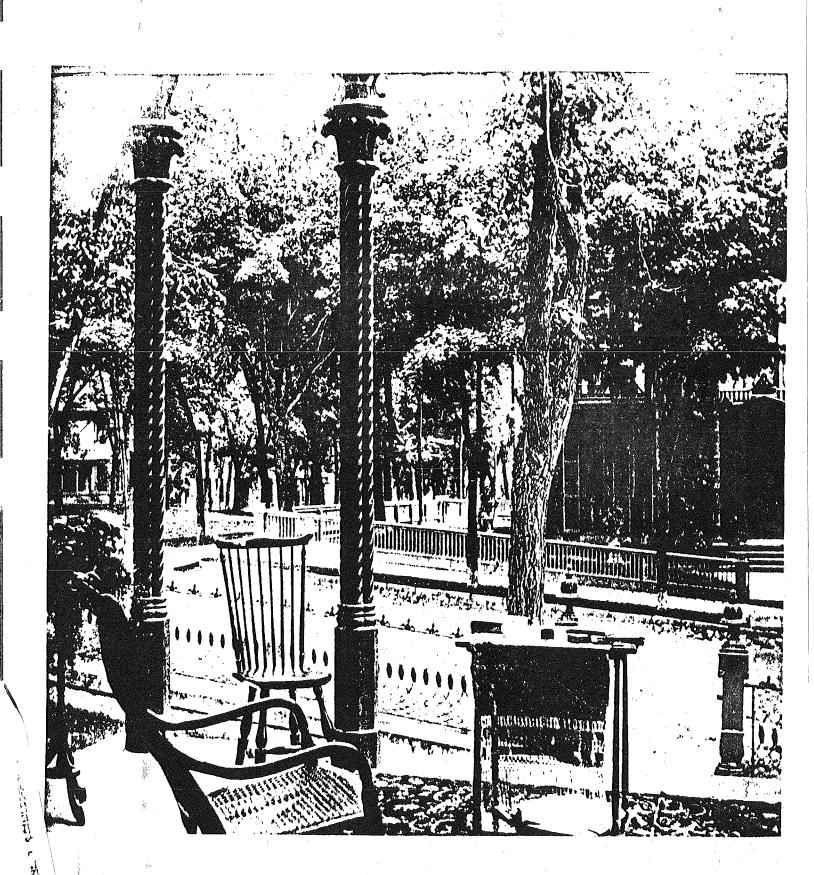
THE MANSION HILL HISTORIC DISTRICT PRESERVATION PLAN

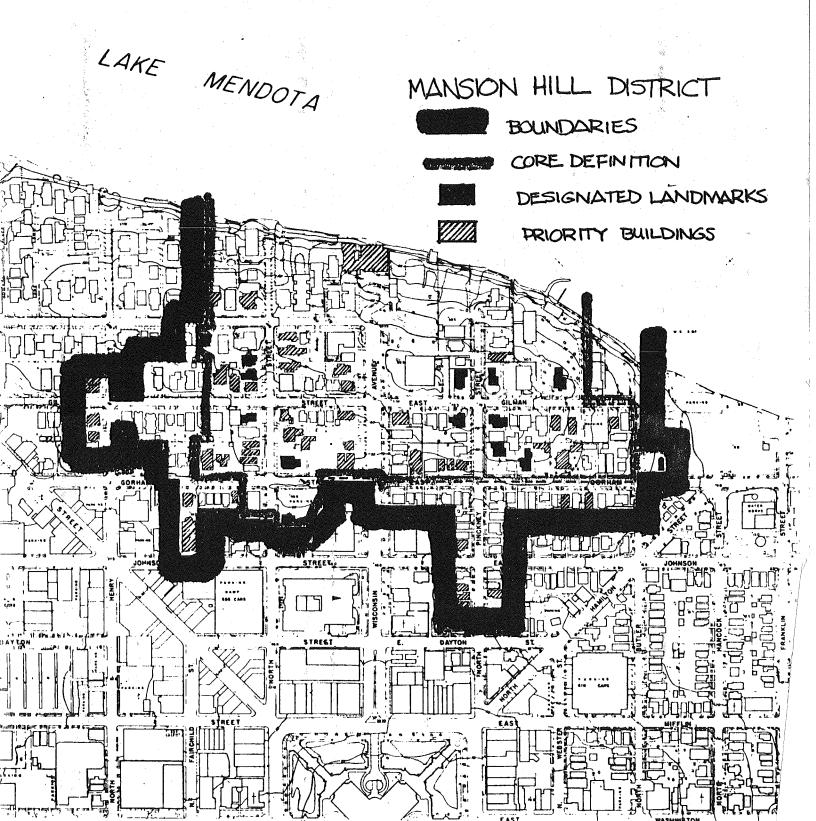
AND

DEVELOPMENT HANDBOOK



MANSION HILL: THE BOUNDARIES

After a careful assessment of the architectural and historical resources of this area today, boundaries for the District were mapped.



When the materials are all prepared and ready, the architects shall appear.

I swear to you the architects shall appear without fail, I swear to you they will understand you and justify you, The greatest among them shall be he who best knows you, and encloses all and is faithful to all, He and the rest shall not forget you, they shall perceive that you are not an iota less than they, You shall be fully glorified in them.

Whitman, Leaves of Grass, 1855.

DESIGNATION

The Mansion Hill Historic District is among the City's most valuable historical, architectural, and cultural resources. It is a unique place, and its uniqueness is felt by native and visitor alike. There is nowhere else like it: it is a one of a kind species. No one can replace it if it is destroyed: it is one of America's non-renewable resources.

Social movements are difficult to document at a personal or even local level and it would be folly to assume too much about socio-political interaction on Mansion Hill. However, just prior to the turn of the century, the neighborly mingling of people from the academic, governmental, and business sectors in this District probably made it a regional laboratory for the Wisconsin Idea, a concept that was to have nationwide significance in the Progressive Era of the early twentieth century. Truly the boundaries of action for these people were the boundaries of the State, and, more significantly, the concept of utilization of expertise from other fields to solve problems was given some of its earliest testing here. The interaction of these social, political, and business experts occurred as a natural neighborhood function in the old Mansion Hill District. For example, Dean Bryant with help from Regent Stevens was able to solve a controversy initiated by Judge Bashford about part-time instructors in the Law School; and Thomas Brittingham, a lumber company executive, maintained a long-time interest in the University and eventually endowed it with a considerable portion of his wealth.

In that the Mansion Hill Historic District reflects a pattern

In that the Mansion Hill Historic District reflects a pattern in the broad social history of Madison and in the State and the Nation, and in that elements within the District meet the other three designation criteria, (see Appendix G) namely that many of the buildings in the District:

- are identified with historic personages or with important events in national, state or local history;
- embody the distinguishing characteristics of an architectural type specimen, inherently valuable for a study of a period, style, method of construction, or of indigenous materials or craftsmanship;
- 3) are representative of the notable work of a master builder, designer or architect whose individual genius influences his age;

it shall be the firm determination of the City of Madison to designate the Mansion Hill Historic District, the first area of the City to be so designated, as an Historic District according to Section 33.01(6)(d) of the Madison General Ordinances with all guidelines and ordinance powers pursuant to designation to be administered by the Landmarks Commission.

HISTORY OF THE MANSION HILL DISTRICT: The Core Social Neighborhood

The Mansion Hill District existed in the nineteenth century as an elite social neighborhood with a middle class buffer zone surrounding its core. Indeed, the social configurations of the historic neighborhood significantly affected its developing architectural identity in the nineteenth century and made it physically distinguishable from other neighborhoods. Today much of the physical fabric of the neighborhood including its upper-middle class and middle-class buffer zone remain as a tangible document of its past social history.

Three periods distinguish the pre-World War I history of the core area alternately known as "Yankee Hill," Aristocrat Hill," or "Big Bug Hill". Though not one of the first settled areas of Madison, by the 1850's the neighborhood was building the substantial residences, some of local sandstone, that have characterized the area to this day. By the 1890's, "Big Bug Hill" entered its peak period as the active center of social life in the city. Around 1910, the neighborhood changed slightly to accommodate more academics and business people, while some of its older families died out or moved away. During each of these periods, however, the social nature of the neighborhood remained largely the same. One of the most significant features of the area was the mingling of experts from business, politics, and education, a key concept in the developing Wisconsin Idea.

A particular sample of sixty-four people who lived in the area selected over a period of years reveals a high social and economic status, and by implication a high educational status among these residents. These sixty-four, allowing for some overlap into more than one category included:

- 8 judges
- 18 other public officials
- 8 bankers
- 8 real estate developers
- 10 proprietors or merchants
- 6 regents of the University of Wisconsin
- 16 professors

Offices held by public servants ranged from the federal-level positions of Senator, Secretary of the Interior, Postmaster General, District Judge, U.S. Marshall, U.S. Assistant Attorney General, and Minister to China; to state positions including Governor, Treasurer, Court Justice, Auditor, Speaker of the Assembly, Senator, Assemblyman; and to municipal positions including Judge, Mayor, Alderman, City Clerk, and member of the Board of Education.

Financiers in real estate and banking counted such notables as N.B. Van Slyke, the prominent Timothy Brown family, the private banker J.J. Suhr, and early developer James Richardson. Important as regents of the university were Ezra Carr, Obadiah Conover, N.B. Van Slyke, and Breese Stevens. Outstanding professors included Dean E.E. Bryant of the Law School, Frederick Jackson Turner, one of the university's most eminent historians, Paul Reinsch, early political scientist, and Edward Van Vleck, nationally known mathematician.

Two conclusions of significance should be drawn from the survey of occupations of these past residents of Mansion Hill. First, there was large but not total concentration of the social elite of Madison in the core area. Second, while prominent Madisonians might reside elsewhere, within this district itself, there was a general homogeneity of social class. There were no skilled or unskilled workers who owned property in the core area. Upper class and upper middle class people characterized the area solely.

The widespread incidence of domestic residents further indicated the class of the neighborhood. A sample survey of the first two blocks of Langdon Street in the 1896-97 city directory (see Appendix E) revealed that of twenty residences, apparently only two had no domestic servants. Some residences employed two servants and several of their neighbors even retained coachmen. Interestingly, the original core area, outlined on the map (fig. 1), extended well down Langdon Street toward the University and included the 400 and 500 blocks of North Henry Street. These areas are only partially included in the present district because of the substantial number of demolitions of key structures over the past seventy-five years.

The occupations of the neighborhood and the existence of substantial domestic establishments show one type of conformity, but beyond this fact there was a definite cohesiveness among the residents of Mansion Hill. They interacted politically, economically, and socially.

The active political life of the residents has been mentioned.

A striking example at an individual level occurred when Judge C. V.

Bardeen of the Wisconsin Supreme Court died in 1903. Robert M.

LaFollette, residing in the old Governor's Mansion, appointed his former

law partner Robert Siebecker to the Court. Siebecker not only assumed Bardeen's seat but moved into Bardeen's former residence, the Timothy Brown House. Further, a third justice lived in this same house when from 1922 to 1936 Timothy Brown, a grandson of the original owner and also a justice resided at 116 E. Gorham.

The First National Bank exemplified the close economic ties that existed among the neighbors of Mansion Hill. Early settlers, N.B., Van Slyke (510 N. Carroll), James Richardson (28 E. Gilman), Levi Vilas (N. Henry Street) and Timothy Brown (116 E. Gorham), organized the bank. In 1880, N.B. Van Slyke became president of the bank, responsible to a board of directors composed of his neighbors M.E. Fuller (423 N. Pinckney), Breese Stevens (401 N. Carroll), William F. Vilas (2 E. Gilman), and James Moseley (120 Langdon). Fellow banker J.J. Suhr lived across the street from Moseley at 121 Langdon.

The familial and social relationships among the residents of Mansion Hill drew the neighborhood particularly close. Often several members of the same extended family lived in the area.

- Henry K. Tenney resided at 421 N. Carroll, while his brother Daniel, who was also his law partner, built the house at 401 N. Carroll.
- The Van Slyke-Mears-Hobbins-Suhr blood relationship showed how proximity furthered social relations.

 N.B. Van Slyke's mother was a sister of the brothers,

 James R. (420 N. Carroll) and Charles Mears (116 E.

 Gilman).

James Mears' daughter Mary wedded Joseph W. Hobbins of 114 W. Gilman. The son of Joseph Hobbins, William J. Hobbins, married Bertha Suhr, thus relating the Suhr banking family to the Van Slyke banking family.

- Alexander H. Main (127 Langdon) and Willet S.

 Main (511 N. Carroll) were brothers, whose sister

 married U.S. Senator John C. Spooner. Alexander

 Main was at one time a law partner of Phil Spooner,

 John's brother.
- Orasmus Cole, a justice of the Wisconsin Supreme
 Court, married as his second wife Roberta Garnhardt,
 his next door neighbor, and took as part of the
 Garnhardt estate the house at 424 N. Pinckney to
 which he transferred his residence.

Friendships formed naturally among the people who interacted with each other on Mansion Hill.

- The obituary notice of Dean E. E. Bryant (423
 Wisconsin Avenue), recorded that Judge Cassoday
 (139 E. Gilman) was "one who regretted his passing,"
 and of his one-time law partner Colonel Vilas, it
 was said, "it was a rare day the friends were not
 together."
- Among the mourners for James S. Smith were Governor Robert LaFollette and honorary pall bearers M.E. Fuller, F.W. Oakley (524 N. Carroll), C.N. Gregory (10 Langdon), and Robert Bashford (423 N. Pinckney).

- Another circle of friends included Willett E.

Main (410 N. Henry), F.W. Oakley, Col. A.H.

Hollister (17 Langdon), and E.W. Keyes (102 E.

Gorham).

The social interaction among the residents occurred at formal occasions as well. The following selection from Madison's society pages indicate that the core area's residents attended many of the same gala evenings and parties. The names marked in the selection indicate the families who resided in the district.

MANSION HILL AS A SOCIAL NEIGHBORHOOD: THE BUFFER ZONE

During the years around the turn of the century when the core area peaked in terms of the number and strength of ties that bound academic, business, and government professionals to the social fabric of the neighborhood, it is enlightening to investigate the radiating nature of these ties in the surrounding buffer zone of upper-middle class and middle class families. A survey of the residents of these latter areas in 1896-1897, indicates spot occupancy by skilled tradesmen, laborers, and students who mixed with academics and business and government professionals.

The boundaries of the Mansion Hill Historic District have been extended beyond the core area to include this historically mixed residential area since many of its occupants had blood, business, governmental and/or academic ties with people living in the core area, and since many handsome, though generally less grand, structures still exist in the buffer zone. (See: The Buffer Zone Yesterday and Today - the Physical Significances, p. 18)

THE ECONOMICS OF PHYSICAL IDENTITY IN THE CORE AREA

Those families who resided in the Mansion Hill core area in the nineteenth century frequently dwelt in brick or stone homes, elaborately detailed and decorated. This distinction in materials and design symbolized the wealth of the neighborhood.

An examination of assessments for the core area in 1875 and again in 1892 showed a high value assigned to the properties on Mansion Hill. For demonstration, these assessments have been grouped into quartiles, that is, each division contains one-fourth of the total number of buildings and indicates the range of their assessments. They were:

1875 I 2,000-3,000
II 3,500-4,750
III 4,750-6,750
IV 6,750-12,500

II 2,250- 3,300

III 3,300- 8,000

IV 8,000-14,000

(the 1892 figures are adjusted slightly according to a lake frontage factor)

These assessments were high and reflected heavily the value of the buildings.

A comparison area, an equally old residential neighborhood, but of different character, located on W. Main, W. Clymer (W. Doty), and W. Wilson showed unimproved lots assessed at only \$100 difference below the Mansion Hill area. For 1892 the assessments in the comparison area are grouped into quartiles. They were:

II 500- 800
II 800-1,000
III 1,000-1,200
IV 1,200-1,600

In the comparison area only six dwellings were of brick and none of stone.

THE ARCHITECTURAL CHARACTER AND SCALE OF THE DISTRICT

Significant clusters of examples of the variety in American architectural expression in the last half of the nineteenth century and the first three decades of the twentieth century are found in the Mansion Hill District. The core area of the district constitutes the last concentration of extant baronial nineteenth century palaces that once housed the City's social, business, political, and educational elite. Radiating from the core are smaller but not less significant architectural works formerly housing the less grand families.

The twentieth century buildings evidence a continuing vitality in the neighborhood, but indeed a vitality of a different order than that of the preceding century. The viability of the downtown for mixed use at the turn of the century was still great, but the wealthier

residents had begun to die out, to sell their extra lots, and/or move out to the fringe areas. Infill buildings made the district less open, but retained high standards of design befitting the good taste of their owners. The effect of the expanding University was felt on the western edge of the district especially as more housing and services were required for professors and students.

Significantly, the Mansion Hill District contains within its boundaries the largest concentration of extant 19th century sandstone structures in the City. There are ten sandstone buildings in this district, two of which are churches, the rest dwellings. The sandstone was presumably quarried on the west side of town in the bluff areas near Hoyt Park and Shorewood. This use of local building material gives the district a uniquely regional flavor.

Another testimonial to regional distinction is the influence of the Prairie School architects which appears to be common in the district. At least eleven buildings in the district are either Prairie style or directly related to the early twentieth century design movement centered on Frank Lloyd Wright and his mentor, Louis Sullivan. The majority of the houses appear to be attributable to the local architectural partnership of Louis Claude and Edward Starck, both of whom worked in Chicago before practicing in Madison.

In three unusual buildings by architect Lawrence Monberg, the melding of the Art Deco style and the International style of the 1930's is given expression. The Quisling Clinic, Quisling Apartments, and the Edgewater Hotel are important documents of this pre-World War II design phenomenon.

The demolition of several key houses within the District in the 1950's and 1960's has paved the way for new construction which in bulk and/or use is incompatible with the existing residential neighborhood. This new construction has taken advantage of traditional concentric zoning patterns and specific spot zonings to accommodate the tremendous expansion of the University of Wisconsin, the state government, and local business interest in this downtown residential area.

In addition to the loss of key structures, the invasion of the Dutch Elm beetle has perpetrated significant ravaging of the remaining aura of nineteenth century gentility in the area. A key element in the execution of a preservation plan in this area would involve substantial and sympathetic tree replanting in the District.

Recent developments in the downtown have necessitated the installation of high intensity street lights that are mounted on extremely tall poles. This lighting is out of scale and out of character with the District, and it is to be hoped that a general downtown improvement may allow the phasing out of these elements to be replaced by lighting units that are more appropriate to a residential area.

Much of the finest nineteenth century vernacular architecture in the City of Madison is, however, still extant in this area. Its integrity and its lesson for the future should be preserved and enhanced. Indeed, evident here in Mansion Hill, is the grandiosity and pomposity of an age that strove for the appearance of aesthetic rectitude as a symbol of status. Yet, by contemporary design standards,

these imaginative structures seem intensely human in scale and texture. The nineteenth century social elite which generated the growth of this neighborhood clearly intended that their homes be the palaces proper to their station in life. To the extent that they fall short of the standards set by emperors and princes, they are given the appearance of even greater humanity.

THE CORE AREA YESTERDAY AND TODAY - THE PHYSICAL SIGNIFICANCE

- A. For the core area, 68% of the homes that were standing in 1892 are still standing.
- B. On the 3½ core blocks of Gilman Street, which form the main axis of the proposed district, 85% of the homes standing in 1892 are still standing.
- C. On the Gorham-Gilman Street Block (original plat, block #96) over 80% of the buildings standing in 1892 are still standing.
- D. In 1875, the core neighborhood consisted of approximately 35 residences, of which 60% are still standing.
- E. Of the 18 houses on the Gilman Street axis in 1875, 66% are still standing.
- F. On the Gorham-Gilman block (96), of the 7 houses standing in 1875, 70% are still standing; on Carroll Street, of 10 houses in 1875, 70% are still standing.
- G. There are ten sandstone buildings still standing in the district;

 8% of the core area consists of sandstone houses, 9% of the

core area is built with Prairie style characteristics, thus at least 17% of the core area represents indigenous contributions in architectural style or building materials.

THE BUFFER ZONE YESTERDAY AND TODAY - THE PHYSICAL SIGNIFICANCE

A subcommittee of the Landmarks Commission (three historians and an architect) carefully examined the buffer zone on the south and west edges of the core area in order to determine the validity of including parts of that zone in the total district. Although the majority of the houses in the buffer areas were originally conceived on a less than grand scale, many of them did incorporate important stylistic devices which mirror the development of the core area; and although the existing structures in the buffer zone are generally slightly younger than those of the core area, they do reflect the radiating influence of architectural taste in the core area during the last two decades of the nineteenth century and the first three decades of the twentieth. Indeed, the major physical development of the buffer zone appears to have occurred concurrently with or just after the effective peak of the viability of the core area.

Further, given the presently permitted zoning densities of the buffer area, it is reasonable to assume that the constant pressure for more housing units may focus new development in these areas of under-utilized land. In order to preserve the structures themselves and the remaining vistas to the core area, and in anticipation of efforts to replace this housing stock and to obstruct vistas by new high-rise, high-density development, the buffer zones have been included in the District.

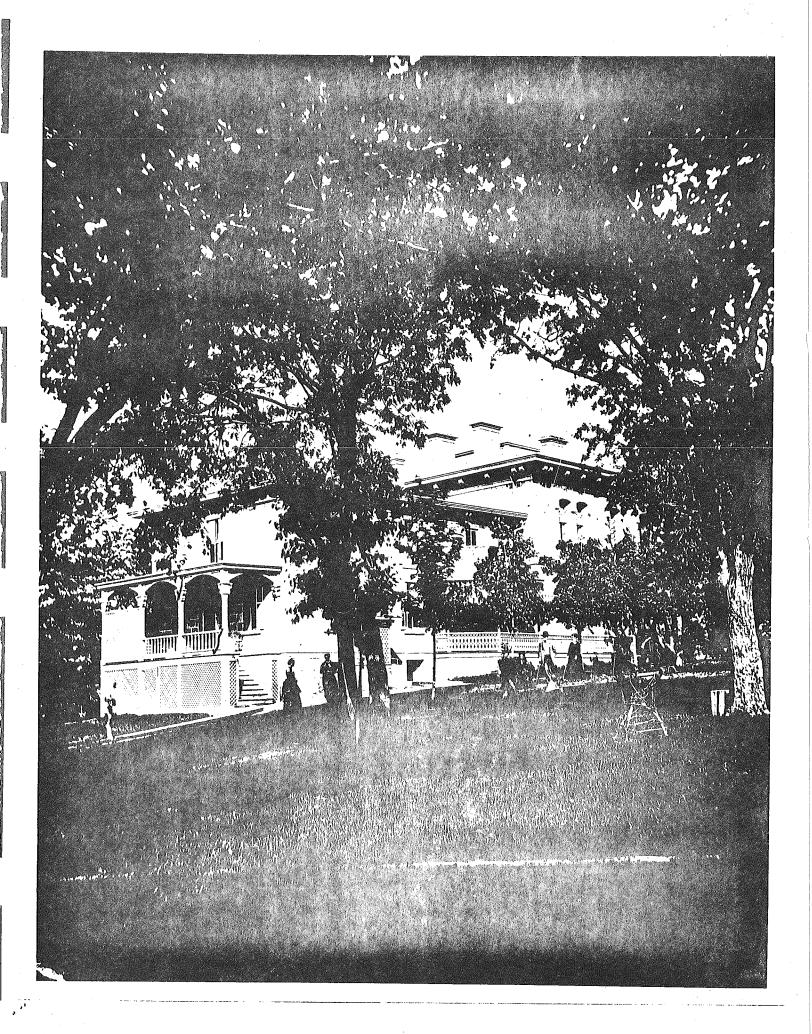
THE MANSION HILL DISTRICT TODAY: A BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF THE NATURE OF THE HOUSING STOCK AND THE PEOPLE IT SHELTERS

Today the Mansion Hill District lies on the eastern edge of the University of Wisconsin campus and on the northern edge of the City's center. In this location it continues to provide solid alternate forms of apartment housing for University students and staff and for business and professional people who work near the Capitol Square. The multiple unit character of the District is a feature that should be maintained.

Although there has been considerable adverse impact to the District resulting from recent non-residential development, the area is also punctuated by houses still maintained as single family dwellings and by a demographic mix which includes not insubstantial numbers of the City's elderly.

While the original interiors of many of the finest older dwellings have been altered beyond recognition, their stolid street facades remain as evocative and attractive testimonials to the well-being of earlier generations who resided in the area. The popularity of the District for present day apartment seekers is evidenced in the steady occupancy (in spite of a high turnover rate) of nearly all of the buildings. The combined effect of these two empirical facts argues for the conservation and enhancement of this District and the preserved viability of residency there.

(NOTE: See Appendix A for demographic data relevant to the above statements)



THE DEVELOPMENT HANDBOOK

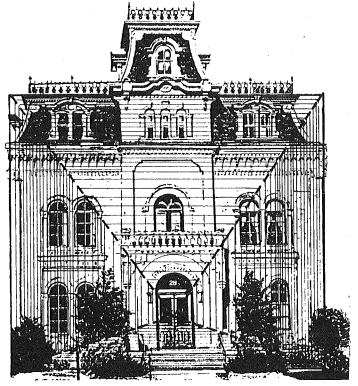
DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA: PURPOSES OF THE GUIDELINES

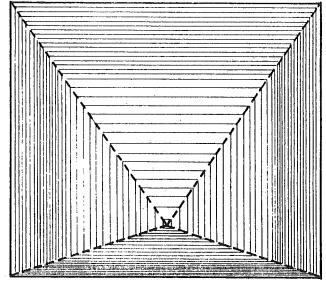
In order to preserve and enhance the architectural character of the Mansion Hill residential neighborhood, the Madison Landmarks Commission has created the following guidelines for future development, redevelopment, and/or architectural alteration within the Historic District.

Pursuant to Madison General Ordinance 33.01(5)(b), Certificates of Appropriateness are issued by the Landmarks Commission for new construction or for exterior alteration of an extant structure within all historic districts. The following illustrated guidelines are primary concepts on which the Commission may act to issue or not issue Certificates of Appropriateness. Further guidelines printed thereafter may be invoked in specific relevant instances at the discretion of the Commission according to Madison General Ordinance 33.01(6)(d). In all matters regarding the issuance of Certificates of Appropriateness the Landmarks Commission shall act to work in the best interests of the existing structures in the Historic District and in cooperation with the applicant in developing sympathetic and original new structures.

ILLUSTRATIONS AND STANDARDS

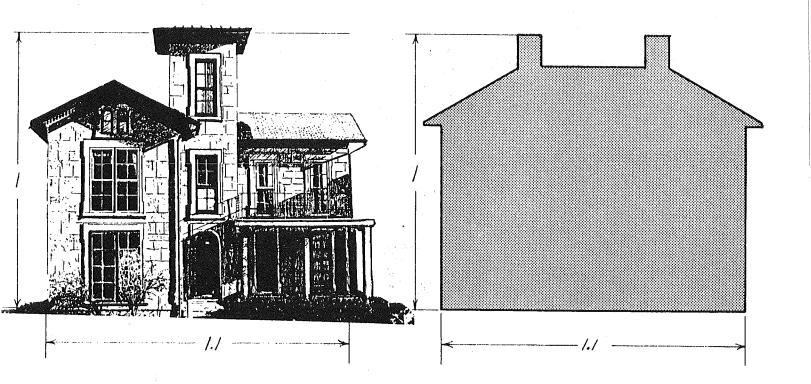
1. The gross volume of any new structure shall be visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which it is visually related.





The illustration purposely indicates no prescribed structure, but merely addresses the scale and bulk of a proposed structure. Given a streetscape with a mix of scale and bulk, averages will be used to indicate an appropriate "envelope". Spaced setbacks will be encouraged in proposed buildings that will cover more than one lot in order to relieve the visual impression of bulk (see No. 6). Questions of siting will be of key importance in the exercise of judgment regarding this criterion.

2. In the street elevation(s) of a building, the proportion between the width and height of the facade(s) should be visually compatible with the buildings with which it is visually related.



The illustration purposely illustrates no prescribed structure. The silhouette is drawn merely as a suggestion of what might occur. A more rectilinear form would also be possible.

Allowances for roof projections within a given silhouette will be made according to the directional expression of all buildings in the environment with which the proposed building shall be visually related. In the mixed streetscapes averages will be taken should the proposed structure cover more than one lot. Spaced setbacks will be encouraged to minimize the appearance of too much width. (see No. 6)

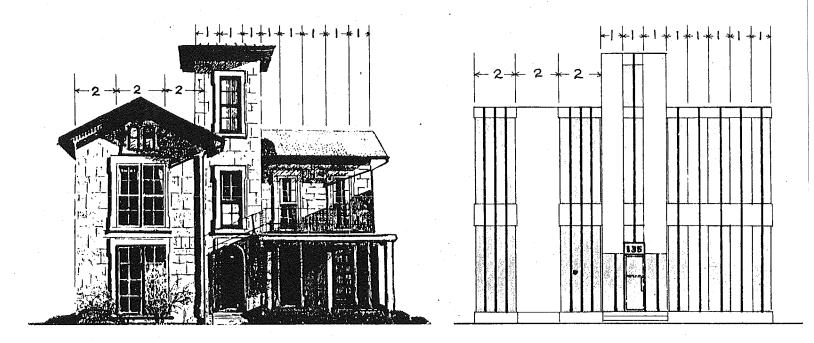
3. The proportions and relationships between doors and windows in the street facade(s) should be visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which it is visually related.



The illustrations serves to indicate the principle only insofar as it relates to the approximate proportion of the height to width of doors and windows. The placement of doors and windows in the facade is not prescribed and is only hypothetical.

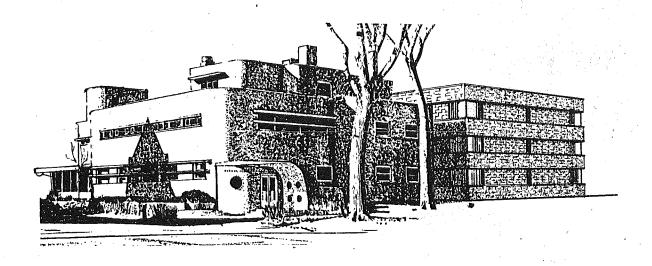
Ornamental and surface treatment are purposefully not shown in this illustration.

4. The rhythm of solids to voids, created by openings in the facade should be visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which it is visually related.



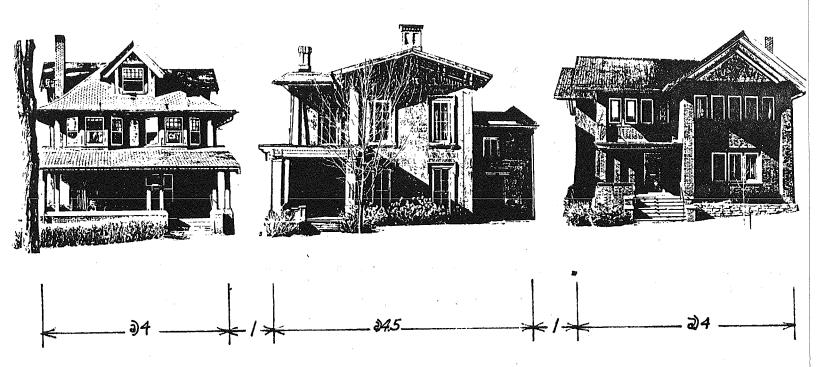
The illustration shows a purely hypothetical building which illustrates the principle as it is abstracted exactly from the existing rhythm of the house at 423 N. Pinckney. The illustration does not attempt to prescribe a potential building except insofar as this one principle is concerned. All buildings in the visually related area will be considered in judgments on this criterion.

5. All street facade(s) should blend with other buildings via directional expression should be carried over and reflected.



The proposed building illustrated is purely hypothetical. It merely serves to illustrate a possible solution for a potential gap site next to the Quisling Clinic, a horizontally expressed structure. Horizontal lines in the existing building are picked up in the hypothetical structure. Building materials in this illustration are merely suggestions.

6. The existing rhythm created by existing building masses and spaces between them should be preserved.



Should a gap in this streetscape occur, the replacement structure should duplicate the existing rhythm of building masses and open spaces. Consideration will also be given to schemes which allow for either more setback or sideyard than pre-exists a proposed design. In streetscapes where a double lot is to be developed, strong encouragement will be given to designs which include spaced setbacks to adapt to pre-existing single lot structures.

Guideline criteria also to be considered in the development of Historic District plans are as follows:

- 7. All new structures shall be constructed to a height visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which they are visually related.
- 8. The materials used in the final facade(s) should be visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which it is visually related.
- 9. The texture inherent in the facade should be visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which it is visually related.
- 10. Colors and patterns used on the facade (especially trim) should be visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which it is visually related.
- 11. The design of the roof should be visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which it is visually related.
- 12. The landscape plan should be sensitive to the individual building, its occupants and their needs. Further, the landscape treatment should be visually compatible with the buildings and environment with which it is visually related.
- 13. Architectural details should be incorporated as necessary to relate the new with the old and to preserve and enhance the inherent characteristics of the area.

REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESENTATION OF DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS IN HISTORIC DISTRICTS

Madison Landmarks Commission

The first part of the Development Handbook is a series of guidelines to encourage sympathetic solutions for the development of gap sites. The following requirements are more specific in their language regarding the presentation of development proposals.

Phases of Presentation

- Initial Phase: The intent of this first presentation is to have an exchange of ideas between the Commission, the developer and/or his architect or representative. The presentation should be sketchy, should occur before the T-square has been implemented, and should be made before decisions become locked-in. Alternative schemes are welcomed and encouraged. This initial phase is a mandatory requirement and can be repeated as many times as necessary.
- Final Phase: This phase involves a detailed presentation of the proposed improvement on the property which shows the proposed appearance of the project upon completion. This plan should be brought before the Commission before working drawings are prepared but late enough that most physical design characteristics are set. This phase is also mandatory and repeatable.

SUBMITTAL OF REQUEST AND PLANS

Deadlines

- Seven days before the next meeting of the Landmarks Commission.
 This is currently the Monday before.
- 2) Application is to be filed with the Secretary of the Landmarks
 Commission in the City Planning Department.
- 3) All required presentation materials should be delivered to the Secretary of Landmarks Commission before the meeting at which proposal will be discussed. The Landmarks Commission currently meets the first and third Mondays of every month.
- 4) The applicant and/or his representative must be present at the meeting to make the presentation of material.

What Is Required

- 1) Initial Phase: (presented in sketchy form)
 - a) Description of the general purpose of the project, addressing its intent, outlook, and goals in developing the proposal.
 - b) Site analysis showing at least the following:
 - Relationship to all sides of the proposed development.
 - Relationship to the larger neighborhood.
 - Topography of area and vegetation on adjacent properties as well as on site.
 - Orientation.
 - Streets.

- Buildings (existing & proposed).
- Structures (retaining wall and other structures).
- Paved areas.
- Proposed grading.
- Proposed parking.
- General concept of landscaping.
- c) Building Information See Development Handbook Illustrations
 - Indication of mass, bulk, and voids.
 - Contemplated exterior finishes.

d) Additional Material

- Perspective, model and/or other graphic means which give a feeling for the project.
- Photos of site and surrounding properties (35mm slides or 5 x 7 prints minimum).
- Any materials or proposals which explain or indicate the feelings of the developer toward property.

2) Final Phase:

- a) Location plans showing relationship to surrounding properties.
 - Relationship to all sides of proposed development.
 - Relationship in regards to the larger neighborhood.
 - Topography of area and identification of vegetation off-site.

b) Site Plans

- Orientation.
- Streets and curbs (existing and proposed).
- Buildings (existing and proposed).

- Structures (retaining wall, fences, etc.)
- Paved areas (types of materials).
- Existing topography and vegetation.
- Proposed grading.
- Proposed parking.
- Location of exterior lighting (including mounting height, type and mfg. of luminaire, I.E.S. designation for light pattern).
- Location of free standing signs.
- Property lines.
- Trash and storage areas.
- Location of transformer or electrical vault.
- Bike storage.
- Outdoor areas.
- Play equipment.
- Outdoor furniture.

c) Landscaping Plan

- Location, type, size of existing and proposed plantings,
 genus & species, rough quantities.
- Surface details for all outside areas.
- Screening of parking area.
- Screening of periphery of site, utility, trash areas and any other areas.
- Typical cross section and detail of any walls, fences, or steps.
- Interior court treatment.
- Play areas.

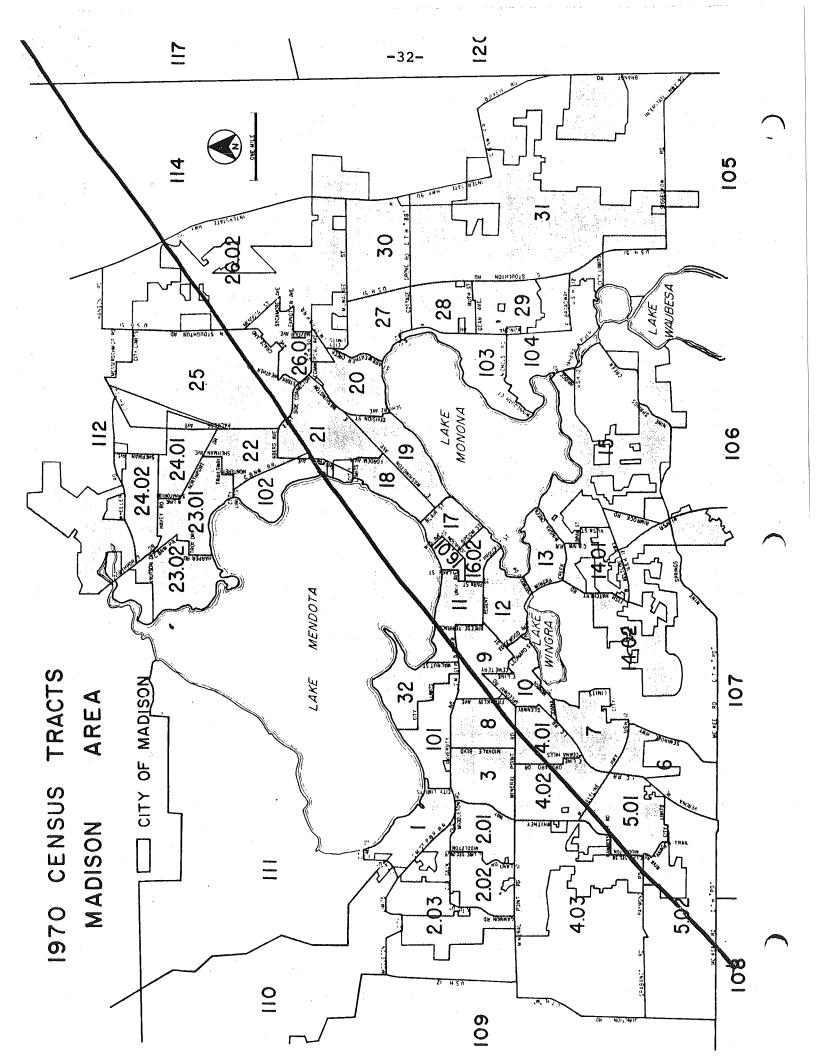
- d) Building Information (elevations)
 - Indication of mass, bulk, and voids.
 - Relationship to adjacent buildings.
 - Finish grades.
 - Exterior materials.
 - Fences, retaining walls, etc.
 - Provisions for screening-storage, parking, trash,
 mechanical equipment, etc.
 - Sign location.
- e) Renderings showing colors (either in elevation or perspective)
- f) Signs proposed:
 - Showing scale & relationship.
 - Style of lettering.
 - Dimension.
 - Material (background & letters).
 - Method of lighting.
 - Construction.
 - Elevation.

If you have questions, please call Lance Neckar at 266-4635.

APPENDIX A

The Mansion Hill Historic District lies within parts of Census Tracts 16.01 and 17. The accompanying map and data will further serve to indicate the importance of this central city housing area. Among the conclusions that might be drawn about the Mansion Hill District are:

- 1. It lies within an area which provides the largest stock of multiple unit dwellings in the City.
- 2. Its residents are part of a section of the City's population which has a very low median and mean income (probably indicative of the number of students in the area).
- 3. Its turnover rate is extraordinarily high in comparison with other areas of the City (probably a further indication of the large student population).
- 4. Its non-student residents appear to be largely state and business employed, probably working in the downtown/campus area.
- 5. And while its greatest population falls into the age groupings of 18-24 and 25-44, a significant number of elderly do live in the area, especially in Census Tract 17.



1970 POPULATION AND HOUSING UNITS - CITY OF MADISON (BY CENSUS TRACTS)

		PO	PULATIO	N			T	НО	USING U	INITS *				
1			RACE		SI	EX		Т	YPES OF	STRUCTU	RES		TEN	URE
CENSUS	ALL PERSONS	WHITE	NEGRO	OTHER RACES	MALE	FEMALE	ALL UNITS	ONE FAMILY	TWO + FAMILY	MOBILE HOME	UNITS SUPP.	OWNER OCCUP.	RENTER OCCUP.	VACANT
1 2.01 2.02 2.03 3 4.01 4.02 4.03 5.01 5.02 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14.01 14.02 15 16.01 16.02 ×17 18 19 20 21 22 23.01 24.02 25 26.01 26.02 27 28 29 30 31 32 101 102 104 105 106 107 112 114 UNITS SUPP. TOTAL	2878 3294 1605 539 5118 4643 3637 2928 5921 1703 2531 4009 4687 8044 2766 6538 6451 3314 3860 1665 2604 6585 6193 5466 5363 6841 7255 6237 5547 3084 1912 2681 3923 1500 3003 1634 5557 3777 3563 4648 4811 4188 4811 48		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	14 16 66 20 10 32 817 913 65 144 30 326 112 27 63 48 39 41 112 14 10 22 17 15 16 20 416 	1637 788 267 2356 2222 1770 1475 2928 853 1227 1860 2180 3964 1157 3336 2175 3336 2175 3336 2175 3336 2175 3424 2916 2405 1490 1035 1313 1786 2310 2362 2405 141 275 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 14	1425 1657 817 272 2762 2421 1867 1453 2993 850 1304 2149 2507 4080 1609 3169 3321 1863 1908 822 1299 3828 2857 3295 2958 3542 3831 3321 2892 1594 877 1368 1984 779 1542 837 2776 1914 1777 2338 2449 1984 1777 2338 2449 1984 1984 1984 1977 1984 1984 1984 1984 1984 1984 1984 1984	861 419 130 2065 1411 1035 7099 1570 429 876 1336 1382 900 1132 2314 1387 1628 725 976 2357 1490 3196 2372 3043 2437 1850 903 1065 1217 1213 43 111 52 7	793 816 294 119 824 1339 874 610 1166 388 253 1145 1250 1546 718 75 942 661 263 207 331 177 181 643 942 1430 1437 1172 602 486 901 22 605 331 1465 1007 678 986 1016 47 - 9 51 4 53 29,049	203 43 119 7 1241 72 160 96 398 41 622 191 555 1334 175 1056 1371 726 1346 511 640 2267 1312 3012 1728 2100 1198 998 675 305 14 274 3 167 349 120 67 59 225 79 181 1165 7 3 1165 7 3 1165 1165 1165 1165 1165 1167 1165 1167 1165 1167 1165 1167 1165 1167 116		-264 -136 -1 -254311 -422 	27 101 17	380 112 121 14 1087 122 201 134 403 54 633 237 600 1394 248 1040 1363 745 1362 374 646 2227 1313 2816 1691 1899 1173 1057 760 350 299 151 182 409 135 213 148 309 127 1206 pressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed (suppressed	n 1

NOTE: Supp. = suppressed Occup. = occupied

Certain data on housing units have been suppressed by the Census Bureau to retain confidentiality. As to types of structures by tracts, 71 units have been suppressed. Of this total 53 are one-family, 15 are two-family or more, and 3 occupied mobile homes. As to housing tenure, 6 units located in both tracts 101 and 106 have been suppressed, of which 5 are owner-occupied and one renter occupied.

OURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census, First Count Summary Tape of the 1970 Census of Population & Housing.

^{*} Excludes 31 seasonal and migratory units.

TYPE OF OCCUPANCY OF HOUSING UNITS (APRIL 1970) CITY OF MADISON -34-

			-34-				
						VAC	TNA
	ALL	UNITS	WITH	UNITS V	WITH	YE	
	YEAR-	HEAD		PRIMA			JND
	ROUND	FAMI		INDIVID			ITS
CENCUC	HOUSING		% OF	INDIVIDO	% OF	OI4.	% OF
CENSUS		,,,			1	170	4
TRACT	UNITS	NO.	TOTAL	NO.	TOTAL	NO.	TOTAL
1	996	727	73.0	199	19.9	70	7.0
2.01	861	790	91.7	64	7.4	7	.8
2.02	419	358	85.4	48	11.4	13	3.1
2.03	130	120	92.3	9	- 6.9	1	.7
3	2,065	1,263	61.2	631	30.5	1 71	8.3
4.01	1,411	1,248	88.4	153	10.8	10	.7
4.02	1,035	955	92.2	66	6.3	14	1.4
4.03	709	676	95.3	19	2.7	14	1.9
5.01	1,570	1,434	91.3	101	6.4	35	2.2
5.02	429	402	93.7	9.1	2.1	18	4.2
1							
6	876	715	81.6	138	15.7	23	2.6
7	1,336	1,109	83.0	205	15.3	22	1.6
8	1,805	1,321	73.2	439	24.3	45	2.5
9	2,882	1,627	56.5	1,205	41.8	50	1.7
10	900	663	73.6	222	24.6	15	1.6
11	1,132	150	13.3	932	82.3	50	4.4
12	2,314	1,164	50.3	1,112	48.0	38	1.6
13	1,387	832	59.9	533	38.4	2.2	1.6
14.01	1,628	1,077	66.1	502	30.8	49	3.0
14.02	725	450	62.1	139	19.2	136	18.7
15	976	691	70.8	218	22.3	67	6.8
×16.01	2,357	194	8.2	2,077	88.1	86	3.6
				1,125	75.5	36	2.4
16.02	1,490	329	22.0				
X17	3,196	527	16.5	2.466	77.1	203	6.3
18	2,372	1,201	50.6	1,107	46.7	64	2.7
19	3,043	1,698	55.8	1,222	40.2	123	4.0
20.	2,633	1,858	70.5	703	26.7	72	2.7
21	2,437	1,753	71.9	633	25.9	51	2.1
22	1,850	1,587	85.8	232	12.5	31	1.7
23.01	907	767	84.5	103	11.3	37	4.1
23.02	66	39	59.1	. 20	30.3	7	10.6
24.01	761	686	90.1	64	8.4	11	1.4
24.02	904	867	95.9	11	1.2	26	2.9
25	563	416	73.9	139	24.7	8	1.4
		807	84.5	132	13.8	16	1.7
26.01	955		89.8	39	8.5	8	1.7
26.02	460	413		1		i e	1
27	1,532	1,400	91.4	118	7.7	14	.9
28	1,066	983	92.2	73	6.8	10	. 9
2.9	903	856	94.8	30	3.5	17	1.9
30	1,065	1,027	96.4	17	1.6	21	1.9
31	1,217	1,152	94.6	58	4.7	7	.6
32	1,213	1,194	98.4	14	1.1	5	.4
101	3	3	100.0	-	_		_
102	43	31	72.1	11	25.6	1	2.3
104	111	65	58.5	46.	41.4	-	
105	21	19	90.5	2	9.5		_
106	3	2	66.6	ľ	33.3	_	_
107	1 11	10	90.9	1 =	,,,,,	1	9.1
	52	47	90.4	1	1.9	4	7.7
112	7	6		i	14.3]	/ ' _
114			85.7	<u> </u>		1 720	1 - 2 -
TOTAL	56,827	37,709	66.4	17,389	30.6	1,729	3,0

SOURCE: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

MEDIAN AND MEAN INCOMES OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS - 1969 CITY OF MADISON

	CIII	OF PROTEON	
CENSUS TRACT	NO. OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	MEDIAN INCOME	MEAN INCOME
1	279	6,386	6,508
2.01	99	1,985	5,475
2.02	30	4,000	8,913
2.03 3 4.01 4.02	9 874 193 74	5,078 4,675 6,000	6,036 5,246 7,345
4.03	47	6,500	6,223
5.01	152	7,118	7,306
5.02	35	6,125	5,984
6	220	4,762	4,478
7	357	3,022	6,738
8	588	5,119	5,813
9	2,421	2,455	3,745
10	576	1,577	2,917
11	6,146	1,336	1,614
12	2,893	1,850	2,788
13	766	2,874	4,186
14.01	818	4,227	5,018
14.02	260	4,553	5,647
15	366	4,500	5,227
K 16.01	<u>6,091</u>	1,153	<u>1,753</u>
16.02	5,489	1,296	1,760
×17	3,954	2,105	2,935
18	1,796	2,954	3,828
19	1,792	3,306	4,152
20	894	3,359	3,776
21	905	3,447	4,142
22	286	3,778	5,606
23.01	235	5,378	5,847
23.02	137	3,688	4,835
24.01	71	7,900	8,987
24.02	38	2,400	3,124
25	161	5,383	5,566
26.01	197	4,771	4,925
26.02	90	6,667	7,138
27	146	2,500	4,898
28	83	3,625	4,149
29	60	5,412	4,653
30 31 32 101	13 127 100	7,083 2,067	5,996 4,043
101 102 104 105	33 70 —	1,045 2,733	·1,256 3,923
106	-		-
107	-		-
112	-		-
114 TOTAL	39,971	1,860	3,015

SOURCE: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

MEDIAN AND MEAN INCOMES FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS - 1959 & 1969 - CITY OF MADISON -36-

	····	 	-36-	g-0774		
		NUMBI				
		FAMILIES			DIAN	MEAN
CENSU			DIVIDUALS		COME	INCOME
1960	1970	1960	1970	1959	1969	1969
]]	1 1	762	1,002	6,831	11,126	13,325
	2.01		905		14,439	15,744
2	2.02	554	446	7,303	20,941	21,786
	2.03		122	,	12,600	14,800
3	3	579	2,207	9,214	9,978	12,566
	4.01		1,418	**	14,060	15,589
4	4.02	1,917	1,045	8,979	14,347	16,312
_	4.03		712		13,894	15,112
5	5.01	635	1,582	8,388	13,744	15,912
_	5.02		409		11,755	12,738
6	6	336	954	6,902	8,376	8,686
7	7	1,209	1,444	9,968	13,224	15,198
8	8	1,563	1,889	7,654	10,951	12,748
9	9	3,274	4,039	5,407	4,511	8,616
10	10	1,116	1,232	6,333	7,222	8,566
11	11	6,657	6,305	855	1,366	1,777
12	12	3,338	4,016	3,726	2,837	5,120
13	13	1,139	1,582	6,149	5,889	7,732
14	14.01	455	1,914	5,392	6,128	7,125
	14.02		654	1	10,412	10,917
15	15	295	1,091	7,172	8,040	8,986
16	X 16.01	7,465	6.331	1,540	1,202	1,894
	16.02	<u>[</u>	5,783		1,382	2,196
17	X 17	<u>3,743</u>	4,501	3,215	2,493	3,591
18	18	2,424	2,995	4,834	4,635	6,520
19	19	3,185	3,493	4,991	5,279	6,398
20	20	2,657	2,760	5,571	7,043	. 8,044
21	21	2,384	2,660	5,822	7,490	8,060
22	22	1,193	1,898	6,604	10,349	10,522
23	23.01	707	955	5,409	10,892	11,851
	23.02		178		5,375	7,301
24	24.01	1,125	760	6,134	12,147	13,425
	24.02		929		11,750	11,972
25	25	1,112	557	2,261	6,703	7,076
26	26.01	999	967	6,304	9,268	9,228
	26.02		466		11,310	11,018
27	27	1,572	1,494	6,561	11,024	11,129
	28	-	1,031	-	10,735	11,996
-	29	•••	935	-	11,946	11,895
-	30	-	1,057	-	13,013	13,002
-	31	-	1,304		11,556	12,416
-	32		1,271	E	6,321	6,919
-	101		1000	699	_	-
_	102		65	==,	2,917	9,475
	104	_	134	(two	5,267	5,775
	105	-	23	**************************************		.
-	106	-	21		1	-
	107	-	13	-		9440
-	112		44	_	15,833	16,103
	114	-	6 12	- Carris	-	No.
TOTALS		52,395	77,597	4,383	5,404	7,749
SOURCE	E. H.S.	lent of C	Ommorgo Pi			-

SOURCE: U.S Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

YEAR MOVED INTO HOUSING UNIT (YEARS LIVED IN UNIT)
1970 CITY OF MADISON

		-				LII OF	MADISO	IA				
1 '				ZEAR MO	VED INTO) linito	/VEXDC	LIVED IN				
	•	1968	-1970	196	5-1967	INIT	CILARS	TIAED IV	UNIT)			
1	ALL -	(0-2	YEARS)	(3-5	YEARS)	16.10	0-1965	1950	-1959		RE 1950	
CENSUS	OCCUPIED		% OF	- 13 3	% OF	10-10	YEARS)	(11-50	YEARS)	(20 YF	RS. OR MOR	Œ)
TRACT	UNITS	NO.	TOTAL	NO.	TOTAL	NO	% OF		% OF		% OF	
1	940	368	39.1	109	11.6	NO.	TOTAL		TOTAL	NO.	TOTAL	
2.01	841	223	26.5	196	23.3	157	16.7		26.6	56	5.9	
2.02	447	255	57.0	126	28.2	211 51	25.1	126	14.9	85	10.1	
2.03	115	26	22.6	49	42.6		11.4	15	3.4	_	-	
3 .	1,903	950	49.9	275	14.5	15 371	13.0	12	10.4	13	11.3	
4.01	1,400	211	15.1	253	18.1	302	19.5	285	14.9	22	1.2	
4.02	1,028	200	19.5	237	23.1	334	21.6	532	38.0	102	7.3	- 1
4.03	689	430	62.4	197	28.6	55	32.5	245	23.8	12	1.2	
5.01	1,524	534	35.0	401	26.3	-308	7.9	7	1.0	-	-	
5.02	405	166	40.9	115	28.4	110	20.52	275	18.0	6	0.4	- 1
6	843	501	59.4	163	19.3	90	27.2	14	3.5		-	ļ
7	1,314	353	26.8	184	14.0	203	10.7 15.4	68	8.1	21	2.5	
8	1,760	588	33.4	248	14.1	306	17.4	346	26.3	228	17.3	
9	2,832	1,163	41.0	369	13.0	368	12.9	397	22.5	221	12.5	
10	885	276	31.2	120	13.5	123	13.9	414	14.6	518	18.3]
11	1,082	925	85.5	80	7.4	14	1.3	137	15.5	229	25.8	- 1
12	2,276	1,142	50.2	306	13.4	136	5.9	13	1.2	50	4.6	1
13	1,365	565	41.4	164	12.0	198	14.5	265	11.6	427	18.7	- 1
14.01	1,543	1,059	68.6	290	18.8	135	8.7	225	16.5	213	15.6	
14.02	531	384	72.7	50	9.4	43		27	1.7	32	2.1	
15	949	642	67.6	109	11.5	95	8.1	27	5.1	27	5.1	
* 16.01	2,271	1,943	85.5	124	5.5	50	10.0	75	7.9	28	2.9	
16.02	1,454	1,033	71.0	147	10.1	60	4.1	111	4.9	43	1.9	
X 17	2,993	1,957	65.4	411	13.7	262	8.8	94	6.5	120	8.3	
18	2,308	1,269	54.9	299	12.9	246	10.7	183	6.1	180	6.0	
19	2,933	1,297	44.2	480	16.4	296	10.7	177	7.7	317	13.7	
20	2,546	894	35.1	415	16.3	304	11.9	393 397	13.4	467	15.9	ı
21	2,379	726	30.5	409	17.2	294	12.4	422	15.6	536	21.1	- 1
22	1,821	653	35.8	330	18.1	291	15.9	367	17.7	528	22.2	
23.01	866	333	38.5	232	26.8	128	14.8		20.1	180	9.9	
23.02	68	9	13.2	23	33.8	13	19.1	141	16.3	32	3.7	
24.01	723	260	35.9	159	21.9	127	17.5	162	25.0	.6	8.8	
24.02	886	335	37.8	287	32.4	197	22.2	67	22.4 7.5	15	2.1	ĺ
25	549	315	57.4	135	24.6	60	10.9	21		-	2 2	
26.01	950	415	43.7	131	13.8	130	13.7	209	3.8	18	3.3	
26.02	406	179	44.1	149	36.7	7	1.7	71	17.5	65	6.8	
27	1,473	286	19.4	301	20.7	254	17.2	513	34.8	119	0.1	- 1
28	1,032	191	18.5	170	16.5	207	20.1	330	31.9	134	8.1	
29	908	335	36.9	117	12.9	218	24.0	238	26.2	134	12.9	
30	1,072	408	38.1	353	32.9	256	23.9	36	3.4	19	1 0	
31	1,238	496	40.1	287	23.2	350	28.3	86	6.9	19	1.8 1.5	
32	1,196	941	78.7	247	20.6	8	0.7	2	0.5	19	1.5	
101	-			-	_	_		_ 1	_ [_	••••	
102	48	13	27.1	7	14.6	_	_	6	12.5	22	45.8	
104	111	48	43.2	49	44.1	6	5.4	8	7.2	24	45.0	
105	-	-	-	_	_]		- ' -	_	, , 4	_ []		
106		-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_ [_ [
107	_ [-	- 1	-		-	_		_	_	_ [. ==	
112	41	41	100.0	-	-	_	-	_		_		
114						-	_	_	_ [_	-	
TOTAL	54,998 *	25,351	46.1	9,317	16.9	7,395	13.4	7,818	14.2	5,117	9.3	-
SOURCE:	U.S. Dept	c. of Com	merce,	Bureau	of the	Census.				-,	<i>J</i> 6 J	_1

* Suppressed data of Census Tracts 105,106,107 and 114 significantly affect total.

	- 1	-	╈	+-																															·								11
		RS TAT.	8 of		0.0	11.6	0.6	7.5	4.5																21.7													12.2	:		21.7	ř	16.4
		WORKERS	NO.	144	4.0	21	7 K	122	45	210	182	113	241	395	213	277	375	266	49	180	744	929	554	636	678	336	232	214	229	130	807			867			1 '	9 %	2 1	1	20) I	\$500
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	- [SE	I	129	35	233	228	109	45	179	182	93	217	369	26.2	717	355	253	641	17.5	726	649	501	796	615	332	737	201	219	171	1 6	391	178	70	113	19	ı	38 1	, I	۱ ا,	- 0T	- 1	42 7
	MADISON	,,,	\$ of	16.3	12.9	19.9	11.3	14.7																																•	•	0	3 11,7
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	H	1	1	288	30	41	64	4 F	52	26	50	70	0 G	23	82	100	ω r	871	4 4	114	89	153	326	371	396	91		131			62			139	4. (2 1	1	<u>Ф</u>	2,5	2 6	ı	- 10	읽
	T I I	Ļ	2 05	100	129	101	100	194	168	42	142	111	101	98	09	265	1103	0 / 7	99	77	162	27.5	320	288	422	157	1	111			103					ο I	ς.	1,1	<u>- ا</u>	1	1 +	¥ 0	NI.
رين ين	3	AL & of	72.7	75.7	68.5	82.6	76.6 27.8	8.06	4.67	72.7	4.00	70.0	27.00	12.0	رن ان ر	9.6	λ.α	10	9.0	32	4.0	d -	10.4	6.7	∞ c	2.5	3.3	. v		٠.		200	n)	0	ن د	y 1	9.	4.	4. w	. 4	. ۳		1
D.		E-iL	286	952	124	5119	0 00 0 00	900	. 662	434	7//	120	996	396	152	200	7 67	7	84 7	47 6	90	96	98 5	23	2 8 8 8 4 17	70 5	68	0.4	80.	54 47	91	50	63	17 60	200	0 1	8 77	9 50	6 33	4 17	85	× × ×]
BY TY		<u> </u> 2	232	62.	25	95 2	2 4 - 1 - 1	96	38 1	010	200	17	57 25	86	7	0 0	92	0	4	7) 4 	14	1,8	14	ት <u>መ</u>	7 7		3 4	3 2	39	4.0	3 60	98	86,	1180	1				وجوسه	يوس الرجاك	4892	
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WORKERS

* Suppressed Data.

A Professional, technical, and kindred workers; B - Managers and administrators, except farm; C - Salesworkers;

O - Clerical and kindred workers; E - Craftsmen, foremen and kindred workers; F - Operatives, except transport;

G - Transport equipment operatives; H - Laborers, except farm; I - Service workers; J - Private household workers.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Census of Population and Housing: 1970 Census Tracts.

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	٥	NUMBER	648	323	84	9/7/1	677	450	4,0	767	753	1,177	2,105	664	1,917	1,831	718	1,189	372	524	1,629	1,864	1,499	1,361	1,241	1,055	2745	519	138	339	394	268	200	565	374	425	466	539	1,144	, 6	7 4	0	31	'n	15	•	34,115
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*Suppressed Data
A - Construction: B - Manufacturing; C - Transportation: D - Communications, utilities, and sanitary
services: E - Wholesale trade, Retail trade; F - Finance, insurance, and real estate; G - Services (Business
and repair services, Personal services, Health services, Educational services, Other Professional and related
services): H - Public administration; I - Other industries.
SOUNCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of Population and Housing: 1970 Census Tracts.

3

CENSUS ALL TRACTS EMPLOYEES NO. TOTAL NO.		EMPLOY	EES BY CI	ASS OF W	ORKER (A	PRIL 19	70) - CII	Y OF MA	DISON	
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* Suppressed Data
SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population and Housing:

1970 Census Tracts.

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SOURCE: U.S. Burcau of Census, Census of Population and Housing: 1970 Census Tracts.

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1			CIAL		HER
			URITY		
1.			COME		BLIC
CENSUS	FAMILY	1110		ASSIS	
TRACT	TOT.	NO.	% OF		% OF
1	723		TOTAL	NO.	TOTAL
2.01	806	65	8.9	17	2.4
2.02		75	9.3	14	1.7
2.03	416	26	6.2	7	1.7
	113	1		-	-
3	1,333	171	12.8	17	1.3
4.01	1,225	191	15.6	-	-
4.02	971	116	11.9	9	9
4.03	665	12	1.8	-	-
5.01	1,430	97	6.8	5	.3
5.02	374	21	5,6		-
6	734	47	12.5	48	6.5
7	1,087	235	2.2	4	.1
8	1,301	298	22.9	17	1.3
9	1,618	391	24.2	10	.6
10	656.	165	25.2	5	l ž
11	159	33	20.7	_	
12	1,123	294	26.2	29	2.6
13	816	261	31.9	38	4.6
14.01	1,096	78	7.1	32	2.9
14.02	394	22	5.6	1 32	2.3
15	725	31	4.3	12	1.6
* 16.01	240	51	21.0	7	2.9
16.02	294	76	25.8	6	
* 17	547	85	15.5	23	2.0
18	1,199	275	22.9	53	4.2
19	1,701	456	26.8		4.4
20	1,866	438	23.5	116	6.8
21	1,755	424		155	8.3
22	1,612	324	24.2	51	2.9
23.01	720	64	20.1	54	3.3
23.02	41	7	8.9	11	1.5
24.01	689	32	17.1	6	14.6
24.02	891	33	4.6	43	6.2
25	396		3.7	29	3.3
26.01	770	20	5.1	54	13.6
26.02	376	51	6.6	52	6.8
27	1,348	26	6.9		-
28	948	148	10.9	38	2.8
29		205	21.6	23	2.4
30	875	59	6.7	78	8.9
31	1,044	73	6.9	25	2.4
32	1,177	80	6.8	21	1.8
1	1,171	9	•7	12	1.0
101	1 3 1	<u>-</u> 1		-	-
	32	5	15.6	-	-
104	64	6	9.3	16	25.0
1	23	9	39.1	4	17.4
106	21	21	100.0	-	-]
107	13	4	30.8	-	-
112	44	-	-	-	-
1.14 ΤΟΤΑΙ.	37 626 #	F (10)	 _		
101111	37,626 *	5,610	14.9	1,141	3

SOURCE: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. *Inconsistency in total may be attributed to suppressed data.

APPENDIX B

MANSION HILL NATIONAL REGISTER PROPERTIES

Old Executive Mansion - 130 E. Gilman

Pierce House - 424 N. Pinckney

Old Synagogue - c. N. Butler and E. Gorham

Bashford House - 423 N. Pinckney

APPENDIX C

MANSION HILL LANDMARKS & PRIORITY BUILDINGS

DESIGNATED LANDMARKS

 the control of the co		
Pierce House	424 N. Pinckney	1857
Keenan House	28 E. Gilman	1858
Beecroft House	514 N. Carroll	1911
Old Executive Mansion	130 E. Gilman	1854-55
Bashford House	423 N. Pinckney	1857
Van Slyke House	510 N. Carroll	1859
Kendall House	104 E. Gilman	1855
Keyes House	102 E. Gorham	1853-54
Timothy Brown House	116 E. Gorham	1863
Breese Stevens House	401 N. Carroll	1864
Mears House	420 N. Carroll	1871
Gates of Heaven	James Madison Park	1863
Steensland House	315 N. Carroll	1896
Suhr House	121 Langdon	1886
PRIORITY BUILDINGS		
Bunn House	104 Langdon Street	
Moseley House	120 Langdon Street	
Edgewater Hotel	666 Wisconsin Avenue	
Ellen Davis House	404 N. Carroll Street	
McNaught House	410 N. Carroll Street	
Taylor House	412 N. Carroll Street	
Jackson House	415 N. Carroll Street	

Unitarian Parsonage	504 N. Carroll Street
Main House	511 N. Carroll Street
Daniells House	515 N. Carroll Street
John Davis House	523 N. Carroll Street
Stearns-Overton House	512 Wisconsin Avenue
Pudor-Rosenberry House	504 Wisconsin Avenue
Carpenter House	424 Wisconsin Avenue
Hart House	412 Wisconsin Avenue
Pitman House	414 N. Henry Street
Harrison House	422 N. Henry Street
Gifford House	502 N. Henry Street
Pound House	504 N. Henry Street
Quisling Apartments	E. Gilman Street
Smith-Campbell House	125 E. Gilman Street
Nicodemus-Morrison House	133 E. Gilman Street
Warner House	21 W. Gilman Street
Mautz House	110 W. Gilman Street
Hobbins House	114 W. Gilman Street
Sheridan Apartments	12 E. Gorham Street
Jonas House	20 E. Gorham Street
Claude House	24 E. Gorham Street
Brown Coachhouse	adjacent to 116 E. Gorham Street
Brown-Johnson House	130 E. Gorham Street
Brown-Jounson Coachhouse	138 E. Gorham Street
Frank Brown-Casson House	137 E. Gorham Street

	·
Leith House	129 E. Gorham Street
Buckman House	153 E. Gilman Street
Quisling Clinic	2 W. Gorham Street
Breese Stevens Coachhouse	W. Gorham Street frontage, behind 401 N. Carroll Street
Larkin House	107 W. Gorham Street
Gernon House	116 W. Gorham Street
Mead-Solveig House	120 W. Gorham Street
Sisters of Notre Dame	129 W. Gorham Street
Holy Redeemer Church	120 W. Johnson Street
Grant-Strelow House	218 N. Pinckney Street
Gay House	216 N. Pinckney Street
Huntley House	206 N. Pinckney Street
Evans House	215 N. Pinckney Street
Bennett House	30 E. Johnson Street
Burrows House	406 N. Pinckney Street
Marshchall House	519 N. Pinckney Street

APPENDIX D

ARCHITECTS REPRESENTED IN THE MANSION HILL DISTRICT

Claude, Louis Ward (1868-1951). Claude and Starck, Madison.

Louis Claude was born in Devils Lake, educated in the Baraboo and Madison public schools, and graduated from the University of Wisconsin engineering school in 1891. He worked first for Conover and Porter, then in Chicago for Burnham and Root, Adler and Sullivan, and Schlacks and Ottenheimer. He started practicing in Madison about 1896. Claude formed a partnership with Edward F. Starck about 1898, which remained in operation until 1929. Influenced strongly by Sullivan, Claude designed many houses and libraries in Wisconsin in the Prairie School manner and possibly was Madison's finest Prairie architect. He closed his office in 1942, ceased practice altogether in 1946, and died in Madison in 1951.

Conover, Allan Darst (1854-1929). Conover and Porter, Madison. Conover received his Bachelor of Civil Engineering from the University of Wisconsin in 1874, and was elected a U.W. professor in 1879. In 1887 he established an architectural partnership with Lew Forster Porter, which dissolved in 1899. Conover and Porter established a branch office in Ashland, Bayfield County, about 1888, part of this time with a local partner, Horace P. Padley. Conover designed the well-known Science Hall in Madison, the first building to use steel beams exclusively in its construction. He also was the first professional employer of such major architects as Frank Lloyd Wright, Louis W. Claude, and Alvan E. Small.

Kutzbock, August (1813 or 1814-1868). Madison. Little is known about Kutzbock, one of the pioneer architects of Wisconsin, or his architectural partner Samuel H. Donnel. Kutzbock was born in Prussia and lived in Madison during the period 1858 to 1868. The firm designed the second state capitol to be built at Madison, and a number of houses, some of which still are standing.

Monberg, Lawrence (1900-). Kenosha and Florida. Monberg was born in Denmark in 1900, and graduated from the Institute of Technology, Chicago, in 1924. He designed many Wisconsin buildings while practicing in Kenosha, including two Moderne buildings for the Quislings in Madison. He is now practicing in Florida.

Nader, John (1838-1919). Madison. Born in Westchester County, New York, Nader was educated there and in Brooklyn. Before coming to Wisconsin in 1869, he was active in the design and construction of various marine and fortification structures in the East. In 1871, he was appointed Assistant U.S. Engineer in charge of the Wisconsin River improvement project, and was headquartered in Portage. In 1873 he moved his office to Madison to expedite his work and, three years later, was elected City Engineer by the Common Council when the river improvement funds gave out. He designed a significant number of residences on Madison's near East side.

APPENDIX E

1896-7 MANSION HILL DISTRICT RESIDENTS

North Pinckney

- Jos. Kaiser (W Jennie) Kaiser Bros. (The Fair)
 Reuben & Wm. Beckerman, Clks. Fair Store
 Annie Hobin, Dom.
- 202 Wm. Dykes (W Mary) Chef. Park Ho. Chas. Herman, Ret.
 Annie & Augusta H.
- 203 Anna Fess
- Jay Snell (W Katie) Asst Chief M.F.D., Snell & Currier
- 206 Sarah Huntley (Wid. Geo.)
 Van Cott, Mrs. Cath.
 Jos. Dudley, Carp
 Martha & Lydia Idleman Wid. Geo) & Drsmkr.
- 207 Lillian Case, Student
- 215 Mattie & Maud Evans
- 216 Matthew Gay (W Sarah) Merchant Tailor
 Margaret, Teacher
 Robert, Student
 Sarah A.
 Meta Neaman, Dom.
- 217 Chas. Hudson (W Grace) U.S. Letter Carrier
- Thos. Grant
 Hattie Edgar
 Kate Guerten, Dom.
 Mary Schilling (Wid Geo.)
 Mabel Schilling
 Geo. Schilling, Student
- John Hudson (W Rachel) Pres. N.W. Mutual Relief Caroline Ibey, Dom.
- James O. Gordon (W Jennie) Gordon & Paunack Jas. C. Adelaid Whitney (Wid. Washington) Anna Guerten, Dom.

1896-7 North Pinckney

- Thos. Taber (W Rose) Travs. Pollard & Taber over Hettinger, Fred. (W Carrier) Auditor C & NW R. Kate O'Brien
- 305 Edw. O'Neill (W Lizzie) Travs.
 Estella O'Neill
 Veronica Donohoo
 Kate Warner
 Frances Wermuth, Dom.
- Frederick Conover, Clerk Sup. Ct. (W Grace)
 Annie Torahy, Dom.
- Jas. Gleason (W Catherine) Taylor & Gleason
 Alyward, John, City Atty., Bashford, O'Connor & Ayl
 Jos. Aylward, Student
 Maggie Cunneen, Dom.
- 315 Thuringer, Chas. Civil Eng.

 Herman Thur. Bros.

 Ignatz Thur. Bros. (W Olga)

 Sam'l Ret. Merchant
- 319 Sam'l Higham (W Clara) V.P. F&J Mfg. Mary McCormick, Dom.
- Geo. B. Burrows, Real Est. & Pine Lands
 Mary Foster (Wid. Chas.)
 Mary
 Tina Severson, Dom.
- Morris E. Fuller (W Anna) Fuller & Johnson, VP 1st Nat. Robert M. Bashford (W Sarah) Lawyer Calvert Spensley (W Florence) Lawyer Dellia Coughlin, Dom. Anna Wenand, Dom.
- Soren Mogenson (W Jennie) Lab F. & J. Susie Tollefson, DRSMKR

North Carroll

James M. Van Slyke, Gorham Manf. Co.
Dora Newton
Minna Schmidt, Dom.

North Carroll

- John Grinde (W Anna)
 Grinde, Schmedeman
 Quammen
 Over: Wm Wheeler
 Wf Frances
- 307 Ellis Proudfit (W Clara)
 George Hopkins, Student
 Susie Pertzborn, Dom.
- 312 Vacant
- Rasmus Anderson (W Bertha) Pres. Nat. Prem. Mut. Life Ins. Mollie Tollefson, Dom.
- Jos. Jackson (W Josephine)
 Reginald
 Russell
 Hannah Anderson, Dom.
- William Marshall (W Clara) Prof. U.W. Minnie Andreatte, Dom. Tina Hillestad, Dom.
- Breese Stevens (W Elizabeth) Attorney
 Elsie Stevens
 Amelia Stevens
 Emma Prieb, Dom.
- Ella Davis, Teacher
 Ellen Davis, Wid. Walter
 Frank Davis, Proofreader, Dem.
 Jennie Davis, Student
 Mary Hill
 Annie Meyers, Dom.
 Ida Zwerg, Dom.
- John S. McNaught (W Alice) Bkkr. H.B. Hobbins Wm. McNaught, Stenographer Emma Hawley, Lib. Asst. SHSW
- 412 Walter Taylor (W Helen) Travs.
- 416 Edgar McBride (W Caroline) Ret.
- 420 Lois Mears (Wid. Jas) Carrie Hanson, Dom.
- 505 Carlton Miller (W Lottie) Geo. Sale, Mess. (?)

North Carroll

- 510 N.B. Van Slyke, Pres. lst Nat.
 John Cunningham, Coachman
 Lena Andreas, Dom.
 Lotte Isom
- Willett S. Main (W Sophie) Pres. Monona Lake Assembly
 John
 Lois
 Annie
 Bridget Murphy, Dom.
- Mm. Daniells (W Hontas) Prof. U.W. Ralph
 Theodsia Dodds, Wid.
 Rose Haywood, Piano Teacher
 Grace Sudbe, Dom.
 Bessie Lein, Dom.
- John Davis (W Olive) Prof. U.W. Mrs. Helen Cook
- Frank Oakley (W Cynthia) Madison Central RY.
 Alice Waterman
 Carrie Christopherson, Dom.

Wisconsin Avenue

- John Berryman (W Mary) Law Libr.
 Clay
 Clara
 Melinda Thompson, Dom.
- 412 Edmund Hart (W Ida) Dentist
- 415 Mary F. (Wid. David) Taylor Mary E.
- John McMynn (W Marion) Ret. Robert McMynn Mary Maanum, Dom.
- Horace Taylor, Pres. State Journal Prtg. Louisa Allickson, Dom.
 Annie Podratz, Dom.
- 424 Frances Carpenter (Wid. Stephen)
 Nancy Curtis (Wid Ira)
 Sophie Morse (Wid Julius)
 Catherine Doolittle (Wid Lucas)
 Albert Cook (W Mary)

Wisconsin Avenue

- (Cont) Catherine, Teacher
 E., Student
 Mamie Sullivan, Dom.
 Mary Ann Shay, Dom.
 - John Stearns (W Florence), Prof UW John B.
 Henrietta Blood
 Catherine Pray, Student
 Helen Pray, Student
 Lena Simon, Dom.
 - Frank M. Stewart (W Mary) Clk. U.S. Court Annie C.
 - 518 Agnes Butler

North Henry

- Isaac Bradley (W Clara) Lib SHSW Anna Session, Dom.
- Welsh, Geo. Ret (W Mary)
 Eunice & I, Students
- 410 Willett E. Main A.H. Main & Son Henry Noble Mgr. A.H.M. & Son (Willett S. 511 N. Carroll)
 Lena Ashenbrucker, Dom.
- Jennie Pitman
 Annie Student
 Annie Daniells, Dom.
- Edw. Quinby Supt. of Agencies & Loans W.S. & L. Assoc.
- 422 Vacant
- Geo. M. Pierce, Ret. (W Carrie)
 Stanley Tallman, Student
 Leo Sexton, Student
 Clara Balzer, Dom.
- 502 Hugh Pound (Trans.)
 (W Addie)
 Mary Lamber, Dom.
 Howard Cady, Student

North Henry

- 510 Wm. T. Fish, Contr. (W Harriet), Victoria Fish Madison Land Improvement Co.
- Geo. Gill (W Anna) (G.E. Gill & A.J.G.)
 Sarah Sutherland (Wid. Jasper)
 Geo. Carroll, Sec'y Supreme Court
- 521 Arthur O'Fox, Sec'y & Treas. North Elec. Mfg.
 (W Annie)
 Mary Doyle, Dom.
 Lizzie Noonan, Dom.
- 524 Elizabeth Griffiths, Student

North Butler Street

- 310 Frances Coyne, Millnery Coretta
 Sadie
 Ellen (Wid-Peter)
 Chas., Carpenter
 Belle
- 316 Emma Barney (Wid. Wm. K.)
- 319 Henry Holm (W Zilpha) Clk P.O. Celia Peterson
 Margaret Potter (W Chas.)
- 322 Vacant
- Alvin Webb (W Minnie) Wouton & Webb Wm. Bibbs, Clk. Idalyne Thompson
- Annie Starkson (W Michael)
 John Starkson, Carpenter
 Rachel Simonds (W Agnus) Music Teacher
- Frederick Melbohm (W Katharina) Gardener Emma Melbohm
- John Anderson (W Cecelia), Painter
- John Brendel (W Elizabeth) Presiding elder, Madison Dist. Evang. Association Maggie Grendel

North Butler Street

- Frank (W Wilhelmina) Neubauer Lab
 John, Butcher
 Ernestina
 Wm, Repairs cane chairs
 Amelia Neubauer
 Dorothy Neubauer
- Anton Olson (W Anna) A & B Olson Annie Thompson, Drsmkr.
- John Thorp (W Jane) Ret.
 Juliet
 Mary
 Maud
 Emma Jerdee, Dom.

East Gilman Street

- E.E. Bryant (W Louisa S.) Dean U.W. Law School Elva B.

 Mary Bryant
 William Bryant
 Mary Bosen, Dom.
 Ada Rashien, Dom.
- William Freeman Vilas (W Anna) U.S. Senator, Pres. Bank of Wisconsin
 Mary Vilas
 John McCormick, Coachman
 Kate Glover, Dom.
 Emma Johnson, Dom.
- 28 Vacant
- Geo. Storer, (W Mary) Ret. Holland Sever, Coachman
- John Gurnee, (W Madeline) Lawyer
 Paul
 Annie Kielblock, Dom.
- 116 Chas. S. Mears (W Harriet) Ret. Flora Mears
 Caroline Schmidt, Dom.
- 121 Fred M. Brown (W Annie) Real Estate Jeanette Bolstap, Dom.
- James S. Smith (W Mary) Music Teacher, UW Kate McCormick, Dom.

East Gilman Street

- 130 Executive Mansion
 William Upham, Gov. (W Mary)
 Caroline Upham
 Julia Hanson, Dom.
 Jessie Woodman, Dom.
- Howard Morrison, Nat'l Life Ins. Agent Julie Morrison (Wid. Wm. H.)
 Bird Morrison
 Marie Hill, Dom.
- John Cassoday (W Mary) Chief Justice State Supt. Court Minda Olsen, Dom. Annie Brakke, Dom.
- 142 Wm. Jacobs, Pres. Capital City Bank
 Jennie
 Frank
 Caroline Davis
 John Lynaugh, Coachman
 Sara McGann, Nurse
 Ida Larson, Dom.
 Sarah Eiliger, Dom.

West Gilman

- 8 Edward M. Fox (W Annie) Trans. Willard Gordon, Ret. Katie Frank, Dom.
- 10 Elizabeth Pudor (Wid. Cornelius)
 Widow Walker
- Jos. Curtis (W Ella) Trans.
 Harry Curtis, Bkkr. O&V
 Julia Gaul, Dom.
- 14 Fletcher Parker, Dir. U.W. School of Music Amos Walder (W Isabel) Mg. Editor Journal
- Edward Riley (W Eliza) Sec'y Bd. of Regents Chas. Riley, Real Estate
 Geo. Riley, Clerk
 Frank Riley, Student
 Julia Rudd, Sten.
 Elizabeth Durisch, Dom.
- 18 Edith Conover

West Gilman

- Daniel Warner (W Kate) Ad. Warner & Co. Chas. Warner, Student Eliza Holmes (Wid. Lucius S.)
 Josephine Durisch, Dom.
- Joseph Hobbins (N&W) Joseph W., Capital City Bank Joseph N., Clk, H.B. Hobbins William Hobbins Barbara Schmitz, Dom.
- David Frankenburger (Wife) Prof. U.W. Ricka Jeschka, Dom.
- 121 Leora Moore
 Lydia
 Margaret
 Agnes Zimmermann
 Anna
- John Mack, U.W. Prof (Wife)
 Nellie Newman, Dom.
 Emma Salzmann, Dom.
- Chauncey Welton, C.B. Welton & Co. (Wife)
 Belle Rowe, Dom.
- 127 Smith, Ernest, Student Lowlear, Thos., Laborer
- 128 Lewis E. Stevens (W Ellen) Real Estate Lizzie Zahn, Dom.
- 134 Torgrim Olson, Olson & V (W Karen) Julie Nelson, Dom.
- 135 Florence Baker, Lab. Asst. SHSW Helen, teacher
- Thusnelda Helm
 Wm. Helm (W Mary), Cap. City Bank
 Herman Veerhusen (W Emma), Younger V. of O&V.
- 145 Chas. Noble Gregory, Dean, UW Law School Annie Frederick, Dom.
- 146 Phi Beta Phi Lodge
- 147 Allen D. Conover (W Ella) Conover & Porter Agnes Marking, Dom.

Y.7			-
MA	st	123	lman
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West Gilma	n
205	Russell Chase (W Ann) Ethelyn Green, Student
207	Jas. C. Elsom, (W Ruth) Prof. Physical Luture, Dir. of Gym
209	Edw. Jones, (W Annabel) Prof. UW
211	Annie Scribner Mary (Wid)
212	Edna Adams
213	Hattie Blanchar Mary (Wid Willard)
216	Henry C. Keeler
217	Henry Gleason (W Harriett) Engr. St. Paul Rwy.
East Gorha	m ·
11	Isaac Bailey (W Eva) Bailey & Coolidge (Groc) Ellen Louise, drsmkr.
12	Louisa Favill (Wid John) Therese Favill
15	Chas. Comstock (W Mercy) Ret. Carrie Comstock Orlando Loomis, clk. Capitol
17	Geo. Read (W Emma) Clk John Anderson (W Mary) Engr. NW Ry. Jas. Boyle, Clk.
18	Whitney Nelson (W Mary) Prof. UW
20	Frank Jonas (W Sarah) Jonas Bros. (Drygoods)
21	Emma Frederickson (Wid Nils) Oscar Mueller (W Dora) Clk O&V
24	Louis Claude, Archt Louise Claude over Clarence Snyder (W Isabella) mbr. Bd. of Control

M'Clellan Dodge, City Civil Engr. (W Lizzie)

East Gorham

- 102 Louis R. Keyes
 Neef, Wm., Coachman
 Emma Munson, Dom.
 Laura Larson, Dom.
- 116 Vacant
- 117 Thos. Plumb (W Louisa) Ret.
- 123 Chas. Ford, Machinist & Gen'l Repair (W Patience)
 Anderson, Ferd. Mcht.
 Agnew, Foora, Dom.
- 129 Chas. Leith (W Martha)
 Kenneth (Sten.)
 Elinor
 Gale, Sybil, Sten.
- 130 Frank Brown, Mgr. Tim. B. Est.
 Laurence Franey, Coachman
 Mary Cummings, Dom.
 Sophie Peterson, Dom.
- Ransom Luther (W Jessie) Eng. Hw. Rwy. Ralyea, Margaret, Wid. Edwin Clara Brooks, Bookkeeper, S.S.M. Co. Boley, Ina, Dom.
- Henry Casson (W Ethel) Sec'y State
 Henry Jr., Student
 Katharine Houghton, Sten, Sec'y State
 Annie Kalahar, Dom.
- 140 Kathrop Smith Ed. (W Sabra)
 Arthur Lewis, Student
- 146 Geo. W. Stoner (W Abigail) Ret. Wm. P. Richardson travs (W Mary I.)
- Annie Swain, Minnie Moen

West Gorham

Wheeler Trace (W Lizzie)
Percy

Tracy, Gibbs Co. Bkkr. Bank of Madison

7 Frederick Johnson (W Emma)
John Larson
Mary Herbort, Dom.
Sara Eken, Dom.

Sec'y G.M. Co. Agt. Larson Jewelry

West Gorham

- 10 Geo. Keenan, Consul to Bremen
 Matilda Keenan (Wid. Geo.)
 Catherine Leonard (Wid. Bernard)
 Nellie Leonard
- 11 Carl Johnson (W Bertha), G.M. Co.
 Mary Nelson, Dom.
 Lena Eken, Dom.
- 15 Edw. Loen, (W Ella), Exec. Clk. Gov's Office
- 107 Frank Larkin, Ret. Ella Larking, Teacher
- 113 Mrs. E.W. Andrews
- Gernon Family Bessie, Ella, Geo., Mary (Wid. Geo.) Maud Julia Henninger, Dom.
- 117 Selwyn Brant, Publ.
- 121 Vacant
- 122 May Huntington
- 129 Sisters of Notre Dame, Sister Cammilla, Superior
- Wm. Hartmann, Ret. (W Christina)
 Josephine Hartmann
- 134 Chas. Van Velzer, Prof UW (W Kittie)
- John Damm (W Mary) Cigars & Tub
- 140 Herbert Chynoweth (W Edna) Lawyer
- 141 Storm Bull (W Gina) Prof. UW Hannah Helgeson, Dom.
- 143 Nelson Greenbank, Marble Cutter (W Laura)
- 144 Ferd. Daubner (W Rachel) H. Christophers & Co. Emma Peck, Dom.
- Anna Zirkel (Wid. John) over Hahn, Albert G. (W Eva) Laborer F & J
- 152 Harriet Vroman (Wid. Wm)

West Gorham

- Louis Sumner (W Catherine) Pharmacist Edna Thomas, Dom.
- Chas. Karstens, Manuf. & Repair Furn. (W Minna)
 Ida Hummel, Clk J.Z. & Co.
- Jane McCumber (Wid. John)
 Anna McCumber, Student
- 213c Gustav Johnson Emp N.W. Rwy. 3rd Floor
- 214 Otto Hausmann (W Amalia) Hausmann Brewing
- Bernhard Minch Farm Produce (W Barbara)
 Herman Minch, Bkkpr.
 Hattie Minch
 Mary Minch
 Walter, Student
- over Albert, Carp. (W Margaret)
 Hattie G., Student

Langdon Street

- 2 Alfred Newman (W Celia) Sup. St. Justice
 Mark
 Kate McDonald
 Jennie Sarlie
 Constance Arneson, Dom.
- Joseph Cochrane (W Helen), Pastor Christ Presby.
 Mame Scudder (Wid. Silas)
 Louisa Winkler, Dom.
- 10 Chas. Morgan (W Sophia) Ret.
- Shepard L. Sheldon (W Anna) Pres. S.L. Sheldon Mary Georgiana, Librn. - SHSW Henry, Atty. - Hall & Sheldon
- 17 Albert Hollister (W Kittie) Hollister's Pharm.
 Harry H.
 Hellen Whitman
 Gertie Anderson, Dom.
- Oscar Brandenburg (W Arabelle) V.P. Democ. Co.
 Mary Hotlen, Dom.
 Susie Skrimsrud, Dom.

Langdon Street

- Arthur Morris (W Ida) Sumner & Morris Wm. P. Lyon (W Adelia), Ret. Pauline Diederich, Dom. Clara Milde, Dom.
- Bunn, Romanzo (W Sarah) Judge U.S. Court Mary Bunn, Artist Minnie Milde, Dom.
- Burr Jones (W Olive L.) Lawyer Alice Cummings, Dom.
 Maggie Knoblauch, Dom.
- 120 Anna Burr Moseley Leonard Williams Etta Corneil, Dom.
- 121 Bertha Suhr
 John J. Suhr, Pres. German AM Bank
 F.W., John, Emma, Edmund
 Mary Dolfen, Dom.
- 126 Chas. Palmer, Clk State Bank Elizabeth Palmer Louisa Pries, Dom.
- 127 Emma Main (Wid. A.H.)
 Edw. S. Draughtsman G.M. Co.
 Frances
 Geo.
 Annie Maske, Dom.
- John Winslow (W Agnes) Justice Sup. Ct.
 Harry Clancy, Student
 Clara Daugs, Dom.
- 135 Harry Hobbins (W Kate) Gen'l Ins.
- 202 Chandler P. Chapman (W Sarah) Pres. Dane Co. Abstract
 Annie
 Rurner, Elmer, Employee W. Co.
 Susie Nelson, Dom.
- Arthur Sanborn (W Alice) Spooner, Sanborn, Kerr & Spooner
 Harriet (Wid.)
 John B. Sandborn, Kate W. Sandborn
 Susan Golder
 Eva Ashenberger, Dom.

Langdon Street

- Thos. Brittingham (W Mary) Brittingham & Hixon
 Joseph Hixon
 Elizabeth Henzler, Dom.
 Agnes Saharan, Dom.
- Lucien S. Hanks (W Sybil) Pres. State Bank Lucien M. Hanks, Teller Marshall & Stanley Hanks Julia Ellickson, Dom. Hannah Hoveland, Dom.
- 217 Marshall Parkinson (W Adelaide) Treas. Miller LBR Co.
 Mary Farnham (Wid. J.A.)
 Agnes Ruttgers, Dom.
- Frank Ellsworth (W Josephine) Travs.
 Fannie E.
 Julia Hoveland, Dom.
- John C. Freeman, Prof. UW (W Emma) Charlotte, Henry, John, Mary Louisa, Egert, Dom.
- 227 Chloe Hubbard (Wid. Jos.)
- 228 Margaret Allen (Wid.)
 Haskins, Chas. UW Prof.
 Florence Robinson, Teacher
 Eliz. Simon, Dom.
- Jennie Chapman (Wid. Geo.)
 Annie Delaplaine
- 234 Robt. Ogilvie (W Susan), Ogilvie Dry Goods Hannah Dolan, Dom.
- Jos. Jastrow, Prof. UW (W Rachel)
 Hilda Hanson, Dom.



POLICY MANUAL
MADISON LANDMARKS COMMISSION

SEPTEMBER, 1974
LEIGH MOLLENHOFF, CHAIRMAN

LANDMARKS COMMISSION Room 414 210 Monona Ave. Madison, Wisconsin 53709 Phone 608 266-4635

POLICY AND PROCEDURE

Function of the Commission

The Landmarks Commission is charged with the protection and enhancement of Madison's Landmark buildings, districts, and sites. A Landmark is a building or site of architectural or historical significance.

The Commission

The Commission is composed of seven members appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the Common Council. Included among the seven must be an Alderman, a licensed real estate broker, a registered architect, and an historian, while the remainder are chosen at large. The Commission holds regular meetings on the third Monday of each month at 4:00 p.m. usually in Room 202C of the City-County Building. Other meetings, work sessions, tours, etc. are held at the call of the Chairman. The Secretary is a member of the City Planning Department staff and may be contacted through the Department.

The Designation Process

The designation process is begun with the submission of a nomination form to the secretary. This form requires in depth research to firmly establish the value of the proposed designation. The secretary then schedules the nomination for an informational discussion before the Commission. The owner and other interested parties meet with the Commission to discuss the proposed designation and any concerns about it. Following the informational discussion and presentation, the Commission determines whether or not the nomination should be processed for designation.

If the Landmarks Commission determines to proceed with the designation process, a public hearing is scheduled for the next meeting. The secretary notifies the owner of the potential Landmark or Landmark site as well as all owners of property within 200 feet of the proposed Landmark property of the public hearing. A Class 2 Notice is also placed in the official city newspaper. A public hearing is then held before the Commission at which time all proponents and opponents are heard. Following the public hearing and any further discussion, the Landmarks Commission votes to reject, hold or designate the building or site as a Landmark.

The owner is informed of the action by letter. If the building or site is designated, the secretary notifies appropriate city agencies such as Building Inspection and Engineering. In addition, the designation is sent to the State Historic Preservation Officer for possible inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places. A designation document is recorded in the Register of Deeds Office.

The Commission may also designate historic districts. This procedure was recently adopted by the Common Council and the processing mechanisms have not been fully established and tested.

The Effect of Designation

If a building or site is designated, or if a building or site is part of a designated Historic District, demolition may be delayed for up to twelve months from the time a permit is applied for, to allow for efforts to preserve the building. Any alterations to the exterior of a building must receive a Certificate of Appropriateness from the Landmarks Commission before the building permit may be issued. Normal maintenance does not require a Certificate of Appropriateness. In the R4, R5 and R6 Zoning Districts, any changes to properties adjacent to designated Landmarks are conditional uses requiring the approval of the Plan Commission.

It should be noted that the Ordinance (Section 33.01) specifically provides that when necessary to preserve the character of a structure, the provisions of Chapter 18 (Plumbing Code), 27 (Minimum Housing and Property Maintenance Code), 29 (Building Code), 30 (Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning Code and 31 (Outdoor Signs and Outdoor Advertising Structures) may be waived by the appropriate board or the Building Inspection Superintendent provided such waiver does not endanger public health or safety.

Enforcement of the Ordinance

The responsibility for enforcement of the ordinance is shared by the Building Inspection Superintendent and the Landmarks Commission. The Superintendent has general responsibility for issuing building permits and enforcing the zoning regulations. The Landmarks Commission evaluates proposals requiring building permits that relate to Landmarks.

There is a penalty of \$200 per day for each violation of the Landmarks Ordinance, however, no fines have been levied to date (Sept. 1974). The Landmarks Commission is aware of the difficulties and expense that owners encounter in maintaining Landmarks.

Other Programs

The Landmarks Commission and its related citizens groups engage in many activities aimed at encouraging a greater appreciation and understanding of Landmarks. The Commission has as its charge, the erection of descriptive plaques in front of Landmarks. The plaques

give the name of the building, the date of construction, the architect, if known, and a brief description of the historical or architectural importance of the structure or site. The Commission members, and citizens who work closely with the Commission, present slide shows and lectures, conduct walking tours, and hold social events to give people a better understanding of preservation. The Commission also serves as a resource body for the encouragement of preservation in other municipalities and communities. A subcommittee of the Commission formed Historic Madison Inc., a private historical society. The Landmarks Commission has engaged in the salvage of building materials as well. The Commission, through the Planning Department, has received a grant from the National Endowment for the Arts to develop a comprehensive strategy for preservation in Madison (Sept. 1974).