,460	27%	\$	12,046,496	19%				
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$ 81,351	6%	\$ 376,482	22%	\$	531,732	15%				
Equipment Maintenance	60,796	4%	343,218	18%		510,162	12%				
Facility Maintenance	164,401	12%	643,475	26%		702,163	23%				
Operations Non-Salaries	741,923	54%	2,273,274	33%		2,908,661	26%				
Administration	129,917	10%	586,321	22%		761,720	17%				
Equipment Maintenance	49,060	4%	348,687	14%		366,132	13%				
Facility Maintenance	68,547	5%	248,170	28%		273,743	25%				
Operations	66,664	5%	422,421	16%		531,608	13%				
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 1,362,658	100%	\$ 5,242,047	26%	\$	6,585,921	21%				
Operating Income	\$ 930,882	100%	\$ 3,411,413	27%	\$	5,460,574	17%				
Less:											
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 141,269	-	\$ 1,201,932	12%	\$	1,506,566	9%				
Sales Tax	\$ 121,050	_	\$ 459,901	26%	\$	620,736	20%				
Calco Tax	Ψ 121,000		Ψ 400,001	2070	Ψ	020,700	2070				
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 110,219	100%	\$ 911,712	12%	\$	1,056,803	10%				
Total NOI including Capex	\$ 558,344	100%	\$ 837,868	67%	\$	2,276,470	25%				
Operating Margin	24%		10%			19%					
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 668,563	100%	\$ 1,749,580	38%	\$	3,333,273	20%				
Operating Margin	29%		20%			28%					

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

STATE STREET CAMPUS GARAGE – COMBINED

Exhibit 16: State Street Campus Garage - Combined (Frances & Lake)

Facility (Lake) Built in 1964, Age 49 Years	CY 2012											
Operating Statement	Cam	tate Street pus Garage - Combined	% of Facility Total	Ga	arages Total	% of Garages Total	ι	Jtility Total	% of Utility Total			
Gross Revenue												
Cashiered Revenue	\$	2,750,570	93%	\$	6,948,959	40%	\$	6,948,959	40%			
Special Event/Pay on Entry		179,244	6%		765,994	23%		765,994	23%			
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		3,322	0%		8,001	42%		8,001	42%			
Coupons		3,435	0%		59,623	6%		59,623	6%			
Off-Street Meters		-	-		56,740	0%		732,166	0%			
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%			
Monthly		28,515	1%		716,129	4%		973,374	3%			
Long-Term Lease		-	-		98,013	0%		98,013	0%			
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%			
Total Gross Revenue	\$	2,965,087	100%	\$	8,653,460	34%	\$	12,046,496	25%			
Operating Expenses Salaries												
Administration	\$	113,951	6%	\$	376,482	30%	\$	531,732	21%			
Equipment Maintenance		76,984	4%		343,218	22%		510,162	15%			
Facility Maintenance		208,173	12%		643,475	32%		702,163	30%			
Operations		882,533	50%		2,273,274	39%		2,908,661	30%			
Non-Salaries												
Administration		187,551	11%		586,321	32%		761,720	25%			
Equipment Maintenance		95,619	5%		348,687	27%		366,132	26%			
Facility Maintenance		80,270	5%		248,170	32%		273,743	29%			
Operations		113,552	6%		422,421	27%		531,608	21%			
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,758,632	100%	\$	5,242,047	34%	\$	6,585,921	27%			
On creating leading	\$	1 200 455	1000/	φ.	0 444 440	250/	\$	E 400 E74	220/			
Operating Income	Ф	1,206,455	100%	\$	3,411,413	35%	Ф	5,460,574	22%			
Less:												
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	346,473	-	\$	1,201,932	29%	\$	1,506,566	23%			
Sales Tax	\$	155,389	-	\$	459,901	34%	\$	620,736	25%			
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	198,187	100%	\$	911,712	22%	\$	1,056,803	19%			
Total NOI including Capex	\$	506,406	100%	\$	837,868	60%	\$	2,276,470	22%			
Operating Margin	Ψ	17%	10070	Ψ	10%		•	19%	22,0			
Total NOI without Capex	\$	704,593	100%	\$	1,749,580	40%	\$	3,333,273	21%			
Operating Margin		24%			20%			28%				

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

STATE STREET CAPITOL GARAGE

Exhibit 17: State Street Capitol Garage

Facility Built in 1963, Age 50 Years					CY 20				
Operating Statement		ate Street itol Garage	% of Facility Total	Garages Total		% of Garages Total	Utility Total		% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue									
Cashiered Revenue	\$	1,131,074	67%	\$	6,948,959	16%	\$	6,948,959	16%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		286,861	17%		765,592	37%		765,592	37%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		1,825	0%		8,001	23%		8,001	23%
Coupons		53,156	3%		59,623	89%		59,623	89%
Off-Street Meters		56,740	3%		56,740	100%		732,166	8%
On-Street Meters		· -	-		· -	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly		165,775	10%		716,129	23%		973,374	17%
Long-Term Lease		-	-		98,013	0%		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		_	_		-	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	1,695,431	100%	\$	8,653,058	20%	\$	12,046,093	14%
Total Gross Revenue	Ψ	1,055,451	10070	Ψ	0,000,000	2070	Ψ	12,040,033	1-70
Operating Expenses									
Salaries									
Administration	\$	86,587	7%	\$	376,482	23%	\$	531,732	16%
Equipment Maintenance	Ψ	90,086	7% 7%	Ψ	343,218	26%	Ψ	510,162	18%
Facility Maintenance		128,947	10%		643,475	20%		702,163	18%
,		,	10% 42%		2,273,274	20%		,	18%
Operations		529,409	42%		2,213,214	23%		2,908,661	18%
Non-Salaries		405.004	440/		500 004	000/		704 700	400/
Administration		135,664	11%		586,321	23%		761,720	18%
Equipment Maintenance		93,795	7%		348,687	27%		366,132	26%
Facility Maintenance		79,471	6%		248,170	32%		273,743	29%
Operations		118,103	9%		422,421	28%		531,608	22%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,262,062	100%	\$	5,242,047	24%	\$	6,585,921	19%
Operating Income	\$	433,369	100%	\$	3,411,011	13%	\$	5,460,172	8%
-13	•	,		•	-, ,-			-,,	
Less:									
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	290,461	-	\$	1,201,932	24%	\$	1,506,566	19%
Sales Tax	\$	91,473	-	\$	459,901	20%	\$	620,736	15%
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	149,604	100%	\$	911,712	16%	\$	1,056,803	14%
1	•	-,		,	,	2,2		, ,	
Total NOI including Capex	\$	(98,169)	100%	\$	837,466	-12%	\$	2,276,068	-4%
Operating Margin		-6%			10%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	51,435	100%	\$	1,749,178	3%	\$	3,332,871	2%
Operating Margin		3%			20%			28%	

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

BRAYTON LOT

Exhibit 18: Brayton Lot

	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	Bray	ton Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total	ι	Utility Total	% of Utility Total		
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%		
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%		
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%		
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%		
Off-Street Meters		390,523	76%		675,425	58%		732,166	53%		
On-Street Meters		404.004	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%		
Monthly		124,364	24%		257,245	48%		973,374	13%		
Long-Term Lease Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0% 0%		98,013	0% 0%		
Total Gross Revenue	\$	- E11 007	100%	d.	932,670	55%	\$	121,669 12,046,093	4%		
Total Gross Revenue	Ф	514,887	100%	\$	932,670	55%	Ф	12,046,093	4%		
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$	19,347	12%	\$	37,659	51%	\$	531,732	4%		
Equipment Maintenance	Φ	7,945	5%	Ψ	15,465	51% 51%	Ψ	510,162	2%		
Facility Maintenance		15,345	10%		29,870			702,163	2%		
Operations		52,038	33%		101,291	51%		2,908,661	2%		
Non-Salaries		32,030	3370		101,231	3170		2,300,001	270		
Administration		21,067	13%		41,007	51%		761,720	3%		
Equipment Maintenance		1,874	1%		3,648	51%		366,132	1%		
Facility Maintenance		4,956	3%		9,646	51%		273,743	2%		
Operations		34,142	22%		66,457	51%		531,608	6%		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	156,713	100%	\$	305,043	51%	\$	6,585,921	2%		
Operating Income	\$	358,173	100%	\$	627,627	57%	\$	5,460,172	7%		
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Less:	•	=			400 =00	=40/		4	221		
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	52,692		\$	102,566	51%	\$	1,506,566	3%		
Sales Tax	\$	27,457		\$	53,446	51%	\$	620,736	4%		
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	6,914	100%	\$	13,458	51%	\$	1,056,803	1%		
Total NOI including Capex	\$	271,110	100%	\$	458,157	59%	\$	2,276,068	12%		
Operating Margin	•	53%			49%			19%			
Total NOI without Capex	\$	278,024	100%	\$	471,615	59%	\$	3,332,871	8%		
Operating Margin		54%			51%	•		28%			

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

BLAIR LOT

Exhibit 19: Blair Lot

Operating Statement	CY 2012										
	Blai	r Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total		
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%		
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%		
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%		
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%		
Off-Street Meters		7,323	11%		675,425	1%		732,166	1%		
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%		
Monthly		59,616	89%		257,245	23%		973,374	6%		
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%		
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%		
Total Gross Revenue	\$	66,939	100%	\$	932,670	7%	\$	12,046,093	1%		
Operating Expenses Salaries											
	r.	4.040	12%	•	27.050	400/	\$	E04 700	1%		
Administration	\$	4,618		\$	37,659	12%	Ф	531,732			
Equipment Maintenance		1,896	5%		15,465	12%		510,162	0%		
Facility Maintenance		3,663	10%		29,870	12%		702,163	1%		
Operations Non-Salaries		12,420	33%		101,291	12%		2,908,661	0%		
Administration		5,028	13%		41,007	12%		761,720	1%		
Equipment Maintenance		447	1%		3,648	12%		366,132	0%		
Facility Maintenance		1,183	3%		9,646	12%		273,743	0%		
Operations		8,149	22%		66,457	12%		531,608	2%		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	37,405	100%	\$	305,043	12%	\$	6,585,921	1%		
Operating Income	\$	29,534	100%	\$	627,627	5%	\$	5,460,172	1%		
Less:											
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	12.577		\$	102,566	12%	\$	1,506,566	1%		
Sales Tax	\$	6,554		\$	53,446	12%	\$	620,736	1%		
Calco Tax	Ψ	0,004		Ψ	00,440	1270	Ψ	020,700	170		
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	1,650	100%	\$	13,458	12%	\$	1,056,803	0%		
Total NOI including Capex	\$	8,754	100%	\$	458,157	2%	\$	2,276,068	0%		
Operating Margin		13%			49%			19%			
Total NOI without Capex	\$	10,404	100%	\$	471.615	2%	\$	3,332,871	0%		
Operating Margin	Ψ	16%	.0070	4	51%		Ψ	28%	3,0		

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



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BUCKEYE LOT

Exhibit 20: Buckeye Lot

	CY 2012											
Operating Statement	Вι	ickeye Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total			
Gross Revenue												
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%			
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%			
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%			
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%			
Off-Street Meters		212,235	100%		675,425	31%		732,166	29%			
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%			
Monthly		-	-		257,245	0%		973,374	0%			
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%			
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%			
Total Gross Revenue	\$	212,235	100%	\$	932,670	23%	\$	12,046,093	2%			
Operating Expenses Salaries												
Administration	\$	4,379	12%	\$	37,659	12%	\$	531,732	1%			
Equipment Maintenance		1,798	5%	'	15,465	12%		510,162	0%			
Facility Maintenance		3,473	10%		29,870	12%		702,163	0%			
Operations		11,778	33%		101,291	12%		2,908,661	0%			
Non-Salaries		•			•							
Administration		4,768	13%		41,007	12%		761,720	1%			
Equipment Maintenance		424	1%		3,648	12%		366,132	0%			
Facility Maintenance		1,122	3%		9,646	12%		273,743	0%			
Operations		7,728	22%		66,457	12%		531,608	1%			
Total Operating Expenses	\$	35,470	100%	\$	305,043	12%	\$	6,585,921	1%			
Operating Income	\$	176,764	100%	\$	627,627	28%	\$	5,460,172	3%			
Less:												
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	11,926		\$	102,566	12%	\$	1,506,566	1%			
Sales Tax	\$	6,215		\$	53,446	12%	\$	620,736	1%			
Calco Tax	Ψ	0,210		•	00,110	1270	Ψ	020,700	170			
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	1,565	100%	\$	13,458	12%	\$	1,056,803	0%			
Total NOI including Capex	\$	157,059	100%	\$	458,157	34%	\$	2,276,068	7%			
Operating Margin		74%			49%			19%				
Total NOI without Capex	\$	158,624	100%	\$	471,615	34%	\$	3,332,871	5%			
Operating Margin		75%			51%)		28%				

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



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EVERGREEN LOT

Exhibit 21: Evergreen Lot

	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	Evergreen Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total			
Gross Revenue	_										
Cashiered Revenue	\$ -	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%			
Special Event/Pay on Entry	-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%			
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%			
Coupons	-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%			
Off-Street Meters	40,927	100%		675,425	6%		732,166	6%			
On-Street Meters	-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%			
Monthly	-	-		257,245	0%		973,374	0%			
Long-Term Lease	-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%			
Miscellaneous	-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%			
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 40,927	100%	\$	932,670	4%	\$	12,046,093	0%			
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$ 2,070	12%	\$	37,659	5%	\$	531,732	0%			
Equipment Maintenance	850	5%	'	15,465	5%	'	510,162	0%			
Facility Maintenance	1,642	10%		29,870	5%		702,163	0%			
Operations	5,568	33%		101,291	5%		2,908,661	0%			
Non-Salaries	0,000	3370		.0.,20.	0,70		2,000,00	0,0			
Administration	2,254	13%		41,007	5%		761,720	0%			
Equipment Maintenance	201	1%		3,648	5%		366,132	0%			
Facility Maintenance	530	3%		9,646	5%		273,743	0%			
Operations	3,653	22%		66,457	5%		531,608	1%			
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 16,768	100%	\$	305,043	5%	\$	6,585,921	0%			
Total Operating Expenses	Ψ .0,00	.00,0		333,513	0,0		0,000,02	0,0			
Operating Income	\$ 24,159	100%	\$	627,627	4%	\$	5,460,172	0%			
Less:											
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 5,638		\$	102,566	5%	\$	1,506,566	0%			
Sales Tax	\$ 2,938		\$	53,446	5%	\$	620,736	0%			
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 740	100%	\$	13,458	5%	\$	1,056,803	0%			
				,			,				
Total NOI including Capex	\$ 14,843	100%	\$	458,157	3%	\$	2,276,068	1%			
Operating Margin	36%			49%			19%				
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 15,583	100%	\$	471,615	3%	\$	3,332,871	0%			
Operating Margin	38%			51%			28%				

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LOT 88

Exhibit 22: Lot 88

					CY 201				
Operating Statement		Lot 88	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue									
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters		15,389	100%		675,425	2%		732,166	2%
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly		-	-		257,245	0%		973,374	0%
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	15,389	100%	\$	932,670	2%	\$	12,046,093	0%
Operating Expenses Salaries									
Administration	\$	1,592	12%	\$	37,659	4%	\$	531,732	0%
Equipment Maintenance	Ψ	654	5%	Ψ	15,465	4%	•	510,162	0%
Facility Maintenance		1,263	10%		29,870	4%		702,163	0%
Operations		4,283	33%		101,291	4%		2,908,661	0%
Non-Salaries		.,200	0070		,	.,0		2,000,001	0,0
Administration		1,734	13%		41,007	4%		761,720	0%
Equipment Maintenance		154	1%		3,648	4%		366,132	0%
Facility Maintenance		408	3%		9,646	4%		273,743	0%
Operations		2,810	22%		66,457	4%		531,608	1%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	12,898	100%	\$	305,043	4%	\$	6,585,921	0%
Total Operating Expenses	Ψ	12,000	10070	Ψ	000,040	470	Ψ	0,000,021	070
Operating Income	\$	2,491	100%	\$	627,627	0%	\$	5,460,172	0%
Less:									
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	4,337		\$	102,566	4%	\$	1,506,566	0%
Sales Tax	\$	2,260		\$	53,446	4%	\$	620,736	0%
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	569	100%	\$	13,458	4%	\$	1,056,803	0%
Total NOI including Capex	\$	(4,675)	100%	\$	458,157	-1%	\$	2,276,068	0%
Operating Margin		-30%			49%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	(4,106)	100%	\$	471,615	-1%	\$	3,332,871	0%
Operating Margin		-27%			51%		1	28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

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WILSON LOT

Exhibit 23: Wilson Lot

					CY 20°				
Operating Statement	,	Wilson Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue									
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters		-	-		675,425	0%		732,166	0%
On-Street Meters		-	-		· -	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly		73,265	100%		257,245	28%		973,374	8%
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		_	-		_	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	73,265	100%	\$	932,670	8%	\$	12,046,093	1%
Operating Expenses Salaries									
	•	0.004	400/	_	07.050	4.407		504 700	40/
Administration	\$	3,981	12%	\$	37,659	11%	\$	531,732	1%
Equipment Maintenance		1,635	5%		15,465	11%		510,162	0%
Facility Maintenance		3,157	10%		29,870	11%		702,163	0%
Operations Non-Salaries		10,707	33%		101,291	11%		2,908,661	0%
Administration		4,335	13%		41,007	11%		761,720	1%
Equipment Maintenance		386	1%		3,648	11%		366,132	0%
Facility Maintenance		1,020	3%		9,646	11%		273,743	0%
Operations		7,025	22%		66,457	11%		531,608	1%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	32,246	100%	\$	305,043	11%	\$	6,585,921	0%
Operating Income	\$	41,019	100%	\$	627,627	7%	\$	5,460,172	1%
Less:									
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	10,842		\$	102,566	11%	\$	1,506,566	1%
Sales Tax	\$	5,650		\$	53,446	11%	\$	620,736	1%
Cales Tax	Ψ	3,030		Ψ .	55,440	1170	"	020,730	170
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	1,423	100%	\$	13,458	11%	\$	1,056,803	0%
Total NOI including Capex	\$	23,105	100%	\$	458,157	5%	\$	2,276,068	1%
Operating Margin		32%			49%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	24,527	100%	\$	471,615	5%	\$	3,332,871	1%
Operating Margin		33%			51%			28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

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WINGRA LOT

Exhibit 24: Wingra Lot

					CY 201	12			
Operating Statement	Wing	gra Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total	1	Jtility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue									
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters		9,030	100%		675,425	1%		732,166	1%
On-Street Meters		· -	_		· -	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly		_	_		257,245	0%		973,374	0%
Long-Term Lease		_	_		,	0%		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		_	_		_	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	9,030	100%	\$	932,670	1%	\$	12,046,093	0%
Total Gloss Revenue	Ψ	9,000	10076	Ψ	932,070	1 /0	Ψ	12,040,093	0 70
Operating Expenses									
Salaries									
Administration	\$	1,672	12%	\$	37,659	4%	\$	531,732	0%
Equipment Maintenance	Ψ	687	5%	Ψ	15,465	4%	Ψ	510,162	0%
Facility Maintenance		1,326	10%		29,870	4%		702,163	0%
•		4,497	33%			4% 4%			0% 0%
Operations		4,497	33%		101,291	4%		2,908,661	0%
Non-Salaries		4 004	400/		44.007	407		704 700	00/
Administration		1,821	13%		41,007	4%		761,720	0%
Equipment Maintenance		162	1%		3,648	4%		366,132	0%
Facility Maintenance		428	3%		9,646	4%		273,743	0%
Operations		2,951	22%		66,457	4%		531,608	1%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	13,543	100%	\$	305,043	4%	\$	6,585,921	0%
	ф.	(4.544)	100%	r.	627,627	-1%	\$	5,460,172	0%
Operating Income	\$	(4,514)	100%	\$	021,021	-1%	Ф	5,460,172	0%
Less:									
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	4,554		\$	102,566	4%	\$	1,506,566	0%
Sales Tax	\$	2,373		\$	53,446	4%	\$	620,736	0%
Odios Tax	Ψ	2,070		Ψ	00,440	470	Ι Ψ	020,700	070
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	598	100%	\$	13,458	4%	\$	1,056,803	0%
. ota. Capitai Expoliaitaioo	4	000	10070	Ψ	10, 100	1,0	Ψ	1,000,000	070
Total NOI including Capex	\$	(12,038)	100%	\$	458,157	-3%	\$	2,276,068	-1%
Operating Margin	•	-133%		,	49%		,	19%	
- 1 3 3		.0070			.370			. 570	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	(11,440)	100%	\$	471,615	-2%	\$	3,332,871	0%
Operating Margin		-127%			51%			28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

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ON-STREET METER PARKING

Exhibit 25: On-Street Meter Parking Financial Performance

Exhibit 25: On-Street Meter Parki	ng	Financial Perfo	rma		
				CY 2012	
		On-Street Meters		Utility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue					
Cashiered Revenue	\$	=	\$	6,948,959	0%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-		765,994	0%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-		8,001	0%
Coupons		-		59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters		-		732,166	0%
On-Street Meters		2,338,696		2,338,696	100%
Monthly		-		973,374	0%
Long-Term Lease		-		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		-		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	2,338,696	\$	12,046,496	19%
Operating Expenses Salaries Administration	\$	117 501	ď	F24 722	22%
	Ф	117,591	Ф	531,732	
Equipment Maintenance		151,479		510,162	30% 4%
Facility Maintenance Operations		28,819 534,096		702,163 2,908,661	4% 18%
Non-Salaries		554,090		2,900,001	1070
Administration		134,393		761,720	18%
Equipment Maintenance		13,798		366,132	4%
Facility Maintenance		15,798		273,743	6%
Operations		42,730		531,608	8%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,038,831	\$	6,585,921	16%
Total Operating Expenses	Ψ	1,030,031	Ψ	0,303,321	1070
Operating Income	\$	1,299,865	\$	5,460,574	24%
Less:	•	000 007	•	4 500 500	100/
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	202,067		1,506,566	13%
Sales Tax	\$	107,389	\$	620,736	17%
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	131,632	\$	1,056,803	12%
	+	,	_	.,,	,.
Total NOI including Capex	\$	858,776	\$	2,276,470	38%
Operating Margin		37%		19%	
T . I NO. 11	•	200 1	•	c 222 2=-	0001
Total NOI without Capex	\$	990,409	\$	3,333,273	30%
Operating Margin		42%		28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

ON-STREET PARKING ENFORCEMENT AND SECURITY SERVICES

The Madison Police Department is paid by the Parking Utility to enforce on-street parking regulations, issue citations and patrol off-street parking facilities. The annual cost is approximately \$450,000.

Option:

Competitively bid on-street parking enforcement services. Allow Madison Police Department to competitively bid enforcement services along with qualified firms.





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SUMMARY OF PARKING UTILITY FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Exhibit 26: Summary of Parking Utility Financial Performance

	Operati	ng Margin	Contribution to
Parking Asset	With CapEx	Without CapEx	Utility Net Operating Income
Government East Garage	27%	43%	22.1%
State Street Campus Garage - Lake	24%	29%	20.1%
Overture Garage	7%	11%	3.8%
Capitol Square North Garage	-6%	12%	3.8%
State Street Capitol Garage	-6%	3%	1.5%
State Street Campus Garage - Frances	-8%	5%	1.1%
Subtotal			52.5%
Brayton Lot	53%	54%	8.3%
•			
Buckeye Lot	74%	75%	4.8%
Wilson Lot	32%	33%	0.7%
Evergreen Lot	36%	38%	0.5%
Blair Lot	13%	16%	0.3%
Lot 88	-30%	-27%	-0.1%
Wingra Lot	-133%	-127%	-0.3%
Subtotal			14.1%
On-Street Meters	37%	42%	29.7%
Miscellaneous	-	-	3.7%
Total			100%

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

Performance metrics for *public* parking assets are unique in that a parking facility may not yield relatively high profitability metrics, but nonetheless contribute to a larger mission by servicing an important segment of the local market. Therefore, the operating margins for each parking asset should be interpreted in context of the surrounding land uses and user demographics.

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



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PARKING MARKET CONDITIONS

Parking in the United States is a multi-billion dollar industry that has experienced continuous growth over the past decade. Forecasts of socioeconomic factors, such as population, ethnicity, employment, income, and household sizes, are generally used to assess the future growth of the parking industry. Predictions of trends based on technological innovation, social change, or legislative factors, however, are much more difficult to gauge, but may have an equally significant impact on local, regional or national parking characteristics.

The following are five of the top industry trends in the parking industry:

- 1. An increasing use of automation in revenue collection driven by the desire for higher margins through enhanced financial accountability and staffing efficiencies.
- 2. A focus on quality driven service that is becoming equal in importance when compared to location, safety and affordability.
- 3. An increase in environmental initiatives that seek to achieve long-term financial savings.
- 4. Rapid growth of new parking investors who are pushing research and development of profit maximizing innovations in technology.
- 5. An increase in use of wireless parking services that includes the use of the internet and cell phones to locate and pay for parking.

Many of the industry trends are focused on enhanced patron experience and maximizing financial performance. Design principles that once centered on utilitarian parking lots and structures have shifted to include a greater emphasis on architectural treatments and overall aesthetics. The quality of lighting, pedestrian walkways, graphics, exterior façade, landscaping and overall ambiance has become more important to owners. In combination with changing deign objectives, advancements in technology have allowed owners to increase efficiencies and maximize revenue potential.

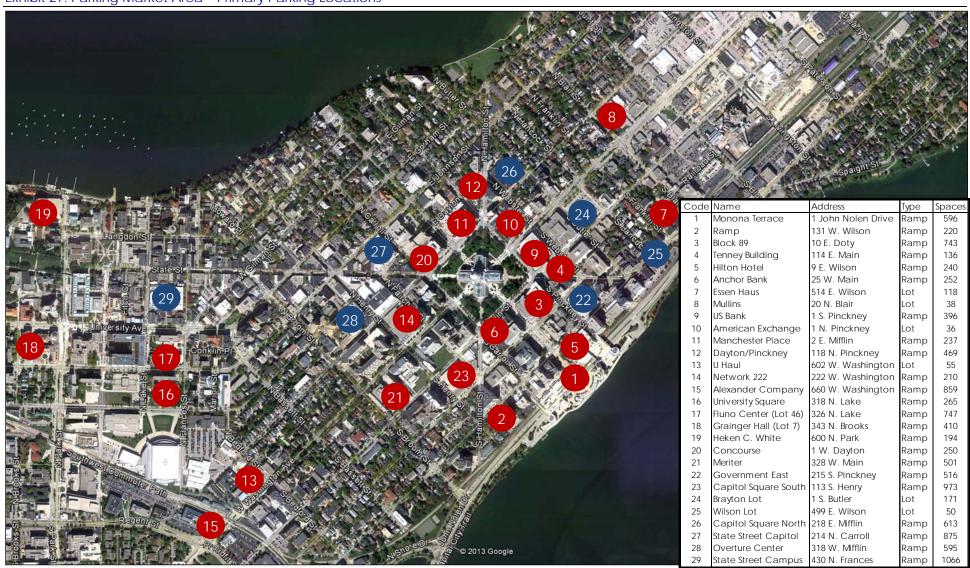
LOCAL MARKET CONDITIONS

Key indices commonly used to evaluate the current parking conditions in a local market area include parking facility peak occupancy rates, daily and monthly fees, and policies. Off-street and on-street parking occupancy levels in Downtown Madison fluctuate based on time of year, day of the week and time of day. Most private parking facilities are operating at or near capacity, while the public parking facilities vary in peak occupancies based on location and the nature of the operation. Peak weekday parking occupancy levels are approximately 75 to 95 percent during a non-event day. Representatives from the community, City and Public Utility confirm that demand is growing for long-term, off-street parking supply to accommodate new office and residential developments. Overall, the market demand for parking is stable due to the primary demand generators that include the University of Wisconsin, City of Madison, State of Wisconsin and several thriving office, retail, restaurant, and residential properties. In addition, there are numerous special events hosted in Downtown Madison that cause parking demand to spike at off- and on-street parking locations.

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Exhibit 27: Parking Market Area - Primary Parking Locations







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MARKET PARKING RATES

Exhibit 28: Comparative Parking Rates and Locations

Code	Name	Address	Туре	Spaces	Hourly	Monthly	No	on-Tenant	1/2 Day	Daily	Night	Me	ter/Hr.
1	Monona Terrace	1 John Nolen Drive	Ramp	596	\$ 1.40	\$ 83.55		-	\$ 6.00	\$ 12.00	\$ 5.00	\$	1.70
2	Ramp	131 W. Wilson	Ramp	220	\$ 2.00	\$ 120.00		-	\$ 8.00	\$ 16.00	-		-
3	Block 89	10 E. Doty	Ramp	743	\$ 3.00	\$ 130.00	\$	145.00	-	-	-		-
4	Tenney Building	114 E. Main	Ramp	136	\$ 2.00	\$ 125.00	\$	135.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 16.00	-		-
5	Hilton Hotel	9 E. Wilson	Ramp	240	\$ 2.00	-		-	\$ 8.00	\$ 12.00	-		-
6	Anchor Bank	25 W. Main	Ramp	252	-	-		-	-	-	-		-
7	Essen Haus	514 E. Wilson	Lot	118	-	\$ 95.00		-	-	-	-		-
8	Mullins	20 N. Blair	Lot	38	-	\$ 65.00		-	-	-	-		-
9	US Bank	1 S. Pinckney	Ramp	396	\$ 2.00	\$ 99.00	\$	110.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 16.00	-		-
10	American Exchange	1 N. Pinckney	Lot	36	-	\$ 120.00	\$	130.00	-	-	-		-
11	Manchester Place	2 E. Mifflin	Ramp	237	\$ 1.50	\$ 115.00		-	\$ 6.00	\$ 12.00	-		-
12	Dayton/Pinckney	118 N. Pinckney	Ramp	469	\$ 2.00	\$ 125.00	\$	140.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 16.00	-		-
13	U Haul	602 W. Washington	Lot	55	-	\$ 79.95		-	-	-	-		-
14	Network 222	222 W. Washington	Ramp	210	-	\$ 125.00		-	-	-	-		-
15	Alexander Company	660 W. Washington	Ramp	859	-	-		-	-	-	-		-
16	University Square	318 N. Lake	Ramp	265	\$ 1.80	-		-	\$ 7.20	\$ 14.40	-		-
17	Fluno Center (Lot 46)	326 N. Lake	Ramp	747	-	-		-	\$ 6.00	\$ 10.00	-	\$	1.50
18	Grainger Hall (Lot 7)	343 N. Brooks	Ramp	410	-	-		-	\$ 6.00	\$ 10.00	-	\$	1.50
19	Heken C. White	600 N. Park	Ramp	194	-	\$ 100.00		-	\$ 6.00	\$ 10.00	-	\$	1.25
20	Concourse	1 W. Dayton	Ramp	250	\$ 1.00	\$ 130.00		-	\$ 4.00	\$ 7.00	-		-
21	Meriter	328 W. Main	Ramp	501	-	\$ 115.00		-	-	-	-		-
22	Government East	215 S. Pinckney	Ramp	516	\$ 1.50	\$ 190.00	\$	220.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 12.00	\$ 5.00		-
23	Capitol Square South	113 S. Henry	Ramp	973	\$ 1.50	\$ 135.00	\$	155.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 12.00	\$ 5.00	\$	1.50
24	Brayton Lot	1 S. Butler	Lot	171	\$ 1.50	-			\$ 6.00	\$ 12.00	-		-
25	Wilson Lot	499 E. Wilson	Lot	50	-	\$ 105.00	\$	125.00	-	-	-		-
26	Capitol Square North	218 E. Mifflin	Ramp	613	\$ 1.00	\$ 130.00	\$	150.00	\$ 4.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 5.00		-
27	State Street Capitol	214 N. Carroll	Ramp	875	\$ 1.00	\$ 140.00	\$	170.00	\$ 4.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 5.00		-
28	Overture Center	318 W. Mifflin	Ramp	595	\$ 0.75	\$ 110.00	\$	130.00	-	-	\$ 5.00		-
29	State Street Campus	430 N. Frances	Ramp	1066	\$ 1.25	\$ 180.00	\$	210.00	-	-	\$ 5.00		-
					 	 .==							
			SUN	/IIVIARY C		ATE COM				44.07			4.40
	Average Parking Rate				\$ 1.60	\$ 118.98		151.67	\$ 6.31	11.96	\$ 5.00	\$	1.49
	Average Ramp Parkin	0			\$ 1.61	\$ 126.62		156.50	\$ 6.33	\$ 11.96	\$ 5.00	\$	1.49
	Average Lot Parking R	Rates			\$ 1.50	\$ 92.99	\$	127.50	-	-	-		-
	Public Parking Ramps				\$ 1.17	\$ 147.50	\$	172.50	\$ 5.00	\$ 10.00	\$ 5.00	\$	1.50
	Private Parking Ramp	S			\$ 1.87	\$ 115.26	\$	132.50	\$ 6.77	\$ 12.62	\$ 5.00	\$	1.49
	Variance				\$ (0.70)	\$ 32.25	\$	40.00	\$ (1.77)	\$ (2.62)	\$ -	\$	0.01
	Public Parking Lots				\$ 1.50	\$ 105.00	\$	125.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 12.00	-		-

Source: Data provided by Parking Utility; Analyzed by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013

SPECIAL EVENT PARKING RATES

Private Parking Lots

Variance

University of Wisconsin, Kohl Center and Camp Randall Special Event pricing is \$10.00 to \$25.00; Alliant Center special event pricing is \$6.00. In comparison, the Parking Utility special event rate is \$5.00.

(5.00) \$

6.00 \$ 12.00

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Exhibit 29: Historical Parking Rate Adjustments

	2001	2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2001-2012
Garage Hourly Rates	2001	2003	2000	2007	2012	371311 2001-2012
Capitol Square North	\$0.50	\$0.65	\$0.80	\$0.80	\$1.00	6.5%
Government East	\$0.75	\$0.90	\$1.10	\$1.40	\$1.50	6.5%
Overture Center	\$0.70	\$0.70	\$0.70	\$0.70	\$0.75	3.8%
State Street Campus	\$0.70		\$1.10	\$1.25	\$1.25	5.4%
State Street Capitol	\$0.55	\$0.70	\$0.85	\$1.00	\$1.00	5.6%
Miscellaneous	Ψ0.00	2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2005-2012
Evening Max	•	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	25.8%
Weekend Max		\$2.00	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	14.0%
Pay-on-Entry fee		\$3.00	\$4.00	\$4.00	\$5.00	7.6%
Lost Ticket fee		varied	\$10.00	\$20.00	\$25.00	7.070
Metered Facilities		2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2005-2012
Blair Lot	•	\$0.30	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$1.00	18.8%
Brayton Lot - Meters		\$0.30	\$1.00	\$1.20	\$1.50	8.5%
		\$0.85	\$1.00	\$1.35	\$1.50	8.5%
Brayton Lot - Paystations		\$1.00		\$1.35		6.0%
Buckeye Lot Evergreen Lot		\$1.00	\$1.10 \$0.50	\$1.25	\$1.50 \$1.20	6.0% 21.9%
<u> </u>		\$1.00	\$0.50	\$1.00	\$1.20	6.0%
Lot 88 State Street Capitol Meters		\$0.75	\$1.10	\$1.25	\$1.50	10.4%
•		\$0.75	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$1.30	21.9%
Wingra 10-Hour Meters		\$0.35	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$1.20	16.2%
Street Meters		2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2005-2012
Central (CBD) Area - single pole meters		\$1.00	\$1.25	\$1.50	\$1.75	8.3%
Central (CBD) Area - multi space meters		\$1.00	\$1.25	\$1.70	\$1.75	8.3%
Periphery		\$0.35	\$0.50	\$1.00	\$1.20	19.2%
10-Hour Meters		\$0.35	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$1.00	16.2%
Monthly Facilities	,	2005	2006	2009	2012	7.8%
Blair - R Blair - NR		\$65 \$70	\$75 \$85	\$95 \$114	\$110 \$130	9.2%
		\$70 \$91	\$100	\$114 \$116	\$130	9.2% 5.2%
Capitol Square North - R Capitol Square North - NR		\$91 \$106	\$100	\$139	\$150 \$150	5.1%
Capitol Square North - R Premium Pass		\$100	\$117	\$168	\$130	5.176
•				\$202	\$200	
Capitol Square North - NR Premium Pass Government East - R		\$116	\$133	\$180	\$200 \$190	7.3%
Government East - NR		\$110	\$155 \$156	\$210	\$220	7.5%
Government East - Premium Pass		\$133	\$100	\$210	\$250	7.570
Overture Center - R		\$103	\$103	\$103	\$110	0.9%
Overture Center - NR		\$103	\$103	\$103	\$110	3.4%
		\$103	\$110			3.470
State Street Campus - R State Street Campus - NR				\$171 \$205	\$180 \$210	
State Street Campus - Premium Pass				\$200	\$230	
State Street Campus - Premium Pass State Street Capitol - R		¢102	¢110	¢124		A E0/
'		\$103 \$112	\$113	\$136 \$162	\$140 \$170	4.5%
State Street Capital Promium Pass		\$113	\$130	\$163	\$170 \$220	6.0%
State Street Capitol - Premium Pass		¢70	400	\$220	\$220	E 20/
Wilson Lot - R		\$73	\$80	\$101 \$121	\$105 \$125	5.3%
Wilson Lot - NR Brayton Lot - R		\$80	\$86	\$121	\$125 \$130	6.6%
DICITION LOLL - K					\$130	
Brayton Lot - NR					\$150	

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ELIMINATION OF MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENTS

The City no longer has parking minimum requirements in the downtown area. This policy increases the value of publicly provided parking to the community. The public supply will likely continue to increase in value as more owners chose to forgo building costly parking and focus on higher density development programs.

FUTURE PARKING CONDITIONS

Demand for public parking in Downtown Madison is anticipated to increase as more downtown development occurs. At this time, the downtown area is experiencing a high level of new construction for apartments and hotels. The 2013 DMI State of the Downtown report found the 2013 vacancy rate for office space in downtown Madison to be 17.2%. Most, but not all, development will include some structured parking to accommodate on-site tenants. Overall, the Parking Utility is expected to continue serving as the primary supplier of publicly accessible parking with a sizable market share.

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CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PROJECTIONS

The capital expenditures (CapEx) for replacing and maintaining all six public parking structures were predicted by Walker Restoration Consultants based on the reports that have been prepared by the previous consultants; Arnold and O'Sheridan (A&O) or JSD Professional Services and Pierce Engineers (JSD/PE). The replacement and ongoing maintenance costs for the parking structures are used in preparing financial scenarios where replacement projects are staged over a 20 year period. While the Government East Garage may undergo replacement in the very near future, other properties may require capital investment to extend their use until replacement is financial viable. The following discussions on Facility Replacement and Facility Repairs and Maintenance provide capital expenditures that may be incurred by the Parking Utility over the next 20 years.

FACILITY REPLACEMENT

The age of each parking garage and the conceptual estimate of replacement cost are provided in the following exhibit. The figures are provided for strategic planning purposes and are not budget numbers. Costs figures for below- and above-grade are provided for comparison. Since the exact replacement capacities and design configurations are unknown, the base assumption is that the replacement supply is equal to the current supply.

Exhibit 30: Conceptual Estimate of Future Capital Expenditures

Total (2013 Dollars)	3,675	Average	43	\$	147,000,000	\$	11,796,000	\$	77,175,000	\$	6,193,000
Overture Center	625	1982	31		25,000,000		2,006,000		13,125,000		1,053,000
Frances Street (Phase 2)	533	1982	31		21,320,000		1,711,000		11,193,000		898,000
Lake Street (Phase 1)	533	1964	49		21,320,000		1,711,000		11,193,000		898,000
State Street Campus	1,066										
Capitol Square North	613	1971	42		24,520,000		1,968,000		12,873,000		1,033,000
State Street Capitol	855	1961	52		34,200,000		2,744,000		17,955,000		1,441,000
Government East	516	1958	55	\$	20,640,000	\$	1,656,000	\$	10,836,000	\$	870,000
Facility Name	Spaces	Year Built	Age	F	Project Cost	D€	ebt Service	Pr	oject Cost	D€	ebt Service
					Below Grade	e Pai	rking		Above Gra	ide P	Parking
					Conceptual E	Conceptual	ptual Estim ate for				
2014 Dollars											

Adjusted Capital Expendit	ures for Actu	ai Year Dollars (3.5%/ Yr.)	Concentuals	atim	ata for		Concentue	l Fatin	a ata far
				Conceptual E. Below Grade				Conceptual Above Gra		
Facility Name	Spaces	Replacement Year	F	Project Cost	De	ebt Service	Р	roject Cost	De	ebt Service
Government East	516	2014	\$	20,640,000	\$	1,656,000	\$	10,836,000	\$	870,000
SSC - Lake (Phase 1)	533	2019		24,465,000		1,963,000		12,844,225		1,031,000
State Street Capitol	855	2024		46,611,000		3,740,000		24,470,822		1,964,000
Capitol Square North	613	2029		39,690,000		3,185,000		20,837,455		1,672,000
SSC - Frances (Phase 2)	533	2033		40,988,000		3,289,000		21,518,557		1,727,000
Overture Center	625	2033		48,063,000		3,857,000		25,232,830		2,025,000
Total (Adjusted Dollars)	3,675		\$	220,457,000	\$	17,690,000	\$	115,739,889	\$	9,289,000

Sources: City of Madison Parking Utility; Walker Parking Consultants, 2014





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The capital requirement for replacement is materially different if a parking garage is rebuilt below- or above-grade. For this analysis, both estimates are provided and factored in the evaluation of future sustainability. Although rebuilding the parking garages above-grade as they exist today would cost less, recommendations outlined in the *Downtown Madison Plan¹* call for replacement parking to be underground, when possible. Specifically, the adopted plan recommends that the City locate new and replacement parking underground as existing motor vehicle parking structures and surface lots are reconstructed. Where this is not possible, the plan calls for above ground facilities to be screened from street view with liner buildings. Upper stories of parking structures may be permitted at the street if designed to a level of interest and quality equal to a building façade.

FACILITY REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

A summary of the characteristics of the parking structures and the reports we were provided is shown in the following exhibit.

Exhibit 31: Parking Structure Characteristics

Structure	Year Constructed	Construction Type	No. of Spaces	Provided Reports
Overture Center	1982	CIP post-tensioned	620	A&O, 11/19/09 JSD/PE, 03/09/12
State Street Capitol	1962 1995 vert. exp.	Two-way flat slab CIP post-tensioned	890	A&O, 11/10/09
Capitol Square North	1970	CIP post-tensioned	613	A&O, 01/28/09 JSD/PE, 02/04/11 JSD/PE, 03/09/12
State Street Campus (Lake)	1962	CIP Pan joist	521	A&O, 01/28/09 JSD/PE, 02/04/11 JSD/PE, 03/09/12
State Street Campus (Frances)	1981 1986 vert. exp.	CIP post-tensioned precast	545	A&O, 11/11/09 JSD/PE, 03/09/12
Government East	1958/1965	Conventional cast-in- place concrete	526	A&O, 01/28/09 JSD/PE, 02/04/11

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¹ Madison Plan, adopted July 2012; Recommendation #153

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The provided reports focused solely on the structural and waterproofing components of the parking structures, and did not include lighting and electrical, plumbing, access control or other systems. In addition to the condition assessment reports, we were provided a 10-year plan starting in 2012 that was developed by a previous consultant and City staff. This 10-year plan did provide some information regarding anticipated lighting replacement and plumbing work. This information was supplemented by our experience with maintenance of similar structures and general familiarity with the industry to develop a 20-year plan.

Capital maintenance activities for other systems that would typically be required have been included based on our experience with similar facilities and general review of the provided plans. It has been assumed that the parking structures do not have any code issues, ADA requirements or other similar items which would require upgrading or repair that is not related to environmental deterioration.

Indirect costs that may be associated with the repairs are not included. This would include overhead costs, financing costs, or costs of supplying alternative parking for users, for example.

In order to prepare the cash flow of the expenditures for each parking asset, an inflation rate of 3.5 % has been assumed. This is based on the historic rise in Consumer Price Index, as well as from tracking the year-over-year rise in unit prices we have obtained for selected typical restoration work items.

The expenditures are presented at five year intervals. This reflects the level of accuracy that can be obtained for projections of this type over the extended study period. The dollar amounts shown in a specific year do not necessarily need to be spent only during that year, but represent the expenditures that should be anticipated at approximately that time.

ANTICIPATED GENERAL MAINTENANCE APPROACH

The performance of parking structures varies significantly from structure to structure, depending upon age, type of construction and previous maintenance history. There are also a number of different philosophies that can be used to maintain them, ranging from minimal expenditures allowing the structure to deteriorate until major rehabilitation/replacement is needed to continuous, intensive maintenance which implements multiple protective measures that are constantly being renewed. Based on our experience, it is generally our opinion that a "middle of the road" approach is the most cost effective. This would involve addressing structural deterioration periodically, and implementing and maintaining reasonable protective measures. The protective measures vary based on the precise structure, but typically may include sealants, expansion joints, sealers, traffic topping, and painting. For many of these protective measures, they have an effective service life of approximately 10 years, at which time they will need to be revitalized. If a different approach is followed, particularly one with less protection incorporated than included in the philosophy followed in this report, then the budgets may be significantly different. In the worst case, this may need to include replacement of the entire parking structure during the time frame under consideration.

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In addition to these items that address the structural and waterproofing elements of the structure, there are other electrical and mechanical systems that will reach the end of their service life during the life time of this study. This includes lighting, elevators, ventilation systems, fire protection, etc. These will need to be replaced at the appropriate time, and have been included in these maintenance projects. Some owners replace these items before they reach the end of their service life in order to take advantage of technological improvements which result in increased efficiency or better service. One example would be the replacement of the energy-intensive metal halide lighting with more energy efficient LED lighting. These tend to be a highly individual decision by the owner and the possibility has not been included in the projections made herein.

The objective of this section of the report is to identify capital maintenance costs. As such, it does not include routine or operational maintenance. Examples of these items include routine cleaning or changing light bulbs.

It should be noted that for parking structures, the industry standard expected service life at initial construction is 30 to 50 years. As can be seen from Exhibit 31, all of the parking structures will have reached the 50 years of age by the end of the study period, and some already have. As they do represent a significant capital investment, there are numerous parking structures that have reached that age and are still in operation with the expectation that they will be in operation for years to follow. To have that opportunity to extend the life of the parking structure, however, it is necessary to keep up with ongoing maintenance.

Replacement is being considered for the Government East parking structure in 2014-15. Thus for this structure, two scenarios are shown for near term consideration. The first scenario projects the capital maintenance over the 20-year study period as if the structure was not demolished. This requires more comprehensive initial maintenance expenditure in addition to the expenditures that would occur during the future. This is the "as is" or "no replacement" scenario. The second scenario considers facility replacement with standard annual maintenance post construction.

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The summary expenditures shown in the following exhibit represent a timeline scenario where the parking structures are maintained for 20 years and not replaced.

Exhibit 32: Summary of Parking Utility Capital Expenditure Projections - No Replacement Scenario

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 426,000	\$ 158,000	\$ 273,000	\$ 88,000	\$ 320,000
STRUCTURAL	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 850,000	\$ -	\$ 610,000	\$ -	\$ 915,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 855,000	\$ -	\$ 330,000	\$ -	\$ 515,000
Masonry Repair	\$ 43,000	\$ -	\$ 24,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 35,000
WATERPROOFING					
Joint Sealant	\$ 106,000	\$ 56,000	\$ 106,000	\$ 56,000	\$ 106,000
Expansion Joints	\$ 324,000	\$ 292,000	\$ 324,000	\$ 292,000	\$ 324,000
Sealer	\$ 186,000	\$ 153,000	\$ 186,000	\$ 153,000	\$ 186,000
Traffic Topping	\$ 886,000	\$ -	\$ 1,756,000	\$ -	\$ 1,756,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System	\$ 101,000	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting System	\$ 1,865,000	\$ 1,075,000	\$ -	\$ 480,000	\$ -
Elevators	\$ -	\$ 225,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 59,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 59,000
Signage	\$ 10,000	\$ 44,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 44,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 5,749,000	\$ 2,140,000	\$ 3,706,000	\$ 1,201,000	\$ 4,328,000
Contingency	\$ 862,000	\$ 321,000	\$ 556,000	\$ 180,000	\$ 649,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 575,000	\$ 214,000	\$ 371,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 433,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 7,186,000	\$ 2,675,000	\$ 4,633,000	\$ 1,501,000	\$ 5,410,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 7,437,510	\$ 3,177,061	\$ 6,535,304	\$ 2,514,699	\$ 10,764,758

The following exhibits in this section include a summary of projected capital maintenance expenditures for each parking structure over a 20-year period.

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Exhibit 33: State Street Capitol Parking Structure

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 97,000	\$ 39,000	\$ 36,000	\$ 33,000	\$ 52,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 250,000		\$ 350,000		\$ 500,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 50,000		\$ 75,000		\$ 110,000
Masonry Repair	\$ 10,000		\$ 12,000		\$ 15,000
WATERPROOFING					
Joint Sealant		\$ 56,000		\$ 56,000	
Expansion Joints		\$ 182,000		\$ 182,000	
Sealer		\$ 153,000		\$ 153,000	
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System					
ELECTRICAL	\$ 890,000				
Lighting System					
Elevators		\$ 75,000			
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
Signage		\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 1,314,000	\$ 532,000	\$ 490,000	\$ 441,000	\$ 704,000
Contingency	\$ 197,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 74,000	\$ 66,000	\$ 106,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 131,000	\$ 53,000	\$ 49,000	\$ 44,000	\$ 70,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 1,642,000	\$ 665,000	\$ 613,000	\$ 551,000	\$ 880,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 1,699,470	\$ 789,811	\$ 864,697	\$ 923,117	\$ 1,751,014

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Exhibit 34: State Street Campus (Lake) Parking Structure

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 10,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 48,000	\$ 97,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 50,000		\$ 75,000		\$ 150,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 45,000		\$ 65,000		\$ 140,000
Masonry Repair	\$ 8,000		\$ 12,000		\$ 20,000
WATERPROOFING					
Traffic Topping			\$ 870,000		\$ 870,000
Expansion Joints		\$ 110,000		\$ 110,000	
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System		\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting System				\$ 480,000	
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Signage		\$ 8,000			\$ 8,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 129,000	\$ 156,000	\$ 1,121,000	\$ 654,000	\$ 1,311,000
Contingency	\$ 19,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 168,000	\$ 98,000	\$ 197,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 13,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 112,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 131,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 161,000	\$ 195,000	\$ 1,401,000	\$ 817,000	\$ 1,639,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 166,635	\$ 231,599	\$ 1,976,249	\$ 1,368,760	\$ 3,261,264

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Exhibit 35: State Street Campus (Frances) Parking Structure

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 65,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 31,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 20,000		\$ 35,000		\$ 50,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 20,000		\$ 35,000		\$ 50,000
Masonry Repairs	\$ 25,000			\$ 25,000	
WATERPROOFING					
Joint Sealant	\$ 90,000		\$ 90,000		\$ 90,000
Expansion Joints	\$ 68,000		\$ 68,000		\$ 68,000
Sealer	\$ 95,000		\$ 95,000		\$ 95,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System		\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting System	\$ 475,000				
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000
Signage		\$ 8,000			\$ 8,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 876,000	\$ 39,000	\$ 368,000	\$ 46,000	\$ 420,000
Contingency	\$ 131,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 63,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 88,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 37,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 42,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 49,000	\$ 460,000	\$ 58,000	\$ 525,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 1,133,325	\$ 58,197	\$ 648,875	\$ 97,170	\$ 1,044,639

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Exhibit 36:	Government	East Parking	Structure - 20	Year Extension

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 201,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 74,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 78,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 500,000		\$ 100,000		\$ 120,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 700,000		\$ 100,000		\$ 120,000
WATERPROOFING					
Traffic Topping	\$ 670,000		\$ 670,000		\$ 670,000
Expansion Joints	\$ 43,000		\$ 43,000		\$ 43,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage	\$ 75,000				\$ 10,000
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting	\$ 500,000				
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000
Signage	\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000	
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 2,716,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 1,004,000	\$ 29,000	\$ 1,058,000
Contingency	\$ 407,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 151,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 159,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 272,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 106,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 3,395,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 1,255,000	\$ 36,000	\$ 1,323,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 3,513,825	\$ 27,317	\$ 1,770,301	\$ 60,313	\$ 2,632,491

Exhibit 37: Government East Parking Structure – Demolition

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 80,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 440,000				
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 558,000				
WATERPROOFING					
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
ELECTRICAL					
MISCELLANEOUS					
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 5,000				
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 1,083,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contingency	\$ 162,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Engineering & Testing	\$ 108,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 1,353,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 1,400,355	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

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Exhibit 38: Capitol Square Nort	h Park	ing Structu	ıre				
DESCRIPTION		2014		2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$	33,000	\$	56,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 39,000
STRUCTURAL							
Concrete Floor Repair	\$	25,000			\$ 35,000		\$ 70,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$	25,000			\$ 35,000		\$ 70,000
WATERPROOFING							
Traffic Topping	\$	216,000			\$ 216,000		\$ 216,000
Joint Sealant	\$	9,000			\$ 9,000		\$ 9,000
Expansion Joints	\$	93,000			\$ 93,000		\$ 93,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS							
Drainage System	\$	26,000					
ELECTRICAL							
Lighting System			\$	575,000			
Elevators			\$	100,000			
MISCELLANEOUS							
Painting Miscellaneous Metals	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Signage			\$	10,000			\$ 10,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$	443,000	\$	757,000	\$ 436,000	\$ 17,000	\$ 523,000
Contingency	\$	66,000	\$	114,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 78,000
Engineering & Testing	\$	44,000	\$	76,000	\$ 44,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 52,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$	553,000	\$	947,000	\$ 545,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 653,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$	572,355	\$	1,124,739	\$ 768,776	\$ 36,858	\$ 1,299,332

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DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 20,000	\$ 47,000	\$ 21,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 23,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 5,000		\$ 15,000		\$ 25,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 15,000		\$ 20,000		\$ 25,000
WATERPROOFING					
Joint Sealant	\$ 7,000		\$ 7,000		\$ 7,000
Expansion Joints	\$ 120,000		\$ 120,000		\$ 120,000
Sealer	\$ 91,000		\$ 91,000		\$ 91,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System		\$ 20,000			
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting System		\$ 500,000			
Elevators		\$ 50,000			
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000
Signage		\$ 8,000			\$ 8,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 271,000	\$ 638,000	\$ 287,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 312,000
Contingency	\$ 41,000	\$ 96,000	\$ 43,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 47,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 27,000	\$ 64,000	\$ 29,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 31,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 339,000	\$ 798,000	\$ 359,000	\$ 17,000	\$ 390,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 350,865	\$ 947,774	\$ 506,405	\$ 28,481	\$ 776,018

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Exhibit 40: Summary of Capital Maintenance with 20-Year System Facility Replacement Schedule

Facility	Replacement Period	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028		2033
Government East	2015-2016	\$ 1,353,000	Replac	ement	\$ 11,500	\$ 11,500	\$ 251,000	\$ 7,200	\$	264,600
State Street Campus - Lake	2020-2021	161,000	48,750	48,750	48,750	48,750	40,000	43,000		45,000
State Street Capitol	2024-2025	1,642,000	166,250	166,250	166,250	166,250	122,600	64,000		68,000
Capitol Square North	2029-2030	553,000	\$236,750	236,750	236,750	236,750	109,000	4,400		46,000
Overture Center	2033-2034	339,000	199,500	199,500	199,500	199,500	71,800	3,400	Re	placement
State Street Campus - Frances	2033-2034	1,095,000	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250	92,000	11,600	Re	placement
Total (2014 Dollars)		\$ 5,143,000	\$ 663,500	\$ 663,500	\$ 675,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 686,400	\$ 133,600	\$	423,600
Total (Actual Year Dollars)		\$ 5,143,000	\$ 687,000	\$ 711,000	\$ 749,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 939,000	\$ 217,000	\$	820,000

Exhibit 41: Summary of Capital Maintenance with Only Government East Replacement

Facility	Replacement Period	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2033
Government East	2015-2016	\$ 1,353,000	Replac	ement	\$ 11,500	\$ 11,500	\$ 251,000	\$ 7,200	\$ 264,600
State Street Campus - Lake	-	161,000	\$48,750	\$48,750	\$ 48,750	\$ 48,750	\$ 280,200	\$ 163,400	\$ 327,800
State Street Capitol	-	1,642,000	\$166,250	166,250	\$ 166,250	\$ 166,250	\$ 122,600	\$ 110,200	\$ 176,000
Capitol Square North	-	553,000	\$236,750	\$236,750	\$ 236,750	\$ 236,750	\$ 109,000	\$ 4,400	\$ 130,600
Overture Center	-	\$339,000	\$199,500	\$199,500	\$199,500	\$199,500	\$ 71,800	\$ 3,400	\$ 78,000
State Street Campus - Frances	-	\$1,095,000	\$12,250	\$12,250	\$12,250	\$12,250	\$ 92,000	\$ 11,600	\$ 105,000
Total (2014 Dollars)		\$ 5,143,000	\$ 663,500	\$ 663,500	\$ 675,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 926,600	\$ 300,200	\$ 1,082,000
Total (Actual Year Dollars)		\$ 5,143,000	\$ 687,000	\$ 711,000	\$ 749,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 1,267,000	\$ 489,000	\$ 2,095,000

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OPERATIONS AND POLICIES

This section of the report is largely aimed at identifying value opportunities for the Parking Utility to pursue. These value opportunities include potential ways to enhance operating revenues and/or reduce operating expenses. Areas of evaluation include the organizational structure, use of automation technology, parking expenditure policies, performance-based pricing strategies, and expansion of services.

BUSINESS MODEL

The Parking Utility is self-operated which requires the City to actively engage in the parking business. This business model works for the Parking Utility in that the City has historically delivered parking services to the public with professionalism and within budget. The financial records for the Parking Utility demonstrate that gross revenues have historically serviced the annual costs of self-operating the parking system, while also contributing to non-parking related city expenditures.

SELF-OPERATE

The Parking Utility has embraced a forward-thinking approach to leveraging the efficiencies that technology can offer the parking system. This commitment is demonstrated by the use of real-time occupancy data, automated parking access and revenue controls, and multi-space on-street meters. This approach to managing the public parking system is in agreement with industry trends that show automation as the number one action taken by professional parking operators to improve financial performance. As the position of cashier becomes less necessary, it is common industry practice to revise job descriptions and responsibilities to retain and maximize high performing staff.

THIRD-PARTY MANAGEMENT

While there are many municipalities with self-operated parking systems, there are also many municipalities that have elected to deliver parking services through a third-party management agreement. Both approaches can be financially effective for a city. A third-party parking management contract is often pursued because of an actual or perceived economic savings. Discussions of the potential savings in having a private company manage parking often focus on the cost of managing the public parking department. There are some savings that result from reducing the Utility's role in administering parking. However, the Utility would still be paying for the administration of the parking system in the form of a management fee. This fee could be upwards of \$200,000. Parking companies expect to make a significant profit on administration. It should also be noted that the Utility would still need to maintain staff to oversee the parking contract to ensure good customer service and accurate financial reporting. As a result, administrative savings are not as great as many people would assume thus reducing the viability of this as an option.

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There are three options for consideration with the current business model.

- 1) Operate "as is" and realize cost savings over time through attrition.
- 2) Operate off-street structures with a greater reliance on the existing automation equipment and staff according to industry standards.
- 3) Operate off-street structures to maximize financial benefits of existing automation equipment and minimize direct labor.

Option:

Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies. According to the Parking Utility, up to 18.65 FTE are eligible for retirement through 2018.

The total potential impact, shown in the following exhibit, represents potential savings to the Parking Utility.

Exhibit 42: Self-Operate with Forecasted Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies

		FTEs			Fully	
				Direct	Loaded	Potential
Title	Option	Current	Variance	Rate	Rate	Impact
Administrative Clerk 1	0.75	1.75	-1.00	\$ 22.24	\$ 30.47	\$ 63,383
Administrative Clerk 2	2.00	2.00	0.00	25.01	34.27	-
Analyst	0.00	1.00	-1.00	29.97	41.06	85,400.32
Cashier	21.90	29.40	-7.50	19.98	27.37	427,006.28
Custodial Worker 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.45	32.13	-
Engineer	1.00	1.00	0.00	40.88	56.00	-
Equipment Mechanic	2.00	2.00	0.00	24.96	34.20	-
Equipment Technician	2.00	2.00	0.00	25.92	35.51	-
Information Clerk	1.75	1.75	0.00	18.36	25.15	-
Maintenance Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	32.13	44.01	-
Maintenance Worker 1	1.00	7.00	-6.00	25.08	34.36	428,874.98
Maintenance Worker 2	0.00	1.00	-1.00	27.10	37.13	77,224.16
Operations Assistant Manager	0.00	1.00	-1.00	28.86	39.54	82,246.58
Operations Manager	1.00	1.00	0.00	37.85	51.86	-
Operations Supervisor	1.00	1.00	0.00	34.80	47.68	-
Program Assistant 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.80	32.61	-
Revenue Clerk	1.00	1.00	0.00	21.25	29.11	-
Revenue Lead	2.90	3.80	-0.90	26.06	35.70	66,826.87
Revenue Supervisor	1.00	1.00	0.00	28.34	38.82	-
Service Worker	4.00	4.00	0.00	24.17	33.11	-
Technician Aide	2.00	2.00	0.00	24.27	33.25	<u>-</u> _
Total	48.30	66.70	-18.4			\$ 1,230,962

Note: The FTE changes assume repositioning will occur to the extent possible.

Option:

Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies gained by *moderate* use of parking access and revenue control automation technology.





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The total potential impact, shown in the following exhibit, represents potential savings to the Parking Utility.

Exhibit 43: Self-Operate with *Moderate* Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies

		FTEs			Fully	
	-			Direct	Loaded	Potential
Title	Option	Current	Variance	Rate	Rate	Impact
Administrative Clerk 1	1.00	1.75	-0.75	\$ 22.24	\$ 30.47	\$ 47,537
Administrative Clerk 2	1.00	2.00	-1.00	25.01	34.27	71,275.62
Analyst	1.00	1.00	0.00	29.97	41.06	-
Cashier	25.00	29.40	-4.40	19.98	27.37	250,510.35
Custodial Worker 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.45	32.13	-
Engineer	1.00	1.00	0.00	40.88	56.00	-
Equipment Mechanic	1.00	2.00	-1.00	24.96	34.20	71,133.14
Equipment Technician	2.00	2.00	0.00	25.92	35.51	-
Information Clerk	1.00	1.75	-0.75	18.36	25.15	39,235.82
Maintenance Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	32.13	44.01	(91,543.40)
Maintenance Worker 1	4.00	7.00	-3.00	25.08	34.36	214,437.49
Maintenance Worker 2	0.00	1.00	-1.00	27.10	37.13	77,224.16
Operations Assistant Manager	2.00	1.00	1.00	28.86	39.54	(82,246.58)
Operations Manager	1.00	1.00	0.00	37.85	51.86	-
Operations Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	34.80	47.68	(99,166.08)
Program Assistant 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.80	32.61	-
Revenue Clerk	1.00	1.00	0.00	21.25	29.11	-
Revenue Lead	4.00	3.80	0.20	26.06	35.70	(14,850.42)
Revenue Supervisor	1.00	1.00	0.00	28.34	38.82	-
Service Worker	1.00	4.00	-3.00	24.17	33.11	206,587.10
Technician Aide	0.00	2.00	-2.00	24.27	33.25	138,326.16
Total	53.00	66.70	-13.7			\$ 828,460

Note: The FTE changes assume repositioning will occur to the extent possible.

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Option:

Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies gained by *optimal* use of parking access and revenue control automation technology.

The total potential impact, shown in the following exhibit, represents potential savings to the Parking Utility.

Exhibit 44: Self-Operate with *Optimal* Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies

		FTEs			Fully	
				Direct	Loaded	Potential
Title	Option	Current	Variance	Rate	Rate	Impact
Administrative Clerk 1	1.00	1.75	-0.75	\$ 22.24	\$ 30.47	\$ 47,537
Administrative Clerk 2	1.00	2.00	-1.00	25.01	34.27	71,275.62
Analyst	1.00	1.00	0.00	29.97	41.06	=
Cashier	14.40	29.40	-15.00	19.98	27.37	854,012.57
Custodial Worker 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.45	32.13	-
Engineer	1.00	1.00	0.00	40.88	56.00	-
Equipment Mechanic	1.00	2.00	-1.00	24.96	34.20	71,133.14
Equipment Technician	2.00	2.00	0.00	25.92	35.51	-
Information Clerk	1.00	1.75	-0.75	18.36	25.15	39,235.82
Maintenance Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	32.13	44.01	(91,543.40)
Maintenance Worker 1	4.00	7.00	-3.00	25.08	34.36	214,437.49
Maintenance Worker 2	0.00	1.00	-1.00	27.10	37.13	77,224.16
Operations Assistant Manager	2.00	1.00	1.00	28.86	39.54	(82,246.58)
Operations Manager	1.00	1.00	0.00	37.85	51.86	-
Operations Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	34.80	47.68	(99,166.08)
Program Assistant 2	0.00	1.00	-1.00	23.80	32.61	67,820.48
Revenue Clerk	1.00	1.00	0.00	21.25	29.11	-
Revenue Lead	4.00	3.80	0.20	26.06	35.70	(14,850.42)
Revenue Supervisor	1.00	1.00	0.00	28.34	38.82	-
Service Worker	1.00	4.00	-3.00	24.17	33.11	206,587.10
Technician Aide	0.00	2.00	-2.00	24.27	33.25	138,326.16
Total	41.40	66.70	-25.3			\$ 1,499,783

Note: The FTE changes assume repositioning will occur to the extent possible.

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EXAMPLES OF PUBLIC PARKING ORGANIZATION STRUCTURES

The following is a sample of Parking Organizations from twenty of the largest and most complex urban parking environments in the United States.

	City	Form of Parking Organization
1	New York	On-street meters are enforced by the NYPD. The NYDOT has ownership in several parking lots and garages located in all five boroughs of the city. Lots are unattended. Uses third party private operators to run garages.
2	Los Angeles	The Los Angeles Department of Transportation ("LADOT") operates approximately 39,677 on- and off-street parking meters (Meter System) and approximately 8,882 non-metered spaces in eight parking garages, and 49 surface lots. Revenues from these facilities are pooled into the City's Special Parking Revenue Fund ("SPRF"). In addition, the Department of Recreation and Parks owns the Pershing Square Garage in downtown Los Angeles (1,800 spaces). Annual parking revenues are approximately \$89,000,000.
3	Chicago	Entered into two renowned leases: a 75-year lease for its 36,000 parking meters and a 99-year lease of four downtown garages located under Grant and Millenium Parks. The leases are operated by a third-party parking operator.
4	Houston	Parking Management Division is a subset of the city's General Services Department. The Division services and maintains almost 5,800 on-street parking spaces across the Greater Houston area. The Convention & Entertainment Facilities (CEF) Department manages more than 10 City-owned buildings and plazas and underground and surface parking for nearly 7,000 vehicles. These facilities include the George R. Brown Convention Center, Jones Hall, Wortham Theater Center, Houston Center for the Arts, Talento Bilingue de Houston, Jones Plaza, Miller Outdoor Theatre and other smaller venues.
5	Phoenix	The city is not active in owning or operating parking except for 2,600 on-street meters. The Downtown Phoenix Partnership Inc. is a non-profit organization funded by an assessment on property owners within the 90 square block core of Copper Square. The Partnership provides enhanced services to the Copper Square core area. These include: security, marketing, economic development, transportation/parking coordination, streetscape/urban design, and streetscape maintenance services and public policy facilitation.
6	Philadelphia	Parking Authority manages parking and related traffic management programs on the streets of Philadelphia, including building and operating parking lots and garages. The PPA is responsible for the installation and maintenance of the 14,500 parking meters throughout the City. The PPA also has ownership and management of many surface parking lots and garages, including the 17,000 airport parking spaces.
7	San Antonio	The city's Parking Division is a subunit of the Department of Downtown Operations. The Department of Downtown Operations Parking Division was established as a self-supporting Enterprise Fund. The purpose of the Division is to operate, maintain and enforce all on-street parking meters and off-street parking spaces under the City's control in downtown San Antonio. The Division's parking space inventory consists of 6,472 parking spaces in surface lots and multi-level garages, 2,040 regular parking meters and 60 Event Meters for events at the Alamodome.

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8 Dallas

On-Street parking meter operations and enforcement is managed through the Public Works and Transportation Department. This department also has responsibility for parking ticket processing and Collections, including the distribution of notices and collects fines for parking violations.

9 San Diego

Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC) manages the Downtown Parking Management District, one of seven in the city. CCDC is the public, non-profit corporation created by the City of San Diego to staff and implement Downtown redevelopment projects and programs. The Downtown San Diego Partnership has ownership in several parking garages and is a privately funded non-profit 501(c) 6 business organization. The Partnership was formed in 1993 by the merger of two Downtown business organizations: San Diego Downtown Association / Central City Association (formed in 1952), and San Diegans, Inc. (formed in 1958). Membership consists of companies and individuals committed to strengthening the business, residential and cultural environment of Downtown San Diego. The Partnership has a membership base of more than 325 companies representing a variety of business sectors including real estate, banking, law, insurance, communications, energy, hospitality and many others. Members' dues range from \$500 to \$10,000. The Partnership manages the Downtown Clean & Safe Program, a Propertybased Business Improvement District (PBID) which oversees enhanced maintenance and safety services in the following Downtown districts: Core, Columbia, Marina, Gaslamp Quarter, East Village, and Cortez. The Partnership receives funds from property tax assessments on owners within the PBID to administer the program. The Partnership manages the Downtown BID from First Street to Tenth Avenue and Ash Street to E Street for which it receives City funding.

10 San Jose

As part of the SJDOT, Parking Services operates and maintains the City's public parking facilities. Parking Services also manages Citywide on-street parking regulations, such as meters, vehicle abatement and neighborhoods with restricted street sweeping signage. Parking Services also oversees the collection of fines from parking citations and the administrative review process for contested citations. City operates and maintains 2,300 on-street parking meters, 4 garages and 9 lots which total 5,100 spaces.

11 Detroit

One of the largest municipal parking departments in the U.S., this department has an annual revenue budget of \$33.8 million, 135 employees, and responsibility for 13,000 spaces located in 11 surface lots and 10 garages. Of the 13,000 spaces, 3,000 are on-street and metered. Facilities are operated by third-party operators.

12 San Francisco Established by voter proposition in 1999, the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (SFMTA), a department of the City and County of San Francisco, oversees both the Municipal Railway (Muni) and the Department of Parking and Traffic. The City and County of San Francisco own and operate 39,600 spaces located in 21 surface lots and 19 garages. An estimated 23,000 of the spaces are metered. Annual revenues approximate \$120,000,000. Third-party parking operators are contracted to manage facilities.

13 Jacksonville

Environmental and Compliance Department has a Parking Facilities and Enforcement Division which operates public parking lots and garages and enforces the city's parking laws. The Division operates three garages and two lots. Parking Meter Maintenance collects and enforces 1,700 on-street meters. Downtown Vision, Inc. (DVI) is the Downtown Improvement District (DID) for Downtown Jacksonville. DVI is a not-for-profit 501(c)6 organization whose mission is to build and maintain a healthy and vibrant Downtown community and to promote Downtown as an exciting place to live, work, play, and visit. The Downtown Jacksonville Improvement District is a 90-block neighborhood in which property owners tax themselves to make their community cleaner, safer and more vibrant. The tax is used by Downtown Vision, Inc. to provide services that supplement those provided by the city. Although DVI provides the general public with parking information, it does not own or operate parking.

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14 Indianapolis

Owns three parking garages that were developed to support Circle Centre Mall; garages operated by third-party operator. City's 4,100 on-street metered spaces are operated by a third-party operator. Indianapolis Downtown Inc. is very active in promoting the downtown but has no parking ownership or operations responsibilities.

15 Austin

Austin Parking Enterprise operates similar to a parking authority. Created in 2008 to build, finance and own structured parking garages in the city. The agency is intended to provide a dedicated long-term funding stream for planning and investing in pedestrian, bicycle and transit infrastructure, trails, and parking infrastructure after covering the costs of parking operations and maintenance. The agency makes the city eligible for federal transit reimbursements and other state and federal grants. Austin Downtown Alliance has a Streetscapes and Transportation Committee which does participate in parking-related initiatives; however, this group has no apparent ownership or operational responsibilities relating to parking.

16 Minneapolis

The Public Works Traffic and Parking Division oversee 7,000 metered spaces, 17 parking ramps and 7 surface lots. The Parking Division administers parking management contracts for all offstreet parking facilities and on-street meter collections. On-street meter enforcement is performed by the Minneapolis Police Department. Funding for public parking capital improvement projects comes from general obligation bonds backed by revenue generated from parking services. The City also has a track record of partnering with private development to fund public parking improvements.

17 Ft. Worth

The City of Ft. Worth Department of Transportation and Public Works owns and operates on-street meters, three parking garages, and several surface lots. DFWI is a very active 501(c)(3) organization was formed in 1988. The organization has no responsibility for owning and operating parking. In 1986, DFWI championed the legislation for the creation and management of Fort Worth Improvement District #1 (PID), the first PID in Texas. Property owners within the 330-block area pay a special assessment (\$.11 per \$100 of value) above their regular property taxes. This assessment is collected by the City of Fort Worth and the City contracts with DFWI to provide and manage District services. Services provided through the PID include maintenance and landscaping, promotions and special events, marketing and communication, market research and reporting, transportation and parking, security enhancement, a banner program, and contract services.

18 Charlotte

Charlotte Department of Transportation (CDOT) operates 1,100 on-street parking meters. The CDOT has 18 employees dedicated to parking and has a contract with third party operators to manage 3,000 spaces located in 89 surface lots and 4 garages.

19 Memphis

Parking Authority. Commonly referred to as the Downtown Parking Authority (DPA), the Parking Authority of the City of Memphis and County of Shelby, Tennessee, is a seven-member board chartered by the State of Tennessee. The DPA is designed to establish uniform parking policies and coordinate parking management. The DPA contracts with private parking companies for day-to-day operations, tracks rates and occupancies of other Downtown parking lots and structures, assists with strategic planning for existing and future parking facilities in Downtown, and issues bonds for construction or acquisition of additional parking facilities. The DPA currently manages five parking garages totaling 3,700 spaces; four owned by the city and master-leased to DPA, and the 250 Peabody Place garage, built and owned by DPA.

20 Baltimore

Parking Authority owns 19,500 parking spaces located in 16 surface lots and 15 garages. Also responsible for about 11,000 parking meters. Self manages and relies on third-party operators to run facilities. Only has 26 employees. Annual revenue budget is \$28,000,000.

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REVENUE ENHANCEMENT OPTIONS

The Parking Utility applies performance-based pricing strategies in an effort to maximize the use and financial performance of the public parking system. A key tenant of performance-based pricing is providing clear economic choices between parking locations. This effort is demonstrated by the current pricing schedules that consider weekday demand. For example, the Government East Garage has a monthly permit rate that is priced higher than all other public garages to reflect the higher weekday occupancy levels. Conversely, lower utilized parking facilities are priced to reflect lower demand.

Performance-based pricing can also apply to on-street meter rates. The on-street hourly parking rates in the core downtown area are higher than off-street hourly rates. This pricing strategy appropriately values on-street parking as a premium product. The Utility also offers 10-hour meter parking at a lower hourly rate to provide long-term patrons with more flexible financial options in comparison to purchasing a monthly permit.

Option:

Eliminate all time limits for on-street meter parking and implement an escalating price schedule to manage turnover. This option removes regulation by time and replaces it with an economic choice. For example, a patron parking at a multi-space meter for \$1.75 per hour could pay \$42 to park in that space for 24 hours or \$14 for an eight hour day.

Option:

Increase the hourly on-street meter rates nearest to Capitol Square and lower on-street meter rates in underutilized areas.

Option:

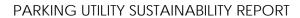
Convert all 2-hour time limit curb-side parking to meter parking and charge a minimum of \$1.00 per hour.

Option:

Increase special event parking rates at the Overture Center, State Street Capitol and State Street Campus Garages (Lake & Frances) from \$5.00 per event to a minimum of \$10.00 and a maximum of \$25.00. This would align special event rates more closely with the University of Wisconsin, Kohl Center, and Camp Randall special event rates of \$10.00 to \$25.00. For an additional comparison, the Alliant Center special event pricing is \$6.00.

Option:

Offer special event parking at Multi-Space Meters located near special event locations. Charge a premium hourly or flat rate for on-street event parking.





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ADDITIONAL ON-STREET METERS

There are ten curb-side locations that could be metered to help improve on-street parking management while generating revenue for the Parking Utility. The locations and estimated meter revenue are presented in the following exhibit.

Exhibit 45: Potential Revenue from Additional On-street Meters									
Nearest MSMs	Block	Proposed Location	Estimated Spaces	Estimated Revenue per Space		Potential r Additional Revenue			
71,73	400 N. Lake	East side of Lake adjacent to State Stree	t side of Lake adjacent to State Street Campus garage				\$	10,500	
8, 31	100 W. Gorham	North side of Gorham between Henry a	6		2,000		12,000		
63,64	300 S. Hamilton	East side of Hamilton south of Wilson	12		1,200		14,400		
63,64	300 S. Hamilton	West side of Hamilton south of Wilson	11		1,200		13,200		
63,64	300 S. Henry	S. Henry East side of Henry south of Wilson				1,200		6,000	
63,64	300 S. Henry	West side of Henry south of Wilson	9		1,200		10,800		
13, 45, 46	13, 45, 46 200 N. Pinckney East side of Pinckney north of Dayton (southern half of block)					500		2,500	
13, 45, 46	13, 45, 46 200 N. Pinckney West side of Pinckney north of Dayton (southern half of block)					500		2,500	
7, 34	200 N. Hamilton	East side of Hamilton north of Dayton		10		1,000		10,000	
7, 34	200 N. Hamilton	West side of Hamilton north of Dayton		8		1,000		8,000	
			Subtotal	78	\$	1,153	\$	89,900	
			On-Street Meter Occupancy Tax	10.0%		115		8,990	
			State Sales Tax	5.2%		60		4,675	
			Estimated Operating Expense			236		18,408	
			Total Estimated Net Gain		\$	741	\$	57,827	

Option:

Install, operate and maintain on-street meters to regulate 78 spaces. The estimated net gain in operating revenue from the new meters is approximately \$58,000 per year.

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METER ENFORCEMENT HOURS

Demand for on-street parking exceeds the available supply during evening hours when parking rates and enforcement are not in effect. There is an opportunity to extend the hours of enforcement for the existing meters and generate additional operating revenue.

Option:

Extend hours of enforcement to 9:00 PM, Monday through Saturday.

Exhibit 46: Potential Revenue Generated by Extending the Hours of On-Street Meter Enforcement

							Revenue		
				Current Annual	Proposed		Generation of	Incremental	Projected
			Hours	Hours of	Annual Hours of	Increase in	New Hours as $\%$	Revenue as %	Incremental
Area	2012 Revenue	2012 Rate	Purchased	Operation	Operation	Hours	of Current	of Current	Revenue
Campus	\$ 293,276	\$ 1.75	167,586	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	\$ 76,502
Capitol Square	62,937	1.75	35,964	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	16,417
CCB	201,463	1.75	115,122	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	52,552
East Washington	77,412	1.75	44,235	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	20,193
GEF	157,758	1.75	90,147	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	41,152
MATC	166,027	1.75	94,873	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	43,309
Meriter	144,240	1.75	82,423	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	37,625
MMB	211,852	1.75	121,058	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	55,262
Monroe	127,315	1.20	106,096	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	33,210
Schenks	27,084	1.20	22,570	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	7,065
State Street	160,206	1.75	91,546	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	41,790
University	323,457	1.75	184,833	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	84,375
Wilson/Butler	99,328	1.75	56,759	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	25,910
Total	\$ 2,052,355		1,213,212						\$ 535,362

CITATION REVENUE

Parking citation revenue is not collected by or allocated to the Parking Utility. At present, the Parking Utility pays an annual amount of approximately \$500,000 to the Madison Police Department for parking enforcement and collection services. The annual citation revenue of approximately \$5.2 million is allocated to the City's General Fund.

A common practice is for a municipal parking operation to retain all or a portion of the parking citation revenue. In exchange, the parking operation has the responsibility of overseeing enforcement. The public parking systems in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Ann Arbor, Michigan, and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania are examples of parking systems that oversee enforcement and retain all or a portion of the citation revenue.

Option:

Reallocate citation revenue to the Parking Utility.

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ACCESSIBLE PARKING PERMITS

While the purpose of the ADA is to improve accessibility for people with disabilities, in a recent (2012) Walker survey, as well as significant research conducted regarding this issue in other communities, we found that free parking for holders of ADA placards actually *reduces* the availability of parking spaces for people with disabilities, and by extension the accessibility of the destination. The policy encourages drivers with placards to park for long periods of time. The significant financial incentive of free parking also encourages people who may not have otherwise obtained the placard to do so, thus increasing the competition for these highly sought-after spaces.

Representatives of the Parking Utility estimate that up to \$800,000 in annual parking revenue could be realized by charging for the use of on-street ADA parking spaces.

Option:

Take the required actions to modify current parking regulations that exempt Persons with Disabilities from parking fees and time limit restrictions at metered spaces with a time limit of 30 minutes or longer.

PARKING TAX

If governments must tax something, it may be appropriate to tax parking as a way to control demand and correct existing distortions that under-price parking. Taxes can be applied to parking spaces, parking subsidies and parking rental transactions. For example, a municipality can charge a special property tax of \$5 annually per parking space owned by businesses, \$10 annually per space provided free to employees, or a special sales tax of 20% on commercial parking transactions. For example, the city of San Francisco charges a 25% tax on commercial parking transactions. Also, there are some communities that elect to collect a flat \$1.00 fee per parking transaction that is applied to a public parking improvement fund. The City could also charge a tax on curb-cuts comparable to potential revenue foregone had the same curb area been devoted to metered on-street parking. This would encourage property owners to minimize the number and width of curb cuts, through access management and consolidation of driveways and parking facilities, which helps improve traffic flow and create more pedestrian friendly streetscapes.

Parking tax reform can also be used to correct existing policies that under-tax parking. For example, land devoted to parking is sometimes assessed at a lower rate than if the same land were used for buildings, on the assumption that rents are paid on buildings, while parking is an ancillary use. Taxing land devoted to parking at the same rate as building land gives businesses an incentive to reduce parking supply.

Option:

Collect a City parking tax in downtown Madison with revenue pledged to service capital reserve and debt obligations for facility replacement. The ability to levy a parking tax is currently not an option under Wisconsin Statutes.

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CAPITAL REPLACEMENT FUNDING OPTIONS

The Parking Utility has operated without significant long-term debt for many years. This will change in the near future. Traditional funding sources include General Obligation Bonds and Parking Utility Bonds. Where enabling legislation exists, Tax Increment Financing is another tool commonly used to fund public parking improvements. Alternative funding approaches include various forms of Public Private Partnerships (PPPs).

It is clear that the financial sustainability of the enterprise fund will be impacted by how the Parking Utility structures future debt obligations. Provided in this section of the report are examples of how public parking facilities have been funded in other communities. The takeaway is that there are no silver bullets to funding public parking improvements. Each community offers a unique financial environment that presents unique set of funding options.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Use of general obligation bond financing is the most common approach to paying for parking capital improvements in a community where a parking enterprise or auxiliary fund does not exist. This approach requires a city to have sufficient debt capacity.

Option:

The City may issue General Obligation Bonds to pay for all or a portion of the parking improvements.

PARKING UTILITY BONDS

The benefit of a parking auxiliary fund is its ability to issue bonds separately from the city. This requires the parking system to service debt with net operating income from the parking operation. This debt obligation does not impact the city's annual operating statement. The Parking Utility would need to demonstrate system financial feasibility to obtain utility bond financing to pay for each capital replacement project.

Option:

The Parking Utility may issue Parking Utility Bonds to pay for all or a portion of the parking improvements.

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

The Judge Doyle Square (Government East replacement) project is within the boundaries of tax incremental district (TID) 25, a project that was created to help revitalize the area between the Capitol Square and Lake Monona. The TID helped finance the revitalization of Block 89 with new offices, restaurants and retail. At present, the TID has \$16.4 million in reserves available for projects.

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Tax Increment Financing (TIF) is a tool used by many cities around the country to fund public improvements, including public parking structures. However, public utilities in the State of Wisconsin do not qualify for tax increment financing under the current State TIF Laws. The Parking Utility would require a qualified entity to facilitate the appropriation of TID funds to the Public Utility project. For example, a private development incorporating the replacement of public parking could pledge TID funds to pay all or a portion of the parking capital replacement costs. This could be an option for using TIF funding to support public infrastructure that is constructed as part of a private redevelopment project, providing an incentive that defrays development costs for projects that advance district goals and, but for the TIF assistance, would not be financially feasible.

Option:

Pursue Tax Increment Financing grant through a qualifying partner.

PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

Governments and public authorities are increasingly turning to public-private partnerships (PPPs) to deliver efficient and cost-effective infrastructure and services. PPPs can help public sector entities shorten delivery times, share risks, achieve better value for their money and increase innovation in their infrastructure and provision of services. Such partnerships leverage the strengths of the public and private sectors. Private sector organizations can apply their skills and experience to infrastructure development and operation and mobilize finances for long-term infrastructure investments. The public sector can lead the process by leveraging their regulatory and infrastructure development knowledge. However, partnerships are not without challenges. These partnerships are complex and relatively inflexible structures. PPP procurement and implementation also can be lengthy and costly, making it unsuitable for some projects with short timelines.

There is no single, universally accepted definition of public-private partnerships. PPPs often mean different things to different people, which can make assessing and comparing experience in such partnerships difficult. In general, PPPs refer to forms of cooperation between public authorities and the private sector to finance, construct, renovate, manage, operate or maintain an infrastructure or service. At their core, all PPPs involve some form of risk sharing between the public and private sector to provide the infrastructure. The allocation of sizable and, at times significant, elements of risk to the private partner is key in distinguishing a PPP from the more traditional public sector model of infrastructure development.

The following is a list of common public private partnerships involving public parking facilities.

- Design-Build agreements
- Design-Build-Maintain agreements
- Design-Build-Finance-Operate agreements
- Design-Build-Operate-Maintain agreements
- Design-Build-Finance-Operate-Maintain agreements
- Concession providing for the private partner to design, operate, maintain, manage, or lease an eligible facility

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In recent years, Lease Lease-back agreements have also been used to build public parking. The general deal structure is summarized below:

- Private party enters into a ground lease
- Designs, builds and finances the project
- Leases facility back to public entity
- Public entity pays "rent" to private entity
- Typically asset reverts back to public entity at the end of the lease

SELL AIR-RIGHTS ABOVE PUBLIC PARKING FACILITIES

Selling the air-rights above any public parking constructed below ground is an option for raising capital to pay for capital replacement projects. The City of Toronto, through the Toronto Parking Authority, has sold air-rights in conjunction with several of its parking redevelopment projects. For example, the city built 480 below grade spaces to serve an 8-strory housing project and sold air-rights for \$800,000. The city built a 258-space garage below a 12-story residential/retail development and sold air-rights for \$4 million. The city built a 238-space parking garage under a 14-story mixed-use and residential project and sold air-rights for \$6 million along with receiving a percent of gross condo sales.

Option:

Sell air-rights above each public parking garage to reduce the amount of capital financed by the City and or Parking Utility.

PRIVATE BOND PAYMENT GUARANTEE

Require a bond payment guarantee from any private developer building atop or adjacent to a public parking facility. This agreement would guarantee a private source of payment for Parking Utility bonds for a specified period of time. For example, the Parking Utility issues debt to fund parking structure replacement and the private partner pledges to pay all or a portion of the annual bond payment. Another variation may include receiving a private guarantee of payment in the event that debt service cannot be serviced by operating revenue.

Option:

Obtain bond payment guarantee from any private development that is built in conjunction with a public parking replacement project.

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FINANCIAL OPERATING SCENARIOS

There are six financial scenarios prepared for consideration; 1A Optimization, 1B Optimization, 2A Moderate, 2B Moderate, 3A Conservative, and 3B Conservative. The assumptions applied to each scenario are presented in the following exhibit. Specific rate schedule assumptions are provided in exhibits 49, 50, 51, and 52.

Scenario	1A: Optimization	2A: Moderate	3A: Conservative
Demand	1.0% volume growth/year	0.5% volume growth/year	0.25% volume growth/year
Rates	Scenario 1 Rate Schedule: Accelerated 5-year escalation of rates; 3% increase per year thereafter; 100% rate increase for special events	Scenario 2 Rate Schedule: Slow 5-year escalation of rates; 3% per year thereafter; 100% rate increase for special events	Scenario 3 Rate Schedule: No rate increases first 3 years; gradual increase in year 4; next increase in year 6 with 3% per year thereafter; 100% rate increase for special events
Additional Meters	No revenue from new meters	No revenue from new meters	No revenue from new meters
Labor	No adjustment to labor	No adjustment to labor	No adjustment to labor
Operating Expenses	3% growth/year	3% growth/year	3% growth/year
Capital Expenditures	3.5% growth/year	3.5% growth/year	3.5% growth/year
Facility Replacement Strategy	Phased Replacement of 6 Parking Structures, 20-year period	Phased Replacement of 6 Parking Structures, 20-year period	Phased Replacement of 6 Parking Structures, 20-year period
PILOT	No abatement	No abatement	No abatement
Meter Revenue Occ. Tax	No abatement	No abatement	No abatement
Sales Tax	Paid to the State	Paid to the State	Paid to the State
Scenario	1B: Optimization	2B: Moderate	3B: Conservative
PILOT	20-Year abatement	20-Year abatement	20-Year abatement
Meter Revenue Occ. Tax	20-Year abatement	20-Year abatement	20-Year abatement

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Exhibit 48: On-Street Parking Rate Assumptions (Scenarios 1, 2 and 3)

	Scenario Hourly	1: Optimal				Scenario Hourly	2: Modera	te			Scenario Hourly	3: Conser	vative		
Rates	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5		Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
On-Street Meters	-														
Campus Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
Capitol Square Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.50	\$2.50	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
CCB Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.50	\$2.50	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
East Washington Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
GEF Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
MATC Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
Meriter Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
MMB Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
Monroe Area	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	0 \$1.5
Schenks Area	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	0 \$1.5
State Street Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
University Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
Wilson/Butler Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.75	\$1.75	\$2.0	0 \$2.0
On-Street Meters Campus Area		14.3%	12.5%	11.1%	0.0%		14.3%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	14.3%	6 0.0
Capitol Square Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			
CCB Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			
East Washington Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		12.5%		0.0%			
GEF Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		12.5%		0.0%			
MATC Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			
Meriter Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			
MMB Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			
Monroe Area		25.0%					25.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			
Schenks Area		25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	6 0.09
State Street Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			
University Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			
Wilson/Butler Area		14.3%					14.3%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%			

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Exhibit 49: Off-Si	troot Darkin	a Pote	λ cci ii	motic	os Sc	conori	0 1		
	2013			_				2020	2022
Parking Facility Government East	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2033
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$5.01	\$5.51	\$6.06	\$6.67	\$7.33	\$8.07	\$9.35	\$10.84	\$12.20
Annual % Change		10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$202.47	\$216.64	\$231.81	\$248.04	\$265.40	\$283.98	\$329.21	\$381.64	\$429.54
Annual % Change		7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Capitol Square North									
Hourly Rate Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.70	\$5.88	\$5.88	\$7.05	\$7.05	\$7.27	\$8.42	\$9.76	\$10.99
Annual % Change	Ψ4.70	25.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Monthly Rate		20.070	0.070	20.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Gross Avg. Permit	\$140.18	\$149.99	\$160.46	\$171.68	\$183.70	\$196.54	\$227.84	\$264.13	\$297.29
Annual % Change		7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
State Street Capitol									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$4.14	\$4.96	\$5.11	\$5.93	\$6.87	\$7.73
Annual % Change Monthly Rate		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	20.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$155.00	\$159.65	\$185.08	\$214.56	\$241.48
Annual % Change	ψ100.71	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Overture Center		0.070					0.070	5.575	0.070
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$4.94	\$6.17	\$6.36	\$7.37	\$8.54	\$9.62
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	25.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$123.39	\$125.00	\$130.00	\$135.01	\$140.01	\$144.21	\$167.17	\$193.80	\$218.12
Annual % Change		1.3%	4.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Sate Street Campus - Fra Hourly Rate	nces								
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$5.07	\$5.79	\$6.52	\$7.24	\$7.46	\$8.65	\$10.03	\$11.28
Annual % Change	ψ4.00	16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	11.1%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$225.00	\$231.75	\$268.67	\$311.46	\$350.55
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Sate Street Campus - Lak	æ								
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$5.07	\$5.79	\$6.52	\$7.24	\$7.46	\$8.65	\$10.03	\$11.28
Annual % Change Monthly Rate		16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	11.1%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$209.55	\$215.84	\$250.22	\$290.07	\$326.48
Annual % Change	Ψ200.07	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Blair Lot					,		0.070		
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.25	\$1.50	\$1.55	\$1.79	\$2.08	\$2.34
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	20.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$125.00	\$128.75	\$149.25	\$173.02	\$194.74
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Brayton Lot Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$6.78	\$7.91	\$9.04	\$10.17	\$11.30	\$11.64	\$13.49	\$15.64	\$17.60
Annual % Change	ψ0.70	16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	11.1%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$140.00	\$144.20	\$167.17	\$193.80	\$218.12
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Buckeye Lot									
Hourly Rate							4		
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.55	\$1.79	\$2.08	\$2.34
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Evergreen Lot Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.75	\$1.80	\$2.09	\$2.42	\$2.73
Annual % Change	Ų <u>2</u> 0	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	16.7%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Lot 88		2.2.0		2.2.0	20	2.270	2.270	2.270	2.270
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$2.75	\$2.83	\$3.28	\$3.81	\$4.28
Annual % Change		33.3%	12.5%	11.1%	10.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Wilson Lot	·					·			
Monthly Rate		Φ4 10 ==	0440 ==	0440 ==	0400	0400	04 10	0400 ::	0400
Gross Avg. Permit	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$120.00	\$123.60	\$143.29	\$166.11	\$186.96
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Wingra Lot Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.75	\$1.80	\$2.09	\$2.42	\$2.73
Annual % Change	ψ1.20	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	16.7%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
		2.2.0	2.2.0	2.2.0	2,0	2.270	2.270	2.270	0

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Exhibit 50: Off-	Street Parkin	n Rate	- Δssi II	mntio	ns – Sc	enari	າ 2		
Parking Facility	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2033
Government East	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2023	2020	2000
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$5.01	\$5.26	\$5.52	\$5.80	\$6.09	\$6.39	\$7.41	\$8.59	\$9.67
Annual % Change		5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate	**************************************			000400	004044	0050 44	0000 57	00.47.00	******************
Gross Avg. Permit	\$202.47	\$212.60	\$223.23	\$234.39	\$246.11	\$258.41	\$299.57	\$347.28	\$390.87
Annual % Change Capitol Square North		5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.70	\$5.37	\$6.05	\$6.05	\$6.05	\$6.23	\$7.22	\$8.37	\$9.42
Annual % Change		14.3%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$145.00	\$149.35	\$173.13	\$200.71	\$225.90
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
State Street Capitol									
Hourly Rate Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$4.14	\$4.26	\$4.94	\$5.73	\$6.44
Annual % Change	ψ5.51	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate		0.070	0.070	0.070	20.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Gross Avg. Permit	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$158.32	\$183.54	\$212.77	\$239.47
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Overture Center									
Hourly Rate	A0.70	A0 70	00.70	04.04	04.04	A = 00	A= 00	00.04	07 00
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$4.94	\$4.94	\$5.09	\$5.90	\$6.84	\$7.69
Annual % Change Monthly Rate		0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$123.39	\$125.00	\$125.00	\$130.00	\$135.01	\$139.06	\$161.20	\$186.88	\$210.33
Annual % Change	\$120.00	1.3%	0.0%	4.0%	3.8%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Sate Street Campus - F	rances								
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$5.07	\$5.79	\$6.52	\$6.52	\$6.71	\$7.78	\$9.02	\$10.16
Annual % Change		16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate	0004.00	0004.00	0004.00	0004.00	0004.00	0000 50	000407	0007.47	00.45 70
Gross Avg. Permit	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$228.56	\$264.97	\$307.17	\$345.72
Annual % Change Sate Street Campus - L	ako	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate	ane								
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$5.07	\$5.79	\$6.52	\$6.52	\$6.71	\$7.78	\$9.02	\$10.16
Annual % Change	·	16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$212.87	\$246.77	\$286.07	\$321.98
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Blair Lot									
Hourly Rate Gross Avg. Ticket	¢1 00	\$1.00	\$1.00	¢1 00	¢1 25	¢4 20	\$1.49	\$1.73	¢1.0E
Annual % Change	\$1.00	0.0%	0.0%	\$1.00 0.0%	\$1.25 25.0%	\$1.29 3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	\$1.95 3.0%
Monthly Rate		0.070	0.070	0.070	20.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Gross Avg. Permit	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$125.49	\$145.48	\$168.65	\$189.82
Annual % Change	•	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Brayton Lot									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$6.78	\$7.91	\$9.04	\$10.17	\$10.17	\$10.47	\$12.14	\$14.08	\$15.84
Annual % Change		16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$139.92	\$162.20	\$188.04	\$211.64
Annual % Change	φ133.04	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Buckeye Lot		0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.55	\$1.79	\$2.08	\$2.34
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Evergreen Lot									
Hourly Rate	64 00	£4.00	64.00	04 5 0	04 50	04.55	Φ4 7 0	фо ос	# 0.04
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.55 3.0%	\$1.79 3.0%	\$2.08 3.0%	\$2.34
Lot 88		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$2.75	\$2.83	\$3.28	\$3.81	\$4.28
Annual % Change		33.3%	12.5%	11.1%	10.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Wilson Lot									
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$121.75	\$141.14	\$163.62	\$184.15
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Wingra Lot Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.55	\$1.79	\$2.08	\$2.34
Annual % Change	Ψ1.20	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
		2.2.0	,,,,,	,,,,,	,,,,,,	2.2.0	2.270	2.270	

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Exhibit 51: Off-Stree	et Parkin	n Rate	Δ Δ ςςι ιι	mntio	ns – Sc	enari	n 3		
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2033
Parking Facility Government East	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2023	2020	2033
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$5.01	\$5.16	\$5.31	\$5.47	\$5.64	\$5.81	\$6.73	\$7.80	\$8.78
Annual % Change		3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$202.47	\$208.55	\$214.80	\$221.25	\$227.88	\$234.72	\$272.11	\$315.44	\$355.04
Annual % Change Capitol Square North		3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.84	\$5.62	\$6.51	\$7.33
Annual % Change	ψ4.70	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Monthly Rate		0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Gross Avg. Permit	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$144.38	\$167.38	\$194.04	\$218.39
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
State Street Capitol									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31
Annual % Change Monthly Rate		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71
Annual % Change	Ψ100.71	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Overture Center		0.070				0.07.0		,	
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Sate Street Campus - Frances Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35
Annual % Change	ψ4.00	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Sate Street Campus - Lake									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35
Annual % Change Monthly Rate		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67
Annual % Change	Ψ200.07	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Blair Lot									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84
Annual % Change Brayton Lot		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$6.78	\$6.78	\$6.78	\$6.78	\$6.78	\$6.78	\$6.78	\$6.78	\$6.78
Annual % Change	ψ0.70	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Buckeye Lot			· <u></u>						- <u></u>
Hourly Rate	A	04.50	04 = 2	04.50	04.50	04.55	6.5 5	0	04.50
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
Annual % Change Evergreen Lot		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20
Annual % Change	ţ <u>2</u> 3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Lot 88									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Wilson Lot									
Monthly Rate	0440.00	0440.00	6446.00	0440.00	0440.00	0440.00	0440.00	0440.00	0440.00
Gross Avg. Permit	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20
Annual % Change Wingra Lot		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20
Annual % Change	Ţ <u>_</u> 0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Exhibit 52: Scenario 1A: Optima	al – No Tax	Abateme	ents					
Optimal with No Tax Abatements Revenue (rounded)	1 2014	2 2015	3 201 6		5 2018	10 2023	15 2028	20 2033
Volume Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,953,197	1,931,313	1.929.204	1,868,617	1,835,218	1,922,411	2,020,474	2,123,538
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume	10,944	11,061	11,161	, , .	11,344	11,875	12,480	13,117
On-Street - Utilized Hours	1,255,052	1,247,852	1,258,133	1,266,334	1,273,633	1,346,500	1,408,851	1,480,931
Off-Street Garages								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	9,797,600 (501,400)	10,622,600 (544,100)	11,309,400 (579,600)	12,508,200 (641,700)	13,596,000 (697,900)	16,623,300 (853,400)	20,142,900 (1,034,100)	24,413,400 (1,253,300)
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	9,296,200	10,078,500	10,729,800	11,866,500	12,898,100	15,769,900	19,108,800	23,160,100
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(205,700)	(241,700)	(277,100)	(328,300)	(380,700)	(494,600)	(599,300)	(726,300)
(Less) Uncollected Receivables Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	(11,100) 9,079,400	(11,700) 9,825,100	(12,200) 10,440,500	(12,900) 11,525,300	(13,600) 12,503,800	(16,800) 15,258,500	(20,300) 18,489,200	(24,800) 22,409,000
Off-Street Lots								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	970,200	1,035,000	1,098,600	1,172,400	1,251,100	1,524,300	1,857,300	2,262,900
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded) Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	(50,700) 919,500	(54,000) 981,000	(57,300) 1,041,300	(61,100) 1,111,300	(65,200) 1,185,900	(79,500) 1,444,800	(96,900) 1,760,400	(117,900) 2,145,000
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(20,300)	(23,600)	(26,800)	(30,700)	(35,000)	(45,500)	(55,300)	(67,300)
(Less) Uncollected Receivables Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots	(2,300) 896,900	(2,300) 955,100	(2,400) 1,012,100	(2,500) 1,078,100	(2,500) 1,148,400	(3,100) 1,396,200	(3,800) 1,701,300	(4,500) 2,073,200
On-Street								
Meter Parking Revenue	2,079,000	2,620,400	2,763,900	2,954,500	3,174,300	3,671,700	4,577,300	5,537,800
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees Construction Related	(43,700) 295,000	(59,600) 303,800	(67,700) 312,900	(77,600) 322,300	(88,900) 332,000	(102,800) 384,900	(128,200) 446,200	(155,100) 517,200
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,330,300	2,864,600	3,009,100	3,199,200	3,417,400	3,953,800	4,895,300	5,899,900
Total Passania	40 200 000	42 044 000	44 404 700	45 000 000	47.000.000	20 500 500	25 225 222	20 202 400
Total Revenue	12,306,600	13,644,800	14,461,700	15,802,600	17,069,600	20,608,500	25,085,800	30,382,100
Expenses (rounded) Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,153,900	2,218,400	2,285,100	2,353,700	2,424,300	2,810,300	3,258,400	3,777,200
Total - Admin	602,100	620,000	638,500	657,700	677,500	785,300	910,200	1,055,000
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	359,100 255,600	369,900 263,200	381,000 271,100	392,500 279,200	404,300 287,500	469,000 333,300	543,600 386,300	630,300 447,800
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,000
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300 235,000	1,245,700 242,100	1,270,600 249,400	1,296,000 256,800	1,321,900 264,500	1,459,400 306,700	1,611,500 355,600	1,779,400 412,300
Total - Unities Total - Insurance	19,200	19,700	20,300	20,900	21,500	25,000	29,000	33,100
Total - Other Operations Expenses	180,800	186,200	191,800	197,400	203,400	235,900	273,400	316,800
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	5,111,600	5,252,200	5,397,400	5,546,600	5,700,100	6,535,200	7,495,900	8,599,900
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Admin	42,200	43,400	44,900	46,400	47,900	56,200	65,200	75,200
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	3,800 9,900	3,900 10,400	4,000 10,600	4,100 10,800	4,200 11,000	4,700 12,000	5,200 13,000	5,700 14,200
Total - Collections	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,300	4,400	4,900	5,400	5,900
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	90,900 3,700	92,700 3,900	94,700 4,000	96,600 4,100	98,500 4,200	108,700 4,700	120,000 5,200	132,500 5,700
Total - Insurance	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Total - Other Operations Expenses	64,000	66,000	67,900	69,800	71,900	83,200	96,000	111,100
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots On-Street	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,000
Total - Labor	238,500	245,700	253,100	260,700	268,500	311,300	360,800	418,200
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	142,600 14,600	146,900 15,000	151,300 15,500	155,800 16,000	160,500 16,500	186,100 19,100	215,800 22,100	250,300 25,600
Total - Equipment Maintenance	16,900	17,400	17,900	18,400	19,000	22,000	25,500	29,600
Total - Collections	26,500	27,300	28,100	28,900	29,800	34,500	40,000	46,400
Total - Operations Expenses Total - Meter Revenue Tax	45,300 237,400	46,700 292,400	48,100 307,700	49,500 327,700	51,000 350,600	59,100 405,700	68,500 502,300	79,400 605,500
Total - Sales Tax	123,800	152,400	160,400	170,800	182,800	211,500	261,900	315,700
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	845,600	943,800	982,100	1,027,800	1,078,700	1,249,300	1,496,900	1,770,700
General and Administrative Payment for Enforcement	1,227,000 439,600	1,263,800 452,800	1,301,700 466,400	1,340,800 480,400	1,381,000 494.800	1,601,000 573,500	1,856,100 664,900	2,151,800 770,700
·	•	·	,				,	
Total Expenses PILOT Abatement	7,843,000	8,137,700	8,378,600	8,632,400 0	8,897,400 0	10,234,100	11,824,500	13,644,100
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenses - Adjusted	7,843,000	8,137,700	8,378,600	8,632,400	8,897,400	10,234,100	11,824,500	13,644,100
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	4,463,600	5,507,100	6,083,100	7,170,200	8,172,200	10,374,400	13,261,300	16,738,000
Capital Expenditures Garages								
Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5,143,000	687,000	711,000	749,000	776,000	939,000	217,000	820,000
Parking Equipment	0	0	2,162,000	0	0	0	3,049,700	0
Lots On-Street	47,300 0	49,000 0	50,700 0	52,400 0	54,300 0	64,500 0	76,600 0	90,900
Total Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,900
Not Operating Images (NOI)	(700 700)	4 774 400	2.450.400	0.000.000	7 244 000	0.070.000	0.040.000	45 007 400
Net Operating Income (NOI)	(726,700)	4,771,100	3,159,400	6,368,800	7,341,900	9,370,900	9,918,000	15,827,100
		SU	MMARY	_				
Preliminary Assumptions for Public Financing Average Net Operating Income	\$ 9,399,950			Summary Compa Model Scenario 1	rison of Replac	ement Options		Tax Abatements
Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20			Replacement Parki	ng		Above Grade	Below Grade
New Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)	\$ 7,833,292			Number of Spaces			3,675	3,675
Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space			\$ 31,494	
Amortization Period (n) Annual PMT	\$1.00			Est. Capital Replac		ual Year Dollars)	115,739,889	220,457,000 9,399,950
Present Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$1.00			Est. Avg. Annual N Est. Supportable D			9,399,950 97,620,128	97,620,128
Amortizable Principle Amount (PMT x PV Factor)	\$ 97,620,128			Est. Funding Surp			\$ (18,119,760)	
								\$ (122,837,000)

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Optimal with Full Tax Abatements	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	
evenue (rounded) folume	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	20
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,953,197	1,931,313	1,929,204	1,868,617	1,835,218	1,922,411	2,020,474	2,123,5
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,944 1,255,052	11,061 1,247,852	11,161 1,258,133	11,264 1,266,334	11,344 1,273,633	11,875 1,346,500	12,480 1,408,851	13,1 1,480,9
Off-Street Garages	0.707.000	10.000.000	44 000 400	40 500 000	10 500 000	40.000.000	00 440 000	04.440.4
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	9,797,600 (501,400)	10,622,600 (544,100)	11,309,400 (579,600)	12,508,200 (641,700)	13,596,000 (697,900)	16,623,300 (853,400)	20,142,900 (1,034,100)	24,413,4 (1,253,3
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	9,296,200	10,078,500	10,729,800	11,866,500	12,898,100	15,769,900	19,108,800	23,160,1
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(205,700) (11,100)	(241,700)	(277,100)	(328,300)	(380,700) (13,600)	(494,600) (16,800)	(599,300) (20,300)	(726,3
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	9,079,400	(11,700) 9,825,100	(12,200) 10,440,500	(12,900) 11,525,300	12,503,800	15,258,500	18,489,200	(24,8 22,409, 0
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	970,200	1,035,000	1,098,600	1,172,400	1,251,100	1,524,300	1,857,300	2,262,9
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,700)	(54,000)	(57,300)	(61,100)	(65,200)	(79,500)	(96,900)	(117,9
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	919,500	981,000	1,041,300	1,111,300	1,185,900	1,444,800	1,760,400	2,145,
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(20,300) (2,300)	(23,600) (2,300)	(26,800) (2,400)	(30,700) (2,500)	(35,000) (2,500)	(45,500) (3,100)	(55,300) (3,800)	(67,: (4,:
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots	896,900	955,100	1,012,100	1,078,100	1,148,400	1,396,200	1,701,300	2,073,
On-Street Meter Parking Revenue	2,079,000	2,620,400	2,763,900	2,954,500	3,174,300	3,671,700	4,577,300	5,537,8
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(43,700)	(59,600)	(67,700)	(77,600)	(88,900)	(102,800)	(128,200)	(155,
Construction Related Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	295,000 2,330,300	303,800 2,864,600	312,900 3,009,100	322,300 3,199,200	332,000 3,417,400	384,900 3,953,800	446,200 4,895,300	517,2 5,899, 9
otal Revenue	12,306,600	13,644,800	14,461,700	15,802,600	17,069,600	20,608,500	25,085,800	30,382,1
xpenses (rounded) Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,153,900	2,218,400	2,285,100	2,353,700	2,424,300	2,810,300	3,258,400	3,777,
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	602,100 359,100	620,000 369,900	638,500 381,000	657,700 392,500	677,500 404,300	785,300 469,000	910,200 543,600	1,055,0 630,0
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	255,600	263,200	271,100	279,200	287,500	333,300	386,300	447,
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300 235,000	1,245,700 242,100	1,270,600 249,400	1,296,000 256,800	1,321,900 264,500	1,459,400 306,700	1,611,500 355,600	1,779, 412,
Total - Insurance	19,200	19,700	20,300	20,900	21,500	25,000	29,000	33,
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages	180,800 5,111,600	186,200 5,252,200	191,800 5,397,400	197,400 5,546,600	203,400 5,700,100	235,900 6,535,200	273,400 7,495,900	316,8 8,599 ,9
Off-Street Lots	5,111,600	5,252,200	5,397,400	5,546,600	5,700,100	6,535,200	7,495,900	0,399,
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	75
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	42,200 3,800	43,400 3,900	44,900 4,000	46,400 4,100	47,900 4,200	56,200 4,700	65,200 5,200	75,2 5,7
Total - Facility Maintenance	9,900	10,400	10,600	10,800	11,000	12,000	13,000	14,2
Total - Collections Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	4,000 90,900	4,100 92,700	4,200 94,700	4,300 96,600	4,400 98,500	4,900 108,700	5,400 120,000	5,9 132,5
Total - Utilities	3,700	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,7
Total - Insurance	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	-
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	64,000 219,200	66,000 225,100	67,900 231,000	69,800 236,800	71,900 242,800	83,200 275,100	96,000 310,700	111, ⁻ 351, 0
On-Street								
Total - Labor Total - Admin	238,500 142,600	245,700 146,900	253,100 151,300	260,700 155,800	268,500 160,500	311,300 186,100	360,800 215,800	418,2 250,3
Total - Equipment Maintenance	14,600	15,000	15,500	16,000	16,500	19,100	22,100	25,6
Total - Facility Maintenance Total - Collections	16,900 26,500	17,400 27,300	17,900 28,100	18,400 28,900	19,000 29,800	22,000 34,500	25,500 40,000	29,6 46,4
Total - Operations Expenses	45,300	46,700	48,100	49,500	51,000	59,100	68,500	79,4
Total - Meter Revenue Tax	237,400	292,400	307,700 160,400	327,700	350,600	405,700	502,300	605,
Total - Sales Tax Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	123,800 845,600	152,400 943,800	982,100	170,800 1,027,800	182,800 1,078,700	211,500 1,249,300	261,900 1,496,900	315,1 1,770 ,1
General and Administrative Payment for Enforcement	1,227,000 439,600	1,263,800 452,800	1,301,700 466,400	1,340,800 480,400	1,381,000 494,800	1,601,000 573,500	1,856,100 664,900	2,151, 770,
otal Expenses PILOT Abatement	7,843,000 1,312,200	8,137,700 1,338,400	8,378,600 1,365,300	8,632,400 1,392,600	8,897,400 1,420,400	1 0,234,100 1,568,100	11,824,500 1,731,500	13,644, 1,911,
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement otal Expenses - Adjusted	237,400 6,293,400	292,400 6,506,900	307,700 6,705,600	327,700 6,912,100	350,600 7,126,400	405,700 8,260,300	502,300 9,590,700	605,9 11,126,7
•								
let Operating Income (before CAPEX)	6,013,200	7,137,900	7,756,100	8,890,500	9,943,200	12,348,200	15,495,100	19,255,4
apital Expenditures Garages								
Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5,143,000	687,000	711,000	749,000	776,000	939,000	217,000	820,
Parking Equipment Lots	47,300	0 49,000	2,162,000 50,700	0 52,400	0 54,300	64,500	3,049,700 76,600	90,9
On-Street otal Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,9
•		·						
et Operating Income (NOI)	822,900	6,401,900	4,832,400 MMARY	8,089,100	9,112,900	11,344,700	12,151,800	18,344,
reliminary Assumptions for Public Financing		30		Summary Compa	rison of Replac	ement Options		
verage Net Operating Income	\$ 11,419,815			Model Scenario 1	•	10	otimal with Full	
ssumed Debt Coverage Ratio ew Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)	1.20 \$ 9,516,513			Replacement Parki Number of Spaces	ng		Above Grade 3,675	Below Grad
ax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space		\$		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20			Est. Capital Replac	ement Cost (Act		115,739,889	220,457,
mortization Period (n)	20			zoti oapitai rtopiae			110,100,000	
mortization Period (n) nnual PMT resent Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$1.00 \$12.46			Est. Avg. Annual N Est. Supportable D	OI		11,419,815 118,596,781	11,419, 118,596,

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Moderate with No Tax Abatements	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	
Revenue (rounded) Yolume	2014	2015	2016		2018	2023	2028	20
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,943,613	1,922,427	1,908,883	1,881,803	1,875,400	1,920,893	1,969,398	2,019,1
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,890 1,248,857	11,017 1,235,449	11,155 1,245,332		11,349 1,258,851	11,629 1,296,484	11,923 1,326,761	12,2 1,357,4
Off-Street Garages	0.459.000	0.700.700	10 396 300	11 079 100	11 521 100	12 712 600	16 267 600	10 209 20
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	9,158,000 (468,100)	9,788,700 (500,700)	10,386,200 (531,800)	11,078,400 (567,500)	11,531,100 (590,700)	13,713,600 (702,600)	16,267,600 (833,500)	19,298,2 (988,7)
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	8,689,900	9,288,000	9,854,400	10,510,900	10,940,400	13,011,000	15,434,100	18,309,5
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(192,200) (11,100)	(222,600) (11,300)	(254,500) (11,500)		(322,900) (12,300)	(408,000) (14,600)	(483,800) (17,200)	(574,1 (20,5
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	8,486,600	9,054,100	9,588,400	10,208,300	10,605,200	12,588,400	14,933,100	17,714,9
Off-Street Lots								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	965,500 (50,300)	1,024,800 (53,400)	1,082,200 (56,400)	1,147,900 (59,900)	1,166,800 (60,900)	1,386,800 (72,200)	1,648,200 (85,900)	1,959,0 (102,2
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	915,200	971,400	1,025,800	1,088,000	1,105,900	1,314,600	1,562,300	1,856,8
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(20,300) (2,300)	(23,300) (2,300)	(26,400)		(32,600) (2,500)	(41,200) (2,800)	(49,000) (3,400)	(58,3 (4,1
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots On-Street	892,600	945,800	997,100	1,055,500	1,070,800	1,270,600	1,509,900	1,794,4
Meter Parking Revenue	2,068,800	2,496,300	2,518,500	2,625,800	2,679,800	3,057,500	3,655,000	4,396,9
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees Construction Related	(43,400) 295,000	(56,800) 303,800	(61,700) 312,900	(68,900) 322,300	(75,000) 332,000	(85,600) 384,900	(102,300) 446,200	(123,1 517,2
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,320,400	2,743,300	2,769,700	2,879,200	2,936,800	3,356,800	3,998,900	4,791,0
otal Revenue	11,699,600	12,743,200	13,355,200	14,143,000	14,612,800	17,215,800	20,441,900	24,300,3
openses (rounded) Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,870,700	2,956,700	3,045,500	3,136,800	3,231,000	3,745,700	4,342,600	5,034,4
Total - Admin	602,100	620,000	638,500	657,700	677,500	785,300	910,200	1,055,0
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	359,100 255,600	369,900 263,200	381,000 271,100	392,500 279,200	404,300 287,500	469,000 333,300	543,600 386,300	630,3 447,8
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,0
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300	1,245,700	1,270,600	1,296,000	1,321,900	1,459,400	1,611,500	1,779,4
Total - Utilities Total - Insurance	235,000 19,200	242,100 19,700	249,400 20,300	256,800 20,900	264,500 21,500	306,700 25,000	355,600 29,000	412,3 33,1
Total - Other Operations Expenses	180,800	186,200	191,800	197,400	203,400	235,900	273,400	316,8
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	5,828,400	5,990,500	6,157,800	6,329,700	6,506,800	7,470,600	8,580,100	9,857,1
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits Total - Admin	0 42,200	0 43,400	0 44,900	0 46,400	0 47,900	0 56,200	0 65,200	75,2
Total - Equipment Maintenance	3,800	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,7
Total - Facility Maintenance Total - Collections	9,900 4,000	10,400 4,100	10,600 4,200	10,800 4,300	11,000 4,400	12,000 4,900	13,000 5,400	14,2 5,9
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	90,900	92,700	94,700	96,600	98,500	108,700	120,000	132,5
Total - Utilities	3,700	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,7
Total - Insurance Total - Other Operations Expenses	700 64,000	700 66,000	700 67,900	700 69,800	700 71,900	700 83,200	700 96,000	7 111,1
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots On-Street	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,0
Total - Labor Total - Admin	323,900 142,600	333,600 146,900	343,600 151,300	353,900 155,800	364,500 160,500	422,500 186,100	489,900 215,800	567,9 250,3
Total - Equipment Maintenance	14,600	15,000	15,500	16,000	16,500	19,100	22,100	25,6
Total - Facility Maintenance	16,900	17,400	17,900	18,400	19,000	22,000	25,500	29,6
Total - Collections Total - Operations Expenses	26,500 45,300	27,300 46,700	28,100 48,100	28,900 49,500	29,800 51,000	34,500 59,100	40,000 68,500	46,4 79,4
Total - Meter Revenue Tax	236,400	280,000	283,100	294,800	301,200	344,200	410,100	491,4
Total - Sales Tax Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	123,200	146,000	147,600 1.035.200	153,700	157,000 1.099.500	179,500	213,800	256,2 1.746.8
General and Administrative	929,400 1,255,800	1,012,900 1,293,500	1,035,200	1,071,000 1,372,300	1,413,500	1,267,000 1,638,600	1,485,700 1,899,600	2,202,2
Payment for Enforcement	439,600	452,800	466,400	480,400	494,800	573,500	664,900	770,7
otal Expenses PILOT Abatement	8,672,400	8,974,800	9,222,700	9,490,200	9,757,400	11,224,800	12,941,000	14,927,8
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement otal Expenses - Adjusted	8,672,400	8, 974,800	9,222,700	9,490,200	9,757,400	0 11,224,800	0 12,941,000	14,927,8
et Operating Income (before CAPEX)	3,027,200	3,768,400	4,132,500	4,652,800	4,855,400	5,991,000	7,500,900	9,372,50
apital Expenditures	2,421,411	-,,	1,112,111	1,000,000	,,,,,,,,,,	-,,	-,,	-,
Garages	5.442.000	607.000	744 000	740,000	770 000	000 000	047.000	000.0
Garage Rehab (Including Lighting) Parking Equipment	5,143,000 0	687,000 0	711,000 2,162,000	749,000 0	776,000 0	939,000 0	217,000 3,049,700	820,0
Lots On-Street	47,300 0	49,000 0	50,700 0	52,400 0	54,300 0	64,500 0	76,600 0	90,9
otal Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,9
et Operating Income (NOI)	(2,163,100)	3,032,400	1,208,800	3,851,400	4,025,100	4,987,500	4,157,600	8,461,6
eliminary Assumptions for Public Financing		SU	MMARY	Summary Compa	ricon of Ponlace	amont Ontions		
retiminary Assumptions for Public Financing rerage Net Operating Income	\$ 4,888,835			Summary Compa Model Scenario 2	nson or Repido		derate with No	Tax Abatemei
ssumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20			Replacement Parki	ng		Above Grade	Below Grade
ew Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)	\$ 4,074,029			Number of Spaces			3,675	3,6
x-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I) mortization Period (n)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space Est. Capital Replace	ement Cost /A-+	(s) Vear Pollars	31,494 115,739,889	\$ 59,9 220,457,0
nnual PMT	\$1.00			Est. Avg. Annual N		ıcı ı caı LUlld[S]	4,888,835	4,888,8
resent Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$12.46			Est. Supportable D			50,771,408	50,771,4

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Exhibit 55: Scenario 2B: Moder	ate with rui							
Moderate with Full Tax Abatements Revenue (rounded) Volume	1 2014	2 2015	3 201 6		5 2018	10 2023	15 2028	2033
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,943,613	1,922,427	1,908,883	1,881,803	1,875,400	1,920,893	1,969,398	2,019,128
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,890 1,248,857	11,017 1,235,449	11,155 1,245,332		11,349 1,258,851	11,629 1,296,484	11,923 1,326,761	12,224 1,357,440
Off-Street Garages	0.459.000	0.700.700	10 396 300	11 079 100	11 521 100	12 712 600	16 267 600	10 200 200
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	9,158,000 (468,100)	9,788,700 (500,700)	10,386,200 (531,800)	11,078,400 (567,500)	11,531,100 (590,700)	13,713,600 (702,600)	16,267,600 (833,500)	19,298,200 (988,700
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	8,689,900	9,288,000	9,854,400	10,510,900	10,940,400	13,011,000	15,434,100	18,309,500
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(192,200) (11,100)	(222,600) (11,300)	(254,500) (11,500)		(322,900) (12,300)	(408,000) (14,600)	(483,800) (17,200)	(574,100 (20,500
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	8,486,600	9,054,100	9,588,400	10,208,300	10,605,200	12,588,400	14,933,100	17,714,900
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	005 500	1 024 900	1 092 200	1 117 000	1 166 900	1 200 000	1 649 200	1 050 000
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	965,500 (50,300)	1,024,800 (53,400)	1,082,200 (56,400)	1,147,900 (59,900)	1,166,800 (60,900)	1,386,800 (72,200)	1,648,200 (85,900)	1,959,000 (102,200
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	915,200	971,400	1,025,800	1,088,000	1,105,900	1,314,600	1,562,300	1,856,800
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(20,300) (2,300)	(23,300) (2,300)	(26,400)		(32,600) (2,500)	(41,200) (2,800)	(49,000) (3,400)	(58,300 (4,100
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots On-Street	892,600	945,800	997,100	1,055,500	1,070,800	1,270,600	1,509,900	1,794,400
Meter Parking Revenue	2,068,800	2,496,300	2,518,500	2,625,800	2,679,800	3,057,500	3,655,000	4,396,900
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees Construction Related	(43,400) 295,000	(56,800) 303,800	(61,700) 312,900	(68,900) 322,300	(75,000) 332,000	(85,600) 384,900	(102,300) 446,200	(123,100 517,200
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,320,400	2,743,300	2,769,700	2,879,200	2,936,800	3,356,800	3,998,900	4,791,000
Total Revenue	11,699,600	12,743,200	13,355,200	14,143,000	14,612,800	17,215,800	20,441,900	24,300,300
Expenses (rounded) Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,870,700	2,956,700	3,045,500	3,136,800	3,231,000	3,745,700	4,342,600	5,034,400
Total - Admin	602,100	620,000 369,900	638,500	657,700	677,500	785,300	910,200 543,600	1,055,000
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	359,100 255,600	263,200	381,000 271.100	392,500 279,200	404,300 287,500	469,000 333,300	386,300	630,300 447,800
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,000
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300 235,000	1,245,700 242,100	1,270,600 249,400	1,296,000 256,800	1,321,900 264,500	1,459,400 306,700	1,611,500 355,600	1,779,400 412,300
Total - Insurance	19,200	19,700	20,300	20,900	21,500	25,000	29,000	33,100
Total - Other Operations Expenses	180,800	186,200	191,800	197,400	203,400	235,900	273,400	316,800
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	5,828,400	5,990,500	6,157,800	6,329,700	6,506,800	7,470,600	8,580,100	9,857,100
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Admin	42,200	43,400	44,900	46,400	47,900	56,200	65,200	75,200
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	3,800 9,900	3,900 10,400	4,000 10,600	4,100 10,800	4,200 11,000	4,700 12,000	5,200 13,000	5,700 14,200
Total - Collections	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,300	4,400	4,900	5,400	5,900
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	90,900 3,700	92,700 3,900	94,700 4,000	96,600 4,100	98,500 4,200	108,700 4,700	120,000 5,200	132,500 5,700
Total - Insurance	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Total - Other Operations Expenses	64,000	66,000	67,900	69,800	71,900	83,200	96,000	111,100
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots On-Street	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,000
Total - Labor	323,900	333,600	343,600	353,900	364,500	422,500	489,900	567,900
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	142,600 14,600	146,900 15,000	151,300 15,500	155,800 16,000	160,500 16,500	186,100 19,100	215,800 22,100	250,300 25,600
Total - Facility Maintenance	16,900	17,400	17,900	18,400	19,000	22,000	25,500	29,600
Total - Collections Total - Operations Expenses	26,500 45,300	27,300 46,700	28,100 48,100	28,900 49,500	29,800 51,000	34,500 59,100	40,000 68,500	46,400 79,400
Total - Operations Expenses Total - Meter Revenue Tax	236,400	280,000	283,100	294,800	301,200	344,200	410,100	491,400
Total - Sales Tax	123,200	146,000	147,600	153,700	157,000	179,500	213,800	256,200
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters General and Administrative	929,400 1,255,800	1,012,900 1,293,500	1,035,200 1,332,300	1,071,000 1,372,300	1,099,500 1,413,500	1,267,000 1,638,600	1,485,700 1,899,600	1,746,800 2,202,200
Payment for Enforcement	439,600	452,800	466,400	480,400	494,800	573,500	664,900	770,700
Total Expenses	8,672,400	8,974,800	9,222,700	9,490,200	9,757,400	11,224,800	12,941,000	14,927,800
PILOT Abatement Meter Revenue Tax Abatement	1,312,200 236,400	1,338,400 280,000	1,365,300 283,100	1,392,600 294,800	1,420,400 301,200	1,568,100 344,200	1,731,500 410,100	1,911,900 491,400
Total Expenses - Adjusted	7,123,800	7,356,400	7,574,300	7,802,800	8,035,800	9,312,500	10,799,400	12,524,500
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	4,575,800	5,386,800	5,780,900	6,340,200	6,577,000	7,903,300	9,642,500	11,775,800
Capital Expenditures								
Garages Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5,143,000	687,000	711,000	749,000	776,000	939,000	217,000	820,000
Parking Equipment Lots	0 47,300	0 49,000	2,162,000 50,700	0 52,400	0 54,300	0 64,500	3,049,700 76,600	90,900
On-Street	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,900
Net Operating Income (NOI)	(614,500)	4,650,800	2,857,200	5,538,800	5,746,700	6,899,800	6,299,200	10,864,900
Preliminary Assumptions for Public Financing		80	MMARY	Summary Compa	rison of Renlace	ement Ontions		
Average Net Operating Income	\$ 6,842,460			Model Scenario 2	-	Mod	derate with Full T	
Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20			Replacement Parki	ng		Above Grade	Below Grade
New Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT) Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	\$ 5,702,050 5.00%			Number of Spaces Avg. Cost/Space		\$	3,675 31,494 \$	3,675 59,988
Amortization Period (n)	20			Est. Capital Replace	ement Cost (Acti		115,739,889	220,457,000
Annual PMT	\$1.00			Est. Avg. Annual N			6,842,460	6,842,460
Present Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$12.46			Est. Supportable D	eht Amount		71,060,146	71,060,146
Amortizable Principle Amount (PMT x PV Factor)	\$ 71,060,146			Est. Funding Surp		\$		

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Conservative with No Tax Abatements	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	2
Revenue (rounded) /olume	2014	2015	2016		2018	2023	2028	203
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,938,821	1,958,374	1,978,144		2,018,349	2,114,249	2,215,504	2,322,42
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,864 1,245,759	10,979 1,252,611	11,095 1,259,501	11,213 1,242,829	11,332 1,249,665	11,814 1,284,411	12,323 1,320,123	12,85 1,356,82
Off-Street Garages Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	9,115,500	9,284,300	9,422,000	9,562,600	9,706,100	10,617,700	11,649,400	12,820,000
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(465,900)	(474,500)	(481,500)	(488,900)	(496,100)	(543,200)	(596,300)	(656,800
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	8,649,600	8,809,800	8,940,500	9,073,700	9,210,000	10,074,500	11,053,100	12,163,200
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(191,500) (11,100)	(211,300) (11,200)	(230,900) (11,400)	(251,100) (11,500)	(271,800) (11,700)	(315,900) (13,100)	(346,600) (14,900)	(381,500
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	8,447,000	8,587,300	8,698,200	8,811,100	8,926,500	9,745,500	10,691,600	11,765,000
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	963,100	974,200	985,400	996,700	1,008,100	1,067,500	1,130,300	1.196.800
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,300)	(50,800)	(51,400)	(51,900)	(52,600)	(55,600)	(59,000)	(62,400
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax) (Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	912,800 (20,200)	923,400 (22,200)	934,000 (24,100)	944,800 (26,000)	955,500 (28,300)	1,011,900 (31,800)	1,071,300 (33,500)	1,134,400 (35,600
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,400)	(2,500)	(2,600)	(2,800
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots On-Street	890,300	898,900	907,600	916,500	924,800	977,600	1,035,200	1,096,000
Meter Parking Revenue	2,063,600	2,075,000	2,086,400	2,410,700	2,423,900	2,491,300	2,560,600	2,631,800
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees Construction Related	(43,300) 286,400	(47,200) 286,400	(51,100) 286,400	(63,300) 286,400	(67,900) 286,400	(69,800) 286,400	(71,700) 286,400	(73,700 286,400
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,306,700	2,314,200	2,321,700	2,633,800	2,642,400	2,707,900	2,775,300	2,844,500
otal Revenue	11,644,000	11,800,400	11,927,500	12,361,400	12,493,700	13,431,000	14,502,100	15,705,500
xpenses (rounded) Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,870,700	2,956,700	3,045,500	3,136,800	3,231,000	3,745,700	4,342,600	5,034,400
Total - Admin	602,100	620,000	638,500 381,000	657,700	677,500	785,300	910,200 543.600	1,055,00
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	359,100 255,600	369,900 263,200	271,100	392,500 279,200	404,300 287,500	469,000 333,300	386,300	630,30 447,80
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,00
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300 235,000	1,245,700 242,100	1,270,600 249,400	1,296,000 256,800	1,321,900 264,500	1,459,400 306,700	1,611,500 355,600	1,779,40 412.30
Total - Insurance	19,200	19,700	20,300	20,900	21,500	25,000	29,000	33,10
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages	180,800 5,828,400	186,200 5,990,500	191,800 6,157,800	197,400 6,329,700	203,400 6,506,800	235,900 7,470,600	273,400 8,580,100	316,80 9,857,10
Off-Street Lots		, ,						, ,
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits Total - Admin	0 42,200	0 43,400	0 44,900	0 46,400	0 47,900	0 56,200	0 65,200	75,20
Total - Equipment Maintenance	3,800	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,70
Total - Facility Maintenance	9,900	10,400	10,600	10,800	11,000	12,000	13,000	14,20
Total - Collections Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	4,000 90,900	4,100 92,700	4,200 94,700	4,300 96,600	4,400 98,500	4,900 108,700	5,400 120,000	5,90 132,50
Total - Utilities	3,700	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,70
Total - Insurance Total - Other Operations Expenses	700 64,000	700 66,000	700 67,900	700 69,800	700 71,900	700 83,200	700 96,000	70 111,10
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,00
On-Street Total - Labor	323,900	333,600	343,600	353,900	364,500	422,500	489,900	567,90
Total - Admin	142,600	146,900	151,300	155,800	160,500	186,100	215,800	250,30
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	14,600 16,900	15,000 17,400	15,500 17,900	16,000 18,400	16,500 19,000	19,100 22,000	22,100 25,500	25,60 29,60
Total - Collections	26,500	27,300	28,100	28,900	29,800	34,500	40,000	46,40
Total - Operations Expenses Total - Meter Revenue Tax	45,300 235,000	46,700 236,100	48,100 237,300	49,500 269,700	51,000 271,000	59,100 277,800	68,500 284,700	79,40 291,80
Total - Sales Tax	122,500	123,100	123,700	140,600	141,300	144,800	148,400	152,10
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters General and Administrative	927,300 1,255,800	946,100	965,500 1,332,300	1,032,800 1,372,300	1,053,600 1,413,500	1,165,900	1,294,900 1,899,600	1,443,10 2,202,20
Payment for Enforcement	439,600	1,293,500 452,800	466,400	480,400	494,800	1,638,600 573,500	664,900	770,70
otal Expenses	8,670,300	8,908,000	9,153,000	9,452,000	9,711,500	11,123,700	12,750,200	14,624,10
PILOT Abatement Meter Revenue Tax Abatement	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	
otal Expenses - Adjusted	8,670,300	8,908,000	9,153,000	9,452,000	9,711,500	11,123,700	12,750,200	14,624,10
et Operating Income (before CAPEX)	2,973,700	2,892,400	2,774,500	2,909,400	2,782,200	2,307,300	1,751,900	1,081,400
apital Expenditures								
Garages Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5,143,000	687,000	711,000	749,000	776,000	939,000	217,000	820,00
Parking Equipment	0	0	2,162,000	0	0	0	3,049,700	00.00
Lots On-Street	47,300 0	49,000 0	50,700 0	52,400 0	54,300 0	64,500 0	76,600 0	90,90
otal Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,900
et Operating Income (NOI)	(2,216,600)	2,156,400	(149,200)	2,108,000	1,951,900	1,303,800	(1,591,400)	170,500
		SU	MMARY					
reliminary Assumptions for Public Financing verage Net Operating Income	\$ 814,595			Summary Compa Model Scenario 3	rison of Replace		rvative with No Ta	ıx Abatement
ssumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20			Replacement Parki	ng		Above Grade	Below Grade
lew Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)	\$ 678,829			Number of Spaces			3,675	3,67
ax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I) mortization Period (n)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space Est. Capital Replace	ement Cost (Ast	(\$ sal Year Dollars)	31,494 \$ 115,739,889	59,98 220,457,00
Annual PMT	\$1.00			Est. Avg. Annual N		an roar Loudis)	814,595	814,59
resent Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$12.46			Est. Supportable D	ebt Amount		8,459,712	8,459,71
mortizable Principle Amount (PMT x PV Factor)	\$ 8,459,712			Est. Funding Surp	luc//Deficit)	•	(107,280,177) \$	(211,997,28

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



Conservative with Full Tax Abatements	1	2	3		5	10	15	2
Revenue (rounded)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	203
Volume Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,938,821	1,958,374	1,978,144	1,998,135	2,018,349	2.114.249	2.215.504	2,322,42
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume	10,864	10,979	11,095		11,332	11,814	12,323	12,85
On-Street - Utilized Hours	1,245,759	1,252,611	1,259,501	1,242,829	1,249,665	1,284,411	1,320,123	1,356,82
Off-Street Garages	0.445.500	0.004.000	0.400.000	0.500.000	0.700.400	10.017.700	44 040 400	40.000.00
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	9,115,500 (465,900)	9,284,300 (474,500)	9,422,000 (481,500)	9,562,600 (488,900)	9,706,100 (496,100)	10,617,700 (543,200)	11,649,400 (596,300)	12,820,000 (656,800
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	8,649,600	8,809,800	8,940,500	9,073,700	9,210,000	10,074,500	11,053,100	12,163,200
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(191,500) (11,100)	(211,300) (11,200)	(230,900) (11,400)		(271,800) (11,700)	(315,900) (13,100)	(346,600) (14,900)	(381,500 (16,700
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	8,447,000	8,587,300	8,698,200	8,811,100	8,926,500	9,745,500	10,691,600	11,765,00
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	963,100	974,200	985,400	996,700	1,008,100	1,067,500	1,130,300	1,196,80
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,300)	(50,800)	(51,400)	(51,900)	(52,600)	(55,600)	(59,000)	(62,400
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax) (Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	912,800 (20,200)	923,400 (22,200)	934,000 (24,100)	944,800 (26,000)	955,500 (28,300)	1,011,900 (31,800)	1,071,300 (33,500)	1,134,400 (35,600
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,400)	(2,500)	(2,600)	(2,800
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots On-Street	890,300	898,900	907,600	916,500	924,800	977,600	1,035,200	1,096,000
Meter Parking Revenue	2,063,600	2,075,000	2,086,400	2,410,700	2,423,900	2,491,300	2,560,600	2,631,800
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees Construction Related	(43,300) 286,400	(47,200) 286,400	(51,100) 286,400	(63,300) 286,400	(67,900) 286,400	(69,800) 286,400	(71,700) 286,400	(73,700 286,400
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,306,700	2,314,200	2,321,700	2,633,800	2,642,400	2,707,900	2,775,300	2,844,50
Total Revenue	11,644,000	11,800,400	11,927,500	12,361,400	12,493,700	13,431,000	14,502,100	15,705,500
Expenses (rounded)	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	, ,
Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits Total - Admin	2,870,700 602,100	2,956,700 620,000	3,045,500 638,500	3,136,800 657,700	3,231,000 677,500	3,745,700 785,300	4,342,600 910,200	5,034,400 1,055,000
Total - Equipment Maintenance	359,100	369,900	381,000	392,500	404,300	469,000	543,600	630,300
Total - Facility Maintenance Total - Collections	255,600 84,600	263,200 87,000	271,100 89,600	279,200 92,400	287,500 95,200	333,300 110,300	386,300 127,900	447,80 148,00
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	1,221,300	1,245,700	1,270,600	1,296,000	1,321,900	1,459,400	1,611,500	1,779,40
Total - Utilities Total - Insurance	235,000 19,200	242,100 19,700	249,400 20,300	256,800 20,900	264,500 21,500	306,700 25,000	355,600 29,000	412,300 33,100
Total - Other Operations Expenses	180,800	186,200	191,800	197,400	203,400	235,900	273,400	316,800
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages	5,828,400	5,990,500	6,157,800	6,329,700	6,506,800	7,470,600	8,580,100	9,857,100
Off-Street Lots Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Total - Admin	42,200	43,400	44,900	46,400	47,900	56,200	65,200	75,200
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	3,800 9,900	3,900 10,400	4,000 10,600	4,100 10,800	4,200 11,000	4,700 12,000	5,200 13,000	5,700 14,200
Total - Collections	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,300	4,400	4,900	5,400	5,90
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	90,900 3,700	92,700 3,900	94,700 4,000	96,600 4,100	98,500 4,200	108,700 4,700	120,000 5,200	132,500 5,700
Total - Insurance	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	64,000 219,200	66,000 225,100	67,900 231,000	69,800 236,800	71,900 242,800	83,200 275,100	96,000 310,700	111,100 351,00 0
On-Street	213,200	223,100	231,000	250,000	242,000	273,100	310,700	331,000
Total - Labor Total - Admin	323,900 142,600	333,600 146,900	343,600 151,300	353,900 155,800	364,500 160,500	422,500 186,100	489,900 215,800	567,900 250,300
Total - Equipment Maintenance	14,600	15,000	15,500	16,000	16,500	19,100	22,100	25,600
Total - Facility Maintenance	16,900	17,400	17,900	18,400	19,000	22,000	25,500	29,600
Total - Collections Total - Operations Expenses	26,500 45,300	27,300 46,700	28,100 48,100	28,900 49,500	29,800 51,000	34,500 59,100	40,000 68,500	46,400 79,400
Total - Meter Revenue Tax	235,000	236,100	237,300	269,700	271,000	277,800	284,700	291,800
Total - Sales Tax Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	122,500 927,300	123,100 946,100	123,700 965,500	140,600 1,032,800	141,300 1,053,600	144,800 1,165,900	148,400 1,294,900	152,100 1,443,10 0
General and Administrative	1,255,800	1,293,500	1,332,300	1,372,300	1,413,500	1,638,600	1,899,600	2,202,200
Payment for Enforcement	439,600	452,800	466,400	480,400	494,800	573,500	664,900	770,700
Total Expenses PILOT Abatement	8,670,300 1,312,200	8,908,000 1,338,400	9,153,000 1,365,300	9,452,000 1,392,600	9,711,500 1,420,400	11,123,700 1,568,100	12,750,200 1,731,500	14,624,10 0
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement	235,000	236,100	237,300	269,700	271,000	277,800	284,700	291,800
Total Expenses - Adjusted	7,123,100	7,333,500	7,550,400	7,789,700	8,020,100	9,277,800	10,734,000	12,420,400
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	4,520,900	4,466,900	4,377,100	4,571,700	4,473,600	4,153,200	3,768,100	3,285,10
Capital Expenditures Garages								
Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5,143,000	569,000	589,000	635,000	655,000	3,004,000	1,243,000	1,796,000
Parking Equipment Total Capital Expenditures	5,143,000	569,000	2,162,000 2,751,000	635,000	655,000	3,004,000	3,049,700 4,292,700	1,796,000
				•				
Net Operating Income (NOI)	(622,100)	3,897,900 SU	1,626,100 IMMARY	3,936,700	3,818,600	1,149,200	(524,600)	1,489,100
Preliminary Assumptions for Public Financing				Summary Compa				
Average Net Operating Income Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	\$ 2,976,635 1.20			Model Scenario 3 Replacement Park			vative with Full Above Grade	Fax Abatement Below Grade
New Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)	\$ 2,480,529			Number of Spaces	9		3,675	3,675
Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space		\$	31,494	\$ 59,98
				Est. Capital Replac	cement Cost (Acti	ual Year Dollars)	115,739,889	220,457,000
Amortization Period (n)	20					aar roar Donaro)		
Amortization Period (n) Annual PMT Present Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$1.00 \$12.46			Est. Avg. Annual N Est. Supportable D	IOI	au roui Boilaro)	2,976,635 30,912,876	2,976,63 30,912,87

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT

LIMITING CONDITIONS

This report is subject to the following limiting conditions:

- 1. This report is based on assumptions outside the control of Walker Parking Consultants/Engineers, Inc. ("Walker") and/or our client. Therefore, Walker cannot guarantee the results.
- 2. The results and conclusions presented in this report may be dependent on future assumptions regarding the local, national, or international economy. These assumptions and resultant conclusions may be invalid in the event of war, terrorism, economic recession, rationing, or other events that may cause a significant change in economic conditions.
- 3. Walker assumes no responsibility for any events or circumstances that take place or change subsequent to the date of our field inspections.
- 4. Sketches, photographs, maps and other exhibits included herein may not be of engineering quality or to a consistent scale, and should not be relied upon as such.
- 5. All information, estimates, and opinions obtained from parties not employed by Walker, are assumed to be accurate. We assume no liability resulting from information presented by the client or client's representatives, or received from third-party sources.
- 6. All mortgages, liens, encumbrances, leases, and servitudes have been disregarded unless specified otherwise. Unless noted, we assume that there are no encroachments, zoning violations, or building violations encumbering the subject properties.
- 7. This report is to be used in whole and not in part. None of the contents of this report may be reproduced or disseminated in any form for external use by anyone other than our client without our written permission.
- 8. The projections presented in the analysis assume responsible ownership and competent management. Any departure from this assumption may have a negative impact on the conclusions.
- 9. Computer models that use and generate precise numbers generate some of the figures and conclusions presented in this report. The use of seemingly exact numbers is not intended to suggest a level of accuracy that may not exist. A reasonable margin of error may be assumed regarding most numerical conclusions. Conversely, some numbers are rounded and as a result some conclusions may be subject to small rounding errors.

