

CITY OF MADISON PARKING UTILITY MADISON, WISCONSIN

Prepared for: CITY OF MADISON PARKING UTILITY

January 10, 2014 Final Report



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JANUARY 10, 2014 FINAL REPORT



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	i
INTRODUCTION	1
Objectives	
Report Organization	
MADISON PARKING UTILITY	2
Parking Utility Mission	
Organizational Structure and Staffing	
Description of Parking Utility Assets	
Parking Utility Financial Position	
Sources and Uses of Operating Revenue	
Operating Revenue by Facility	
Operating Expenses by Facility Taxes and Parking Meter Occupancy Tax	
Financial Performance by Facility	
Capitol Square North Garage	
Overture Center Garage	
Government East Garage	
8	
State Street Campus Garage – Frances State Street Campus Garage – Lake	
State Street Campus Garage – Combined	
State Street Caripus Garage	
Brayton Lot	
Blair Lot	
Buckeye Lot	
Evergreen Lot	
Lot 88	
Wilson Lot	
Wingra Lot	
On-Street Meter Parking Financial Performance	
On-Street Parking Enforcement and Security Services	
Summary of Parking Utility Financial Performance	
Summary of Faiking Utility financial Feromance	
PARKING MARKET CONDITIONS	30
Local Market Conditions	
Market Parking Rates	
Special Event Parking Rates	
Historical Parking Rate Adjustments	
Elimination of Minimum Parking Requirements	
Future Parking Conditions	
Capital Expenditure Projections	35
Facility Replacement	
Facility Repairs and Maintenance	
Anticipated General Maintenance Approach	

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

Operations and Policies	47
Business Model	47
Self-Operate	47
Third-Party Management	47
Examples of Public Parking Organization Structures	
Revenue Enhancement Options	
Additional On-Street Meters	
Meter Enforcement Hours	
Citation Revenue	
Accessible Parking Permits	
Parking Tax	
Capital Replacement Funding Options	58
General Obligation Bonds	
Parking Utility Bonds	58
Tax Increment Financing	58
Public Private Partnerships	59
Sell Air Rights	
Private Bond Payment Guarantee	
The bond Fayment Guarantee	
Financial Operating Scenarios	61
rinancial Operating scenarios	01
Exhibit 1. Darking Litility Organization Chart	2
Exhibit 1: Parking Utility Organization Chart	
Exhibit 2: Parking Assets Controlled by Madison Parking Utility	
Exhibit 3: Parking Utility Facility Map Exhibit 4: Historical Operating Income	
Exhibit 5: Summary of Parking Utility Financial Standing – Audited CY2012	
Exhibit 5: Sources and Uses of Operating Revenue CY2012	/Q
Exhibit 7: Overview of Operating Revenue by Off-Street Parking Facility	
Exhibit 8: Off-Street Parking Gross Revenue by Facility	
Exhibit 9: Off-Street Gross Revenue by Facility and Revenue Source	
Exhibit 10: Operating Expenditures by Off-Street Parking Facility	
Exhibit 11: Capitol Square North Garage	
Exhibit 12: Overture Garage	
Exhibit 13: Government East Garage	
Exhibit 14: State Street Campus Garage – Frances	
Exhibit 15: State Street Campus Garage – Lake	
Exhibit 16: State Street Campus Garage - Combined (Frances & Lake)	
Exhibit 17: State Street Capitol Garage	
Exhibit 18: Brayton Lot	
Exhibit 19: Blair Lot	22
Exhibit 20: Buckeye Lot	23
Exhibit 21: Evergreen Lot	24
Exhibit 22: Lot 88	25
Exhibit 23: Wilson Lot	
Exhibit 24: Wingra Lot	
Exhibit 25: On-Street Meter Parking Financial Performance	
Exhibit 26: Summary of Parking Utility Financial Performance	
Exhibit 27: Parking Market Area – Primary Parking Locations	
Exhibit 28: Comparative Parking Rates and Locations	
Exhibit 29: Historical Parking Rate Adjustments	
Exhibit 30: Conceptual Estimate of Future Capital Expenditures	
Exhibit 31: Parking Structure Characteristics.	
Exhibit 32: Summary of Parking Utility Capital Expenditure Projections – No Replacement Scenario	
Exhibit 33: State Street Capitol Parking Structure	
Exhibit 34: State Street Campus (Lake) Parking Structure	41

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

Exhibit 35: State Street Campus (Frances) Parking Structure	42
Exhibit 36: Government East Parking Structure - 20 Year Extension	43
Exhibit 37: Government East Parking Structure – Demolition	43
Exhibit 38: Capitol Square North Parking Structure	
Exhibit 39: Overture Center Parking Structure	45
Exhibit 40: Summary of Capital Maintenance with 20-Year System Facility Replacement Schedule	46
Exhibit 41: Summary of Capital Maintenance with Only Government East Replacement	46
Exhibit 42: Self-Operate with Forecasted Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies	48
Exhibit 43: Self-Operate with Moderate Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies	49
Exhibit 44: Self-Operate with Optimal Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies	50
Exhibit 45: Potential Revenue from Additional On-street Meters	55
Exhibit 46: Potential Revenue Generated by Extending the Hours of On-Street Meter Enforcement	56
Exhibit 47: Financial Operating Scenarios	
Exhibit 48: On-Street Parking Rate Assumptions (Scenarios 1, 2 and 3)	
Exhibit 49: Off-Street Parking Rate Assumptions - Scenario 1	63
Exhibit 50: Off-Street Parking Rate Assumptions - Scenario 2	
Exhibit 51: Off-Street Parking Rate Assumptions - Scenario 3	65
Exhibit 52: Scenario 1A: Optimal - No Tax Abatements	
Exhibit 53: Scenario 1B: Optimal With Tax Abatements	67
Exhibit 54: Scenario 2A: Moderate – No Tax Abatement	68
Exhibit 55: Scenario 2B: Moderate with Full Tax Abatement	69
Exhibit 56: Scenario 3A: Conservative with No Tax Abatement	70
Exhibit 57: Scenario 3B: Conservative with Full Tax Abatement	71

imiting Conditions

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The City of Madison Parking Utility (Parking Utility) has maintained its financial solvency by charging fees that cover all of the costs incurred in providing service. While the physical conditions of the parking structures have been routinely monitored and serviced for repairs, the average age is 43 years and all of the parking structures will either require replacement or significant rehabilitation within the next 20 years. The current financial position of the Parking Utility is stable with an operating capital reserve and no existing debt, but there is a concern for how it might service the impending capital costs. The Parking Utility properly recognizes that it is approaching a "day of reckoning" where past practices will no longer allow it to keep pace with changing conditions. At some point in the near future, the Parking Utility will be "under water" with its finances, unless new approaches are taken. This study explores options for addressing future financial challenges.

This report on the Parking Utility represents an effort by Walker Parking Consultants (Walker) to develop a document that achieves a balanced evaluation for the City, its citizenry who rely on a safe, convenient parking system, as well as for visitors who want to come and enjoy Downtown Madison. This report reflects local information obtained from focus group meetings where community members, Walker staff and representatives of the Parking Utility discussed public parking policies and future considerations.

The objective of this analysis is to provide an independent evaluation of the parking operation and provide options that may help the Parking Utility sustain financial solvency in light of future capital expenditures. This report is not an audit of or a budget for the Parking Utility. This report provides information for the Parking Utility to use when developing a financial plan of action. This report is intended to help the Parking Utility determine if the auxiliary enterprise is going to have sufficient resources available in the near and long term to address future capital costs.

MADISON PARKING UTILITY

The Parking Utility is responsible for the operation and maintenance of 5,550 parking spaces. The parking system includes 3,675 spaces in five parking structures, 473 spaces in seven surface parking lots, and 1,402 on-street metered parking spaces. A summary of the Parking Utility's CY2012 operating revenue and expenses are presented below:

Source of Revenue	Gr	oss Revenue	% of Total
Parking Garages	\$	8,653,058	72%
On-Street Meters		2,338,696	19%
Parking Lots		932,670	8%
Other		121,669	1%
Total	\$	12,046,093	100%

Uses of Revenue	E۶	penditures	% of Total
Salaries	\$	4,652,718	48%
Non-Salaries		1,933,203	20%
PILOT/Meter Tax		1,506,566	15%
Capital Expenditures		1,056,803	11%
Sales Tax		620,736	6%
Total	\$	9,770,025	100%



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

FACILITY REPLACEMENT

The age of each parking structure and the conceptual estimate of replacement cost are provided in the following exhibit. The figures are provided for strategic planning purposes and are not budget numbers. For comparison, the analysis includes figures for below and above grade construction. Since the exact replacement capacities and design configurations are unknown, the base assumption is that the replacement supply is equal to the current supply. If the Parking Utility were to replace all the structured parking assets at once, the conceptual estimate of cost in 2014 dollars is approximately \$77 million to \$147 million. The wide range represents the significant cost difference in building new parking above or underground. The replacement of the parking structures will likely occur over an extended period of time with the condition and age of each facility determining the sequence. This approach does increase the conceptual estimate of cost. The assumption applied in this analysis is that construction costs may increase annually by an average of 3.5 percent. The result is a much higher total cost of approximately \$115 million to \$220 million for above grade and below grade construction, respectively.

Conceptual Estimate of Future Capital Expenditures

2014 Dollars													
					Conceptual E	stim		Conceptual Estim ate for					
					Below Grade	e Pa	rking		Above Gra	Parking			
Facility Name	Spaces	Year Built	Age	F	Project Cost Debt Service		Debt Service		roject Cost	De	ebt Service		
Government East	516	1958	55	\$	20,640,000	\$	1,656,000	\$	10,836,000	\$	870,000		
State Street Capitol	855	1961	52		34,200,000		2,744,000		17,955,000		1,441,000		
Capitol Square North	613	1971	42		24,520,000		1,968,000		12,873,000		1,033,000		
State Street Campus	1,066												
Lake Street (Phase 1)	533	1964	49		21,320,000		1,711,000		11,193,000		898,000		
Frances Street (Phase 2)	533	1982	31		21,320,000		1,711,000		11,193,000		898,000		
Overture Center	625	1982	31		25,000,000		2,006,000		13,125,000		1,053,000		
Total (2013 Dollars)	3,675	Average	43	\$	147,000,000	\$	11,796,000	\$	77,175,000	\$	6,193,000		

Adjusted Capital Expenditures for Actual Year Dollars (3.5%/Yr.)

			Conceptual Estim ate for					Conceptual Estim ate for					
			Below Grade Parking					Above Gra	ide P	arking			
FacilityName	Spaces	Replacement Year	P	Project Cost	De	ebt Service	Pi	roject Cost	De	bt Service			
Government East	516	2014	\$	20,640,000	\$	1,656,000	\$	10,836,000	\$	870,000			
SSC - Lake (Phase 1)	533	2019		24,465,000		1,963,000		12,844,225		1,031,000			
State Street Capitol	855	2024		46,611,000		3,740,000		24,470,822		1,964,000			
Capitol Square North	613	2029		39,690,000		3,185,000		20,837,455		1,672,000			
SSC - Frances (Phase 2)	533	2033		40,988,000		3,289,000		21,518,557		1,727,000			
Overture Center	625	2033		48,063,000		3,857,000		25,232,830		2,025,000			
Total (Adjusted Dollars)	3,675		\$	220,457,000	\$	17,690,000	\$	115,739,889	\$	9,289,000			

Sources: City of Madison Parking Utility; Walker Parking Consultants, 2014

Estimate of Debt Service Payment uses inputs of 20-year term and 5% rate



FINAL REPORT

The current operation of the Parking Utility is unlikely to maintain financial solvency beyond the first two redevelopment projects. The Parking Utility's operating conditions are projected and shown for each development in the following exhibit. For comparison, projections are prepared for below and above grade construction. Both scenarios would require significant contributions from the Parking Utility capital reserves that would reduce the fund balance to less than one year of operating budget. The summary below is a stress test on the Parking Utility funds and does not include capital contributions from other sources.

Summary of Capital Replacement Projects

Parking Structure	G	overnment East		itate Street ampus-Lake	s	State Street Capitol	Ca	pitol Square North		Overture		itate Street npus-Francis
Replacement Period		2015-16		2020-21		2024-25		2029-30	2033-34			2033-34
Replacement Spaces		516		533		855		613		625		533
Above or Below Grade	Be	elow Grade	Be	elow Grade	В	elow Grade	в	elow Grade	Below Grade		Grade Below G	
Estimate of Probable Replacement Cost (Actual Year)	\$	20,640,000	\$	24,465,000	\$	46,611,000	\$	39,690,000	\$	40,988,000	\$	48,063,000
Funding Options:												
Parking Utility Reserves	\$	14,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000
Reserve Balance	\$	12,000,000	\$	12,000,000	\$	13,164,000	\$	11,164,000	\$	9,164,000	\$	7,164,000
Parking Utility Revenue Bonds	\$	6,640,000	\$	22,465,000	\$	44,611,000	\$	37,690,000	\$	38,988,000	\$	46,063,000
General Obligation Bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Private Participation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Parking Tax		-		-		-		-		-		-
Estimated Parking Utility NOI	\$	2,479,000	\$	1,946,000	\$	143,000	\$	(3,437,000)	\$	(6,461,000)	\$	(9,589,000)
Estimate Annual Debt Service Payment	\$	533,000	\$	1,803,000	\$	3,580,000	\$	3,024,000	\$	3,128,000	\$	3,696,000
Surplus/(Deficit)	\$	1,946,000	\$	143,000	\$	(3,437,000)	\$	(6,461,000)	\$	(9,589,000)	\$	(13,285,000)

Parking Structure	G	iovernment East		State Street ampus-Lake	S	State Street Capitol	Ca	pitol Square North		Overture	-	tate Street npus-Francis		
Replacement Period		2015-16		2020-21		2024-25		2029-30		2029-30 2033-34		2033-34	2033-34	
Replacement Spaces		516		533		855		613		625		533		
Above or Below Grade	A	bove Grade	A	bove Grade	A	bove Grade Above Grade Above Grade		e Above Grade		Above Grade				
Estimate of Probable Replacement Cost (Actual Year)	\$	10,836,000	\$	12,844,225	\$	24,470,822	\$	20,837,455	\$	21,518,557	\$	25,232,830		
Funding Options:														
Parking Utility Reserves	\$	10,836,000	\$	12,844,225	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000		
Reserve Balance	\$	15,164,000	\$	2,319,775	\$	7,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$	1,000,000		
Estimated Contribution to Reserves from NOI	\$	-	\$	5,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Parking Utility Revenue Bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,470,822	\$	18,837,455	\$	19,518,557	\$	23,232,830		
General Obligation Bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Private Participation		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Parking Tax		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Estimated Parking Utility NOI	\$	2,479,000	\$	2,479,000	\$	2,479,000		676,000		(836,000)		(2,402,000)		
Estimate Annual Debt Service Payment	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,803,000	· ·	1,512,000		1,566,000		1,864,000		
Surplus/(Deficit)	\$	2,479,000	\$	2,479,000	\$	676,000	Ф	(836,000)	Þ	(2,402,000)	Ф	(4,266,000)		



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

Options for improving the long-term financial position of the Parking Utility are provided in the following exhibit. Details on each option are provided in the body of this report.

Option	Description	Potential Impact
1	Suspend or terminate the annual Parking Meter Occupancy Tax paid to the City's General Fund.	\$200,000 in Revenue Increase
2	Suspend the annual Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) paid to the City's General Fund	\$1.3 million in Revenue Increase
3	Competitively bid on-street parking enforcement services. Request that Madison Police Department submit a competitive bid for enforcement services along with qualified firms.	10-20% Cost Reduction
4	Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies. According to the Parking Utility, up to 18.65 FTE are eligible for retirement through 2018.	\$1.2 Million Cost Reduction
5	Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies gained by <i>moderate</i> use of parking access and revenue control automation technology.	\$800,000 Cost Reduction
6	Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies gained by <i>optimal</i> use of parking access and revenue control automation technology.	\$1.5 Million Cost Reduction
7	Eliminate all time limits for on-street meter parking and implement an escalating price schedule to manage turnover. This option removes regulation by time and replaces it with an economic choice. For example, a patron parking at a multi-space meter for \$1.75 per hour could pay \$42 to park in that space for 24 hours or \$14 to park for eight hours.	Revenue Increase
8	Increase the hourly on-street meter rates nearest to Capitol Square and lower on-street meter rates in underutilized areas.	Revenue Increase
9	Convert all 2-hour time limit curb-side parking to meter parking and charge a minimum of \$1.00 per hour.	Revenue Increase



JANUARY 10, 2014

options for Improving Financial Position of the Parking Utility (Continued)								
Option	Description	Potential Impact						
10	Increase special event parking rates at the Overture Center, State Street Capitol and State Street Campus Garages (Lake & Frances) from \$5.00 per event to a minimum of \$10.00 and a maximum of \$25.00. This would align special event rates more closely with the University of Wisconsin, Kohl Center, and Camp Randall special event rates of \$10.00 to \$25.00.	Revenue Increase						
11	Offer special event parking at Multi-Space Meters located near special event locations. Charge a premium hourly or flat rate for on-street event parking.	Revenue Increase						
12	Install, operate and maintain new on-street meters serving 78 spaces. The estimated net gain in meter operating revenue is approximately \$58,000 per year.	\$58,000 Revenue Increase						
13	Extend hours of enforcement to 9:00 PM, Monday through Saturday.	\$535,000 Revenue Increase						
14	Reallocate citation revenue to the Parking Utility.	Revenue Increase						
15	Take actions to modify current parking regulations that exempt Persons with Disabilities from parking fees and time limit restrictions at metered spaces with a time limit of 30 minutes or longer. State Statutes currently exempt Persons with Disabilities from any ordinance imposing time limitations and meter payment at metered stalls where the time limitation is one-half hour or more.	Up to an \$800,000 Revenue Increase						
16	Collect a City parking surcharge in downtown Madison with revenue pledged to service capital reserve and debt obligations for Parking Utility structure replacement.	Revenue Increase						
17	Issue General Obligation Bonds to pay for all or a portion of the parking improvements.	Reduces Utility Debt Obligation						
18	Issue Parking Utility Bonds to pay for a portion of the parking improvements.	Funds Near Terr Replacement Projects (1-10 Yrs						
19	Pursue Tax Increment Financing grant through a qualifying partner.	Reduces Utility Debt Obligation						
20	Sell air-rights above each public parking structure to reduce the amount of capital financed by the City and or Parking Utility. A form of private participation of funds.	Reduces Utility Debt Obligation						



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

Options fo	or Improving Financial Position of the Parking Utility (Continued)	
21	Obtain bond payment guarantee from any private development built in combination with a public parking replacement project.	Mitigate Operating Risk
22	Build above grade parking to reduce potential debt amount. Many cities want underground parking - but most are unable to afford the premium cost.	Reduction in Required Funding
23	Reduce the number of parking spaces that will be replaced. Build only what can be paid for by the Utility.	Reduction in Required Funding
24	Implement Conservative (Scenario 3) Pricing Strategy Details in Exhibit 49 and Exhibit 52	Revenue Increase
25	Implement Moderate (Scenario 2) Pricing Strategy Details in Exhibit 49 and Exhibit 51	Revenue Increase
26	Implement Optimal (Scenario 1) Pricing Strategy Details in Exhibit 49 and Exhibit 50	Revenue Increase

Scenario 1 financial summary is presented in the following exhibit.



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

Optimal with Full Tax Abatements Revenue (rounded)	1 2014	2 2015	3 2016	4 2017	5 2018	10 2023	15 2028	2 203
/olume	2014	2015	2010	2017	2016	2023	2028	203
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,953,197	1,931,313	1,929,204	1,868,617	1,835,218	1,922,411	2,020,474	2,123,53
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,944 1,255,052	11,061 1,247,852	11,161 1,258,133	11,264 1,266,334	11,344 1,273,633	11,875 1,346,500	12,480 1,408,851	13,11 1,480,93
Off-Street Garages								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	9,797,600 (501,400)	10,622,600 (544,100)	11,309,400 (579,600)	12,508,200 (641,700)	13,596,000 (697,900)	16,623,300 (853,400)	20,142,900 (1,034,100)	24,413,400 (1,253,300
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	9,296,200	10,078,500	10,729,800	11,866,500	12,898,100	15,769,900	19,108,800	23,160,100
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(205,700)	(241,700)	(277,100)	(328,300)	(380,700)	(494,600)	(599,300)	(726,300
(Less) Uncollected Receivables Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	(11,100) 9,079,400	(11,700) 9,825,100	(12,200) 10,440,500	(12,900) 11,525,300	(13,600) 12,503,800	(16,800) 15,258,500	(20,300) 18,489,200	(24,80) 22,409,00
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	970,200	1,035,000	1,098,600	1,172,400	1,251,100	1,524,300	1,857,300	2,262,90
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,700)	(54,000)	(57,300)	(61,100)	(65,200)	(79,500)	(96,900)	(117,90
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	919,500	981,000	1,041,300	1,111,300	1,185,900	1,444,800	1,760,400	2,145,00
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(20,300) (2,300)	(23,600) (2,300)	(26,800) (2,400)	(30,700) (2,500)	(35,000) (2,500)	(45,500) (3,100)	(55,300) (3,800)	(67,300 (4,500
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots	896,900	955,100	1,012,100	1,078,100	1,148,400	1,396,200	1,701,300	2,073,20
On-Street Meter Parking Revenue	2,079,000	2,620,400	2,763,900	2,954,500	3,174,300	3,671,700	4,577,300	5,537,800
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(43,700)	(59,600)	(67,700)	(77,600)	(88,900)	(102,800)	(128,200)	(155,100
Construction Related	295,000	303,800	312,900	322,300	332,000	384,900	446,200	517,200
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,330,300	2,864,600	3,009,100	3,199,200	3,417,400	3,953,800	4,895,300	5,899,900
Total Revenue	12,306,600	13,644,800	14,461,700	15,802,600	17,069,600	20,608,500	25,085,800	30,382,10
Expenses (rounded) Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,153,900	2,218,400	2,285,100	2,353,700	2,424,300	2,810,300	3,258,400	3,777,20
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	602,100 359,100	620,000 369,900	638,500 381,000	657,700 392,500	677,500 404,300	785,300 469,000	910,200 543,600	1,055,00 630,30
Total - Facility Maintenance	255,600	263,200	271,100	279,200	287,500	333,300	386,300	447,80
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,00
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300 235,000	1,245,700 242,100	1,270,600 249,400	1,296,000 256,800	1,321,900 264,500	1,459,400 306,700	1,611,500 355,600	1,779,40 412,30
Total - Insurance	19,200	19,700	20,300	20,900	21,500	25,000	29,000	33,10
Total - Other Operations Expenses	180,800	186,200	191,800	197,400	203,400	235,900	273,400	316,80
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	5,111,600	5,252,200	5,397,400	5,546,600	5,700,100	6,535,200	7,495,900	8,599,90
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Total - Admin	42,200	43,400	44,900	46,400	47,900	56,200	65,200	75,20
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	3,800 9,900	3,900 10,400	4,000 10,600	4,100 10,800	4,200 11,000	4,700 12,000	5,200 13,000	5,70 14,20
Total - Collections	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,300	4,400	4,900	5,400	5,90
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	90,900 3,700	92,700	94,700	96,600	98,500	108,700	120,000	132,50 5,70
Total - Insurance	3,700 700	3,900 700	4,000 700	4,100 700	4,200 700	4,700 700	5,200 700	5,70
Total - Other Operations Expenses	64,000	66,000	67,900	69,800	71,900	83,200	96,000	111,10
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots On-Street	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,00
Total - Labor	238,500	245,700	253,100	260,700	268,500	311,300	360,800	418,20
Total - Admin	142,600	146,900	151,300	155,800	160,500	186,100	215,800	250,30
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	14,600 16,900	15,000 17,400	15,500 17,900	16,000 18,400	16,500 19,000	19,100 22,000	22,100 25,500	25,60 29,60
Total - Collections	26,500	27,300	28,100	28,900	29,800	34,500	40,000	46,40
Total - Operations Expenses	45,300	46,700	48,100	49,500	51,000	59,100	68,500	79,40
Total - Meter Revenue Tax Total - Sales Tax	237,400 123,800	292,400 152,400	307,700 160,400	327,700 170,800	350,600 182,800	405,700 211,500	502,300 261,900	605,50 315,70
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	845,600	943,800	982,100	1,027,800	1,078,700	1,249,300	1,496,900	1,770,70
General and Administrative Payment for Enforcement	1,227,000 439,600	1,263,800 452,800	1,301,700 466,400	1,340,800 480.400	1,381,000 494,800	1,601,000 573,500	1,856,100 664,900	2,151,80 770,70
fotal Expenses	7,843,000	8,137,700	8,378,600	8,632,400	8,897,400	10,234,100	11,824,500	13,644,10
PILOT Abatement	1,312,200	1,338,400	1,365,300	1,392,600	1,420,400	1,568,100	1,731,500	1,911,90
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement Total Expenses - Adjusted	237,400 6.293.400	292,400 6,506,900	307,700 6,705,600	327,700 6,912,100	350,600 7,126,400	405,700 8,260,300	502,300 9,590,700	605,50 11,126,70
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	6,013,200	7,137,900	7,756,100	8,890,500	9,943,200	12,348,200	15,495,100	19,255,40
Capital Expenditures Garages								
Garage Rehab (Including Lighting) Parking Equipment	5,143,000 0	687,000 0	711,000 2,162,000	749,000 0	776,000 0	939,000 0	217,000 3,049,700	820,00
Lots	47,300	49,000	50,700	52,400	54,300	64,500	76,600	90,90
On-Street Total Capital Expenditures	0 5,190,300	0 736,000	0 2,923,700	0 801,400	0 830,300	0 1,003,500	0 3,343,300	910,90
let Operating Income (NOI)	822,900	6,401,900	4,832,400	8,089,100	9,112,900	11,344,700	12,151,800	18,344,50
	522,000	0, 101,000	.,	5,555,100	0,		,,	,,

Rounded	\$ 118,597,000
Amortizable Principle Amount (PMT x PV Factor)	\$ 118,596,781
Present Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$12.46
Annual PMT	\$1.00
Amortization Period (n)	20
Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%
New Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)	\$ 9,516,513
Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20
Average Net Operating Income	\$ 11,419,815

Model Scenario 1	Opt	imal with Full	Ta	x Abatements
Replacement Parking	A	bove Grade	E	Below Grade
Number of Spaces		3,675		3,675
Avg. Cost/Space	\$	31,494	\$	59,988
Est. Capital Replacement Cost (Actual Year Dollars)		115,739,889		220,457,000
Est. Avg. Annual NOI		11,419,815		11,419,815
Est. Supportable Debt Amount		118,596,781		118,596,781
Est. Funding Surplus/(Deficit)	\$	2,856,892	\$	(101,860,219)
Rounded	\$	2,857,000	\$	(101,860,000)

Executive Summary Page vii

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

INTRODUCTION

One of Downtown Madison's defining characteristics is its focus on being a place where the community comes together to live, work and play. Within this vibrant economic environment, the public parking assets are a critical component of a larger network of mobility and accessibility options made available to the public. The Madison Parking Utility provides public access to over 5,550 parking spaces through five parking structures, seven parking lots and more than 1,400 on-street, metered, parking spaces. Maintaining this public infrastructure is important to the continued success of the downtown community and the Parking Utility intends to continue delivering parking services by ensuring that it operates in a financially sustainable manner.

The Parking Utility has maintained its financial solvency by charging fees that cover all of the costs incurred in providing service. While the physical conditions of the parking structures have been routinely monitored and serviced for repairs, the average age is 43 years and all of the parking structures will either require replacement or significant rehabilitation within the next 20 years. The current financial position of the Parking Utility is stable with an operating capital reserve and no existing debt, but there is a concern for how it might service the impending capital costs. The Parking Utility properly recognizes that it is approaching a "day of reckoning" where past practices will no longer allow it to keep pace with changing conditions. At some point in the near future, the Parking Utility will be "under water" with its finances, unless new approaches are taken. This financial sustainability study explores options for addressing future financial challenges.

OBJECTIVES

The objective of this analysis is to provide an independent evaluation of the parking operation and provide options that may help the Parking Utility sustain financial solvency in light of future capital expenditures. This report is not an audit of or a budget for the Parking Utility. This report provides information for the Parking Utility to use when developing a financial plan of action. This report is intended to help the Parking Utility determine if the auxiliary enterprise is going to have sufficient resources available in the near and long term to address future capital costs.

REPORT ORGANIZATION

This report provides an orderly presentation of the project information to help simplify the many interleaved issues that impact the financial performance of the Parking Utility. The report begins with an overview of the Parking Utility to establish the framework for evaluating the potential impact of any changes. Future capital costs for facility replacements and repairs are then presented to help size the impending costs. Presented next is a review of the local parking market conditions to assess the operating environment and options for improvement. The report concludes with an operating assessment that explains the financial impact of various options for supporting future financial sustainability. This organizational method was implemented to aid the reader in comprehending the analysis and options within this report.



FINAL REPORT

MADISON PARKING UTILITY

The Parking Utility is an auxiliary enterprise agency of the City of Madison. As an auxiliary enterprise, the Parking Utility generates a revenue stream that is sufficient to cover ongoing operating expenses and outstanding debt service, and is capable of issuing revenue bonds with Common Council Approval. The Madison Common Council approves the Parking Utility budget.

Under city ordinances the Parking Utility manager reports to the Traffic Engineer who reports to the Mayor. The Madison Transit and Parking Commission ("TPC") is responsible for overseeing parking utility operations and making recommendations on parking issues and items to the Madison Common council. All decisions of the Commission can be appealed to the Common Council.

PARKING UTILITY MISSION

The mission of the Parking Utility is *to provide safe, convenient and affordable parking to the City's citizens and visitors*. Goals of the Parking Utility include but are not limited to:

- 1. To constantly pursue exceptional customer service.
- 2. To maintain downtown vitality.
- 3. To provide safe, clean, and easy-to-use parking facilities.
- 4. To sustain a self-financing operation which maintains accurate, financial records to meet the agency's long-term financial goals which includes the proper maintenance of current facilities and the financing of new parking infrastructure.
- 5. To improve parking opportunities by encouraging greater use of underutilized facilities.

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND STAFFING

The Parking Utility is self-operated and currently employs 66.7 full-time equivalent (FTE) employees. A Parking Manager is responsible for the Utility and reports to the Transit & Parking Commission. Subordinate to the Parking Manager are the Parking Operations and Administrative Staff (16.5 FTE's), On-Street Operations Staff (4.4 FTE), and Off-Street Operations Staff (45.8 FTE's). A detailed account of the current staffing is provided in the following organizational chart (Exhibit 1).

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014



Exhibit 1: Parking Utility Organization Chart Parking Manager 66.7 FTE **Parking Operations and Administrative Off Street On Street** Staff Operations Operations 16.5 FTE 45.8 FTE **4.4 FTE** Parking State Street Oveture State Street Government **Capitol Square** Operations Parking Analyst Engineer 4 Campus Center East Parking Capitol North Manager (1.0) (1.0) Maintenance (15.7) (6.9) (9.6) (7.7)(1.0)(5.9)Supervisor (.2) Parking Parking Maint Supervisor Operations Parking Maint Supervisor Parking Maint Supervisor Parking Maint Supervisor Parking Maint Supervisor Parking Parking Supervisor Revenue (.1) (.05) (.05) (.05) Maintenance (.05) (1.0) Supervisor Supervisor Parking Rev Supervisor Parking (.5) (.5) Equipment (.1) (.05) (.05) (.05) (.05) Mechanic Parking Maint Worker 1 (2.0) (2.0) Parking (1.3) (1.2) (1.3)(1.2) Technical Aide Parking Service Worker Program Parking Service Worker Parking Service Worker Parking Service Worker Parking Service Worker Administrative (2.0) Assistant 2 (.4) (.4) (.4) (.4) (.4) Clerk 1 (1.0) Parking Equipment Tech 1 (1.75) Parking Service (.2) (.2) (.2) (.2) (.2) Worker Information Parking Equipment Tech 2 Clerk (2.0) Parking (.2) (.2) (.2) (.2) (.2) Administrative (1.75)Revenue Clerk Parking Maint Worker 2 Clerk 2 (1.0)(.2) (.2) (.2) (.2) (2.0) (.2) Parking Revenue Lead Parking Parking Revenue Lead Parking Revenue Lead Parking Revenue Lead Parking Revenue Lead Parking (1.0)Operations Revenue (.7) (.7) (.7) (.7) Custodial Assistant Supervisor Cashier Cashier Cashier Cashier Cashier Worker 2 (.2) (1.0) (11.5) (6.5) (3.9) (4.6) (2.9) (1.0)

Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013 Note that FTE levels fluctuate and the actual figures may vary.



DESCRIPTION OF PARKING UTILITY ASSETS

The Parking Utility operates and maintains 5,550± parking spaces within the downtown area including 1,402± on-street metered spaces, 473± spaces located in seven surface parking lots, and 3,675± spaces located in five parking garages. Throughout the report "off-street" refers to parking in surface and structured facilities, on-street parking refers to spaces allocated in the public right-of-way, typically adjacent to curbs.

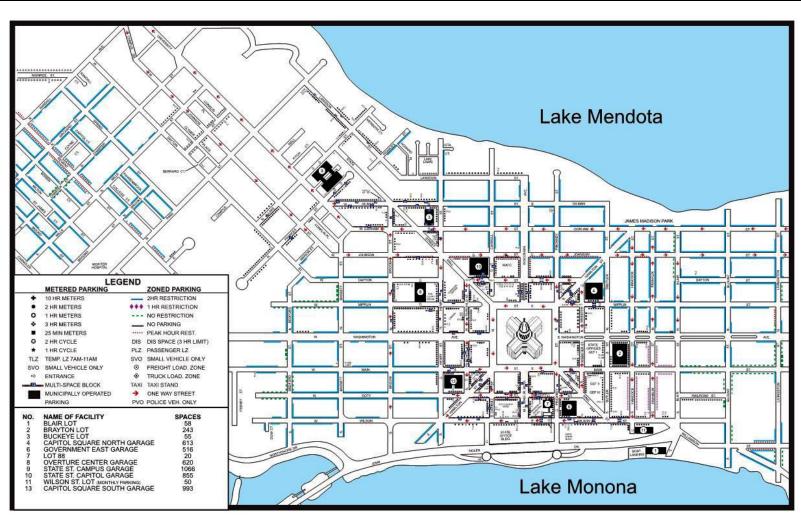
Listed in the following exhibit are the parking assets under management by the Parking Utility.

Exhibit 2: Parking Assets Controlled by Madison Parking Utility

Facility Name	Туре	Spaces	% of Subtotal	% of Total
Capitol Square North	Garage	613	17%	11%
Government East	Garage	516	14%	9%
Overture Center	Garage	625	17%	11%
State Street Campus	Garage	1,066	29%	19%
State Street Capitol	Garage	855	23%	15%
Subtotal	Garage	3,675	100%	66%
Blair	Lot	58	12%	1%
Brayton	Lot	243	51%	4%
Buckeye	Lot	55	12%	4% 1%
Evergreen	Lot	26	5%	0%
Lot 88	Lot	20	4%	0%
Wilson Street	Lot	50	11%	1%
Wingra	Lot	21	4%	0%
Subtotal	Lot	473	100%	9%
Campus Area	On-Street SSM	160	11%	3%
Capitol Square	On-Street SSM	25	2%	0%
CCB Area	On-Street SSM	94	7%	2%
East Washington Area	On-Street SSM	96	7%	2%
GEP Area	On-Street SSM	86	6%	2%
MATC Area	On-Street SSM	100	7%	2%
Meriter Area	On-Street SSM	128	9%	2%
MMB Area	On-Street SSM	107	8%	2%
Monroe Area	On-Street SSM	125	9%	2%
Schenks Area	On-Street SSM	76	5%	1%
State Street Area	On-Street SSM	99	7%	2%
University Area	On-Street SSM	187	13%	3%
Wilson/Butler Area	On-Street SSM	119	8%	2%
Subtotal	On-Street	1,402	100%	25%

Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

Exhibit 3: Parking Utility Map







FINAL REPORT

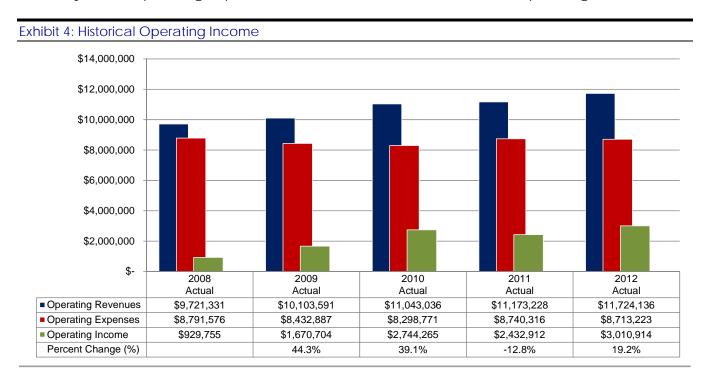
PARKING UTILITY FINANCIAL POSITION

The operating budget of the Parking Utility is separate from the City's general fund. The operating budget includes a stream of revenues collected from a variety of sources, including the following:

- Monthly leases
- Transient revenues
- Parking meter revenues
- Special event revenues

The Parking Utility does not retain revenue from parking citations.

Budgeted expenses include the operating and capital costs associated with delivering public off-street and metered parking services. This includes labor costs associated with maintenance, security, parking enforcement, revenue collection, management, and administration. Other operating costs include utilities, supplies, and equipment. Capital repair and maintenance costs are part of the overall operating budget and appropriately reflect the age of the structured parking assets.



The historical performance of the Parking Utility shows an increase in operating revenue and relatively stable operating expense that result in an increase in annual operating income.

Source Data: City of Madison Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, 2008-2011; City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013



FINAL REPORT

The latest audited financial statements show that the Parking Utility collected \$12,046,093 in gross revenues during Calendar Year 2012. During this same period, operating expenses were reported to be \$6,585,921. Additional expenditures included \$1,506,566 in PILOT and Parking Meter Occupancy Tax paid to the City and \$620,736 in Sales Tax paid to the State of Wisconsin. Also, the Utility invested \$1,056,803 in capital expenditures (Capex) to repair and maintain the aging parking facilities. The total net operating income after Capex was \$2,276,068, resulting in an operating margin of approximately 19 percent. A summary of the CY2012 Parking Utility Financial Standing is provided in the following exhibit.

Exhibit 5: Summary of Parking Utility F	inancial S	tanding - Audite	ed CY2012
		Utility Total	% of Total
Gross Revenue			
Cashiered Revenue	\$	6,948,959	57.7%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		765,592	6.4%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		8,001	0.1%
Coupons		59,623	0.5%
Off-Street Meters		732,166	6.1%
On-Street Meters		2,338,696	19.4%
Monthly		973,374	8.1%
Long-Term Lease		98,013	0.8%
Miscellaneous		121,669	1.0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	12,046,093	100.0%
Operating Expenses			
Salaries			
Administration	\$	531,732	8.1%
Equipment Maintenance		510,162	7.7%
Facility Maintenance		702,163	10.7%
Operations		2,908,661	44.2%
Non-Salaries			
Administration		761,720	11.6%
Equipment Maintenance		366,132	5.6%
Facility Maintenance		273,743	4.2%
Operations		531,608	8.1%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,585,921	100.0%
Operating Income	\$	5,460,172	
Less:			
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	1,506,566	
Sales Tax	\$	620,736	
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	1,056,803	
	Ŷ	.,,	
Total NOI including Capex	\$	2,276,068	
Operating Margin		19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	3,332,871	
Operating Margin	Ψ	28%	
		2070	

Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

Note the Parking Utility does not collect or retain revenues associated with parking enforcement and parking citations.

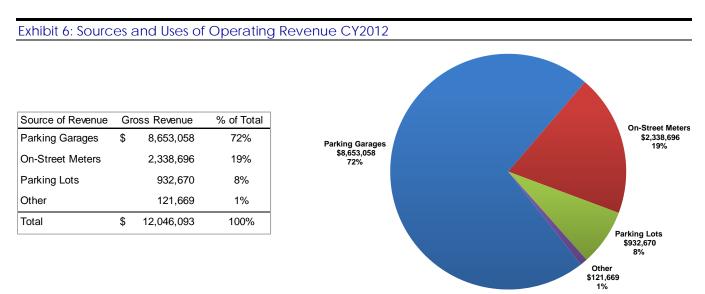


FINAL REPORT

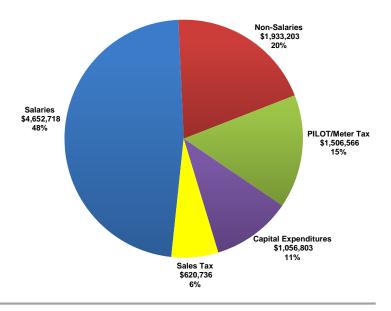
JANUARY 10, 2014

SOURCES AND USES OF OPERATING REVENUE

The sources and uses of funds provide a general indication of the financial health and nature of business activities associated with the Parking Utility. The total gross operating revenue in CY2012 was \$12,046,093. Of that total, 72 percent of the revenue or \$8.6 million was collected at parking garages, 19 percent at on-street parking meters, 8 percent at parking lots, and the remaining 1 percent from motorcycle and residential-related permits. The total expenditures for the same period were \$9,770,025. Of that total, 48 percent was allocated to salaries, 20 percent to non-salary related operating expenses, 15 percent to PILOT and Meter Tax, 11 percent to capital repairs and maintenance, and 6 percent to State sales tax. The sources and uses of funds for the Utility in CY2012 are provided in the following exhibit.



Uses of Revenue	Expenditures		% of Total
Salaries	\$	4,652,718	48%
Non-Salaries		1,933,203	20%
PILOT/Meter Tax		1,506,566	15%
Capital Expenditures		1,056,803	11%
Sales Tax		620,736	6%
Total	\$	9,770,025	100%





OPERATING REVENUE BY FACILITY

A public parking system with multiple revenue-generating properties is essentially a portfolio of several small businesses that reflect their local market conditions. This is evident with the Parking Utility as the off-street parking garages and lots have different operating characteristics reflective of their unique locations and user demographics. The historical operating revenue by off-street parking facility is summarized in the following exhibit.

Parking Facility	Туре		Permit		Transient	Spe	cial Event	Gro	oss Revenue	% of	% of		Revenue
										Subtotal	Total		Space
Capitol Square North	Garage	\$	237,495	\$	825,703	\$	36,323	\$	1,099,521	13%	11%	\$	1,794
Overture Center	Garage		205,165		744,116		227,566		1,176,847	14%	12%		1,883
Government East	Garage		177,193		1,503,381		36,000		1,716,574	20%	18%		3,327
State Street Campus-Frances	Garage		14,257		582,021		75,267		671,546	8%	7%		1,260
State Street Campus-Lake	Garage		14,257		2,175,306		103,977		2,293,541	27%	24%		4,303
State Street Capitol	Garage		165,775		1,242,795		286,861		1,695,431	20%	18%		1,983
Subtotal		\$	814,142	\$	7,073,323	\$	765,994	\$	8,653,460	100%	90%	\$	2,355
Revenue Source (%)			9%		82%		9%		100%				
Blair	Lot	\$	59.616	\$	7,323	\$	-	\$	66,939	7%	1%	\$	1,154
Brayton	Lot	Ψ	124,364	Ψ	390.523	Ψ		Ψ	514.887	55%	5%	Ψ	2,119
Buckeye	Lot		124,004		212,235				212,235	23%	2%		3,859
Evergreen	Lot		-		40,927		-		40,927	23 <i>%</i> 4%	2 % 0%		1,574
Lot 88			-		,		-		40,927 15.389	4% 2%	0%		769
	Lot		-		15,389		-		- /				
Wilson	Lot		73,265		-		-		73,265	8%	1%		1,465
Wingra	Lot		-		9,030		-	•	9,030	1%	0%	•	430
Subtotal		\$	257,245	\$, -	\$	-	\$	932,670	100%	1 0 %	\$	1,972
Revenue Source (%)			28%		72%		0%		100%				
Total		\$	1,071,387	\$	7,748,749	\$	765,994	\$	9,586,130	100%	100%	\$	2,311
Revenue Source (%)			11%		81%		8%		100%				

Source: City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013

Garage Revenue:

- Transient revenue represents 81 percent
- Permit revenue represents 9 percent
- Special event revenue represents 9 percent

Lot Revenue:

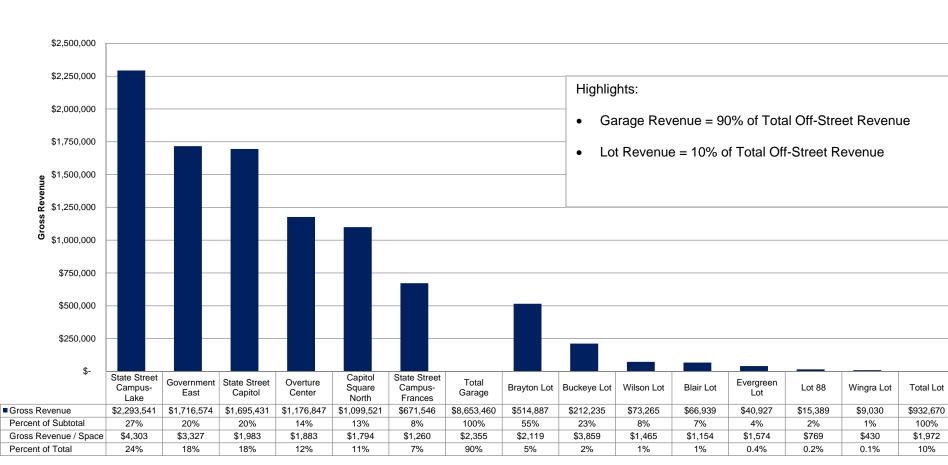
- Transient revenue represents 72 percent
- Permit revenue represents 28 percent
- No special event revenue is collected in parking lots

Revenue by parking facility is further analyzed the following two exhibits.

Exhibit 8: Off-Street Parking Gross Revenue by Facility

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

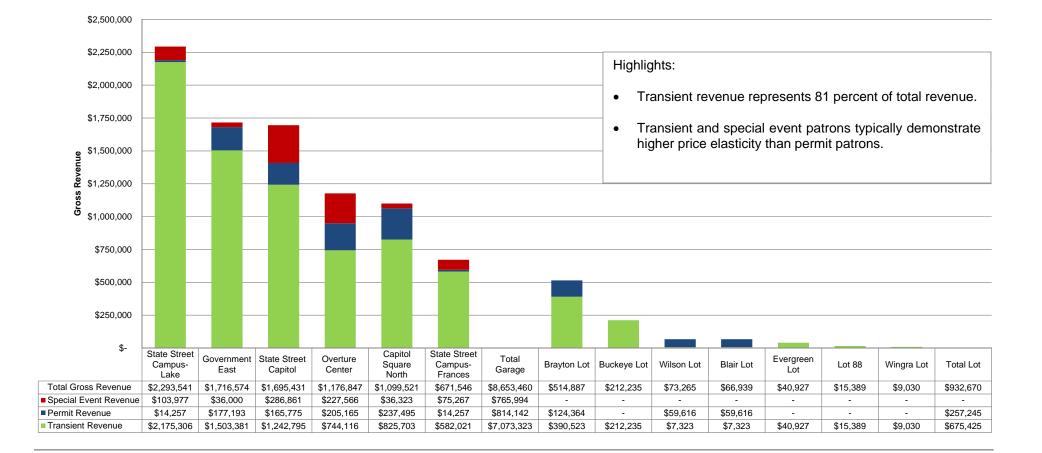


WALKER PARKING CONSULTAN

CITY OF MADISON PARKING UTILITY PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014







FINAL REPORT

OPERATING EXPENDITURES BY FACILITY

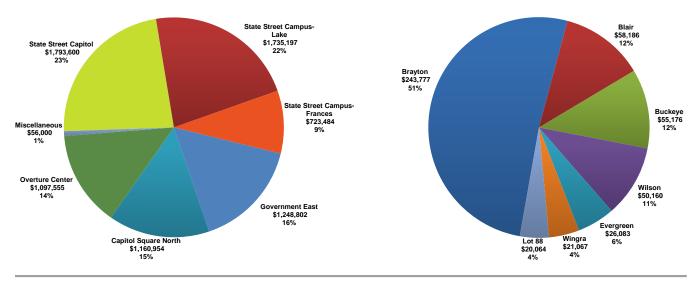
The CY2012 historical operating expenditures by off-street parking facility are summarized in the following exhibit.

Exhibit 10: Operating Expenditures by Off-Street Parking Facility

		Operating E	Ехре	enses					
Parking Facility	Туре	Salaries	N	lon-Salaries	Tot	tal w/o Taxes & Capex	Taxes	Capex	Total w/ Capex
Capitol Square North	Garage	\$ 473,370	\$	263,500	\$	736,870	\$ 234,970	\$ 189,115	\$ 1,160,954
Overture Center	Garage	527,837		229,655		757,492	291,103	48,960	1,097,555
Government East	Garage	518,572		208,420		726,991	251,964	269,847	1,248,802
State Street Campus-Frances	Garage	233,170		162,804		395,973	239,543	87,968	723,484
State Street Campus-Lake	Garage	1,048,471		314,187		1,362,658	262,320	110,219	1,735,197
State Street Capitol	Garage	835,029		427,033		1,262,062	381,934	149,604	1,793,600
Miscellaneous	Garage	-		-		-	-	56,000	56,000
Subtotal		\$ 3,636,448	\$	1,605,599	\$	5,242,047	\$ 1,661,833	\$ 911,712	\$ 7,815,592
% of Subtotal		47%		21%		67%	21%	12%	100%
Blair	Lot	\$ 22,597	\$	14,808	\$	37,405	\$ 19,130	\$ 1,650	\$ 58,186
Brayton	Lot	94,675		62,038		156,713	80,150	6,914	243,777
Buckeye	Lot	21,428		14,042		35,470	18,141	1,565	55,176
Evergreen	Lot	10,130		6,638		16,768	8,576	740	26,083
Lot 88	Lot	7,792		5,106		12,898	6,597	569	20,064
Wilson	Lot	19,480		12,765		32,246	16,492	1,423	50,160
Wingra	Lot	8,182		5,361		13,543	6,927	598	21,067
Subtotal		\$ 184,285	\$	120,758	\$	305,043	\$ 156,012	\$ 13,458	\$ 474,513
% of Subtotal		39%		25%		64%	33%	3%	100%
Total		\$ 3,820,734	\$	1,726,357	\$	5,547,090	\$ 1,817,845	\$ 925,170	\$ 8,290,105
% of Total		46%		21%		67%	22%	11%	100%







Source: City of Madison Parking Utility CY2012



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

TAXES AND PARKING METER OCCUPANCY TAX

The practice of a municipality using surplus revenues from a parking enterprise fund to service non-parking related expenditures is more common in recent economic times. For example, the Pittsburgh Parking Authority and Pittsburgh City Council entered into a parking meter revenue-share agreement that allocates 10 percent of all on-street meter revenue to the City's General Fund. The remaining 90 percent is retained by the Parking Authority to pay for meter enforcement, collections and maintenance. In addition, the City receives an annual fixed payment of \$1.8 million from the Parking Authority. For context, the Pittsburgh Parking Authority generates approximately \$41 million in revenue, \$23 million in annual expenses, and services capital repairs and debt obligations with the remaining net operating income.

On a different scale but similar in construct; the Madison Parking Utility pays the City an annual Parking Meter Occupancy Tax equal to 10 percent of the annual on-street meter revenue. The annual tax on meter revenue is transferred to the City's General Fund. The annual amount paid to the City in recent years is approximately \$200,000.

An annual Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) of approximately \$1.3 million is paid by the Parking Utility to the City's General Fund. This is not unique to the Parking Utility. A PILOT is also paid by the City's Water, Convention Center and Golf utilities.

Most of the public parking revenues are subject to the State of Wisconsin and Dane County Sales Taxes.. Exempt parking revenue includes income from lease agreements. The annual amount paid by the Parking Utility in recent years is approximately \$620,000.

Option:

Suspend or terminate the parking meter tax paid to the City's General Fund and increase the Parking Utility's annual net operating income by approximately \$200,000.

Option:

Suspend the annual PILOT paid to the General Fund and increase the Parking Utility's annual net operating income by approximately \$1.3 million.

The estimated value of \$1.5 million (\$1.3 million PILOT + \$200,000 meter tax) in terms of supportable debt is \$15.6 million based on the following assumptions. *Assumptions: 1.20 debt service coverage ratio; 5.0% interest rate; and 20-year term*



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE BY FACILITY

The following section provides information on each parking facility within the Parking Utility and measures the level of contribution to the Utility's overall financial performance. As previously noted, each parking facility operates with a unique business model to address the distribution of client type (monthly, transient, special event), facility location, type of property (garage or lot), and age of the property.

CAPITOL SQUARE NORTH GARAGE

Exhibit 11: Capitol Square North Garage

Facility Built in 1971, Age 42 Years									
Operating Statement		ol Square Garage	% of Facility Total	Ga	rages Total	% of Garages Total	ι	Jtility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue									
Cashiered Revenue	\$	824,906	75%	\$	6,948,959	12%	\$	6,948,959	12%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		36,323	3%		765,592	5%		765,592	5%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		525	0%		8,001	7%		8,001	7%
Coupons		272	0%		59,623	0%		59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters		-	-		56,740	0%		732,166	0%
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly		237,495	22%		716,129	33%		973,374	24%
Long-Term Lease		-	-		98,013	0%		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	1,099,521	100%	\$	8,653,058	13%	\$	12,046,093	9%
Operating Expenses Salaries									
Administration	\$	56,145	8%	\$	376,482	15%	\$	531,732	11%
Equipment Maintenance		68,090	9%		343,218	20%		510,162	13%
Facility Maintenance		102,527	14%		643,475	16%		702,163	15%
Operations		246,608	33%		2,273,274	11%		2,908,661	8%
Non-Salaries									
Administration		86,411	12%		586,321	15%		761,720	11%
Equipment Maintenance		54,662	7%		348,687	16%		366,132	15%
Facility Maintenance		47,927	7%		248,170	19%		273,743	18%
Operations		74,500	10%		422,421	18%		531,608	14%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	736,870	100%	\$	5,242,047	14%	\$	6,585,921	11%
Operating Income	\$	362,651	100%	\$	3,411,011	11%	\$	5,460,172	7%
Less:									
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	173,109	-	\$	1,201,932	14%	\$	1,506,566	11%
Sales Tax	\$	61,861	-	\$	459,901	13%	\$	620,736	10%
		,			,			,	
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	189,115	100%	\$	911,712	21%	\$	1,056,803	18%
Total NOI including Capex	\$	(61,433)	100%	\$	837,466	-7%	\$	2,276,068	-3%
Operating Margin		-6%			10%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	127,681	100%	\$	1,749,178	7%	\$	3,332,871	4%
Operating Margin		12%			20%			28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

OVERTURE CENTER GARAGE

Exhibit 12: Overture Center Garage

Facility Built in 1982, Age 31 Years							
Operating Statement	Overture Garage	% of Facility Total	Garages Total	% of Garages Total	U	Itility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue							
Cashiered Revenue	\$ 740,754	63%	\$ 6,948,959	11%	\$	6,948,959	11%
Special Event/Pay on Entry	227,566	19%	765,592	30%		765,592	30%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	1,129	0%	8,001	14%		8,001	14%
Coupons	2,234	0%	59,623	4%		59,623	4%
Off-Street Meters	-	-	56,740	0%		732,166	0%
On-Street Meters	-	-	-	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly	107,152	9%	716,129	15%		973,374	11%
Long-Term Lease	98,013	8%	98,013	100%		98,013	100%
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 1,176,847	100%	\$ 8,653,058	14%	\$	12,046,093	10%
Operating Expenses Salaries							
Administration	\$ 61,786	8%	\$ 376,482	16%	\$	531,732	12%
Equipment Maintenance	54,250	7%	343,218	16%		510,162	11%
Facility Maintenance	100,621	13%	643,475	16%		702,163	14%
Operations	311,180	41%	2,273,274	14%		2,908,661	11%
Non-Salaries	,		_,,			_,,	
Administration	92,010	12%	586,321	16%		761,720	12%
Equipment Maintenance	59,481	8%	348,687	17%		366,132	16%
Facility Maintenance	21,274	3%	248,170	9%		273,743	8%
Operations	56,890	8%	422,421	13%		531,608	11%
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 757,492	100%	\$ 5,242,047	14%	\$	6,585,921	12%
	φ 101,402	10070	φ 3,2+2,0+1	1470	Ψ	0,000,021	1270
Operating Income	\$ 419,355	100%	\$ 3,411,011	12%	\$	5,460,172	8%
Less:							
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 232,905	-	\$ 1,201,932	19%	\$	1,506,566	15%
Sales Tax	\$ 58,198	-	\$ 459,901	13%	\$	620,736	9%
	. ,						
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 48,960	100%	\$ 911,712	5%	\$	1,056,803	5%
Total NOI including Capex	\$ 79,292	100%	\$ 837,466	9%	\$	2,276,068	3%
Operating Margin	7%		10%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 128,252	100%	\$ 1,749,178	7%	\$	3,332,871	4%
Operating Margin	11%		20%			28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



JANUARY 10, 2014

GOVERNMENT EAST GARAGE

Exhibit 13: Government East Garage

Facility Built in 1958, Age 55 Years	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	Government East Garage	% of Facility Total	Garages Total	% of Garages Total	Utility Total	% of Utility Total					
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$ 1,501,654	87%	\$ 6,948,959	22%	\$ 6,948,959	22%					
Special Event/Pay on Entry	36,000	2%	765,994	5%	765,994	5%					
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	1,200	0%	8,001	15%	8,001	15%					
Coupons	526	0%	59,623	1%	59,623	1%					
Off-Street Meters	-	-	56,740	0%	732,166	0%					
On-Street Meters	-	-	-	0%	2,338,696	0%					
Monthly	177,193	10%	716,129	25%	973,374	18%					
Long-Term Lease	-	-	98,013	0%	98,013	0%					
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	0%	121,669	0%					
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 1,716,574	100%	\$ 8,653,460	20%	\$ 12,046,496	14%					
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$ 58,013	8%	\$ 376,482	15%	\$ 531,732	11%					
Equipment Maintenance	53,808	7%	343,218	16%	510,162	11%					
Facility Maintenance	103,207	14%	643,475	16%	702,163	15%					
Operations	303,545	42%	2,273,274	13%	2,908,661	10%					
Non-Salaries	,										
Administration	84,685	12%	586,321	14%	761,720	11%					
Equipment Maintenance	45,130	6%	348,687	13%	366,132	12%					
Facility Maintenance	19,228	3%	248,170	8%	273,743	7%					
Operations	59,376	8%	422,421	14%	531,608	11%					
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 726,991	100%	\$ 5,242,047	14%	\$ 6,585,921	11%					
Operating Income	\$ 989,582	100%	\$ 3,411,413	29%	\$ 5,460,574	18%					
Less:	• • • • • • • • •		· · · · · ·		• • • • • • •						
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 158,984	_	\$ 1,201,932	13%	\$ 1,506,566	11%					
Sales Tax	\$ 92,979	_	\$ 459,901	20%	\$ 620,736	15%					
	φ 92,979	-	\$ 439,901	2070	\$ 020,730	1370					
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 269,847	100%	\$ 911,712	30%	\$ 1,056,803	26%					
Total NOI including Capex	\$ 467,772	100%	\$ 837,868	56%	\$ 2,276,470	21%					
Operating Margin	27%		10%		19%						
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 737,619	100%	\$ 1,749,580	42%	\$ 3,333,273	22%					
Operating Margin	43%		20%		28%						

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

STATE STREET CAMPUS GARAGE - FRANCES

Exhibit 14: State Street Campus Garage - Frances

Facility Built in 1982, Age 31 Years	CY 2012											
Operating Statement	State Street Campus Garage - Frances	% of Facility Total	Garages Total	% of Garages Total	U	Itility Total	% of Utility Total					
Gross Revenue												
Cashiered Revenue	\$ 578,412	86%	\$ 6,948,959	8%	\$	6,948,959	8%					
Special Event/Pay on Entry	74,865	11%	765,592	10%		765,592	10%					
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	1,183	0%	8,001	15%		8,001	15%					
Coupons	2,426	0%	59,623	4%		59,623	4%					
Off-Street Meters	-	-	56,740	0%		732,166	0%					
On-Street Meters	-	-	-	0%		2,338,696	0%					
Monthly	14,257	2%	716,129	2%		973,374	1%					
Long-Term Lease	-	-	98,013	0%		98,013	0%					
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	0%		121,669	0%					
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 671,144	100%	\$ 8,653,058	8%	\$	12,046,093	6%					
Operating Expenses Salaries												
Administration	\$ 32,600	8%	\$ 376,482	9%	\$	531,732	6%					
Equipment Maintenance	16,188	4%	343,218	5%		510,162	3%					
Facility Maintenance	43,772	11%	643,475	7%		702,163	6%					
Operations Non-Salaries	140,610	36%	2,273,274	6%		2,908,661	5%					
Administration	57,634	15%	586,321	10%		761,720	8%					
Equipment Maintenance	46,559	12%	348,687			366,132	13%					
Facility Maintenance	11,723	3%	248,170			273,743	4%					
Operations	46,888	12%	422,421	11%		531,608	9%					
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 395,973	100%	\$ 5,242,047	8%	\$	6,585,921	6%					
Operating Income	\$ 275,171	100%	\$ 3,411,011	8%	\$	5,460,172	5%					
Less:	. ,					, ,						
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 205,204	_	\$ 1,201,932	17%	\$	1,506,566	14%					
Sales Tax	. ,	-	\$ 1,201,932 \$ 459,901	7%	э \$		6%					
Sales Tax	\$ 34,339	-	\$ 459,901	1%	Э	620,736	0%					
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 87,968	100%	\$ 911,712	10%	\$	1,056,803	8%					
Total NOI including Capex	\$ (52,340)	100%	\$ 837,466	-6%	\$	2,276,068	-2%					
Operating Margin	-8%		10%			19%						
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 35,627	100%	\$ 1,749,178	2%	\$	3,332,871	1%					
Operating Margin	φ 33,027 5%	10070	20%		Ψ	28%	170					
	576		2070	,		2070						

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

STATE STREET CAMPUS GARAGE - LAKE

Exhibit 15: State Street Campus Garage - Lake

Facility Built in 1964, Age 49 Years	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	State Street Campus Garage - Lake	% of Facility Total	Garages Tota	% of Garages Total	ι	Utility Total	% of Utility Total				
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$ 2,172,158	95%	\$ 6,948,9	59 31%	\$	6,948,959	31%				
Special Event/Pay on Entry	103,977	5%	765,9	94 14%		765,994	14%				
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	2,139	0%	8,0	01 27%		8,001	27%				
Coupons	1,009	0%	59,6	23 2%		59,623	2%				
Off-Street Meters	-	-	56,7	40 0%		732,166	0%				
On-Street Meters	-	-		- 0%		2,338,696	0%				
Monthly	14,257	1%	716,1	29 2%		973,374	1%				
Long-Term Lease	-	-	98,0	13 0%		98,013	0%				
Miscellaneous	-	-		- 0%		121,669	0%				
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 2,293,541	100%	\$ 8,653,4	60 27%	\$	12,046,496	19%				
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$ 81,351	6%	\$ 376,4	32 22%	\$	531,732	15%				
Equipment Maintenance	60.796	4%	343,2		Ť	510,162	12%				
Facility Maintenance	164,401	12%	643,4			702,163	23%				
Operations	741,923	54%	2,273,2			2,908,661	26%				
Non-Salaries	, 0 = 0	0.70	_,,_			_,000,000	2070				
Administration	129,917	10%	586,3	21 22%		761,720	17%				
Equipment Maintenance	49,060	4%	348,6			366,132	13%				
Facility Maintenance	68,547	5%	248,1			273,743	25%				
Operations	66,664	5%	422,42			531,608	13%				
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 1,362,658	100%	\$ 5,242,0		\$	6,585,921	21%				
Operating Income	\$ 930,882	100%	\$ 3,411,4	13 27%	\$	5,460,574	17%				
	φ 300,002	10070	φ 0,411,4	10 21/0	Ψ	0,400,074	1770				
	¢ 444.000		¢ 4.004.0	400/		4 500 500	00/				
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 141,269	-	\$ 1,201,9		\$	1,506,566	9%				
Sales Tax	\$ 121,050	-	\$ 459,9	01 26%	\$	620,736	20%				
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 110,219	100%	\$ 911,7	12 12%	\$	1,056,803	10%				
Total NOI including Capex	\$ 558,344	100%	\$ 837,8	68 67%	\$	2,276,470	25%				
Operating Margin	24%)%	-	19%	_0,0				
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 668,563	100%	\$ 1,749,5	30 38%	\$	3,333,273	20%				
Operating Margin	29%)%	Ψ	28%	2070				
	2370		20	,,,,	1	2070					

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



JANUARY 10, 2014

STATE STREET CAMPUS GARAGE – COMBINED

Exhibit 16: State Street Campus Garage – Combined (Frances & Lake)

Facility (Lake) Built in 1964, Age 49 Years	s CY 2012										
Operating Statement	Can	tate Street npus Garage - Combined	% of Facility Total	Ga	arages Total	% of Garages Total	ι	Jtility Total	% of Utility Total		
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$	2,750,570	93%	\$	6,948,959	40%	\$	6,948,959	40%		
Special Event/Pay on Entry		179,244	6%		765,994	23%		765,994	23%		
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		3,322	0%		8,001	42%		8,001	42%		
Coupons		3,435	0%		59,623	6%		59,623	6%		
Off-Street Meters		-	-		56,740	0%		732,166	0%		
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%		
Monthly		28,515	1%		716,129	4%		973,374	3%		
Long-Term Lease		-	-		98,013	0%		98,013	0%		
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%		
Total Gross Revenue	\$	2,965,087	100%	\$	8,653,460	34%	\$	12,046,496	25%		
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$	113,951	6%	\$	376,482	30%	\$	531,732	21%		
Equipment Maintenance		76,984	4%		343,218	22%		510,162	15%		
Facility Maintenance		208,173	12%		643,475	32%		702,163	30%		
Operations		882,533	50%		2,273,274	39%		2,908,661	30%		
Non-Salaries											
Administration		187,551	11%		586,321	32%		761,720	25%		
Equipment Maintenance		95,619	5%		348,687	27%		366,132	26%		
Facility Maintenance		80,270	5%		248,170	32%		273,743	29%		
Operations		113,552	6%		422,421	27%		531,608	21%		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,758,632	100%	\$	5,242,047	34%	\$	6,585,921	27%		
Operating Income	\$	1,206,455	100%	\$	3,411,413	35%	\$	5,460,574	22%		
operating income	Ψ	1,200,400	10070	Ψ	3,411,413	5570	Ψ	3,400,374	2270		
Less:											
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	346,473	-	\$	1,201,932	29%	\$	1,506,566	23%		
Sales Tax	\$	155,389	-	\$	459,901	34%	\$	620,736	25%		
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	198,187	100%	\$	911,712	22%	\$	1,056,803	19%		
Total NOI including Capex	\$	506,406	100%	\$	837,868	60%	\$	2,276,470	22%		
Operating Margin	Ψ	17%	10070	Ψ	10%	0070	Ψ	19%	2270		
	*		10	•		10-1			<i></i>		
Total NOI without Capex	\$	704,593	100%	\$	1,749,580	40%	\$	3,333,273	21%		
Operating Margin		24%			20%			28%			

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

JANUARY 10, 2014

STATE STREET CAPITOL GARAGE

Exhibit 17: State Street Capitol Garage

Facility Built in 1963, Age 50 Years	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	-	tate Street bitol Garage	% of Facility Total	Ga	rages Total	% of Garages Total	ι	Jtility Total	% of Utility Total		
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$	1,131,074	67%	\$	6,948,959	16%	\$	6,948,959	16%		
Special Event/Pay on Entry		286,861	17%		765,592	37%		765,592	37%		
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		1,825	0%		8,001	23%		8,001	23%		
Coupons		53,156	3%		59,623	89%		59,623	89%		
Off-Street Meters		56,740	3%		56,740	100%		732,166	8%		
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%		
Monthly		165,775	10%		716,129	23%		973,374	17%		
Long-Term Lease		-	-		98,013	0%		98,013	0%		
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%		
Total Gross Revenue	\$	1,695,431	100%	\$	8,653,058	20%	\$	12,046,093	14%		
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$	86,587	7%	\$	376,482	23%	\$	531,732	16%		
Equipment Maintenance	+	90,086	7%	1	343,218	26%	*	510,162	18%		
Facility Maintenance		128,947	10%		643,475	20%		702,163	18%		
Operations		529,409	42%		2,273,274	23%		2,908,661	18%		
Non-Salaries		,	/•		_,,_,			_,,			
Administration		135,664	11%		586,321	23%		761,720	18%		
Equipment Maintenance		93,795	7%		348,687	27%		366.132	26%		
Facility Maintenance		79,471	6%		248,170	32%		273,743	29%		
Operations		118,103	9%		422.421	28%		531,608	22%		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,262,062	100%	\$	5,242,047	24%	\$	6,585,921	19%		
Operating Income	\$	433,369	100%	\$	3,411,011	13%	\$	5,460,172	8%		
Less:											
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	290,461	-	\$	1,201,932	24%	\$	1,506,566	19%		
Sales Tax	\$	91,473	-	\$	459,901	20%	\$	620,736	15%		
	·	,			,		·	,			
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	149,604	100%	\$	911,712	16%	\$	1,056,803	14%		
Total NOI including Capex	\$	(98,169)	100%	\$	837,466	-12%	\$	2,276,068	-4%		
Operating Margin		-6%			10%			19%			
Total NOI without Capex	\$	51,435	100%	\$	1,749,178	3%	\$	3,332,871	2%		
Operating Margin		3%			20%			28%			

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

WALKER PARKING CONSULTANTS

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

BRAYTON LOT

Exhibit 18: Brayton Lot

	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	Bra	ayton Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total		
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%		
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%		
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%		
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%		
Off-Street Meters		390,523	76%		675,425	58%		732,166	53%		
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%		
Monthly		124,364	24%		257,245	48%		973,374	13%		
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%		
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%		
Total Gross Revenue	\$	514,887	100%	\$	932,670	55%	\$	12,046,093	4%		
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$	19,347	12%	\$	37,659	51%	\$	531,732	4%		
Equipment Maintenance		7,945	5%	·	15,465	51%		510,162	2%		
Facility Maintenance		15,345	10%		29,870			702,163	2%		
Operations		52,038	33%		101,291	51%		2,908,661	2%		
Non-Salaries		- ,			- , -			, ,			
Administration		21,067	13%		41,007	51%		761,720	3%		
Equipment Maintenance		1,874	1%		3,648			366,132	1%		
Facility Maintenance		4,956	3%		9,646	51%		273,743	2%		
Operations		34,142	22%		66,457			531,608	6%		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	156,713	100%	\$	305,043	51%	\$	6,585,921	2%		
Operating Income	\$	358,173	100%	\$	627,627	57%	\$	5,460,172	7%		
	Ŷ	000,110	10070	V	021,021	0170	Ψ	0,100,112	170		
Less:	•				100 -00	= 10/	•		6 .4/		
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	52,692		\$	102,566		\$	1,506,566	3%		
Sales Tax	\$	27,457		\$	53,446	51%	\$	620,736	4%		
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	6,914	100%	\$	13,458	51%	\$	1,056,803	1%		
Total NOI including Capex	\$	271,110	100%	\$	458,157	59%	\$	2,276,068	12%		
Operating Margin	¥	53%	10070	Ψ	49%		Ψ	19%	12/3		
		0070			4070			1070			
Total NOI without Capex	\$	278,024	100%	\$	471,615	59%	\$	3,332,871	8%		
Operating Margin		54%			51%			28%			

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

BLAIR LOT

Exhibit 19: Blair Lot

Operating Statement Blair Lot % of Facility Total Lots Total % of Lots Total Gross Revenue - - - 0% Cashiered Revenue \$ - 0% Special Event/Pay on Entry - 0% 0% Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay - 0% 0% Coupons - - 0% Off-Street Meters 7,323 11% 675,425 1% On-Street Meters 7,323 11% 675,425 1% Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% Miscellaneous - 0% 7% Operating Expenses 5 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Salaries Administration \$ 4,618 12% \$ 37,659 12% Non-Salaries 1,896 5% 15,465 12% 101,291 12% Administration 5,02	otal \$	Utility Total 6,948,959 765,592 8,001 59,623 732,166 2,338,696 973,374	% of Utility Total 0% 0% 0% 0% 1%
Cashiered Revenue \$ - - \$ - 0% Special Event/Pay on Entry - - 0% 0% Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay - - 0% 0% Coupons - - 0% 0% Off-Street Meters 7,323 11% 675,425 1% On-Street Meters - - 0% 0% Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% 0% Miscellaneous - - 0% 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses - - - 0% 15,465 12% Salaries - 12,420 33% 101,291 12% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries - - - - - - - - 10% 101,291 12% 101,291 12% - - - - - <th></th> <th>765,592 8,001 59,623 732,166 2,338,696</th> <th>0% 0% 0% 1%</th>		765,592 8,001 59,623 732,166 2,338,696	0% 0% 0% 1%
Special Event/Pay on Entry - - 0% Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay - - 0% Coupons - - 0% Off-Street Meters 7,323 11% 675,425 1% On-Street Meters - - 0% 0% Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses - - - 0% 15,465 12% Salaries 1,896 5% 15,465 12% 29,870 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		765,592 8,001 59,623 732,166 2,338,696	0% 0% 0% 1%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay - - - 0% Coupons - - 0% Off-Street Meters 7,323 11% 675,425 1% On-Street Meters - - 0% Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses - - - 0% 0% 0% Salaries Administration \$ 4,618 12% \$ 37,659 12% Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries - 0% - - - 0% - - - - - - - - - <	\$	8,001 59,623 732,166 2,338,696	0% 0% 1%
Coupons - - - 0% Off-Street Meters 7,323 11% 675,425 1% On-Street Meters - - 0% Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% 0% Miscellaneous - - 0% 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses - - - 0% 15,465 12% Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Facility Maintenance 3,663 10% 29,870 12% Non-Salaries - - - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Administration 5,028 13% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22%	\$	59,623 732,166 2,338,696	0% 1%
Off-Street Meters 7,323 11% 675,425 1% On-Street Meters - - 0% Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% Miscellaneous - - 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses - - - 0% 15,465 12% Salaries 1,896 5% 15,465 12% 29,870 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries - - - - - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% - </td <td>\$</td> <td>732,166 2,338,696</td> <td>1%</td>	\$	732,166 2,338,696	1%
On-Street Meters - - - 0% Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% Miscellaneous - - 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses - - - 0% 15,465 12% Salaries 1,896 5% 15,465 12% 5,663 10% 29,870 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries - - - - - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% - - Non-Salaries - - - - - - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% - - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% - - - - - - <td>\$</td> <td>2,338,696</td> <td></td>	\$	2,338,696	
Monthly 59,616 89% 257,245 23% Long-Term Lease - - 0% Miscellaneous - - 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses Salaries - - 0% 15,465 12% Administration \$ 4,618 12% \$ 37,659 12% Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Facility Maintenance 3,663 10% 29,870 12% Non-Salaries - - - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%	\$, ,	
Long-Term Lease - - - 0% Miscellaneous - - 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses Salaries - - - 0% Administration \$ 4,618 12% \$ 37,659 12% Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Facility Maintenance 3,663 10% 29,870 12% Non-Salaries 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%	\$	973 374	0%
Miscellaneous - - 0% Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses Salaries - - - 0% 5% 932,670 7% Operating Expenses - 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses - 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries - - - - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%	\$	313,314	6%
Total Gross Revenue \$ 66,939 100% \$ 932,670 7% Operating Expenses Salaries Administration \$ 4,618 12% \$ 37,659 12% Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Facility Maintenance 3,663 10% 29,870 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries	\$	98,013	0%
Operating Expenses Salaries 4,618 12% \$ 37,659 12% Administration \$ 4,618 12% \$ 37,659 12% Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Facility Maintenance 3,663 10% 29,870 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries	\$	121,669	0%
Salaries Administration \$ 4,618 12% \$ 37,659 12% Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Facility Maintenance 3,663 10% 29,870 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries		\$ 12,046,093	1%
Equipment Maintenance 1,896 5% 15,465 12% Facility Maintenance 3,663 10% 29,870 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries - - - - - - Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% -			
Facility Maintenance 3,663 10% 29,870 12% Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%	\$	\$ 531,732	1%
Operations 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Non-Salaries 12,420 33% 101,291 12% Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%		510,162	0%
Non-Salaries 41,007 12% Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%		702,163	1%
Administration 5,028 13% 41,007 12% Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%		2,908,661	0%
Equipment Maintenance 447 1% 3,648 12% Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%			
Facility Maintenance 1,183 3% 9,646 12% Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%		761,720	1%
Operations 8,149 22% 66,457 12% Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%		366,132	0%
Total Operating Expenses \$ 37,405 100% \$ 305,043 12%		273,743	0%
		531,608	2%
Operating Income \$ 29,534 100% \$ 627,627 5%	\$	\$ 6,585,921	1%
	\$	\$ 5,460,172	1%
Less:			
PILOT/Meter Tax \$ 12,577 \$ 102,566 12%	\$	\$ 1,506,566	1%
Sales Tax \$ 6,554 \$ 53,446 12%	\$		1%
	Ψ) 020,750	170
Total Capital Expenditures \$ 1,650 100% \$ 13,458 12%	\$	\$ 1,056,803	0%
Total NOI including Capex \$ 8,754 100% \$ 458,157 2%	\$	\$ 2,276,068	0%
Operating Margin 13% 49%		19%	
Total NOI without Capex \$ 10,404 100% \$ 471,615 2%	\$	\$ 3,332,871	0%
Operating Margin 16% 51%		28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

BUCKEYE LOT

Exhibit 20: Buckeye Lot

	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	Buc	keye Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total		
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%		
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%		
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%		
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%		
Off-Street Meters		212,235	100%		675,425	31%		732,166	29%		
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%		
Monthly		-	-		257,245	0%		973,374	0%		
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%		
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%		
Total Gross Revenue	\$	212,235	100%	\$	932,670	23%	\$	12,046,093	2%		
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$	4,379	12%	\$	37,659	12%	\$	531,732	1%		
Equipment Maintenance		1,798	5%		15,465	12%		510,162	0%		
Facility Maintenance		3,473	10%		29,870	12%		702,163	0%		
Operations		11,778	33%		101,291	12%		2,908,661	0%		
Non-Salaries		,			,			, ,			
Administration		4,768	13%		41,007	12%		761,720	1%		
Equipment Maintenance		424	1%		3,648	12%		366,132	0%		
Facility Maintenance		1,122	3%		9,646	12%		273,743	0%		
Operations		7,728	22%		66,457	12%		531,608	1%		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	35,470	100%	\$	305,043	12%	\$	6,585,921	1%		
Operating Income	\$	176,764	100%	\$	627,627	28%	\$	5,460,172	3%		
	•			-	,		•	-,,			
Less:	¢	44.000		_	400 500	400/	¢	4 500 500	40/		
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	11,926		\$	102,566	12%	\$	1,506,566	1%		
Sales Tax	\$	6,215		\$	53,446	12%	\$	620,736	1%		
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	1,565	100%	\$	13,458	12%	\$	1,056,803	0%		
Total NOI including Capex	\$	157,059	100%	\$	458,157	34%	\$	2,276,068	7%		
Operating Margin	Ŧ	74%		-	49%		Ŧ	19%	. , -		
Total NOI without Capex	\$	158,624	100%	\$	471,615	34%	\$	3,332,871	5%		
Operating Margin		75%			51%			28%			

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

EVERGREEN LOT

Exhibit 21: Evergreen Lot

	CY 2012										
Operating Statement	Evergreen Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total			
Gross Revenue											
Cashiered Revenue	\$-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%			
Special Event/Pay on Entry	-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%			
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay	-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%			
Coupons	-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%			
Off-Street Meters	40,927	100%		675,425	6%		732,166	6%			
On-Street Meters	-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%			
Monthly	-	-		257,245	0%		973,374	0%			
Long-Term Lease	-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%			
Miscellaneous	-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%			
Total Gross Revenue	\$ 40,927	100%	\$	932,670	4%	\$	12,046,093	0%			
Operating Expenses Salaries											
Administration	\$ 2,070	12%	\$	37,659	5%	\$	531,732	0%			
Equipment Maintenance	850	5%		15,465	5%		510,162	0%			
Facility Maintenance	1,642	10%		29,870	5%		702,163	0%			
Operations	5,568	33%		101,291	5%		2,908,661	0%			
Non-Salaries											
Administration	2,254	13%		41,007	5%		761,720	0%			
Equipment Maintenance	201	1%		3,648	5%		366,132	0%			
Facility Maintenance	530	3%		9,646	5%		273,743	0%			
Operations	3,653	22%		66,457	5%		531,608	1%			
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 16,768	100%	\$	305,043	5%	\$	6,585,921	0%			
Operating Income	\$ 24,159	100%	\$	627,627	4%	\$	5,460,172	0%			
Less:											
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$ 5,638		\$	102,566	5%	\$	1,506,566	0%			
Sales Tax	\$ 2,938		\$	53,446	5%	\$	620,736	0%			
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 740	100%	\$	13,458	5%	\$	1,056,803	0%			
	¢ 44.040	4000/	•	450 457	00/	•	0.070.000	40/			
Total NOI including Capex	\$ 14,843	100%	\$	458,157	3%	\$	2,276,068	1%			
Operating Margin	36%			49%			19%				
Total NOI without Capex	\$ 15,583	100%	\$	471,615	3%	\$	3,332,871	0%			
Operating Margin	38%			51%			28%				

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

LOT 88

Exhibit 22: Lot 88

					CY 20	12			
Operating Statement	L	ot 88	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total	l	Jtility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue									
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters		15,389	100%		675,425	2%		732,166	2%
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly		-	-		257,245	0%		973,374	0%
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	15,389	100%	\$	932,670	2%	\$	12,046,093	0%
Operating Expenses Salaries									
Administration	\$	1,592	12%	\$	37,659	4%	\$	531,732	0%
Equipment Maintenance		654	5%		15,465	4%		510,162	0%
Facility Maintenance		1,263	10%		29,870	4%		702,163	0%
Operations		4,283	33%		101,291	4%		2,908,661	0%
Non-Salaries									
Administration		1,734	13%		41,007	4%		761,720	0%
Equipment Maintenance		154	1%		3,648	4%		366,132	0%
Facility Maintenance		408	3%		9,646	4%		273,743	0%
Operations		2,810	22%		66,457	4%		531,608	1%
Fotal Operating Expenses	\$	12,898	100%	\$	305,043	4%	\$	6,585,921	0%
Operating Income	\$	2,491	100%	\$	627,627	0%	\$	5,460,172	0%
Less:									
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	4,337		\$	102,566	4%	\$	1,506,566	0%
Sales Tax	\$	2,260		\$	53,446	4%	\$	620,736	0%
	Ψ	2,200		Ψ	55,440	470	Ψ	020,730	070
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	569	100%	\$	13,458	4%	\$	1,056,803	0%
Total NOI including Capex	\$	(4,675)	100%	\$	458,157	-1%	\$	2,276,068	0%
Operating Margin		-30%			49%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	(4,106)	100%	\$	471,615	-1%	\$	3,332,871	0%
Operating Margin		-27%			51%			28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

WILSON LOT

Exhibit 23: Wilson Lot

					CY 20'				
Operating Statement		Wilson Lot	% of Facility Total		Lots Total	% of Lots Total		Utility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue									
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters		-	-		675,425	0%		732,166	0%
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%
Monthly		73,265	100%		257,245	28%		973,374	8%
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	73,265	100%	\$	932,670	8%	\$	12,046,093	1%
Operating Expenses Salaries									
Administration	\$	3,981	12%	\$	37,659	11%	\$	531,732	1%
Equipment Maintenance		1,635	5%		15,465	11%		510,162	0%
Facility Maintenance		3,157	10%		29,870	11%		702,163	0%
Operations Non-Salaries		10,707	33%		101,291	11%		2,908,661	0%
Administration		4,335	13%		41,007	11%		761,720	1%
Equipment Maintenance		4,335	1%		3,648	11%		366,132	0%
Facility Maintenance		1,020	3%		9,646	11%		273,743	0%
Operations		7,025	22%		9,040 66,457	11%		531,608	1%
	¢			¢	,		¢		0%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	32,246	100%	\$	305,043	11%	\$	6,585,921	0%
Operating Income	\$	41,019	100%	\$	627,627	7%	\$	5,460,172	1%
Less:									
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	10,842		\$	102,566	11%	\$	1,506,566	1%
Sales Tax	\$	5,650		\$	53,446	11%	\$	620,736	1%
	Ψ	0,000		v	00,110	11/0	V	020,100	170
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	1,423	100%	\$	13,458	11%	\$	1,056,803	0%
Fotal NOI including Capex	\$	23,105	100%	\$	458,157	5%	\$	2,276,068	1%
Operating Margin		32%			49%			19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	24,527	100%	\$	471,615	5%	\$	3,332,871	1%
Operating Margin		33%			51%			28%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

WINGRA LOT

Exhibit 24: Wingra Lot

	CY 2012												
Operating Statement	Wing	jra Lot	% of Facility Total	L	_ots Total	% of Lots Total	ι	Jtility Total	% of Utility Total				
Gross Revenue													
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	-	\$	-	0%	\$	6,948,959	0%				
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-	-		-	0%		765,592	0%				
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-	-		-	0%		8,001	0%				
Coupons		-	-		-	0%		59,623	0%				
Off-Street Meters		9,030	100%		675,425	1%		732,166	1%				
On-Street Meters		-	-		-	0%		2,338,696	0%				
Monthly		-	-		257,245	0%		973,374	0%				
Long-Term Lease		-	-		-	0%		98,013	0%				
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	0%		121,669	0%				
Total Gross Revenue	\$	9,030	100%	\$	932,670	1%	\$	12,046,093	0%				
Operating Expenses Salaries													
Administration	\$	1,672	12%	\$	37,659	4%	\$	531,732	0%				
Equipment Maintenance		687	5%		15,465	4%		510,162	0%				
Facility Maintenance		1,326	10%		29,870	4%		702,163	0%				
Operations		4,497	33%		101,291	4%		2,908,661	0%				
Non-Salaries													
Administration		1,821	13%		41,007	4%		761,720	0%				
Equipment Maintenance		162	1%		3,648	4%		366,132	0%				
Facility Maintenance		428	3%		9,646	4%		273,743	0%				
Operations		2,951	22%		66,457	4%		531,608	1%				
Total Operating Expenses	\$	13,543	100%	\$	305,043	4%	\$	6,585,921	0%				
Operating Income	\$	(4,514)	100%	\$	627,627	-1%	\$	5,460,172	0%				
Less:	•	()-)			- ,-			-,,					
PILOT/Meter Tax	¢	4,554		¢	102,566	4%	\$	1,506,566	0%				
	\$ \$	-		\$		4% 4%	э \$		0%				
Sales Tax	\$	2,373		\$	53,446	4%	>	620,736	0%				
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	598	100%	\$	13,458	4%	\$	1,056,803	0%				
Total NOI including Capex	\$	(12,038)	100%	\$	458,157	-3%	\$	2,276,068	-1%				
Operating Margin		-133%			49%			19%					
Fotal NOI without Capex	\$	(11,440)	100%	\$	471,615	-2%	\$	3,332,871	0%				
Operating Margin	*	-127%		-	51%		Ť	28%					

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

FINAL REPORT

PARKING CONSULTANTS

JANUARY 10, 2014

ON-STREET METER PARKING

Exhibit 25: On-Street Meter Parking Financial Performance

	<u> </u>			CY 2012	
		On-Street Meters		Utility Total	% of Utility Total
Gross Revenue					
Cashiered Revenue	\$	-	\$	6,948,959	0%
Special Event/Pay on Entry		-		765,994	0%
Parking Fee Notice and Failure to Pay		-		8,001	0%
Coupons		-		59,623	0%
Off-Street Meters		-		732,166	0%
On-Street Meters		2,338,696		2,338,696	100%
Monthly		-		973,374	0%
Long-Term Lease		-		98,013	0%
Miscellaneous		-		121,669	0%
Total Gross Revenue	\$	2,338,696	\$	12,046,496	19%
Operating Expenses					
Salaries	¢		¢	F04 700	200/
Administration	\$	117,591 151,479	Ф	531,732	22%
Equipment Maintenance Facility Maintenance		28,819		510,162 702,163	30% 4%
Operations		534,096		2,908,661	4% 18%
Non-Salaries		554,090		2,900,001	1070
Administration		134,393		761,720	18%
Equipment Maintenance		13,798		366,132	4%
Facility Maintenance		15,926		273,743	6%
Operations		42,730		531,608	8%
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,038,831	\$	6,585,921	16%
	Ŷ	.,000,001	Ŷ	0,000,021	10/0
Operating Income	\$	1,299,865	\$	5,460,574	24%
Less:					
PILOT/Meter Tax	\$	202,067	\$	1,506,566	13%
Sales Tax	ф \$	107,389	φ \$	620,736	17%
	φ	107,309	φ	020,730	17.70
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	131,632	\$	1,056,803	12%
Total NOI including Capex	\$	858,776	\$	2,276,470	38%
Operating Margin		37%		19%	
Total NOI without Capex	\$	990,409	¢	3,333,273	30%
Operating Margin	φ	990,409 42%	φ	3,333,273	30%
		42.70		20%	

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

ON-STREET PARKING ENFORCEMENT AND SECURITY SERVICES

The Madison Police Department is paid by the Parking Utility to enforce on-street parking regulations, issue citations and patrol off-street parking facilities. The annual cost is approximately \$450,000.

Option:

Competitively bid on-street parking enforcement services. Allow Madison Police Department to competitively bid enforcement services along with qualified firms.



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

SUMMARY OF PARKING UTILITY FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Exhibit 26: Summary of Parking Utility Financial Performance

	Operating Margin		Contribution to		
Parking Asset	With CapEx	Without CapEx	Utility Net Operating Income		
Government East Garage	27%	43%	22.1%		
State Street Campus Garage - Lake	24%	29%	20.1%		
Overture Garage	7%	11%	3.8%		
Capitol Square North Garage	-6%	12%	3.8%		
State Street Capitol Garage	-6%	3%	1.5%		
State Street Campus Garage - Frances	-8%	5%	1.1%		
Subtotal			52.5%		
Proviton Lot	53%	54%	8.3%		
Brayton Lot					
Buckeye Lot	74%	75%	4.8%		
Wilson Lot	32%	33%	0.7%		
Evergreen Lot	36%	38%	0.5%		
Blair Lot	13%	16%	0.3%		
Lot 88	-30%	-27%	-0.1%		
Wingra Lot	-133%	-127%	-0.3%		
Subtotal			14.1%		
On-Street Meters	37%	42%	29.7%		
On-Sueer Melers	3170	4∠70	23.1 70		
Miscellaneous	-	-	3.7%		
Total			100%		

Source(s): City of Madison Parking Utility, 2013; analysis prepared by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013.

Performance metrics for *public* parking assets are unique in that a parking facility may not yield relatively high profitability metrics, but nonetheless contribute to a larger mission by servicing an important segment of the local market. Therefore, the operating margins for each parking asset should be interpreted in context of the surrounding land uses and user demographics.



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

PARKING MARKET CONDITIONS

Parking in the United States is a multi-billion dollar industry that has experienced continuous growth over the past decade. Forecasts of socioeconomic factors, such as population, ethnicity, employment, income, and household sizes, are generally used to assess the future growth of the parking industry. Predictions of trends based on technological innovation, social change, or legislative factors, however, are much more difficult to gauge, but may have an equally significant impact on local, regional or national parking characteristics.

The following are five of the top industry trends in the parking industry:

- 1. An increasing use of automation in revenue collection driven by the desire for higher margins through enhanced financial accountability and staffing efficiencies.
- 2. A focus on quality driven service that is becoming equal in importance when compared to location, safety and affordability.
- 3. An increase in environmental initiatives that seek to achieve long-term financial savings.
- 4. Rapid growth of new parking investors who are pushing research and development of profit maximizing innovations in technology.
- 5. An increase in use of wireless parking services that includes the use of the internet and cell phones to locate and pay for parking.

Many of the industry trends are focused on enhanced patron experience and maximizing financial performance. Design principles that once centered on utilitarian parking lots and structures have shifted to include a greater emphasis on architectural treatments and overall aesthetics. The quality of lighting, pedestrian walkways, graphics, exterior façade, landscaping and overall ambiance has become more important to owners. In combination with changing deign objectives, advancements in technology have allowed owners to increase efficiencies and maximize revenue potential.

LOCAL MARKET CONDITIONS

Key indices commonly used to evaluate the current parking conditions in a local market area include parking facility peak occupancy rates, daily and monthly fees, and policies. Off-street and on-street parking occupancy levels in Downtown Madison fluctuate based on time of year, day of the week and time of day. Most private parking facilities are operating at or near capacity, while the public parking facilities vary in peak occupancy levels are approximately 75 to 95 percent during a non-event day. Representatives from the community, City and Public Utility confirm that demand is growing for long-term, off-street parking supply to accommodate new office and residential developments. Overall, the market demand for parking is stable due to the primary demand generators that include the University of Wisconsin, City of Madison, State of Wisconsin and several thriving office, retail, restaurant, and residential properties. In addition, there are numerous special events hosted in Downtown Madison that cause parking demand to spike at off- and on-street parking locations.

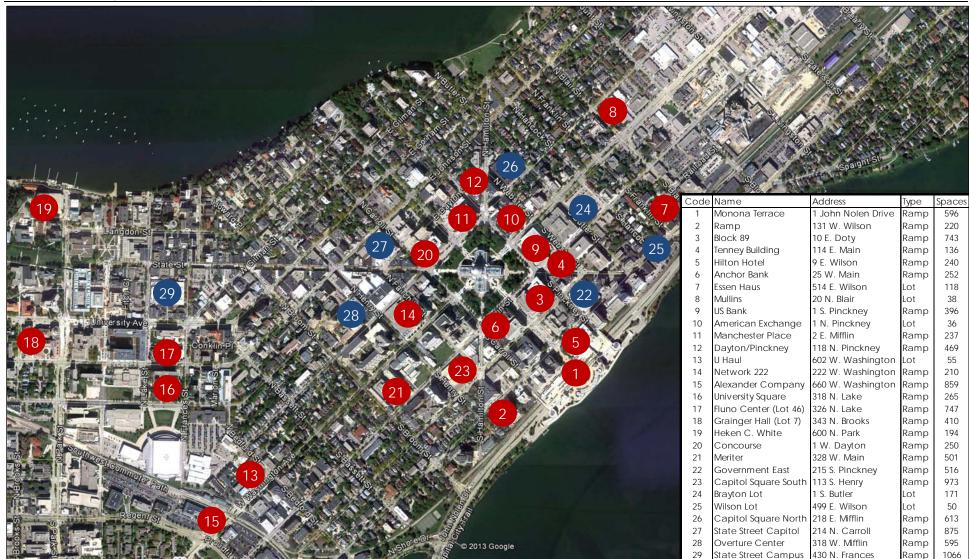
CITY OF MADISON PARKING UTILITY PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014



FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 27: Parking Market Area – Primary Parking Locations



PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

MARKET PARKING RATES

Exhibit 28: Comparative Parking Rates and Locations

	Name	Address	Туре	Spaces	_	Hourly		Monthly	No	n-Tenant		1/2 Day		Daily	Night		ter/Hr.
1	Monona Terrace	1 John Nolen Drive	Ramp	596	\$	1.40	\$	83.55		-	\$	6.00	\$	12.00	\$ 5.00	\$	1.70
2	Ramp	131 W. Wilson	Ramp	220	\$	2.00	\$	120.00		-	\$	8.00	\$	16.00	-		-
3	Block 89	10 E. Doty	Ramp	743	\$	3.00	\$	130.00	\$	145.00		-		-	-		-
4	Tenney Building	114 E. Main	Ramp	136	\$	2.00	\$	125.00	\$	135.00	\$	8.00		16.00	-		-
5	Hilton Hotel	9 E. Wilson	Ramp	240	\$	2.00		-		-	\$	8.00	\$	12.00	-		-
6	Anchor Bank	25 W. Main	Ramp	252		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
7	Essen Haus	514 E. Wilson	Lot	118		-	\$	95.00		-		-		-	-		-
8	Mullins	20 N. Blair	Lot	38		-	\$	65.00		-		-		-	-		-
9	US Bank	1 S. Pinckney	Ramp	396	\$	2.00	\$	99.00	\$	110.00	\$	8.00	\$	16.00	-		-
10	American Exchange	1 N. Pinckney	Lot	36		-	\$	120.00	\$	130.00		-		-	-		-
11	Manchester Place	2 E. Mifflin	Ramp	237	\$	1.50	\$	115.00		-	\$	6.00		12.00	-		-
12	5	118 N. Pinckney	Ramp	469	\$	2.00	\$	125.00	\$	140.00	\$	8.00	\$	16.00	-		-
13		602 W. Washington	Lot	55		-	\$	79.95		-		-		-	-		-
14	Network 222	222 W. Washington	Ramp	210		-	\$	125.00		-		-		-	-		-
15			Ramp	859		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
16	University Square	318 N. Lake	Ramp	265	\$	1.80		-		-	\$	7.20		14.40	-		-
17	. ,	326 N. Lake	Ramp	747		-		-		-	\$	6.00	\$	10.00	-	\$	1.50
18	5 ()	343 N. Brooks	Ramp	410		-		-		-	\$	6.00	\$	10.00	-	\$	1.50
19	Heken C. White	600 N. Park	Ramp	194		-	\$	100.00		-	\$	6.00	\$	10.00	-	\$	1.25
20	Concourse	1 W. Dayton	Ramp	250	\$	1.00	\$	130.00		-	\$	4.00	\$	7.00	-		-
21	Meriter	328 W. Main	Ramp	501		-	\$	115.00		-		-		-	-		-
22		215 S. Pinckney	Ramp	516	\$	1.50	\$	190.00	\$	220.00	\$	6.00		12.00	\$ 5.00		-
23	Capitol Square South	5	Ramp	973	\$	1.50	\$	135.00	\$	155.00	\$	6.00	\$	12.00	\$ 5.00	\$	1.50
24	Brayton Lot	1 S. Butler	Lot	171	\$	1.50		-			\$	6.00	\$	12.00	-		-
25	Wilson Lot	499 E. Wilson	Lot	50		-	\$	105.00	\$	125.00		-		-	-		-
26	Capitol Square North		Ramp	613	\$	1.00	\$	130.00	\$	150.00	\$	4.00	\$	8.00	\$ 5.00		-
27	· ·	214 N. Carroll	Ramp	875	\$	1.00	\$	140.00	\$	170.00	\$	4.00	\$	8.00	\$ 5.00		-
28	Overture Center	318 W. Mifflin	Ramp	595	\$	0.75	\$	110.00	\$	130.00		-		-	\$ 5.00		-
29	State Street Campus	430 N. Frances	Ramp	1066	\$	1.25	\$	180.00	\$	210.00		-		-	\$ 5.00		-
			SLIN			ADVINIC		ATE COM		SON							
	Average Parking Rate	ç	301		ר די \$	1.60	эк/ \$	118.98		151.67	\$	6.31	\$	11.96	\$ 5.00	\$	1.49
	Average Ramp Parkin				⊅ \$	1.60	⊅ \$	126.62		151.67	⊅ \$	6.33		11.90	\$ 5.00	⊅ \$	1.49
	Average Lot Parking R	0			.⊅ \$	1.50	.⊅ \$	92.99	.₽ \$	127.50	φ	0.55	φ	11.70	φ 5.00	φ	1.47
	Average Lot Faiking K	ales			φ	1.50	φ	72.77	φ	127.50		-		-	-		-
	Public Parking Ramps				\$	1.17	\$	147.50	\$	172.50	\$	5.00	\$	10.00	\$ 5.00	\$	1.50
	Private Parking Ramp	S			\$	1.87	\$	115.26	\$	132.50	\$	6.77	\$	12.62	\$ 5.00	\$	1.49
	Variance				\$	(0.70)	\$	32.25	\$	40.00	\$	(1.77)	\$	(2.62)	\$ -	\$	0.01
	Public Parking Lots				\$	1.50	\$	105.00	\$	125.00	\$	6.00	\$	12.00	-		-
	Private Parking Lots				\$	-	\$	89.99	\$	130.00		-		-	-		-
	Variance				\$	1.50	\$	15.01	\$	(5.00)	\$	6.00	\$	12.00	-		-

Source: Data provided by Parking Utility; Analyzed by Walker Parking Consultants, 2013

SPECIAL EVENT PARKING RATES

University of Wisconsin, Kohl Center and Camp Randall Special Event pricing is \$10.00 to \$25.00; Alliant Center special event pricing is \$6.00. In comparison, the Parking Utility special event rate is \$5.00.

32

JANUARY 10, 2014

Exhibit 29: Historical Parking Rate Adjustments

Garage Hourly Rates	2001	2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2001-2012
Capitol Square North	\$0.50	\$0.65	\$0.80	\$0.80	\$1.00	6.5%
Government East	\$0.30		\$0.80 \$1.10	\$0.80 \$1.40	\$1.50	6.5%
Overture Center	\$0.75		\$0.70	\$0.70	\$0.75	3.8%
	\$0.50		\$0.70 \$1.10	\$0.70 \$1.25	\$1.25	5.4%
State Street Campus	\$0.55		\$0.85	\$1.25	\$1.25	5.6%
State Street Capitol	\$0.00					
Miscellaneous		2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2005-2012
Evening Max		\$1.00	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	25.8%
Weekend Max		\$2.00	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	14.0%
Pay-on-Entry fee		\$3.00	\$4.00	\$4.00	\$5.00	7.6%
Lost Ticket fee		varied	\$10.00	\$20.00	\$25.00	
Metered Facilities		2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2005-2012
Blair Lot		\$0.30	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$1.00	18.8%
Brayton Lot - Meters		\$0.85	\$1.00	\$1.20	\$1.50	8.5%
Brayton Lot - Paystations		\$0.85	\$1.00	\$1.35	\$1.50	8.5%
Buckeye Lot		\$1.00	\$1.10	\$1.25	\$1.50	6.0%
Evergreen Lot		\$0.30	\$0.50	\$1.00	\$1.20	21.9%
Lot 88		\$1.00	\$1.10	\$1.25	\$1.50	6.0%
State Street Capitol Meters		\$0.75	\$1.00	\$1.25	\$1.50	10.4%
Wingra		\$0.30	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$1.20	21.9%
10-Hour Meters		\$0.35	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$1.00	16.2%
Street Meters		2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2005-2012
Central (CBD) Area - single pole meters		\$1.00	\$1.25	\$1.50	\$1.75	8.3%
Central (CBD) Area - multi space meters		\$1.00	\$1.25	\$1.70	\$1.75	8.3%
Periphery		\$0.35	\$0.50	\$1.00	\$1.20	19.2%
10-Hour Meters		\$0.35	\$0.50	\$0.75	\$1.00	16.2%
Monthly Facilities		2005	2006	2009	2012	CAGR 2005-2012
Blair - R		\$65	\$75	\$95	\$110	7.8%
Blair - NR		\$70	\$85	\$114	\$130	9.2%
Capitol Square North - R		\$91	\$100	\$116	\$130	5.2%
Capitol Square North - NR		\$106	\$117	\$139	\$150	5.1%
Capitol Square North - R Premium Pass				\$168	\$200	
Capitol Square North - NR Premium Pass				\$202	\$200	
Government East - R		\$116	\$133	\$180	\$190	7.3%
Government East - NR		\$133	\$156	\$210	\$220	7.5%
Government East - Premium Pass					\$250	
Overture Center - R		\$103	\$103	\$103	\$110	0.9%
Overture Center - NR		\$103	\$118	\$124	\$130	3.4%
State Street Campus - R				\$171	\$180	
State Street Campus - NR				\$205	\$210	
State Street Campus - Premium Pass					\$230	
State Street Capitol - R		\$103	\$113	\$136	\$140	4.5%
State Street Capitol - NR		\$113	\$130	\$163	\$170	6.0%
State Street Capitol - Premium Pass				\$220	\$220	
Wilson Lot - R		\$73	\$80	\$101	\$105	5.3%
Wilson Lot - NR		\$80	\$86	\$121	\$125	6.6%
Brayton Lot - R					\$130	
Brayton Lot - NR					\$150	





ELIMINATION OF MINIMUM PARKING REQUIREMENTS

The City no longer has parking minimum requirements in the downtown area. This policy increases the value of publicly provided parking to the community. The public supply will likely continue to increase in value as more owners chose to forgo building costly parking and focus on higher density development programs.

FUTURE PARKING CONDITIONS

Demand for public parking in Downtown Madison is anticipated to increase as more downtown development occurs. At this time, the downtown area is experiencing a high level of new construction for apartments and hotels. The 2013 DMI State of the Downtown report found the 2013 vacancy rate for office space in downtown Madison to be 17.2%. Most, but not all, development will include some structured parking to accommodate on-site tenants. Overall, the Parking Utility is expected to continue serving as the primary supplier of publicly accessible parking with a sizable market share.



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PROJECTIONS

The capital expenditures (CapEx) for replacing and maintaining all six public parking structures were predicted by Walker Restoration Consultants based on the reports that have been prepared by the previous consultants; Arnold and O'Sheridan (A&O) or JSD Professional Services and Pierce Engineers (JSD/PE). The replacement and ongoing maintenance costs for the parking structures are used in preparing financial scenarios where replacement projects are staged over a 20 year period. While the Government East Garage may undergo replacement in the very near future, other properties may require capital investment to extend their use until replacement is financial viable. The following discussions on Facility Replacement and Facility Repairs and Maintenance provide capital expenditures that may be incurred by the Parking Utility over the next 20 years.

FACILITY REPLACEMENT

The age of each parking garage and the conceptual estimate of replacement cost are provided in the following exhibit. The figures are provided for strategic planning purposes and are not budget numbers. Costs figures for below- and above-grade are provided for comparison. Since the exact replacement capacities and design configurations are unknown, the base assumption is that the replacement supply is equal to the current supply.

Exhibit 30: Conceptual Estimate of Future Capital Expenditures

2014 Dollars												
					Conceptual E	stim	ate for	Conceptual Estim ate for				
				Below Grade Parking					Above Gra	nde F	Parking	
Facility Name	Spaces	Year Built	Age	F	Project Cost	De	ebt Service	P	roject Cost	De	ebt Service	
Government East	516	1958	55	\$	20,640,000	\$	1,656,000	\$	10,836,000	\$	870,000	
State Street Capitol	855	1961	52		34,200,000		2,744,000		17,955,000		1,441,000	
Capitol Square North	613	1971	42		24,520,000		1,968,000		12,873,000		1,033,000	
State Street Campus	1,066											
Lake Street (Phase 1)	533	1964	49		21,320,000		1,711,000		11,193,000		898,000	
Frances Street (Phase 2)	533	1982	31		21,320,000		1,711,000		11,193,000		898,000	
Overture Center	625	1982	31		25,000,000		2,006,000		13,125,000		1,053,000	
Total (2013 Dollars)	3,675	Average	43	\$	147,000,000	\$	11,796,000	\$	77,175,000	\$	6,193,000	

Adjusted Capital Expenditures for Actual Year Dollars (3.5%/Yr.)

				Conceptual E Below Grad				,	l Estim ate for ade Parking		
Facility Name	Spaces	Replacement Year	Project Cost		Debt Service		Ρ	roject Cost	De	bt Service	
Government East	516	2014	\$	20,640,000	\$	1,656,000	\$	10,836,000	\$	870,000	
SSC - Lake (Phase 1)	533	2019		24,465,000		1,963,000		12,844,225		1,031,000	
State Street Capitol	855	2024		46,611,000		3,740,000		24,470,822		1,964,000	
Capitol Square North	613	2029		39,690,000		3,185,000		20,837,455		1,672,000	
SSC - Frances (Phase 2)	533	2033		40,988,000		3,289,000		21,518,557		1,727,000	
Overture Center	625	2033		48,063,000		3,857,000		25,232,830		2,025,000	
Total (Adjusted Dollars)	3,675		\$	220,457,000	\$	17,690,000	\$	115,739,889	\$	9,289,000	

Sources: City of Madison Parking Utility; Walker Parking Consultants, 2014



FINAL REPORT

The capital requirement for replacement is materially different if a parking garage is rebuilt below- or above-grade. For this analysis, both estimates are provided and factored in the evaluation of future sustainability. Although rebuilding the parking garages above-grade as they exist today would cost less, recommendations outlined in the *Downtown Madison Plan*¹ call for replacement parking to be underground, when possible. Specifically, the adopted plan recommends that the City locate new and replacement parking underground as existing motor vehicle parking structures and surface lots are reconstructed. Where this is not possible, the plan calls for above ground facilities to be screened from street view with liner buildings. Upper stories of parking structures may be permitted at the street if designed to a level of interest and quality equal to a building façade.

FACILITY REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

A summary of the characteristics of the parking structures and the reports we were provided is shown in the following exhibit.

Structure	Year Constructed	Construction Type	No. of Spaces	Provided Reports
Overture Center	1982	CIP post-tensioned	620	A&O, 11/19/09 JSD/PE, 03/09/12
State Street Capitol	1962 1995 vert. exp.	Two-way flat slab CIP post-tensioned	890	A&O, 11/10/09
Capitol Square North	1970	CIP post-tensioned	613	A&O, 01/28/09 JSD/PE, 02/04/11 JSD/PE, 03/09/12
State Street Campus (Lake)	1962	CIP Pan joist	521	A&O, 01/28/09 JSD/PE, 02/04/11 JSD/PE, 03/09/12
State Street Campus (Frances)	1981 1986 vert. exp.	CIP post-tensioned precast	545	A&O, 11/11/09 JSD/PE, 03/09/12
Government East	1958/1965	Conventional cast-in- place concrete	526	A&O, 01/28/09 JSD/PE, 02/04/11

Exhibit 31: Parking Structure Characteristics

¹ Madison Plan, adopted July 2012; Recommendation #153



FINAL REPORT

The provided reports focused solely on the structural and waterproofing components of the parking structures, and did not include lighting and electrical, plumbing, access control or other systems. In addition to the condition assessment reports, we were provided a 10-year plan starting in 2012 that was developed by a previous consultant and City staff. This 10-year plan did provide some information regarding anticipated lighting replacement and plumbing work. This information was supplemented by our experience with maintenance of similar structures and general familiarity with the industry to develop a 20-year plan.

Capital maintenance activities for other systems that would typically be required have been included based on our experience with similar facilities and general review of the provided plans. It has been assumed that the parking structures do not have any code issues, ADA requirements or other similar items which would require upgrading or repair that is not related to environmental deterioration.

Indirect costs that may be associated with the repairs are not included. This would include overhead costs, financing costs, or costs of supplying alternative parking for users, for example.

In order to prepare the cash flow of the expenditures for each parking asset, an inflation rate of 3.5 % has been assumed. This is based on the historic rise in Consumer Price Index, as well as from tracking the year-over-year rise in unit prices we have obtained for selected typical restoration work items.

The expenditures are presented at five year intervals. This reflects the level of accuracy that can be obtained for projections of this type over the extended study period. The dollar amounts shown in a specific year do not necessarily need to be spent only during that year, but represent the expenditures that should be anticipated at approximately that time.

ANTICIPATED GENERAL MAINTENANCE APPROACH

The performance of parking structures varies significantly from structure to structure, depending upon age, type of construction and previous maintenance history. There are also a number of different philosophies that can be used to maintain them, ranging from minimal expenditures allowing the structure to deteriorate until major rehabilitation/replacement is needed to continuous, intensive maintenance which implements multiple protective measures that are constantly being renewed. Based on our experience, it is generally our opinion that a "middle of the road" approach is the most cost effective. This would involve addressing structural deterioration periodically, and implementing and maintaining reasonable protective measures. The protective measures vary based on the precise structure, but typically may include sealants, expansion joints, sealers, traffic topping, and painting. For many of these protective measures, they have an effective service life of approximately 10 years, at which time they will need to be revitalized. If a different approach is followed in this report, then the budgets may be significantly different. In the worst case, this may need to include replacement of the entire parking structure during the time frame under consideration.



FINAL REPORT

In addition to these items that address the structural and waterproofing elements of the structure, there are other electrical and mechanical systems that will reach the end of their service life during the life time of this study. This includes lighting, elevators, ventilation systems, fire protection, etc. These will need to be replaced at the appropriate time, and have been included in these maintenance projects. Some owners replace these items before they reach the end of their service life in order to take advantage of technological improvements which result in increased efficiency or better service. One example would be the replacement of the energy-intensive metal halide lighting with more energy efficient LED lighting. These tend to be a highly individual decision by the owner and the possibility has not been included in the projections made herein.

The objective of this section of the report is to identify capital maintenance costs. As such, it does not include routine or operational maintenance. Examples of these items include routine cleaning or changing light bulbs.

It should be noted that for parking structures, the industry standard expected service life at initial construction is 30 to 50 years. As can be seen from Exhibit 31, all of the parking structures will have reached the 50 years of age by the end of the study period, and some already have. As they do represent a significant capital investment, there are numerous parking structures that have reached that age and are still in operation with the expectation that they will be in operation for years to follow. To have that opportunity to extend the life of the parking structure, however, it is necessary to keep up with ongoing maintenance.

Replacement is being considered for the Government East parking structure in 2014-15. Thus for this structure, two scenarios are shown for near term consideration. The first scenario projects the capital maintenance over the 20-year study period as if the structure was not demolished. This requires more comprehensive initial maintenance expenditure in addition to the expenditures that would occur during the future. This is the "as is" or "no replacement" scenario. The second scenario considers facility replacement with standard annual maintenance post construction.



FINAL REPORT

The summary expenditures shown in the following exhibit represent a timeline scenario where the parking structures are maintained for 20 years and not replaced.

Exhibit 32: Summary of Parking Utility Capital Expenditure Projections – No Replacement Scenario

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 426,000	\$ 158,000	\$ 273,000	\$ 88,000	\$ 320,000
STRUCTURAL	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 850,000	\$ -	\$ 610,000	\$ -	\$ 915,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 855,000	\$ -	\$ 330,000	\$ -	\$ 515,000
Masonry Repair	\$ 43,000	\$ -	\$ 24,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 35,000
WATERPROOFING					
Joint Sealant	\$ 106,000	\$ 56,000	\$ 106,000	\$ 56,000	\$ 106,000
Expansion Joints	\$ 324,000	\$ 292,000	\$ 324,000	\$ 292,000	\$ 324,000
Sealer	\$ 186,000	\$ 153,000	\$ 186,000	\$ 153,000	\$ 186,000
Traffic Topping	\$ 886,000	\$ -	\$ 1,756,000	\$ -	\$ 1,756,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System	\$ 101,000	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting System	\$ 1,865,000	\$ 1,075,000	\$ -	\$ 480,000	\$ -
Elevators	\$ -	\$ 225,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 59,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 59,000
Signage	\$ 10,000	\$ 44,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 44,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 38,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 5,749,000	\$ 2,140,000	\$ 3,706,000	\$ 1,201,000	\$ 4,328,000
Contingency	\$ 862,000	\$ 321,000	\$ 556,000	\$ 180,000	\$ 649,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 575,000	\$ 214,000	\$ 371,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 433,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 7,186,000	\$ 2,675,000	\$ 4,633,000	\$ 1,501,000	\$ 5,410,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 7,437,510	\$ 3,177,061	\$ 6,535,304	\$ 2,514,699	\$ 10,764,758

The following exhibits in this section include a summary of projected capital maintenance expenditures for each parking structure over a 20-year period.

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 33: State Street Capitol Parking Structure

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 97,000	\$ 39,000	\$ 36,000	\$ 33,000	\$ 52,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 250,000		\$ 350,000		\$ 500,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 50,000		\$ 75,000		\$ 110,000
Masonry Repair	\$ 10,000		\$ 12,000		\$ 15,000
WATERPROOFING					
Joint Sealant		\$ 56,000		\$ 56,000	
Expansion Joints		\$ 182,000		\$ 182,000	
Sealer		\$ 153,000		\$ 153,000	
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System					
ELECTRICAL	\$ 890,000				
Lighting System					
Elevators		\$ 75,000			
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
Signage		\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 1,314,000	\$ 532,000	\$ 490,000	\$ 441,000	\$ 704,000
Contingency	\$ 197,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 74,000	\$ 66,000	\$ 106,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 131,000	\$ 53,000	\$ 49,000	\$ 44,000	\$ 70,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 1,642,000	\$ 665,000	\$ 613,000	\$ 551,000	\$ 880,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 1,699,470	\$ 789,811	\$ 864,697	\$ 923,117	\$ 1,751,014

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 34: State Street Campus (Lake) Parking Structure

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 10,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 48,000	\$ 97,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 50,000		\$ 75,000		\$ 150,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 45,000		\$ 65,000		\$ 140,000
Masonry Repair	\$ 8,000		\$ 12,000		\$ 20,000
WATERPROOFING					
Traffic Topping			\$ 870,000		\$ 870,000
Expansion Joints		\$ 110,000		\$ 110,000	
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System		\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting System				\$ 480,000	
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Signage		\$ 8,000			\$ 8,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 129,000	\$ 156,000	\$ 1,121,000	\$ 654,000	\$ 1,311,000
Contingency	\$ 19,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 168,000	\$ 98,000	\$ 197,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 13,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 112,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 131,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 161,000	\$ 195,000	\$ 1,401,000	\$ 817,000	\$ 1,639,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 166,635	\$ 231,599	\$ 1,976,249	\$ 1,368,760	\$ 3,261,264

PARKING UTILITY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 35: State Street Campus (Frances) Parking Structure

DESCRIPTION	2014	 2018	 2023	 2028	 2033
General Conditions	\$ 65,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 31,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 20,000		\$ 35,000		\$ 50,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 20,000		\$ 35,000		\$ 50,000
Masonry Repairs	\$ 25,000			\$ 25,000	
WATERPROOFING					
Joint Sealant	\$ 90,000		\$ 90,000		\$ 90,000
Expansion Joints	\$ 68,000		\$ 68,000		\$ 68,000
Sealer	\$ 95,000		\$ 95,000		\$ 95,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage System		\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting System	\$ 475,000				
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000
Signage		\$ 8,000			\$ 8,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 876,000	\$ 39,000	\$ 368,000	\$ 46,000	\$ 420,000
Contingency	\$ 131,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 63,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 88,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 37,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 42,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 49,000	\$ 460,000	\$ 58,000	\$ 525,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 1,133,325	\$ 58,197	\$ 648,875	\$ 97,170	\$ 1,044,639

JANUARY 10, 2014

Exhibit 36: Government East Parking Structure – 20 Year Extension

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$ 201,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 74,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 78,000
STRUCTURAL					
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 500,000		\$ 100,000		\$ 120,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 700,000		\$ 100,000		\$ 120,000
WATERPROOFING					
Traffic Topping	\$ 670,000		\$ 670,000		\$ 670,000
Expansion Joints	\$ 43,000		\$ 43,000		\$ 43,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS					
Drainage	\$ 75,000				\$ 10,000
ELECTRICAL					
Lighting	\$ 500,000				
MISCELLANEOUS					
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000
Signage	\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000	
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 2,716,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 1,004,000	\$ 29,000	\$ 1,058,000
Contingency	\$ 407,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 151,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 159,000
Engineering & Testing	\$ 272,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 106,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 3,395,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 1,255,000	\$ 36,000	\$ 1,323,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 3,513,825	\$ 27,317	\$ 1,770,301	\$ 60,313	\$ 2,632,491

Exhibit 37: Government East Parking Structure – Demolition

DESCRIPTION	2014	2018		2023		2028		2033	
General Conditions	\$ 80,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
STRUCTURAL									
Concrete Floor Repair	\$ 440,000								
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$ 558,000								
WATERPROOFING									
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS									
ELECTRICAL									
MISCELLANEOUS									
Paint Traffic Striping	\$ 5,000								
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$ 1,083,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contingency	\$ 162,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Engineering & Testing	\$ 108,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$ 1,353,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$ 1,400,355	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-



JANUARY 10, 2014



Exhibit 38: Capitol Square North	Park	ing Structu	ire				
DESCRIPTION		2014		2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$	33,000	\$	56,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 39,000
STRUCTURAL							
Concrete Floor Repair	\$	25,000			\$ 35,000		\$ 70,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$	25,000			\$ 35,000		\$ 70,000
WATERPROOFING							
Traffic Topping	\$	216,000			\$ 216,000		\$ 216,000
Joint Sealant	\$	9,000			\$ 9,000		\$ 9,000
Expansion Joints	\$	93,000			\$ 93,000		\$ 93,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS							
Drainage System	\$	26,000					
ELECTRICAL							
Lighting System			\$	575,000			
Elevators			\$	100,000			
MISCELLANEOUS							
Painting Miscellaneous Metals	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Signage			\$	10,000			\$ 10,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$	443,000	\$	757,000	\$ 436,000	\$ 17,000	\$ 523,000
Contingency	\$	66,000	\$	114,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 78,000
Engineering & Testing	\$	44,000	\$	76,000	\$ 44,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 52,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$	553,000	\$	947,000	\$ 545,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 653,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$	572,355	\$	1,124,739	\$ 768,776	\$ 36,858	\$ 1,299,332

JANUARY 10, 2014



Exhibit 39: Overture Center Pa	arking S	tructure				
DESCRIPTION		2014	2018	2023	2028	2033
General Conditions	\$	20,000	\$ 47,000	\$ 21,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 23,000
STRUCTURAL						
Concrete Floor Repair	\$	5,000		\$ 15,000		\$ 25,000
Overhead Concrete Repair	\$	15,000		\$ 20,000		\$ 25,000
WATERPROOFING						
Joint Sealant	\$	7,000		\$ 7,000		\$ 7,000
Expansion Joints	\$	120,000		\$ 120,000		\$ 120,000
Sealer	\$	91,000		\$ 91,000		\$ 91,000
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS						
Drainage System			\$ 20,000			
ELECTRICAL						
Lighting System			\$ 500,000			
Elevators			\$ 50,000			
MISCELLANEOUS						
Miscellaneous Metal Painting	\$	7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000
Signage			\$ 8,000			\$ 8,000
Paint Traffic Striping	\$	6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
SUBTOTAL (Construction)	\$	271,000	\$ 638,000	\$ 287,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 312,000
Contingency	\$	41,000	\$ 96,000	\$ 43,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 47,000
Engineering & Testing	\$	27,000	\$ 64,000	\$ 29,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 31,000
TOTAL (2014 Dollars)	\$	339,000	\$ 798,000	\$ 359,000	\$ 17,000	\$ 390,000
TOTAL (Actual Year Dollars)	\$	350,865	\$ 947,774	\$ 506,405	\$ 28,481	\$ 776,018



FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 40: Summary of Capital Maintenance with 20-Year System Facility Replacement Schedule

Facility	Replacement Period	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028		2033
Government East	2015-2016	\$ 1,353,000	Replac	cement	\$ 11,500	\$ 11,500	\$ 251,000	\$ 7,200	\$	264,600
State Street Campus - Lake	2020-2021	161,000	48,750	48,750	48,750	48,750	40,000	43,000		45,000
State Street Capitol	2024-2025	1,642,000	166,250	166,250	166,250	166,250	122,600	64,000		68,000
Capitol Square North	2029-2030	553,000	\$236,750	236,750	236,750	236,750	109,000	4,400		46,000
Overture Center	2033-2034	339,000	199,500	199,500	199,500	199,500	71,800	3,400	Re	placement
State Street Campus - Frances	2033-2034	1,095,000	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250	92,000	11,600	Re	placement
Total (2014 Dollars)		\$ 5,143,000	\$ 663,500	\$ 663,500	\$ 675,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 686,400	\$ 133,600	\$	423,600
Total (Actual Year Dollars)		\$ 5,143,000	\$ 687,000	\$ 711,000	\$ 749,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 939,000	\$ 217,000	\$	820,000

Exhibit 41: Summary of Capital Maintenance with Only Government East Replacement

Facility	Replacement Period	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2033
Government East	2015-2016	\$ 1,353,000	Replac	ement	\$ 11,500	\$ 11,500	\$ 251,000	\$ 7,200	\$ 264,600
State Street Campus - Lake	-	161,000	\$48,750	\$48,750	\$ 48,750	\$ 48,750	\$ 280,200	\$ 163,400	\$ 327,800
State Street Capitol	-	1,642,000	\$166,250	166,250	\$ 166,250	\$ 166,250	\$ 122,600	\$ 110,200	\$ 176,000
Capitol Square North	-	553,000	\$236,750	\$236,750	\$ 236,750	\$ 236,750	\$ 109,000	\$ 4,400	\$ 130,600
Overture Center	-	\$339,000	\$199,500	\$199,500	\$199,500	\$199,500	\$ 71,800	\$ 3,400	\$ 78,000
State Street Campus - Frances	-	\$1,095,000	\$12,250	\$12,250	\$12,250	\$12,250	\$ 92,000	\$ 11,600	\$ 105,000
Total (2014 Dollars)		\$ 5,143,000	\$ 663,500	\$ 663,500	\$ 675,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 926,600	\$ 300,200	\$ 1,082,000
Total (Actual Year Dollars)		\$ 5,143,000	\$ 687,000	\$ 711,000	\$ 749,000	\$ 776,000	\$ 1,267,000	\$ 489,000	\$ 2,095,000



OPERATIONS AND POLICIES

This section of the report is largely aimed at identifying value opportunities for the Parking Utility to pursue. These value opportunities include potential ways to enhance operating revenues and/or reduce operating expenses. Areas of evaluation include the organizational structure, use of automation technology, parking expenditure policies, performance-based pricing strategies, and expansion of services.

BUSINESS MODEL

The Parking Utility is self-operated which requires the City to actively engage in the parking business. This business model works for the Parking Utility in that the City has historically delivered parking services to the public with professionalism and within budget. The financial records for the Parking Utility demonstrate that gross revenues have historically serviced the annual costs of self-operating the parking system, while also contributing to non-parking related city expenditures.

SELF-OPERATE

The Parking Utility has embraced a forward-thinking approach to leveraging the efficiencies that technology can offer the parking system. This commitment is demonstrated by the use of real-time occupancy data, automated parking access and revenue controls, and multi-space on-street meters. This approach to managing the public parking system is in agreement with industry trends that show automation as the number one action taken by professional parking operators to improve financial performance. As the position of cashier becomes less necessary, it is common industry practice to revise job descriptions and responsibilities to retain and maximize high performing staff.

THIRD-PARTY MANAGEMENT

While there are many municipalities with self-operated parking systems, there are also many municipalities that have elected to deliver parking services through a third-party management agreement. Both approaches can be financially effective for a city. A third-party parking management contract is often pursued because of an actual or perceived economic savings. Discussions of the potential savings in having a private company manage parking often focus on the cost of managing the public parking department. There are some savings that result from reducing the Utility's role in administering parking. However, the Utility would still be paying for the administration of the parking system in the form of a management fee. This fee could be upwards of \$200,000. Parking companies expect to make a significant profit on administration. It should also be noted that the Utility would still need to maintain staff to oversee the parking contract to ensure good customer service and accurate financial reporting. As a result, administrative savings are not as great as many people would assume thus reducing the viability of this as an option.



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

There are three options for consideration with the current business model.

- 1) Operate "as is" and realize cost savings over time through attrition.
- 2) Operate off-street structures with a greater reliance on the existing automation equipment and staff according to industry standards.
- 3) Operate off-street structures to maximize financial benefits of existing automation equipment and minimize direct labor.

Option:

Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies. According to the Parking Utility, up to 18.65 FTE are eligible for retirement through 2018.

The total potential impact, shown in the following exhibit, represents potential savings to the Parking Utility.

Exhibit 42: Self-Operate with Forecasted Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies

		FTEs		Direct	Fully Loaded	Potential
Title	Option	Current	Variance	Rate	Rate	Impact
Administrative Clerk 1	0.75	1.75	-1.00	\$ 22.24	\$ 30.47	\$ 63,383
Administrative Clerk 2	2.00	2.00	0.00	25.01	34.27	-
Analyst	0.00	1.00	-1.00	29.97	41.06	85,400.32
Cashier	21.90	29.40	-7.50	19.98	27.37	427,006.28
Custodial Worker 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.45	32.13	-
Engineer	1.00	1.00	0.00	40.88	56.00	-
Equipment Mechanic	2.00	2.00	0.00	24.96	34.20	-
Equipment Technician	2.00	2.00	0.00	25.92	35.51	-
nformation Clerk	1.75	1.75	0.00	18.36	25.15	-
Vaintenance Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	32.13	44.01	-
Vaintenance Worker 1	1.00	7.00	-6.00	25.08	34.36	428,874.98
Maintenance Worker 2	0.00	1.00	-1.00	27.10	37.13	77,224.16
Operations Assistant Manager	0.00	1.00	-1.00	28.86	39.54	82,246.58
Operations Manager	1.00	1.00	0.00	37.85	51.86	-
Operations Supervisor	1.00	1.00	0.00	34.80	47.68	-
Program Assistant 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.80	32.61	-
Revenue Clerk	1.00	1.00	0.00	21.25	29.11	-
Revenue Lead	2.90	3.80	-0.90	26.06	35.70	66,826.87
Revenue Supervisor	1.00	1.00	0.00	28.34	38.82	-
Service Worker	4.00	4.00	0.00	24.17	33.11	-
echnician Aide	2.00	2.00	0.00	24.27	33.25	-
otal	48.30	66.70	-18.4			\$ 1,230,962

Note: The FTE changes assume repositioning will occur to the extent possible.

Option:

Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies gained by *moderate* use of parking access and revenue control automation technology.



FINAL REPORT

The total potential impact, shown in the following exhibit, represents potential savings to the Parking Utility.

Exhibit 43: Self-Operate with Moderate Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies

		FTEs			Fully	
Title	Option	Current	Variance	Direct Rate	Loaded Rate	Potential Impact
Administrative Clerk 1	1.00	1.75	-0.75	\$ 22.24	\$ 30.47	\$ 47,537
Administrative Clerk 2	1.00	2.00	-1.00	25.01	34.27	71,275.62
Analyst	1.00	1.00	0.00	29.97	41.06	-
Cashier	25.00	29.40	-4.40	19.98	27.37	250,510.35
Custodial Worker 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.45	32.13	-
Engineer	1.00	1.00	0.00	40.88	56.00	-
Equipment Mechanic	1.00	2.00	-1.00	24.96	34.20	71,133.14
Equipment Technician	2.00	2.00	0.00	25.92	35.51	-
Information Clerk	1.00	1.75	-0.75	18.36	25.15	39,235.82
Maintenance Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	32.13	44.01	(91,543.40)
Maintenance Worker 1	4.00	7.00	-3.00	25.08	34.36	214,437.49
Maintenance Worker 2	0.00	1.00	-1.00	27.10	37.13	77,224.16
Operations Assistant Manager	2.00	1.00	1.00	28.86	39.54	(82,246.58)
Operations Manager	1.00	1.00	0.00	37.85	51.86	-
Operations Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	34.80	47.68	(99,166.08)
Program Assistant 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.80	32.61	-
Revenue Clerk	1.00	1.00	0.00	21.25	29.11	-
Revenue Lead	4.00	3.80	0.20	26.06	35.70	(14,850.42)
Revenue Supervisor	1.00	1.00	0.00	28.34	38.82	-
Service Worker	1.00	4.00	-3.00	24.17	33.11	206,587.10
Technician Aide	0.00	2.00	-2.00	24.27	33.25	138,326.16
Total	53.00	66.70	-13.7			\$ 828,460

Note: The FTE changes assume repositioning will occur to the extent possible.



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

Option:

Self-operate the Parking Utility with staff reductions by attrition due to work place efficiencies gained by *optimal* use of parking access and revenue control automation technology.

The total potential impact, shown in the following exhibit, represents potential savings to the Parking Utility.

Exhibit 44: Self-Operate with Optimal Staff Reductions by Attrition Due to Work Place Efficiencies

		FTEs		Direct	Fully Loaded	Potential
Title	Option	Current	Variance	Rate	Rate	Impact
Administrative Clerk 1	1.00	1.75	-0.75	\$ 22.24	\$ 30.47	\$ 47,537
Administrative Clerk 2	1.00	2.00	-1.00	25.01	34.27	71,275.62
Analyst	1.00	1.00	0.00	29.97	41.06	-
Cashier	14.40	29.40	-15.00	19.98	27.37	854,012.57
Custodial Worker 2	1.00	1.00	0.00	23.45	32.13	-
Engineer	1.00	1.00	0.00	40.88	56.00	-
Equipment Mechanic	1.00	2.00	-1.00	24.96	34.20	71,133.14
Equipment Technician	2.00	2.00	0.00	25.92	35.51	-
Information Clerk	1.00	1.75	-0.75	18.36	25.15	39,235.82
Maintenance Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	32.13	44.01	(91,543.40)
Maintenance Worker 1	4.00	7.00	-3.00	25.08	34.36	214,437.49
Maintenance Worker 2	0.00	1.00	-1.00	27.10	37.13	77,224.16
Operations Assistant Manager	2.00	1.00	1.00	28.86	39.54	(82,246.58)
Operations Manager	1.00	1.00	0.00	37.85	51.86	-
Operations Supervisor	2.00	1.00	1.00	34.80	47.68	(99,166.08)
Program Assistant 2	0.00	1.00	-1.00	23.80	32.61	67,820.48
Revenue Clerk	1.00	1.00	0.00	21.25	29.11	-
Revenue Lead	4.00	3.80	0.20	26.06	35.70	(14,850.42)
Revenue Supervisor	1.00	1.00	0.00	28.34	38.82	-
Service Worker	1.00	4.00	-3.00	24.17	33.11	206,587.10
Technician Aide	0.00	2.00	-2.00	24.27	33.25	138,326.16
Total	41.40	66.70	-25.3			\$ 1,499,783

Note: The FTE changes assume repositioning will occur to the extent possible.



FINAL REPORT

EXAMPLES OF PUBLIC PARKING ORGANIZATION STRUCTURES

The following is a sample of Parking Organizations from twenty of the largest and most complex urban parking environments in the United States.

- City Form of Parking Organization
- 1 New York On-street meters are enforced by the NYPD. The NYDOT has ownership in several parking lots and garages located in all five boroughs of the city. Lots are unattended. Uses third party private operators to run garages.
- 2 Los Angeles The Los Angeles Department of Transportation ("LADOT") operates approximately 39,677 onand off-street parking meters (Meter System) and approximately 8,882 non-metered spaces in eight parking garages, and 49 surface lots. Revenues from these facilities are pooled into the City's Special Parking Revenue Fund ("SPRF"). In addition, the Department of Recreation and Parks owns the Pershing Square Garage in downtown Los Angeles (1,800 spaces). Annual parking revenues are approximately \$89,000,000.
- 3 Chicago Entered into two renowned leases: a 75-year lease for its 36,000 parking meters and a 99-year lease of four downtown garages located under Grant and Millenium Parks. The leases are operated by a third-party parking operator.
- 4 Houston Parking Management Division is a subset of the city's General Services Department. The Division services and maintains almost 5,800 on-street parking spaces across the Greater Houston area. The Convention & Entertainment Facilities (CEF) Department manages more than 10 City-owned buildings and plazas and underground and surface parking for nearly 7,000 vehicles. These facilities include the George R. Brown Convention Center, Jones Hall, Wortham Theater Center, Houston Center for the Arts, Talento Bilingue de Houston, Jones Plaza, Miller Outdoor Theatre and other smaller venues.
- 5 Phoenix The city is not active in owning or operating parking except for 2,600 on-street meters. The Downtown Phoenix Partnership Inc. is a non-profit organization funded by an assessment on property owners within the 90 square block core of Copper Square. The Partnership provides enhanced services to the Copper Square core area. These include: security, marketing, economic development, transportation/parking coordination, streetscape/urban design, and streetscape maintenance services and public policy facilitation.
- 6 Philadelphia Parking Authority manages parking and related traffic management programs on the streets of Philadelphia, including building and operating parking lots and garages. The PPA is responsible for the installation and maintenance of the 14,500 parking meters throughout the City. The PPA also has ownership and management of many surface parking lots and garages, including the 17,000 airport parking spaces.
- 7 San Antonio The city's Parking Division is a subunit of the Department of Downtown Operations. The Department of Downtown Operations Parking Division was established as a self-supporting Enterprise Fund. The purpose of the Division is to operate, maintain and enforce all on-street parking meters and off-street parking spaces under the City's control in downtown San Antonio. The Division's parking space inventory consists of 6,472 parking spaces in surface lots and multi-level garages, 2,040 regular parking meters and 60 Event Meters for events at the Alamodome.



- 8 Dallas On-Street parking meter operations and enforcement is managed through the Public Works and Transportation Department. This department also has responsibility for parking ticket processing and Collections, including the distribution of notices and collects fines for parking violations.
- 9 Centre City Development Corporation (CCDC) manages the Downtown Parking Management San Diego District, one of seven in the city. CCDC is the public, non-profit corporation created by the City of San Diego to staff and implement Downtown redevelopment projects and programs. The Downtown San Diego Partnership has ownership in several parking garages and is a privately funded non-profit 501(c) 6 business organization. The Partnership was formed in 1993 by the merger of two Downtown business organizations: San Diego Downtown Association / Central City Association (formed in 1952), and San Diegans, Inc. (formed in 1958). Membership consists of companies and individuals committed to strengthening the business, residential and cultural environment of Downtown San Diego. The Partnership has a membership base of more than 325 companies representing a variety of business sectors including real estate, banking, law, insurance, communications, energy, hospitality and many others. Members' dues range from \$500 to \$10,000. The Partnership manages the Downtown Clean & Safe Program, a Propertybased Business Improvement District (PBID) which oversees enhanced maintenance and safety services in the following Downtown districts: Core, Columbia, Marina, Gaslamp Quarter, East Village, and Cortez. The Partnership receives funds from property tax assessments on owners within the PBID to administer the program. The Partnership manages the Downtown BID from First Street to Tenth Avenue and Ash Street to E Street for which it receives City funding.
- 10 San Jose As part of the SJDOT, Parking Services operates and maintains the City's public parking facilities. Parking Services also manages Citywide on-street parking regulations, such as meters, vehicle abatement and neighborhoods with restricted street sweeping signage. Parking Services also oversees the collection of fines from parking citations and the administrative review process for contested citations. City operates and maintains 2,300 on-street parking meters, 4 garages and 9 lots which total 5,100 spaces.
- 11 Detroit One of the largest municipal parking departments in the U.S., this department has an annual revenue budget of \$33.8 million, 135 employees, and responsibility for 13,000 spaces located in 11 surface lots and 10 garages. Of the 13,000 spaces, 3,000 are on-street and metered. Facilities are operated by third-party operators.
- 12 San Established by voter proposition in 1999, the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (SFMTA), a department of the City and County of San Francisco, oversees both the Municipal Railway (Muni) and the Department of Parking and Traffic. The City and County of San Francisco own and operate 39,600 spaces located in 21 surface lots and 19 garages. An estimated 23,000 of the spaces are metered. Annual revenues approximate \$120,000,000. Third-party parking operators are contracted to manage facilities.
- 13 Jacksonville Environmental and Compliance Department has a Parking Facilities and Enforcement Division which operates public parking lots and garages and enforces the city's parking laws. The Division operates three garages and two lots. Parking Meter Maintenance collects and enforces 1,700 on-street meters. Downtown Vision, Inc. (DVI) is the Downtown Improvement District (DID) for Downtown Jacksonville. DVI is a not-for-profit 501(c)6 organization whose mission is to build and maintain a healthy and vibrant Downtown community and to promote Downtown as an exciting place to live, work, play, and visit. The Downtown Jacksonville Improvement District is a 90-block neighborhood in which property owners tax themselves to make their community cleaner, safer and more vibrant. The tax is used by Downtown Vision, Inc. to provide services that supplement those provided by the city. Although DVI provides the general public with parking information, it does not own or operate parking.



- 14 Indianapolis Owns three parking garages that were developed to support Circle Centre Mall; garages operated by third-party operator. City's 4,100 on-street metered spaces are operated by a third-party operator. Indianapolis Downtown Inc. is very active in promoting the downtown but has no parking ownership or operations responsibilities.
- 15 Austin Austin Parking Enterprise operates similar to a parking authority. Created in 2008 to build, finance and own structured parking garages in the city. The agency is intended to provide a dedicated long-term funding stream for planning and investing in pedestrian, bicycle and transit infrastructure, trails, and parking infrastructure after covering the costs of parking operations and maintenance. The agency makes the city eligible for federal transit reimbursements and other state and federal grants. Austin Downtown Alliance has a Streetscapes and Transportation Committee which does participate in parking-related initiatives; however, this group has no apparent ownership or operational responsibilities relating to parking.
- 16 Minneapolis The Public Works Traffic and Parking Division oversee 7,000 metered spaces, 17 parking ramps and 7 surface lots. The Parking Division administers parking management contracts for all offstreet parking facilities and on-street meter collections. On-street meter enforcement is performed by the Minneapolis Police Department. Funding for public parking capital improvement projects comes from general obligation bonds backed by revenue generated from parking services. The City also has a track record of partnering with private development to fund public parking improvements.
- 17 Ft. Worth The City of Ft. Worth Department of Transportation and Public Works owns and operates onstreet meters, three parking garages, and several surface lots. DFWI is a very active 501(c)(3) organization was formed in 1988. The organization has no responsibility for owning and operating parking. In 1986, DFWI championed the legislation for the creation and management of Fort Worth Improvement District #1 (PID), the first PID in Texas. Property owners within the 330block area pay a special assessment (\$.11 per \$100 of value) above their regular property taxes. This assessment is collected by the City of Fort Worth and the City contracts with DFWI to provide and manage District services. Services provided through the PID include maintenance and landscaping, promotions and special events, marketing and communication, market research and reporting, transportation and parking, security enhancement, a banner program, and contract services.
- 18 Charlotte Department of Transportation (CDOT) operates 1,100 on-street parking meters. The CDOT has 18 employees dedicated to parking and has a contract with third party operators to manage 3,000 spaces located in 89 surface lots and 4 garages.
- 19 Memphis Parking Authority. Commonly referred to as the Downtown Parking Authority (DPA), the Parking Authority of the City of Memphis and County of Shelby, Tennessee, is a seven-member board chartered by the State of Tennessee. The DPA is designed to establish uniform parking policies and coordinate parking management. The DPA contracts with private parking companies for day-to-day operations, tracks rates and occupancies of other Downtown parking lots and structures, assists with strategic planning for existing and future parking facilities in Downtown, and issues bonds for construction or acquisition of additional parking facilities. The DPA currently manages five parking garages totaling 3,700 spaces; four owned by the city and master-leased to DPA, and the 250 Peabody Place garage, built and owned by DPA.
- 20 Baltimore Parking Authority owns 19,500 parking spaces located in 16 surface lots and 15 garages. Also responsible for about 11,000 parking meters. Self manages and relies on third-party operators to run facilities. Only has 26 employees. Annual revenue budget is \$28,000,000.



REVENUE ENHANCEMENT OPTIONS

FINAL REPORT

The Parking Utility applies performance-based pricing strategies in an effort to maximize the use and financial performance of the public parking system. A key tenant of performance-based pricing is providing clear economic choices between parking locations. This effort is demonstrated by the current pricing schedules that consider weekday demand. For example, the Government East Garage has a monthly permit rate that is priced higher than all other public garages to reflect the higher weekday occupancy levels. Conversely, lower utilized parking facilities are priced to reflect lower demand.

Performance-based pricing can also apply to on-street meter rates. The on-street hourly parking rates in the core downtown area are higher than off-street hourly rates. This pricing strategy appropriately values on-street parking as a premium product. The Utility also offers 10-hour meter parking at a lower hourly rate to provide long-term patrons with more flexible financial options in comparison to purchasing a monthly permit.

Option:

Eliminate all time limits for on-street meter parking and implement an escalating price schedule to manage turnover. This option removes regulation by time and replaces it with an economic choice. For example, a patron parking at a multi-space meter for \$1.75 per hour could pay \$42 to park in that space for 24 hours or \$14 for an eight hour day.

Option:

Increase the hourly on-street meter rates nearest to Capitol Square and lower on-street meter rates in underutilized areas.

Option:

Convert all 2-hour time limit curb-side parking to meter parking and charge a minimum of \$1.00 per hour.

Option:

Increase special event parking rates at the Overture Center, State Street Capitol and State Street Campus Garages (Lake & Frances) from \$5.00 per event to a minimum of \$10.00 and a maximum of \$25.00. This would align special event rates more closely with the University of Wisconsin, Kohl Center, and Camp Randall special event rates of \$10.00 to \$25.00. For an additional comparison, the Alliant Center special event pricing is \$6.00.

Option:

Offer special event parking at Multi-Space Meters located near special event locations. Charge a premium hourly or flat rate for on-street event parking.



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

ADDITIONAL ON-STREET METERS

There are ten curb-side locations that could be metered to help improve on-street parking management while generating revenue for the Parking Utility. The locations and estimated meter revenue are presented in the following exhibit.

Nearest MSMs	Block	Proposed Location		Estimated Spaces	Estimated Revenue per Space	Ad	tential ditiona evenue
71,73	400 N. Lake	East side of Lake adjacent to State Stree	t Campus garage	7	\$ 1,500	\$	10,500
8, 31	100 W. Gorham	North side of Gorham between Henry an	d Fairchild (western half of block)	6	2,000		12,000
63,64	300 S. Hamilton	East side of Hamilton south of Wilson		12	1,200		14,400
63,64	300 S. Hamilton	West side of Hamilton south of Wilson		11	1,200		13,200
63,64	300 S. Henry	East side of Henry south of Wilson		5	1,200		6,000
63,64	300 S. Henry	West side of Henry south of Wilson		9	1,200		10,800
13, 45, 46	200 N. Pinckney	East side of Pinckney north of Dayton (so	5	500		2,500	
3, 45, 46	200 N. Pinckney	West side of Pinckney north of Dayton (so	5	500		2,500	
7, 34	200 N. Hamilton	East side of Hamilton north of Dayton		10	1,000		10,000
7, 34	200 N. Hamilton	West side of Hamilton north of Dayton		8	1,000		8,000
			Subtotal	78	\$ 1,153	\$	89,900
			On-Street Meter Occupancy Tax	10.0%	115		8,990
			State Sales Tax	5.2%	60		4,675
			Estimated Operating Expense		236		18,408
			Total Estimated Net Gain		\$ 741	\$	57,827

Option:

Install, operate and maintain on-street meters to regulate 78 spaces. The estimated net gain in operating revenue from the new meters is approximately \$58,000 per year.



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

METER ENFORCEMENT HOURS

Demand for on-street parking exceeds the available supply during evening hours when parking rates and enforcement are not in effect. There is an opportunity to extend the hours of enforcement for the existing meters and generate additional operating revenue.

Option:

Extend hours of enforcement to 9:00 PM, Monday through Saturday.

Exhibit 46: Potential Revenue Generated by Extending the Hours of On-Street Meter Enforcement										
							Revenue			
				Current Annual	Proposed		Generation of	Incremental	Projected	
			Hours	Hours of	Annual Hours of	Increase in	New Hours as %	Revenue as %	Incremental	
Area	2012 Revenue	2012 Rate	Purchased	Operation	Operation	Hours	of Current	of Current	Revenue	
Campus	\$ 293,276	\$ 1.75	167,586	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	\$ 76,502	
Capitol Square	62,937	1.75	35,964	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	16,417	
ССВ	201,463	1.75	115,122	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	52,552	
East Washington	77,412	1.75	44,235	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	20,193	
GEF	157,758	1.75	90,147	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	41,152	
MATC	166,027	1.75	94,873	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	43,309	
Meriter	144,240	1.75	82,423	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	37,625	
MMB	211,852	1.75	121,058	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	55,262	
Monroe	127,315	1.20	106,096	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	33,210	
Schenks	27,084	1.20	22,570	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	7,065	
State Street	160,206	1.75	91,546	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	41,790	
University	323,457	1.75	184,833	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	84,375	
Wilson/Butler	99,328	1.75	56,759	3,050	3,986	30.7%	85%	26%	25,910	
Total	\$ 2,052,355		1,213,212						\$ 535,362	

CITATION REVENUE

Parking citation revenue is not collected by or allocated to the Parking Utility. At present, the Parking Utility pays an annual amount of approximately \$500,000 to the Madison Police Department for parking enforcement and collection services. The annual citation revenue of approximately \$5.2 million is allocated to the City's General Fund.

A common practice is for a municipal parking operation to retain all or a portion of the parking citation revenue. In exchange, the parking operation has the responsibility of overseeing enforcement. The public parking systems in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Ann Arbor, Michigan, and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania are examples of parking systems that oversee enforcement and retain all or a portion of the citation revenue.

Option:

Reallocate citation revenue to the Parking Utility.



FINAL REPORT

ACCESSIBLE PARKING PERMITS

While the purpose of the ADA is to improve accessibility for people with disabilities, in a recent (2012) Walker survey, as well as significant research conducted regarding this issue in other communities, we found that free parking for holders of ADA placards actually *reduces* the availability of parking spaces for people with disabilities, and by extension the accessibility of the destination. The policy encourages drivers with placards to park for long periods of time. The significant financial incentive of free parking also encourages people who may not have otherwise obtained the placard to do so, thus increasing the competition for these highly sought-after spaces.

Representatives of the Parking Utility estimate that up to \$800,000 in annual parking revenue could be realized by charging for the use of on-street ADA parking spaces.

Option:

Take the required actions to modify current parking regulations that exempt Persons with Disabilities from parking fees and time limit restrictions at metered spaces with a time limit of 30 minutes or longer.

PARKING TAX

If governments must tax something, it may be appropriate to tax parking as a way to control demand and correct existing distortions that under-price parking. Taxes can be applied to parking spaces, parking subsidies and parking rental transactions. For example, a municipality can charge a special property tax of \$5 annually per parking space owned by businesses, \$10 annually per space provided free to employees, or a special sales tax of 20% on commercial parking transactions. For example, the city of San Francisco charges a 25% tax on commercial parking transactions. Also, there are some communities that elect to collect a flat \$1.00 fee per parking transaction that is applied to a public parking improvement fund. The City could also charge a tax on curb-cuts comparable to potential revenue foregone had the same curb area been devoted to metered on-street parking. This would encourage property owners to minimize the number and width of curb cuts, through access management and consolidation of driveways and parking facilities, which helps improve traffic flow and create more pedestrian friendly streetscapes.

Parking tax reform can also be used to correct existing policies that under-tax parking. For example, land devoted to parking is sometimes assessed at a lower rate than if the same land were used for buildings, on the assumption that rents are paid on buildings, while parking is an ancillary use. Taxing land devoted to parking at the same rate as building land gives businesses an incentive to reduce parking supply.

Option:

Collect a City parking tax in downtown Madison with revenue pledged to service capital reserve and debt obligations for facility replacement. The ability to levy a parking tax is currently not an option under Wisconsin Statutes.



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

CAPITAL REPLACEMENT FUNDING OPTIONS

The Parking Utility has operated without significant long-term debt for many years. This will change in the near future. Traditional funding sources include General Obligation Bonds and Parking Utility Bonds. Where enabling legislation exists, Tax Increment Financing is another tool commonly used to fund public parking improvements. Alternative funding approaches include various forms of Public Private Partnerships (PPPs).

It is clear that the financial sustainability of the enterprise fund will be impacted by how the Parking Utility structures future debt obligations. Provided in this section of the report are examples of how public parking facilities have been funded in other communities. The takeaway is that there are no silver bullets to funding public parking improvements. Each community offers a unique financial environment that presents unique set of funding options.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Use of general obligation bond financing is the most common approach to paying for parking capital improvements in a community where a parking enterprise or auxiliary fund does not exist. This approach requires a city to have sufficient debt capacity.

Option:

The City may issue General Obligation Bonds to pay for all or a portion of the parking improvements.

PARKING UTILITY BONDS

The benefit of a parking auxiliary fund is its ability to issue bonds separately from the city. This requires the parking system to service debt with net operating income from the parking operation. This debt obligation does not impact the city's annual operating statement. The Parking Utility would need to demonstrate system financial feasibility to obtain utility bond financing to pay for each capital replacement project.

Option:

The Parking Utility may issue Parking Utility Bonds to pay for all or a portion of the parking improvements.

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

The Judge Doyle Square (Government East replacement) project is within the boundaries of tax incremental district (TID) 25, a project that was created to help revitalize the area between the Capitol Square and Lake Monona. The TID helped finance the revitalization of Block 89 with new offices, restaurants and retail. At present, the TID has \$16.4 million in reserves available for projects.



FINAL REPORT

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) is a tool used by many cities around the country to fund public improvements, including public parking structures. However, public utilities in the State of Wisconsin do not qualify for tax increment financing under the current State TIF Laws. The Parking Utility would require a qualified entity to facilitate the appropriation of TID funds to the Public Utility project. For example, a private development incorporating the replacement of public parking could pledge TID funds to pay all or a portion of the parking capital replacement costs. This could be an option for using TIF funding to support public infrastructure that is constructed as part of a private redevelopment project, providing an incentive that defrays development costs for projects that advance district goals and, but for the TIF assistance, would not be financially feasible.

Option:

Pursue Tax Increment Financing grant through a qualifying partner.

PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

Governments and public authorities are increasingly turning to public-private partnerships (PPPs) to deliver efficient and cost-effective infrastructure and services. PPPs can help public sector entities shorten delivery times, share risks, achieve better value for their money and increase innovation in their infrastructure and provision of services. Such partnerships leverage the strengths of the public and private sectors. Private sector organizations can apply their skills and experience to infrastructure development and operation and mobilize finances for long-term infrastructure investments. The public sector can lead the process by leveraging their regulatory and infrastructure development knowledge. However, partnerships are not without challenges. These partnerships are complex and relatively inflexible structures. PPP procurement and implementation also can be lengthy and costly, making it unsuitable for some projects with short timelines.

There is no single, universally accepted definition of public-private partnerships. PPPs often mean different things to different people, which can make assessing and comparing experience in such partnerships difficult. In general, PPPs refer to forms of cooperation between public authorities and the private sector to finance, construct, renovate, manage, operate or maintain an infrastructure or service. At their core, all PPPs involve some form of risk sharing between the public and private sector to provide the infrastructure. The allocation of sizable and, at times significant, elements of risk to the private partner is key in distinguishing a PPP from the more traditional public sector model of infrastructure development.

The following is a list of common public private partnerships involving public parking facilities.

- Design-Build agreements
- Design-Build-Maintain agreements
- Design-Build-Finance-Operate agreements
- Design-Build-Operate-Maintain agreements
- Design-Build-Finance-Operate-Maintain agreements
- Concession providing for the private partner to design, operate, maintain, manage, or lease an eligible facility



FINAL REPORT

In recent years, Lease Lease-back agreements have also been used to build public parking. The general deal structure is summarized below:

- Private party enters into a ground lease
- Designs, builds and finances the project
- Leases facility back to public entity
- Public entity pays "rent" to private entity
- Typically asset reverts back to public entity at the end of the lease

SELL AIR-RIGHTS ABOVE PUBLIC PARKING FACILITIES

Selling the air-rights above any public parking constructed below ground is an option for raising capital to pay for capital replacement projects. The City of Toronto, through the Toronto Parking Authority, has sold air-rights in conjunction with several of its parking redevelopment projects. For example, the city built 480 below grade spaces to serve an 8-strory housing project and sold air-rights for \$800,000. The city built a 258-space garage below a 12-story residential/retail development and sold air-rights for \$4 million. The city built a 238-space parking garage under a 14-story mixed-use and residential project and sold air-rights for \$6 million along with receiving a percent of gross condo sales.

Option:

Sell air-rights above each public parking garage to reduce the amount of capital financed by the City and or Parking Utility.

PRIVATE BOND PAYMENT GUARANTEE

Require a bond payment guarantee from any private developer building atop or adjacent to a public parking facility. This agreement would guarantee a private source of payment for Parking Utility bonds for a specified period of time. For example, the Parking Utility issues debt to fund parking structure replacement and the private partner pledges to pay all or a portion of the annual bond payment. Another variation may include receiving a private guarantee of payment in the event that debt service cannot be serviced by operating revenue.

Option:

Obtain bond payment guarantee from any private development that is built in conjunction with a public parking replacement project.



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINANCIAL OPERATING SCENARIOS

There are six financial scenarios prepared for consideration; 1A Optimization, 1B Optimization, 2A Moderate, 2B Moderate, 3A Conservative, and 3B Conservative. The assumptions applied to each scenario are presented in the following exhibit. Specific rate schedule assumptions are provided in exhibits 49, 50, 51, and 52.

Exhibit 47: Financial Operating Scenarios

Scenario	1A: Optimization	2A: Moderate	3A: Conservative
Demand	1.0% volume growth/year	0.5% volume growth/year	0.25% volume growth/year
Rates	Scenario 1 Rate Schedule: Accelerated 5-year escalation of rates; 3% increase per year thereafter; 100% rate increase for special events	Scenario 2 Rate Schedule: Slow 5-year escalation of rates; 3% per year thereafter; 100% rate increase for special events	Scenario 3 Rate Schedule: No rate increases first 3 years; gradual increase in year 4; next increase in year 6 with 3% per year thereafter; 100% rate increase for special events
Additional Meters	No revenue from new meters	No revenue from new meters	No revenue from new meters
Labor	No adjustment to labor	No adjustment to labor	No adjustment to labor
Operating Expenses	3% growth/year	3% growth/year	3% growth/year
Capital Expenditures	3.5% growth/year	3.5% growth/year	3.5% growth/year
Facility Replacement Strategy	Phased Replacement of 6 Parking Structures, 20-year period	Phased Replacement of 6 Parking Structures, 20-year period	Phased Replacement of 6 Parking Structures, 20-year period
PILOT	No abatement	No abatement	No abatement
Meter Revenue Occ. Tax	No abatement	No abatement	No abatement
Sales Tax	Paid to the State	Paid to the State	Paid to the State
Scenario	1B: Optimization	2B: Moderate	3B: Conservative
PILOT	20-Year abatement	20-Year abatement	20-Year abatement
Meter Revenue Occ. Tax	20-Year abatement	20-Year abatement	20-Year abatement



JANUARY 10, 2014

FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 48: On-Street Parking Rate Assumptions (Scenarios 1, 2 and 3)

	Scenario Hourly	1: Optimal				Scenario Hourly	2: Modera	te			Scenario Hourly	3: Consei	vative		
Rates	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
On-Street Meters	-														
Campus Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.5	0 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
Capitol Square Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.50	\$2.5	0 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
CCB Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.50	\$2.5	0 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
East Washington Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.2	5 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
GEF Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.2	5 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
MATC Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.2	5 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
Meriter Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.2	5 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
MMB Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.2	5 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
Monroe Area	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.5	0 \$1.50	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.20) \$1.20) \$1.20	\$1.50) \$1.5
Schenks Area	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.5	0 \$1.50	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.20) \$1.20) \$1.20	\$1.50) \$1.5
State Street Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.0	0 \$2.25	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
University Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.0	0 \$2.25	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
Wilson/Butler Area	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.2	5 \$2.50	\$1.75	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$1.75	5 \$1.7	5 \$1.75	\$2.00) \$2.0
Annual Rate Change On-Street Meters Campus Area		14.3%					14.3%					0.0%			
Capitol Square Area		14.3%					14.3%					0.0%			
CCB Area		14.3%		0.0%			14.3%					0.0%			
East Washington Area		14.3%	0.0%				14.3%					0.0%			
GEF Area		14.3%	0.0%	12.5%	6 11.1%		14.3%					0.0%	6 0.0%	14.3%	
MATC Area		14.3%					14.3%					0.0%			
Meriter Area		14.3%	0.0%	12.5%	6 11.1%		14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	6 0.0%	14.3%	0.0
MMB Area		14.3%					14.3%					0.0%			
Monroe Area		25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6 0.0%		25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	6 0.0%	25.0%	0.0
Schenks Area		25.0%	0.0%	0.0%			25.0%					0.0%			
State Street Area		14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	6 12.5%		14.3%					0.0%	6 0.0%	14.3%	0.0
University Area		14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	6 12.5%		14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	6 0.0%	14.3%	0.0
Wilson/Butler Area		14.3%	0.0%	12.5%	6 11.1%		14.3%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%		0.0%	6 0.0%	14.3%	0.0

JANUARY 10, 2014



Exhibit 49: Off-	Street Parkin	a Rate	e Assu	mptio	ns – Sc	enari	o 1		
Parking Facility	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2033
Government East									
Hourly Rate	\$5.04	AC 54	* 0.00	¢0.07	*7 00	¢0.07	* 0.05	¢10.04	¢40.00
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$5.01	\$5.51 10.0%	\$6.06 10.0%	\$6.67 10.0%	\$7.33 10.0%	\$8.07 10.0%	\$9.35 3.0%	\$10.84 3.0%	\$12.20 3.0%
Monthly Rate		10.070	10.070	10.070	10.070	10.070	5.070	5.070	5.070
Gross Avg. Permit	\$202.47	\$216.64	\$231.81	\$248.04	\$265.40	\$283.98	\$329.21	\$381.64	\$429.54
Annual % Change		7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Capitol Square North									
<u>Hourly Rate</u> Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.70	\$5.88	\$5.88	\$7.05	\$7.05	\$7.27	\$8.42	\$9.76	\$10.99
Annual % Change	φ4.70	\$5.08 25.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Monthly Rate		20.070	0.070	20.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Gross Avg. Permit	\$140.18	\$149.99	\$160.46	\$171.68	\$183.70	\$196.54	\$227.84	\$264.13	\$297.29
Annual % Change		7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
State Street Capitol Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$4.14	\$4.96	\$5.11	\$5.93	\$6.87	\$7.73
Annual % Change	\$0.01	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	20.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$155.00	\$159.65	\$185.08	\$214.56	\$241.48
Annual % Change Overture Center		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$4.94	\$6.17	\$6.36	\$7.37	\$8.54	\$9.62
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	25.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate	• · · · · ·								
Gross Avg. Permit Annual % Change	\$123.39	\$125.00	\$130.00	\$135.01	\$140.01	\$144.21	\$167.17	\$193.80	\$218.12
Sate Street Campus - Fi	rances	1.3%	4.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate	lances								
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$5.07	\$5.79	\$6.52	\$7.24	\$7.46	\$8.65	\$10.03	\$11.28
Annual % Change		16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	11.1%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate	* 224 02	* ***	* ~~ · ~ ~	* ~~ / ~~	***	Acc / 75	* ***		* ~~~~~~
Gross Avg. Permit Annual % Change	\$221.90	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 0.0%	\$225.00 1.4%	\$231.75 3.0%	\$268.67 3.0%	\$311.46 3.0%	\$350.55 3.0%
Sate Street Campus - La	ake	0.078	0.078	0.078	1.470	3.0%	5.078	3.076	3.078
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$5.07	\$5.79	\$6.52	\$7.24	\$7.46	\$8.65	\$10.03	\$11.28
Annual % Change		16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	11.1%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate Gross Avg. Permit	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$209.55	\$215.84	\$250.22	\$290.07	\$326.48
Annual % Change	\$200.07	\$200.07 0.0%	\$208.87 0.0%	\$200.07 0.0%	\$209.55 1.4%	\$215.84 3.0%	\$250.22 3.0%	\$290.07 3.0%	\$320.48 3.0%
Blair Lot		0.070	0.070	0.070		0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.25	\$1.50	\$1.55	\$1.79	\$2.08	\$2.34
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	20.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate Gross Avg. Permit	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$125.00	\$128.75	\$149.25	\$173.02	\$194.74
Annual % Change	φ121.04	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Brayton Lot									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$6.78	\$7.91	\$9.04	\$10.17	\$11.30	\$11.64	\$13.49	\$15.64	\$17.60
Annual % Change Monthly Rate		16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	11.1%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate Gross Avg. Permit	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$140.00	\$144.20	\$167.17	\$193.80	\$218.12
Annual % Change	¥100104	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Buckeye Lot									
Hourly Rate	. .	<u>.</u>	A ·	A ·	A ·	<u>.</u>	<u>. </u>		A
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$1.50	\$1.50 0.0%	\$1.50 0.0%	\$1.50 0.0%	\$1.50 0.0%	\$1.55 3.0%	\$1.79 3.0%	\$2.08 3.0%	\$2.34 3.0%
Evergreen Lot		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.75	\$1.80	\$2.09	\$2.42	\$2.73
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	16.7%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Lot 88									
Hourly Rate Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$2.75	\$2.83	\$3.28	\$3.81	\$4.28
Annual % Change	φ1.50	33.3%	φ2.23 12.5%	\$2.30 11.1%	\$2.75 10.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Wilson Lot		23.070	. 1.070	, 0	. 510 /0	5.070	5.570	5.070	2.070
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$120.00	\$123.60	\$143.29	\$166.11	\$186.96
Annual % Change Wingra Lot		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.75	\$1.80	\$2.09	\$2.42	\$2.73
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	16.7%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%



JANUARY 10, 2014

Exhibit 50: Off-Street	Parkin	g Rate	e Assul	mptio	ns – Sc	enari	o 2		
Parking Facility	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2033
Government East									
<u>Hourly Rate</u> Gross Avg. Ticket	\$5.01	\$5.26	\$5.52	\$5.80	\$6.09	\$6.39	\$7.41	\$8.59	\$9.67
Annual % Change	Q 0101	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$202.47	\$212.60	\$223.23	\$234.39	\$246.11	\$258.41	\$299.57	\$347.28	\$390.87
Annual % Change Capitol Square North		5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.70	\$5.37	\$6.05	\$6.05	\$6.05	\$6.23	\$7.22	\$8.37	\$9.42
Annual % Change		14.3%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Monthly Rate	¢4.40.40	¢1.10.10	¢4.40.40	¢4.40.40	¢4.45.00	¢4.40.05	¢470.40	\$000 7 4	\$005 00
Gross Avg. Permit Annual % Change	\$140.18	\$140.18 0.0%	\$140.18 0.0%	\$140.18 0.0%	\$145.00 3.4%	\$149.35 3.0%	\$173.13 3.0%	\$200.71 3.0%	\$225.90 3.0%
State Street Capitol		0.070	0.070	0.070	0.470	5.070	5.070	5.070	5.070
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$4.14	\$4.26	\$4.94	\$5.73	\$6.44
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate Gross Avg. Permit	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$158.32	\$183.54	\$212.77	\$239.47
Annual % Change	ψ100.71	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Overture Center									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$4.94	\$4.94	\$5.09	\$5.90	\$6.84	\$7.69
Annual % Change Monthly Rate		0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$123.39	\$125.00	\$125.00	\$130.00	\$135.01	\$139.06	\$161.20	\$186.88	\$210.33
Annual % Change		1.3%	0.0%	4.0%	3.8%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Sate Street Campus - Frances									
Hourly Rate	¢4.05	* 5.07	* 5 7 0	* 0 F 0	¢0 50	* 0 7 4	* 7 70	* 0.00	¢10.10
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$4.35	\$5.07 16.7%	\$5.79 14.3%	\$6.52 12.5%	\$6.52 0.0%	\$6.71 3.0%	\$7.78 3.0%	\$9.02 3.0%	\$10.16 3.0%
Monthly Rate		10.170	14.070	12.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Gross Avg. Permit	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$221.90	\$228.56	\$264.97	\$307.17	\$345.72
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Sate Street Campus - Lake									
<u>Hourly Rate</u> Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$5.07	\$5.79	\$6.52	\$6.52	\$6.71	\$7.78	\$9.02	\$10.16
Annual % Change	\$ 1100	16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$212.87	\$246.77	\$286.07	\$321.98
Annual % Change Blair Lot		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.25	\$1.29	\$1.49	\$1.73	\$1.95
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate	¢404.04	¢101.01	¢404.04	¢404.04	¢404.04	¢405.40	\$4.45.40	\$400.0F	¢400.00
Gross Avg. Permit Annual % Change	\$121.84	\$121.84 0.0%	\$121.84 0.0%	\$121.84 0.0%	\$121.84 0.0%	\$125.49 3.0%	\$145.48 3.0%	\$168.65 3.0%	\$189.82 3.0%
Brayton Lot		0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$6.78	\$7.91	\$9.04	\$10.17	\$10.17	\$10.47	\$12.14	\$14.08	\$15.84
Annual % Change		16.7%	14.3%	12.5%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate Gross Avg. Permit	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$139.92	\$162.20	\$188.04	\$211.64
Annual % Change	÷.00.04	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Buckeye Lot									
Hourly Rate	A · - ·	• ·	e	A ·	A ·	<u>.</u>	<u>. </u>	A	AC
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$1.50	\$1.50 0.0%	\$1.50 0.0%	\$1.50 0.0%	\$1.50 0.0%	\$1.55 3.0%	\$1.79 3.0%	\$2.08 3.0%	\$2.34 3.0%
Evergreen Lot		0.078	0.078	0.078	0.078	3.078	5.078	3.078	3.078
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.55	\$1.79	\$2.08	\$2.34
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Lot 88 Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$2.25	\$2.50	\$2.75	\$2.83	\$3.28	\$3.81	\$4.28
Annual % Change		33.3%	12.5%	11.1%	10.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Wilson Lot									
Monthly Rate	¢140.00	¢110.00	¢110.00	¢110.00	¢110.00	¢104 75	C1 44 44	¢160.00	\$104 AF
Gross Avg. Permit Annual % Change	\$118.20	\$118.20 0.0%	\$118.20 0.0%	\$118.20 0.0%	\$118.20 0.0%	\$121.75 3.0%	\$141.14 3.0%	\$163.62 3.0%	\$184.15 3.0%
Wingra Lot		0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.55	\$1.79	\$2.08	\$2.34
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%

JANUARY 10, 2014



Exhibit 51: Off-	-Street Parkin	a Rate	e Assu	mptio	ns – Sc	enari	03		
Parking Facility	2013	<u> </u>	2015	2016	2017	2018		2028	2033
Government East									
Hourly Rate	• - • ·			.					.
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$5.01	\$5.16	\$5.31	\$5.47	\$5.64	\$5.81	\$6.73	\$7.80 3.0%	\$8.78
Monthly Rate		3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$202.47	\$208.55	\$214.80	\$221.25	\$227.88	\$234.72	\$272.11	\$315.44	\$355.04
Annual % Change		3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Capitol Square North									
<u>Hourly Rate</u> Gross Avg. Ticket	¢4.70	¢4.70	¢ 4 70	¢4 70	¢ 4 70	¢4.04	* = 00	CO 54	*7 00
Annual % Change	\$4.70	\$4.70 0.0%	\$4.70 0.0%	\$4.70 0.0%	\$4.70 0.0%	\$4.84 3.0%	\$5.62 3.0%	\$6.51 3.0%	\$7.33 0.0%
Monthly Rate		0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	5.070	0.070	5.070	0.078
Gross Avg. Permit	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$140.18	\$144.38	\$167.38	\$194.04	\$218.39
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
State Street Capitol									
<u>Hourly Rate</u> Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31	\$3.31
Annual % Change	ψ0.01	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71	\$153.71
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Overture Center Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70	\$3.70
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Monthly Rate									
Gross Avg. Permit	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39	\$123.39
Annual % Change Sate Street Campus - F	rances	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate	lances								
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate	¢004.00	¢004.00	¢004.00	¢004.00	\$004.00	\$004 00	¢004.00	¢004.00	¢004.00
Gross Avg. Permit Annual % Change	\$221.90	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 0.0%	\$221.90 3.0%
Sate Street Campus - I	ake	0.078	0.078	0.078	0.078	0.078	0.078	0.078	3.078
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35	\$4.35
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Monthly Rate Gross Avg. Permit	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67	\$206.67
Annual % Change	φ200.07	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	\$200.07 0.0%	3.0%
Blair Lot									
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00
Annual % Change Monthly Rate		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Gross Avg. Permit	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84	\$121.84
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Brayton Lot									
Hourly Rate	¢c 70	¢c 70	¢c 70	¢c 70	¢c 70	¢c 70	¢c 70	¢c 70	¢c 70
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$6.78	\$6.78 0.0%	\$6.78 0.0%	\$6.78 0.0%	\$6.78 0.0%	\$6.78 0.0%	\$6.78 0.0%	\$6.78 0.0%	\$6.78 3.0%
Monthly Rate		5.570	5.070	5.070	5.070	5.670	0.070	0.070	2.070
Gross Avg. Permit	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84	\$135.84
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Buckeye Lot Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
Annual % Change	÷	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Evergreen Lot									
Hourly Rate	A	.	6 4 65	# 4 * 5	* + ~~	A 4 AA	6 · • • •	6 • • • •	64 00
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$1.20	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 3.0%
Lot 88		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Hourly Rate									
Gross Avg. Ticket	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.50
Annual % Change		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Wilson Lot Monthly Rate									
Monthly Rate Gross Avg. Permit	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20	\$118.20
Annual % Change	\$110.20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Wingra Lot									
Hourly Rate	A	.	6 4 65	# 4 * 5	* + ~~	A 4 AA	6 · • • •	6 • • • •	64 00
Gross Avg. Ticket Annual % Change	\$1.20	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 0.0%	\$1.20 3.0%
/ mindai /o Orlange		0.076	0.076	0.076	0.076	0.076	0.070	0.076	5.070

JANUARY 10, 2014



FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 52: Scenario 1A: Optimal	– No Tax	Abateme	ents					
Optimal with No Tax Abatements Revenue (rounded)	1 2014	2 2015	3 2016		5 2018	10 2023	15 2028	20 2033
Volume	2014	2015	2010	2017	2018	2025	2020	2033
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,953,197	1,931,313	1,929,204		1,835,218	1,922,411	2,020,474	2,123,538
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,944 1,255,052	11,061 1,247,852	11,161 1,258,133	11,264 1,266,334	11,344 1,273,633	11,875 1,346,500	12,480 1,408,851	13,117 1,480,931
Off-Street Garages								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	9,797,600	10,622,600	11,309,400	12,508,200	13,596,000	16,623,300	20,142,900	24,413,400
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded) Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	(501,400) 9,296,200	(544,100) 10,078,500	(579,600) 10,729,800	(641,700) 11,866,500	(697,900) 12,898,100	(853,400) 15,769,900	(1,034,100) 19,108,800	(1,253,300) 23,160,100
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(205,700)	(241,700)	(277,100)	(328,300)	(380,700)	(494,600)	(599,300)	(726,300)
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(11,100)	(11,700)	(12,200)	(12,900)	(13,600)	(16,800) 15,258,500	(20,300)	(24,800)
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	9,079,400	9,825,100	10,440,500	11,525,300	12,503,800	15,256,500	18,489,200	22,409,000
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	970,200	1,035,000	1,098,600	1,172,400	1,251,100	1,524,300	1,857,300	2,262,900
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded) Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	(50,700) 919,500	(54,000) 981,000	(57,300) 1,041,300	(61,100) 1,111,300	(65,200) 1,185,900	(79,500) 1,444,800	(96,900) 1,760,400	(117,900) 2,145,000
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(20,300)	(23,600)	(26,800)	(30,700)	(35,000)	(45,500)	(55,300)	(67,300)
(Less) Uncollected Receivables Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots	(2,300) 896,900	(2,300) 955,100	(2,400) 1,012,100	(2,500) 1,078,100	(2,500) 1,148,400	(3,100) 1,396,200	(3,800) 1,701,300	(4,500) 2,073,200
On-Street	696,900	955,100	1,012,100	1,078,100	1,140,400	1,390,200	1,701,300	2,073,200
Meter Parking Revenue	2,079,000	2,620,400	2,763,900	2,954,500	3,174,300	3,671,700	4,577,300	5,537,800
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees Construction Related	(43,700) 295,000	(59,600) 303,800	(67,700) 312,900	(77,600) 322,300	(88,900) 332,000	(102,800) 384,900	(128,200) 446,200	(155,100) 517,200
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,330,300	2,864,600	3,009,100	3,199,200	3,417,400	3,953,800	4,895,300	5,899,900
Total Revenue	12,306,600	13,644,800	14,461,700	15,802,600	17,069,600	20,608,500	25,085,800	30,382,100
Expenses (rounded)								
Off-Street Garages	0.450.000	0.010.400	0.005 400	0 050 700	0.404.000	2 842 202	2 050 400	0 777 000
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits Total - Admin	2,153,900 602,100	2,218,400 620,000	2,285,100 638,500	2,353,700 657,700	2,424,300 677,500	2,810,300 785,300	3,258,400 910,200	3,777,200 1,055,000
Total - Equipment Maintenance	359,100	369,900	381,000	392,500	404,300	469,000	543,600	630,300
Total - Facility Maintenance Total - Collections	255,600 84,600	263,200 87,000	271,100 89,600	279,200 92,400	287,500 95,200	333,300 110,300	386,300 127,900	447,800 148,000
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	1,221,300	1,245,700	1,270,600	1,296,000	1,321,900	1,459,400	1,611,500	1,779,400
Total - Utilities	235,000	242,100	249,400	256,800	264,500	306,700	355,600	412,300
Total - Insurance Total - Other Operations Expenses	19,200 180,800	19,700 186,200	20,300 191,800	20,900 197,400	21,500 203,400	25,000 235,900	29,000 273,400	33,100 316,800
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages	5,111,600	5,252,200	5,397,400	5,546,600	5,700,100	6,535,200	7,495,900	8,599,900
Off-Street Lots Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Admin	42,200	43,400	44,900	46,400	47,900	56,200	65,200	75,200
Total - Equipment Maintenance	3,800	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,700
Total - Facility Maintenance Total - Collections	9,900 4,000	10,400 4,100	10,600 4,200	10,800 4,300	11,000 4,400	12,000 4,900	13,000 5,400	14,200 5,900
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	90,900	92,700	94,700	96,600	98,500	108,700	120,000	132,500
Total - Utilities	3,700	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,700
Total - Insurance Total - Other Operations Expenses	700 64,000	700 66,000	700 67,900	700 69,800	700 71,900	700 83,200	700 96,000	700 111,100
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,000
On-Street Total - Labor	238,500	245,700	253,100	260,700	268,500	311,300	360,800	418,200
Total - Admin	142,600	146,900	151,300	155,800	160,500	186,100	215,800	250,300
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	14,600 16,900	15,000 17,400	15,500 17,900	16,000 18,400	16,500 19,000	19,100 22,000	22,100 25,500	25,600 29,600
Total - Collections	26,500	27,300	28,100	28,900	29,800	34,500	40,000	46,400
Total - Operations Expenses	45,300	46,700	48,100	49,500	51,000	59,100	68,500	79,400
Total - Meter Revenue Tax Total - Sales Tax	237,400 123,800	292,400 152,400	307,700 160,400	327,700 170,800	350,600 182,800	405,700 211,500	502,300 261,900	605,500 315,700
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	845,600	943,800	982,100	1,027,800	1,078,700	1,249,300	1,496,900	1,770,700
General and Administrative Payment for Enforcement	1,227,000 439,600	1,263,800 452,800	1,301,700 466,400	1,340,800 480,400	1,381,000 494,800	1,601,000 573,500	1,856,100 664,900	2,151,800 770,700
Total Expenses	7,843,000	8,137,700	8,378,600	8,632,400	8,897,400	10,234,100	11,824,500	13,644,100
PILOT Abatement Meter Revenue Tax Abatement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenses - Adjusted	7,843,000	8,137,700	8,378,600	8,632,400	8,897,400	10,234,100	11,824,500	13,644,100
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	4,463,600	5,507,100	6,083,100	7,170,200	8,172,200	10,374,400	13,261,300	16,738,000
Capital Expenditures								
Garages Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5,143,000	687,000	711,000	749,000	776,000	939,000	217,000	820,000
Parking Equipment	5,145,000 0	087,000	2,162,000	149,000	0	939,000 0	3,049,700	020,000
Lots On-Street	47,300	49,000	50,700	52,400 0	54,300	64,500 0	76,600 0	90,900
Total Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,900
Net Operating Income (NOI)	(726,700)	4,771,100	3,159,400	6,368,800	7,341,900	9,370,900	9,918,000	15,827,100
		SU	MMARY					
Preliminary Assumptions for Public Financing				Summary Compa	rison of Replac			
Average Net Operating Income \$ Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	9,399,950			Model Scenario 1 Replacement Parki	2			Tax Abatements
New Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT) \$	7,833,292			Replacement Parki Number of Spaces	ing		Above Grade 3,675	Below Grade 3,675
Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space		:	\$ 31,494	
				Est. Capital Replac	ement Cost (Act	ual Year Dollars)	115,739,889	220,457,000
Amortization Period (n)	20							
Annual PMT	\$1.00			Est. Avg. Annual N	OI	,	9,399,950	9,399,950
					OI ebt Amount		9,399,950 97,620,128	97,620,128

JANUARY 10, 2014



FINAL REPORT

Exhibit 53: Scenario 1B: Optim	al With Tax /	Abateme	ents					
Optimal with Full Tax Abatements	1	2	3		5	10	15	20
Revenue (rounded) Volume	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2033
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,953,197	1,931,313	1,929,204	1,868,617	1,835,218	1,922,411	2,020,474	2,123,538
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,944 1,255,052	11,061 1,247,852	11,161 1,258,133	11,264 1,266,334	11,344 1,273,633	11,875 1,346,500	12,480 1,408,851	13,117 1,480,931
Off-Street - Stillzed Hours	1,233,032	1,247,052	1,230,133	1,200,004	1,273,035	1,040,000	1,400,001	1,400,331
Off-Street Garages Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	9,797,600	10,622,600	11,309,400	12,508,200	13,596,000	16,623,300	20,142,900	24,413,400
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(501,400)	(544,100)	(579,600)	(641,700)	(697,900)	(853,400)	(1,034,100)	(1,253,300)
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	9,296,200	10,078,500	10,729,800	11,866,500	12,898,100	15,769,900	19,108,800	23,160,100
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(205,700) (11,100)	(241,700) (11,700)	(277,100) (12,200)	(328,300) (12,900)	(380,700) (13,600)	(494,600) (16,800)	(599,300) (20,300)	(726,300) (24,800)
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	9,079,400	9,825,100	10,440,500	11,525,300	12,503,800	15,258,500	18,489,200	22,409,000
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	970,200	1,035,000	1,098,600	1,172,400	1,251,100	1,524,300	1,857,300	2,262,900
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,700)	(54,000)	(57,300)	(61,100)	(65,200)	(79,500)	(96,900)	(117,900)
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax) (Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	919,500	981,000	1,041,300	1,111,300	1,185,900	1,444,800	1,760,400	2,145,000
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(20,300) (2,300)	(23,600) (2,300)	(26,800) (2,400)	(30,700) (2,500)	(35,000) (2,500)	(45,500) (3,100)	(55,300) (3,800)	(67,300) (4,500)
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots	896,900	955,100	1,012,100	1,078,100	1,148,400	1,396,200	1,701,300	2,073,200
On-Street Meter Parking Revenue	2,079,000	2,620,400	2,763,900	2,954,500	3,174,300	3,671,700	4,577,300	5,537,800
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(43,700)	(59,600)	(67,700)	(77,600)	(88,900)	(102,800)	(128,200)	(155,100)
Construction Related Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	295,000 2,330,300	303,800	312,900 3,009,100	322,300 3,199,200	332,000	384,900 3,953,800	446,200 4,895,300	517,200 5,899,900
	2,330,300	2,864,600	3,009,100	5,199,200	3,417,400	3,955,800		3,899,900
Total Revenue	12,306,600	13,644,800	14,461,700	15,802,600	17,069,600	20,608,500	25,085,800	30,382,100
Expenses (rounded)								
Off-Street Garages Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,153,900	2,218,400	2,285,100	2,353,700	2,424,300	2,810,300	3,258,400	3,777,200
Total - Admin	602,100	620,000	638,500	657,700	677,500	785,300	910,200	1,055,000
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	359,100 255,600	369,900 263,200	381,000 271,100	392,500 279,200	404,300 287,500	469,000 333,300	543,600 386,300	630,300 447,800
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,000
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300	1,245,700	1,270,600	1,296,000	1,321,900	1,459,400	1,611,500	1,779,400
Total - Utilities	235,000 19,200	242,100 19,700	249,400 20,300	256,800 20,900	264,500 21,500	306,700 25,000	355,600 29,000	412,300 33,100
Total - Other Operations Expenses	180,800	186,200	191,800	197,400	203,400	235,900	273,400	316,800
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	5,111,600	5,252,200	5,397,400	5,546,600	5,700,100	6,535,200	7,495,900	8,599,900
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Admin	42,200 3,800	43,400	44,900 4,000	46,400	47,900	56,200	65,200	75,200
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	9,900	3,900 10,400	10,600	4,100 10,800	4,200 11,000	4,700 12,000	5,200 13,000	5,700 14,200
Total - Collections	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,300	4,400	4,900	5,400	5,900
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	90,900 3,700	92,700 3,900	94,700 4,000	96,600 4,100	98,500 4,200	108,700 4,700	120,000 5,200	132,500 5,700
Total - Insurance	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	64,000 219,200	66,000 225,100	67,900 231,000	69,800 236,800	71,900 242,800	83,200 275,100	96,000 310,700	111,100 351,000
On-Street	219,200	225,100	231,000	230,000	242,000	275,100	310,700	351,000
Total - Labor	238,500	245,700	253,100	260,700	268,500	311,300	360,800	418,200
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	142,600 14,600	146,900 15,000	151,300 15,500	155,800 16,000	160,500 16,500	186,100 19,100	215,800 22,100	250,300 25,600
Total - Facility Maintenance	16,900	17,400	17,900	18,400	19,000	22,000	25,500	29,600
Total - Collections Total - Operations Expenses	26,500 45,300	27,300 46,700	28,100 48,100	28,900 49,500	29,800 51,000	34,500 59,100	40,000 68,500	46,400 79,400
Total - Meter Revenue Tax	237,400	292,400	307,700	327,700	350,600	405,700	502,300	605,500
Total - Sales Tax	123,800	152,400	160,400	170,800	182,800	211,500	261,900	315,700
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters General and Administrative	845,600 1,227,000	943,800 1,263,800	982,100 1,301,700	1,027,800 1,340,800	1,078,700 1,381,000	1,249,300 1,601,000	1,496,900 1,856,100	1,770,700 2,151,800
Payment for Enforcement	439,600	452,800	466,400	480,400	494,800	573,500	664,900	770,700
Total Expenses	7,843,000	8,137,700	8,378,600	8,632,400	8,897,400	10,234,100	11,824,500	13,644,100
PILOT Abatement	1,312,200	1,338,400	1,365,300	1,392,600	1,420,400	1,568,100	1,731,500	1,911,900
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement Total Expenses - Adjusted	237,400 6,293,400	292,400 6,506,900	307,700 6,705,600	327,700 6,912,100	350,600 7,126,400	405,700 8,260,300	502,300 9,590,700	605,500 11,126,700
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	6,013,200	7,137,900	7,756,100	8,890,500	9,943,200	12,348,200	15,495,100	19,255,400
Capital Expenditures								
Garages Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5,143,000	687,000	711,000	749,000	776,000	939,000	217,000	820,000
Parking Equipment	0	0	2,162,000	0	0	0	3,049,700	0
Lots On-Street	47,300	49,000 0	50,700 0	52,400 0	54,300 0	64,500 0	76,600 0	90,900 0
Total Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,900
		0 404 000	4 000 400	0 000 100	0.440.000	44 0 44 700	10 151 000	40.044.500
Net Operating Income (NOI)	822,900	6,401,900	4,832,400	8,089,100	9,112,900	11,344,700	12,151,800	18,344,500
Draliminary Assumptions for Bublic Financial		50	MMARY	Summer: Com	rison of Deal	amont Ordin		
Preliminary Assumptions for Public Financing Average Net Operating Income	\$ 11,419,815			Summary Compa Model Scenario 1	nson of Replac		ptimal with Full	Tax Abatements
Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20			Replacement Parki	ng		Above Grade	Below Grade
	\$ 9,516,513			Number of Spaces			3,675	3,675
New Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)								
Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space	amont Cost (A		\$ 31,494 115 730 880	
Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I) Amortization Period (n)	5.00% 20			Est. Capital Replac			115,739,889	220,457,000
Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%				OI			

Present Value Factor (PV 01 \$1.00 Attitude PM1, 20 91.)
 \$118,596,781

 Amortizable Principle Amount (PMT x PV Factor)
 \$118,596,781

 Rounded
 \$118,597,000

JANUARY 10, 2014



Exhibit 54: Scenario 2A: Modera	ite – No Ta	ix Abater	ment					
Moderate with No Tax Abatements	1	2	3		5	10	15	20
Revenue (rounded)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	203
Volume Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,943,613	1,922,427	1,908,883	1,881,803	1,875,400	1,920,893	1,969,398	2,019,12
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume	10,890	11,017	11,155	11,266	11,349	11,629	11,923	12,22
On-Street - Utilized Hours	1,248,857	1,235,449	1,245,332	1,250,556	1,258,851	1,296,484	1,326,761	1,357,44
Off-Street Garages								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	9,158,000	9,788,700	10,386,200	11,078,400	11,531,100	13,713,600	16,267,600	19,298,200
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded) Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	(468,100) 8,689,900	(500,700) 9,288,000	(531,800) 9,854,400	(567,500) 10,510,900	(590,700) 10,940,400	(702,600) 13,011,000	(833,500) 15,434,100	(988,700) 18,309,500
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(192,200)	(222,600)	(254,500)		(322,900)	(408,000)	(483,800)	(574,100
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(11,100)	(11,300)	(11,500)		(12,300)	(14,600)	(17,200)	(20,500
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	8,486,600	9,054,100	9,588,400	10,208,300	10,605,200	12,588,400	14,933,100	17,714,900
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	965,500	1,024,800	1,082,200	1,147,900	1,166,800	1,386,800	1,648,200	1,959,000
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,300)	(53,400)	(56,400)	(59,900)	(60,900)	(72,200)	(85,900)	(102,200
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax) (Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	915,200 (20,300)	971,400 (23,300)	1,025,800	1,088,000	1,105,900 (32,600)	1,314,600	1,562,300	1,856,800
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(2,300)	(2,300)	(26,400) (2,300)		(2,500)	(41,200) (2,800)	(49,000) (3,400)	(58,300 (4,100
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots	892,600	945,800	997,100	1,055,500	1,070,800	1,270,600	1,509,900	1,794,400
On-Street	2 069 900	2,496,300	2 518 500	2 625 900	2 670 900	2.057.500	2 655 000	4 306 000
Meter Parking Revenue (Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	2,068,800 (43,400)	(56,800)	2,518,500 (61,700)	2,625,800 (68,900)	2,679,800 (75,000)	3,057,500 (85,600)	3,655,000 (102,300)	4,396,900 (123,100
Construction Related	295,000	303,800	312,900	322,300	332,000	384,900	446,200	517,200
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,320,400	2,743,300	2,769,700	2,879,200	2,936,800	3,356,800	3,998,900	4,791,000
Total Revenue	11,699,600	12,743,200	13,355,200	14,143,000	14,612,800	17,215,800	20,441,900	24,300,300
Expenses (rounded)								
Off-Street Garages	0 070 700	2 050 700	2 045 500	2 400 000	2 224 202	2 745 700	4 240 000	E 004 100
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits Total - Admin	2,870,700 602,100	2,956,700 620,000	3,045,500 638,500	3,136,800 657,700	3,231,000 677,500	3,745,700 785,300	4,342,600 910,200	5,034,400 1,055,000
Total - Equipment Maintenance	359,100	369,900	381,000	392,500	404,300	469,000	543,600	630,300
Total - Facility Maintenance	255,600	263,200	271,100	279,200	287,500	333,300	386,300	447,800
Total - Collections Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	84,600 1,221,300	87,000 1,245,700	89,600 1,270,600	92,400 1,296,000	95,200 1,321,900	110,300 1,459,400	127,900 1,611,500	148,000 1,779,400
Total - Utilities	235,000	242,100	249,400	256,800	264,500	306,700	355,600	412,300
Total - Insurance	19,200	19,700	20,300	20,900	21,500	25,000	29,000	33,100
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages	180,800	186,200 5,990,500	191,800 6,157,800	197,400 6,329,700	203,400 6,506,800	235,900 7,470,600	273,400 8,580,100	316,800
Off-Street Lots	5,828,400	5,990,500	6,157,600	6,329,700	0,500,600	7,470,000	0,500,100	9,857,100
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Admin	42,200 3,800	43,400 3,900	44,900	46,400	47,900	56,200	65,200 5,200	75,200
Total - Equipment Maintenance Total - Facility Maintenance	9,900	10,400	4,000 10,600	4,100 10,800	4,200 11,000	4,700 12,000	13,000	5,700 14,200
Total - Collections	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,300	4,400	4,900	5,400	5,900
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	90,900	92,700	94,700	96,600	98,500	108,700	120,000	132,500
Total - Utilities Total - Insurance	3,700 700	3,900 700	4,000 700	4,100 700	4,200 700	4,700 700	5,200 700	5,700 700
Total - Other Operations Expenses	64,000	66,000	67,900	69,800	71,900	83,200	96,000	111,100
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,000
On-Street Total - Labor	323,900	333,600	343,600	353,900	364,500	422,500	489,900	567,900
Total - Admin	142,600	146,900	151,300	155,800	160,500	186,100	215,800	250,300
Total - Equipment Maintenance	14,600	15,000	15,500	16,000	16,500	19,100	22,100	25,600
Total - Facility Maintenance Total - Collections	16,900 26,500	17,400 27,300	17,900 28,100	18,400 28,900	19,000 29,800	22,000 34,500	25,500 40,000	29,600 46,400
Total - Operations Expenses	45,300	46,700	48,100	49,500	51,000	59,100	68,500	79,400
Total - Meter Revenue Tax	236,400	280,000	283,100	294,800	301,200	344,200	410,100	491,400
Total - Sales Tax	123,200	146,000	147,600	153,700	157,000	179,500	213,800	256,200
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters General and Administrative	929,400 1,255,800	1,012,900 1,293,500	1,035,200 1,332,300	1,071,000 1,372,300	1,099,500 1,413,500	1,267,000 1,638,600	1,485,700 1,899,600	1,746,800 2,202,200
Payment for Enforcement	439,600	452,800	466,400	480,400	494,800	573,500	664,900	770,700
Total Expenses	8,672,400	8,974,800	9,222,700	9,490,200	9,757,400	11,224,800	12,941,000	14,927,800
PILOT Abatement Meter Revenue Tax Abatement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenses - Adjusted	8,672,400	8,974,800	9,222,700	9,490,200	9,757,400	11,224,800	12,941,000	14,927,800
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	3,027,200	3,768,400	4,132,500	4,652,800	4,855,400	5,991,000	7,500,900	9,372,500
Capital Expenditures								
Garages								
Garage Rehab (Including Lighting) Parking Equipment	5,143,000	687,000 0	711,000 2,162,000	749,000	776,000 0	939,000 0	217,000 3,049,700	820,000
Lots	47,300	49,000	50,700	52,400	54,300	64,500	76,600	90,900
On-Street	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,900
Net Operating Income (NOI)	(2,163,100)	3,032,400	1,208,800	3,851,400	4,025,100	4,987,500	4,157,600	8,461,600
		SU	MMARY					
Preliminary Assumptions for Public Financing				Summary Compa				-
Average Net Operating Income Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	\$ 4,888,835 1.20			Model Scenario 2 Replacement Park			oderate with No	Tax Abatements Below Grade
	\$ 4,074,029			Number of Spaces	ing .		Above Grade 3,675	Below Grade 3,675
Tax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space			5 31,494	\$ 59,988
					cement Cost (Act	ual Year Dollare)	115,739,889	220,457,000
Amortization Period (n)	20			Est. Capital Replat		dai i cai boliars)	110,100,000	
Amortization Period (n) Annual PMT	\$1.00			Est. Avg. Annual N	IOI	dai rear boliars)	4,888,835	4,888,835
Amortization Period (n) Annual PMT Present Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.) Amortizable Principle Amount (PMT x PV Factor)					IOI Debt Amount	s	4,888,835 50,771,408	4,888,835 50,771,408

JANUARY 10, 2014



Exhibit 55: Scenario 2B: Moderate					-			
Moderate with Full Tax Abatements Revenue (rounded)	1 2014	2 2015	3 2016		5 2018	10 2023	15 2028	20
/olume								
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume	1,943,613 10,890	1,922,427 11,017	1,908,883 11,155		1,875,400 11,349	1,920,893 11,629	1,969,398 11,923	2,019,1 12,2
On-Street - Utilized Hours	1,248,857	1,235,449	1,245,332		1,258,851	1,296,484	1,326,761	1,357,4
Off-Street Garages								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	9,158,000	9,788,700	10,386,200	11,078,400	11,531,100	13,713,600	16,267,600	19,298,2
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded) Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	(468,100) 8,689,900	(500,700) 9,288,000	(531,800) 9,854,400	(567,500) 10,510,900	(590,700) 10,940,400	(702,600) 13,011,000	(833,500) 15,434,100	(988,7 18,309,5
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(192,200)	(222,600)	(254,500)	(290,800)	(322,900)	(408,000)	(483,800)	(574,1
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(11,100)	(11,300)	(11,500)	(11,800)	(12,300)	(14,600)	(17,200)	(20,5
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages Off-Street Lots	8,486,600	9,054,100	9,588,400	10,208,300	10,605,200	12,588,400	14,933,100	17,714,9
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	965,500	1,024,800	1,082,200	1,147,900	1,166,800	1,386,800	1,648,200	1,959,0
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,300)	(53,400)	(56,400)		(60,900)	(72,200)	(85,900)	(102,2
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax) (Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	915,200 (20,300)	971,400 (23,300)	1,025,800 (26,400)	1,088,000 (30,200)	1,105,900 (32,600)	1,314,600 (41,200)	1,562,300 (49,000)	1,856,8 (58,3
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,300)	(2,500)	(2,800)	(3,400)	(4,1
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots On-Street	892,600	945,800	997,100	1,055,500	1,070,800	1,270,600	1,509,900	1,794,4
Meter Parking Revenue	2,068,800	2,496,300	2,518,500	2,625,800	2,679,800	3,057,500	3,655,000	4,396,9
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(43,400)	(56,800)	(61,700)	(68,900)	(75,000)	(85,600)	(102,300)	(123,1
Construction Related Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	295,000 2,320,400	303,800 2,743,300	312,900 2,769,700	322,300 2,879,200	332,000 2,936,800	384,900 3,356,800	446,200 3,998,900	517,2 4,791,0
	2,320,400	2,743,300	2,709,700	2,679,200	2,930,800	3,330,800	3,998,900	4,791,0
otal Revenue	11,699,600	12,743,200	13,355,200	14,143,000	14,612,800	17,215,800	20,441,900	24,300,3
xpenses (rounded) Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,870,700	2,956,700	3,045,500	3,136,800	3,231,000	3,745,700	4,342,600	5,034,4
Total - Admin	602,100	620,000	638,500	657,700	677,500	785,300	910,200	1,055,0
Total - Equipment Maintenance	359,100 255,600	369,900 263,200	381,000 271,100	392,500 279,200	404,300 287,500	469,000 333,300	543,600 386,300	630,3 447,8
Total - Facility Maintenance Total - Collections	255,600 84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	447,0
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	1,221,300	1,245,700	1,270,600	1,296,000	1,321,900	1,459,400	1,611,500	1,779,4
Total - Utilities	235,000	242,100	249,400	256,800	264,500	306,700	355,600	412,3
Total - Insurance Total - Other Operations Expenses	19,200 180,800	19,700 186,200	20,300 191,800	20,900 197,400	21,500 203,400	25,000 235,900	29,000 273,400	33,1 316,8
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages	5,828,400	5,990,500	6,157,800	6,329,700	6,506,800	7,470,600	8,580,100	9,857,1
Off-Street Lots	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits Total - Admin	0 42,200	0 43,400	0 44,900	0 46,400	0 47,900	0 56,200	0 65,200	75,2
Total - Equipment Maintenance	3,800	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,7
Total - Facility Maintenance	9,900	10,400	10,600	10,800	11,000	12,000	13,000	14,2
Total - Collections Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	4,000 90,900	4,100 92,700	4,200 94,700	4,300 96,600	4,400 98,500	4,900 108,700	5,400 120,000	5,9 132,5
Total - Utilities	3,700	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,7
Total - Insurance	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	7
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	64,000 219,200	66,000 225,100	67,900 231,000	69,800 236,800	71,900 242,800	83,200 275,100	96,000 310,700	111,1 351,0
On-Street	219,200	225,100	231,000	230,800	242,800	275,100	510,700	351,0
Total - Labor	323,900	333,600	343,600	353,900	364,500	422,500	489,900	567,9
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	142,600 14,600	146,900 15,000	151,300 15,500	155,800 16,000	160,500 16,500	186,100 19,100	215,800 22,100	250,3 25,6
Total - Facility Maintenance	16,900	17,400	17,900	18,400	19,000	22,000	25,500	29,6
Total - Collections	26,500	27,300	28,100	28,900	29,800	34,500	40,000	46,4
Total - Operations Expenses Total - Meter Revenue Tax	45,300 236,400	46,700 280,000	48,100 283,100	49,500 294,800	51,000 301,200	59,100 344,200	68,500 410,100	79,4 491,4
Total - Sales Tax	123,200	146,000	147,600	153,700	157,000	179,500	213,800	256,2
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	929,400	1,012,900	1,035,200	1,071,000	1,099,500	1,267,000	1,485,700	1,746,8
General and Administrative Payment for Enforcement	1,255,800 439,600	1,293,500 452,800	1,332,300 466,400	1,372,300 480,400	1,413,500 494,800	1,638,600 573,500	1,899,600 664,900	2,202,2 770,7
-								
otal Expenses PILOT Abatement	8,672,400 1,312,200	8,974,800 1,338,400	9,222,700 1,365,300	9,490,200 1,392,600	9,757,400 1,420,400	11,224,800 1,568,100	12,941,000 1,731,500	14,927,8 1,911,9
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement	236,400	280,000	283,100	294,800	301,200	344,200	410,100	491,4
otal Expenses - Adjusted	7,123,800	7,356,400	7,574,300	7,802,800	8,035,800	9,312,500	10,799,400	12,524,5
let Operating Income (before CAPEX)	4,575,800	5,386,800	5,780,900	6,340,200	6,577,000	7,903,300	9,642,500	11,775,8
apital Expenditures								
Garages Garage Rehab (Including Lighting)	5.143.000	687,000	711,000	749,000	776,000	939,000	217,000	820,0
Parking Equipment	0	007,000	2,162,000	749,000	0	939,000	3,049,700	020,0
Lots	47,300 0	49,000 0	50,700	52,400	54,300	64,500 0	76,600	90,9
On-Street Total Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	0 2,923,700	0 801,400	0 830,300	1,003,500	0 3,343,300	910,9
et Operating Income (NOI)	(04.4,500)	4.650.800	2.857.200	5.538.800	5.746.700		6.299.200	10.864.9
	(614,500)	, ,	2,857,200	3,330,800	3,740,700	6,899,800	0,299,200	10,864,9
reliminary Assumptions for Public Financing		30		Summary Compa	rison of Replac	ement Options		
verage Net Operating Income \$	6,842,460			Model Scenario 2	•	Moe	derate with Full	
ssumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20			Replacement Park	ng		Above Grade	Below Grad
lew Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT) \$	5,702,050			Number of Spaces			3,675	3,6
ax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I) mortization Period (n)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space Est. Capital Replace	ement Cost (A at	(al Year Dollars)	31,494 115,739,889	\$ 59,9 220,457,0
						uai tear Dollars)	6,842,460	6,842,4
Innual PMT	\$1.00							
Nnnual PMT Present Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$1.00 \$12.46			Est. Avg. Annual N Est. Supportable D			71,060,146	71,060,1

JANUARY 10, 2014



Conservative with No Tax Abatements	1	2	3		5	10	15	
Revenue (rounded)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	2
Volume Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,938,821	1,958,374	1,978,144	1,998,135	2,018,349	2,114,249	2,215,504	2,322,
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume On-Street - Utilized Hours	10,864 1,245,759	10,979 1,252,611	11,095 1,259,501	11,213	11,332 1,249,665	11,814 1,284,411	12,323 1,320,123	12, 1,356,
Off-Street Garages								
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	9,115,500	9,284,300	9,422,000	9,562,600	9,706,100	10,617,700	11,649,400	12,820,
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded) Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	(465,900) 8,649,600	(474,500) 8,809,800	(481,500) 8,940,500	(488,900) 9,073,700	(496,100) 9,210,000	(543,200)	(596,300) 11,053,100	(656,
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(191,500)	(211,300)	(230,900)		(271,800)	10,074,500 (315,900)	(346,600)	12,163, (381,
(Less) Uncollected Receivables	(11,100)	(11,200)	(11,400)		(11,700)	(13,100)	(14,900)	(16,
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	8,447,000	8,587,300	8,698,200	8,811,100	8,926,500	9,745,500	10,691,600	11,765,
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	963,100	974,200	985,400	996,700	1,008,100	1,067,500	1,130,300	1,196,
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,300)	(50,800)	(51,400)		(52,600)	(55,600)	(59,000)	(62,
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	912,800	923,400	934,000	944,800	955,500	1,011,900	1,071,300	1,134,
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(20,200) (2,300)	(22,200) (2,300)	(24,100) (2,300)		(28,300) (2,400)	(31,800) (2,500)	(33,500) (2,600)	(35, (2,
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots	890,300	898,900	907,600	916,500	924,800	977,600	1,035,200	1,096,
On-Street								
Meter Parking Revenue	2,063,600	2,075,000	2,086,400	2,410,700	2,423,900	2,491,300	2,560,600	2,631,
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees Construction Related	(43,300) 286,400	(47,200) 286,400	(51,100) 286,400	(63,300) 286,400	(67,900) 286,400	(69,800) 286,400	(71,700) 286,400	(73, 286,
Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	2,306,700	2,314,200	2,321,700	2,633,800	2,642,400	2,707,900	2,775,300	2,844,
otal Revenue	11,644,000	11.800.400	11.927.500	12.361.400	12.493.700	13.431.000	14,502,100	15,705,
kpenses (rounded)	11,044,000	11,000,400	11,521,000	12,001,400	12,400,100	10,401,000	14,002,100	10,100,
Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,870,700	2,956,700	3,045,500	3,136,800	3,231,000	3,745,700	4,342,600	5,034,
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	602,100 359,100	620,000 369,900	638,500 381,000	657,700 392,500	677,500 404,300	785,300 469,000	910,200 543,600	1,055, 630,
Total - Facility Maintenance	255,600	263,200	271,100	279,200	287,500	333,300	386,300	447,
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	1,221,300	1,245,700	1,270,600	1,296,000	1,321,900	1,459,400	1,611,500	1,779,
Total - Utilities	235,000	242,100	249,400	256,800	264,500	306,700	355,600	412,
Total - Insurance	19,200 180.800	19,700 186,200	20,300 191.800	20,900 197,400	21,500 203,400	25,000 235,900	29,000 273,400	33, 316,
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages	5,828,400	5,990,500	6,157,800	6,329,700	6,506,800	7,470,600	8,580,100	9,857,
Off-Street Lots								3,037,
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits Total - Admin	0 42,200	0 43,400	0 44,900	0 46,400	0 47,900	0 56,200	0 65,200	75,
Total - Equipment Maintenance	3,800	3,900	44,900	4,100	47,900	4,700	5,200	73, 5,
Total - Facility Maintenance	9,900	10,400	10,600	10,800	11,000	12,000	13,000	14,
Total - Collections	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,300	4,400	4,900	5,400	5,
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	90,900 3,700	92,700 3,900	94,700 4,000	96,600	98,500	108,700	120,000	132,
Total - Insurance	700	3,900	4,000	4,100 700	4,200 700	4,700 700	5,200 700	5,
Total - Other Operations Expenses	64,000	66,000	67,900	69,800	71,900	83,200	96,000	111,
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,
On-Street Total - Labor	323,900	333,600	343,600	353,900	364,500	422,500	489,900	567,
Total - Admin	142,600	146,900	151,300	155,800	160,500	186,100	215,800	250,
Total - Equipment Maintenance	14,600	15,000	15,500	16,000	16,500	19,100	22,100	25,
Total - Facility Maintenance	16,900	17,400	17,900	18,400	19,000	22,000	25,500	29,
Total - Collections Total - Operations Expenses	26,500 45,300	27,300 46,700	28,100 48,100	28,900 49,500	29,800 51,000	34,500 59,100	40,000 68,500	46, 79,
Total - Meter Revenue Tax	235,000	236,100	237,300	269,700	271,000	277,800	284,700	291.
Total - Sales Tax	122,500	123,100	123,700	140,600	141,300	144,800	148,400	152
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	927,300	946,100	965,500	1,032,800	1,053,600	1,165,900	1,294,900	1,443,
General and Administrative Payment for Enforcement	1,255,800 439,600	1,293,500 452,800	1,332,300 466,400	1,372,300 480,400	1,413,500 494,800	1,638,600 573,500	1,899,600 664,900	2,202 770
-	8,670,300	8,908,000	9,153,000	9,452,000	9,711,500	11,123,700	12,750,200	
PILOT Abatement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14,624,
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement otal Expenses - Adjusted	0 8,670,300	0 8,908,000	0 9,153,000	0 9,452,000	0 9,711,500	0 11,123,700	0 12,750,200	14,624,
et Operating Income (before CAPEX)	2,973,700	2,892,400	2,774,500	2,909,400	2,782,200	2,307,300	1,751,900	1,081,
apital Expenditures			, ,					
Garages								
Garage Rehab (Including Lighting) Parking Equipment	5,143,000	687,000 0	711,000 2,162,000	749,000 0	776,000 0	939,000	217,000 3,049,700	820,
Lots	47,300	49,000	2,162,000	52,400	54,300	64,500	3,049,700 76,600	90,
On-Street	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
otal Capital Expenditures	5,190,300	736,000	2,923,700	801,400	830,300	1,003,500	3,343,300	910,
et Operating Income (NOI)	(2,216,600)	2,156,400	(149,200)	2,108,000	1,951,900	1,303,800	(1,591,400)	170,
		SU	MMARY	0	deen of Data			
reliminary Assumptions for Public Financing verage Net Operating Income	\$ 814,595			Summary Compa Model Scenario 3	rison of Replac		rvative with No	Tax Abatam
ssumed Debt Coverage Ratio	\$ 814,595			Replacement Parki	na		Above Grade	Below Gra
ew Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)	\$ 678,829			Number of Spaces			3,675	Below Gra
ax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space		S		
mortization Period (n)	20			Est. Capital Replace	ement Cost (Act		115,739,889	220,457
nnual PMT	\$1.00			Est. Avg. Annual N		,	814,595	814
				Est. Supportable D			8,459,712	8,459
resent Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$12.46			Est. Supportable D	ebi Amouni		0,400,712	0,400

JANUARY 10, 2014



FINAL REPORT

Conservative with Full Tax Abatements	1	2	3		5	10	15	2
Revenue (rounded)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2023	2028	203
Attended Facilities - Transient Volume	1,938,821	1,958,374	1,978,144	1,998,135	2,018,349	2,114,249	2,215,504	2,322,42
Attended Facilities - Monthly Volume	10,864	10,979	11,095	11,213	11,332	11,814	12,323	12,85
On-Street - Utilized Hours	1,245,759	1,252,611	1,259,501	1,242,829	1,249,665	1,284,411	1,320,123	1,356,82
Off-Street Garages	0 445 500	0.004.000	0 400 000	0 500 000	0 700 400	10 017 700	44 640 400	40,000,000
Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees) (Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	9,115,500 (465,900)	9,284,300 (474,500)	9,422,000 (481,500)	9,562,600 (488,900)	9,706,100 (496,100)	10,617,700 (543,200)	11,649,400 (596,300)	12,820,00 (656,80
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	8,649,600	8,809,800	8,940,500	9,073,700	9,210,000	10,074,500	11,053,100	12,163,20
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(191,500) (11,100)	(211,300) (11,200)	(230,900) (11,400)		(271,800) (11,700)	(315,900) (13,100)	(346,600) (14,900)	(381,50 (16,70
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Garages	8,447,000	8,587,300	8,698,200	8,811,100	8,926,500	9,745,500	10,691,600	11,765,00
Off-Street Lots Gross Parking Revenue (before tax & fees)	963,100	974,200	985,400	996,700	1,008,100	1,067,500	1,130,300	1,196,80
(Less) Sales Tax (rounded)	(50,300)	(50,800)	(51,400)	(51,900)	(52,600)	(55,600)	(59,000)	(62,40
Sub Total - Net Revenue (after Sales Tax)	912,800	923,400	934,000	944,800	955,500	1,011,900	1,071,300	1,134,40
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees (Less) Uncollected Receivables	(20,200) (2,300)	(22,200) (2,300)	(24,100) (2,300)	(26,000) (2,300)	(28,300) (2,400)	(31,800) (2,500)	(33,500) (2,600)	(35,60 (2,80
Sub Total Revenue - Off-Street Lots	890,300	898,900	907,600	916,500	924,800	977,600	1,035,200	1,096,00
On-Street Meter Parking Revenue	2,063,600	2,075,000	2,086,400	2,410,700	2,423,900	2,491,300	2,560,600	2,631,80
(Less) Credit Card (CC) Fees	(43,300)	(47,200)	(51,100)	(63,300)	(67,900)	(69,800)	(71,700)	(73,70
Construction Related Sub Total Revenue - On-Street	286,400 2,306,700	286,400 2,314,200	286,400 2,321,700	286,400 2,633,800	286,400 2,642,400	286,400 2,707,900	286,400 2,775,300	286,40 2,844,50
Fotal Revenue	11,644,000	11,800,400	11,927,500	12,361,400	12,493,700	13,431,000	14,502,100	15,705,50
Expenses (rounded) Off-Street Garages								
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	2,870,700	2,956,700	3,045,500	3,136,800	3,231,000	3,745,700	4,342,600	5,034,400
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	602,100 359,100	620,000 369,900	638,500 381,000	657,700 392,500	677,500 404,300	785,300 469.000	910,200 543,600	1,055,00 630,30
Total - Facility Maintenance	255,600	263,200	271,100	279,200	287,500	333,300	386,300	447,80
Total - Collections	84,600	87,000	89,600	92,400	95,200	110,300	127,900	148,00
Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Total - Utilities	1,221,300 235,000	1,245,700 242,100	1,270,600 249,400	1,296,000 256,800	1,321,900 264,500	1,459,400 306,700	1,611,500 355,600	1,779,40 412,30
Total - Insurance	19,200	19,700	20,300	20,900	21,500	25,000	29,000	33,10
Total - Other Operations Expenses Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Garages	180,800 5,828,400	186,200 5,990,500	191,800 6,157,800	197,400 6,329,700	203,400 6,506,800	235,900 7,470,600	273,400 8,580,100	316,80 9,857,10
Off-Street Lots	5,626,400	5,550,500	0,157,000	0,329,700	0,300,800	7,470,000		5,057,10
Total - Labor - Taxes & Benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	75.00
Total - Admin Total - Equipment Maintenance	42,200 3,800	43,400 3,900	44,900 4,000	46,400 4,100	47,900 4,200	56,200 4,700	65,200 5,200	75,20 5,70
Total - Facility Maintenance	9,900	10,400	10,600	10,800	11,000	12,000	13,000	14,20
Total - Collections Total - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)	4,000 90,900	4,100 92,700	4,200 94,700	4,300 96,600	4,400 98,500	4,900 108,700	5,400 120,000	5,90 132,50
Total - Utilities	3,700	3,900	4,000	4,100	4,200	4,700	5,200	5,70
Total - Insurance Total - Other Operations Expenses	700 64,000	700 66,000	700 67,900	700 69,800	700 71,900	700 83,200	700 96,000	70 111,10
Sub Total Expenses - Off-Street Lots	219,200	225,100	231,000	236,800	242,800	275,100	310,700	351,00
On-Street Total - Labor	323,900	333,600	343,600	353,900	364,500	422,500	489,900	567,90
Total - Admin	142,600	146,900	151,300	155,800	160,500	422,500	215,800	250,30
Total - Equipment Maintenance	14,600	15,000	15,500	16,000	16,500	19,100	22,100	25,60
Total - Facility Maintenance Total - Collections	16,900 26,500	17,400 27,300	17,900 28,100	18,400 28,900	19,000 29,800	22,000 34,500	25,500 40,000	29,60 46,40
Total - Operations Expenses	45,300	46,700	48,100	49,500	51,000	59,100	68,500	79,40
Total - Meter Revenue Tax Total - Sales Tax	235,000 122,500	236,100 123,100	237,300 123,700	269,700 140,600	271,000 141,300	277,800 144,800	284,700 148,400	291,80 152,10
Sub Total Expenses - On-Street Meters	927,300	946,100	965,500	1,032,800	1,053,600	1,165,900	1,294,900	1,443,10
General and Administrative Payment for Enforcement	1,255,800 439,600	1,293,500 452,800	1,332,300 466,400	1,372,300 480,400	1,413,500 494,800	1,638,600 573,500	1,899,600 664,900	2,202,20 770,70
Fotal Expenses	8,670,300	8.908.000	9,153,000	9,452,000	9,711,500	11,123,700	12,750,200	14,624,10
PILOT Abatement	1,312,200	1,338,400	1,365,300	1,392,600	1,420,400	1,568,100	1,731,500	1,911,900
Meter Revenue Tax Abatement Total Expenses - Adjusted	235,000 7,123,100	236,100 7,333,500	237,300 7,550,400	269,700 7,789,700	271,000 8,020,100	277,800 9,277,800	284,700 10,734,000	291,800 12,420,400
Net Operating Income (before CAPEX)	4,520,900	4,466,900	4,377,100	4,571,700	4,473,600	4,153,200	3.768.100	3,285,100
Capital Expenditures	.,,	.,,	.,,	.,,	.,,	.,,	-,,	-,,
Garages								
Garage Rehab (Including Lighting) Parking Equipment	5,143,000 0	569,000 0	589,000 2,162,000	635,000 0	655,000 0	3,004,000 0	1,243,000 3,049,700	1,796,00
Total Capital Expenditures	5,143,000	569,000	2,751,000	635,000	655,000	3,004,000	4,292,700	1,796,00
Net Operating Income (NOI)	(622,100)	3,897,900	1,626,100	3,936,700	3,818,600	1,149,200	(524,600)	1,489,10
		SU	MMARY					
Preliminary Assumptions for Public Financing Average Net Operating Income	\$ 2,976,635			Summary Compa Model Scenario 3			vative with Full T	ax Abatement
Assumed Debt Coverage Ratio	1.20			Replacement Parki			Above Grade	Below Grade
New Annual NOI Available for Payment (PMT)	\$ 2,480,529			Number of Spaces			3,675	3,67
Fax-Free Bond Coupon Rate (I)	5.00%			Avg. Cost/Space	amont O- 1 1	\$		
Amortization Period (n) Annual PMT	20 \$1.00			Est. Capital Replace Est. Avg. Annual N		iai Year Dollars)	115,739,889 2,976,635	220,457,00
Present Value Factor (PV of \$1.00 Annual PMT, 20 yr.)	\$12.46			Est. Supportable D			30,912,876	30,912,87
Amortizable Principle Amount (PMT x PV Factor)	\$ 30,912,876			Est. Funding Surp		\$		



FINAL REPORT

JANUARY 10, 2014

LIMITING CONDITIONS

This report is subject to the following limiting conditions:

- 1. This report is based on assumptions outside the control of Walker Parking Consultants/Engineers, Inc. ("Walker") and/or our client. Therefore, Walker cannot guarantee the results.
- 2. The results and conclusions presented in this report may be dependent on future assumptions regarding the local, national, or international economy. These assumptions and resultant conclusions may be invalid in the event of war, terrorism, economic recession, rationing, or other events that may cause a significant change in economic conditions.
- 3. Walker assumes no responsibility for any events or circumstances that take place or change subsequent to the date of our field inspections.
- 4. Sketches, photographs, maps and other exhibits included herein may not be of engineering quality or to a consistent scale, and should not be relied upon as such.
- 5. All information, estimates, and opinions obtained from parties not employed by Walker, are assumed to be accurate. We assume no liability resulting from information presented by the client or client's representatives, or received from third-party sources.
- 6. All mortgages, liens, encumbrances, leases, and servitudes have been disregarded unless specified otherwise. Unless noted, we assume that there are no encroachments, zoning violations, or building violations encumbering the subject properties.
- 7. This report is to be used in whole and not in part. None of the contents of this report may be reproduced or disseminated in any form for external use by anyone other than our client without our written permission.
- 8. The projections presented in the analysis assume responsible ownership and competent management. Any departure from this assumption may have a negative impact on the conclusions.
- 9. Computer models that use and generate precise numbers generate some of the figures and conclusions presented in this report. The use of seemingly exact numbers is not intended to suggest a level of accuracy that may not exist. A reasonable margin of error may be assumed regarding most numerical conclusions. Conversely, some numbers are rounded and as a result some conclusions may be subject to small rounding errors.

