

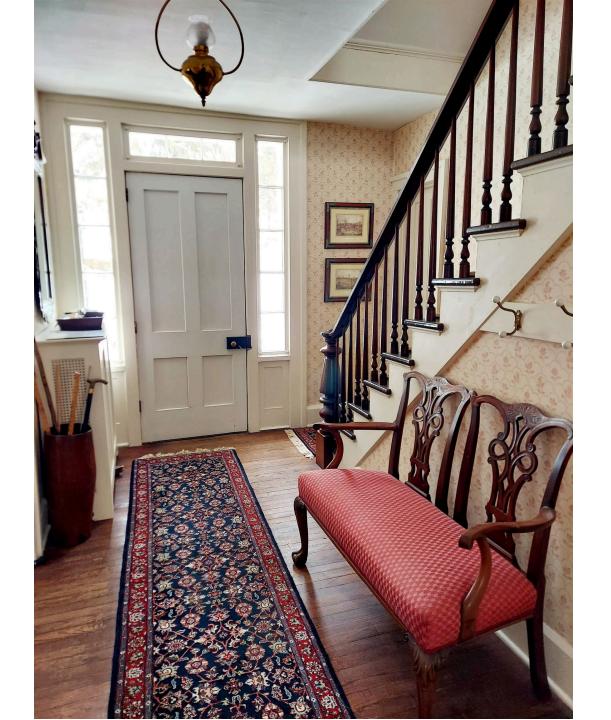


PROPOSAL FOR MASSIVE 4,200 SF HOME IN FRONT YARD OF OLD SPRING TAVERN, TO DESECRATE DESIGNATED CITY LANDMARK.













Owners Re-Design 3701 Council Crest

November 6, 2023

Jon Furlow

The City Adjusted the Lot Line to Create A Larger Lot For A New House

This Commission approved a Certificate of Appropriateness to adjust the lot line so a new house could be built.

The Plan Commission recommended a Certified Survey Map which would "reconfigure the two underlying lots to create a larger lot for a future residence to be constructed on the Council Crest side of the property."

The Common Council adopted the Plan Commission recommendation by a vote of 17-1.

The Re-Design Complies With The Commission's August 14 Guidance

The Commission agreed that our initial design fit into the neighborhood, but commented that it was "too big for its landmark neighbor."

The Commission requested that we submit a redesign with two specific recommendations:

✓ Reduce the width by approximately 8 to 10 feet

 ✓ Create a 20 foot set-back from the lot line as measured at the end of Spring Trail

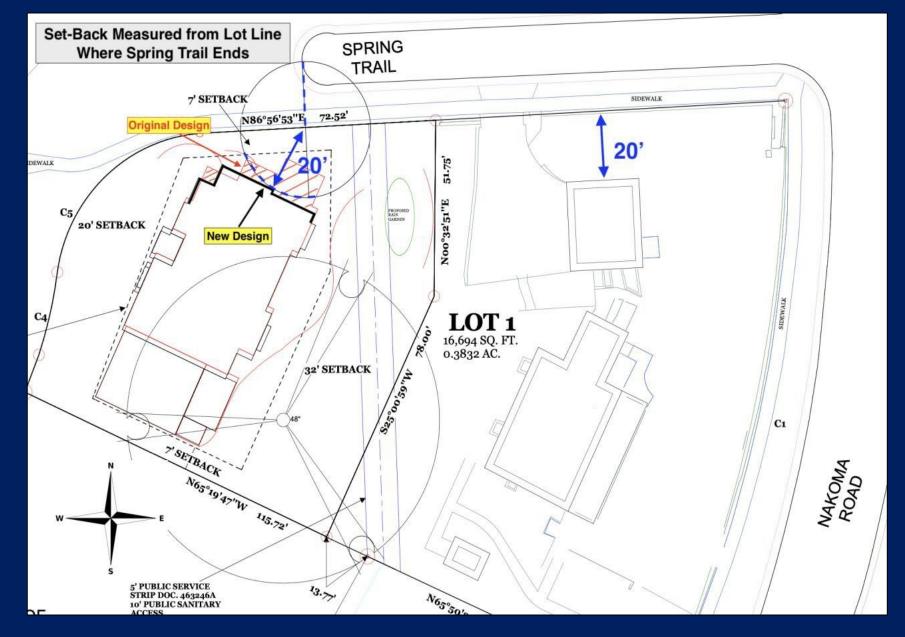
We Reduced the Width by Almost 10'



East Elevation - Original Design

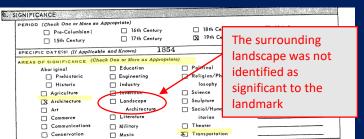
East Elevation - Redesign

We Created a 20 Foot Set-Back from the Lot Line Where Spring Trail Ends



The Only Important Landscape Feature to the Tavern Landmark is the Large Spring Across Nakoma Road (now known as the Duck Pond)

City of Madison Landmarks Commission LANDMARKS AND LANDMARK SITES NOMINATION FORM (1)	
I. Name of Building or Site	
(1) Common William T. Stephens house	(2) Historic (if applicable) Old Spring Tavern
II. Location	
(1) Street Address 3706 Nakoma Road	(2) Ward 20th
III. Classification	
(1) Type of Property (building, m Building - private rea	
(2) Zoning District $\mathcal{R} - \mathcal{Z}$	(3) Present Use Home
(I) Name(S)	Iomination was only for the a Building , not the surrounding punds.
V. Legal Description	
(1) Parcel Number 0709-283-2014-5	(2) Legal Description Flat of replat "A" of 1,2&11 Nakoma
VI. Condition of Property	
(1) Physical Condition (excellent Excellent	r, good, fair, deteriorated, ruins)
(2) Altered or Unaltered? Altered - porch added	<pre>(3) Moved or Original Site?</pre>
(4) Wall Construction Three layers of brick - 2	22" thick.
(5) On a separate sheet of paper, physical construction and approximation	, describe the present and original bearance (limit 500 words).



TATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE: The Old Spring Tavern is significant both for its history and its architecture. Charles C. Morgan built the house in 1854 with brick made from clay found on a nearby slope. Morgan was a businessman who, in partnership with capitalist James W. Gorham, judged the site to be a perfect stopping place on the old Madison-Monroe stagecoach road which led to southwestern Wisconsin's lead mining area. The site's major asset was a large spring behind the house (in its original siting) which gered to water horses and oxen. In 1860 Morgan sold the inn and sixty acres to Gorham for \$9,000 in gold, and it became known as "Gorham's Hotel" soon thereafter, Gorham joined the Union cause in the Civil War and leared the inn. After the war he returned and continued "Gorham's Hotel" until 1895, when he closed the business and used the building as a private residence.

in what is now its rear yard, and later between the house and the s draining into Lake Wingra.

In 1925 the house was sold by G. Dickson, who undertook major story Chippendale porch on what The Dickson family also built a koma Road. Mrs. Dickson recently by and built under the supervisi

The only landscape feature mentioned as a major asset to the landmark was the large spring across Nakoma Road, now known as the Duck Pond.

the John Bell Chapter of the Dau placed on the wall a plaque which reads, "Old Spring Tavern. Stage Coach Station On Road To Early Lead Mines. Home of Gorham Family 1860 - 1922. Built 1854."

Architecturally, the house is an excellent local example of the Greek Revival style, examples of which are very rare in the City of Madison. Its pinkish brick also is rare locally, most masonry houses in Madison having been built with buff sandstone or creamcolored brick.

On March 20, 1972, the Old Spring Tavern was designated a landmark by the City of Madison Landmarks Commission.

City of Madison Landmarks Commission LANDMARKS AND LANDMARK SITES NOMINATION FORM (4)

VII.(7) Significance of Nominated Property and Conformance to Designation Criteria:

It is a tribute to the architectural importance of the Old Spring Taren that it is featured in Rexford Newcomb's book, <u>Architecture of</u> the Old Northwest Territory, as a prime example of a Greek Revival Inn In Wisconsin.

The tavern, or Gorham's Hotel, was built in 1854 by Charles E. Morgan, a prominent businessman. In a partnership venture with James W. Gorham, (who supplied capital for brick-making equipment & contributed meals for overnight guests), Morgan judged the property to be a perfect stopping-place between the lead-mining district of SW Wis, and the growing capitol, Madison. Its supreme asset was a great spring across the road, (now a duck pond) to water horses and oxen. Indians must have thought the spring a place of particular significance, because six prehistoric mounds were found on the property, each containing a skeleton & artifacts, including copper knives. The artifacts went to the State Historical collection in the first capitol building, & perished in its fire. In historic times the Winnebagos had a village on the ridge behind the tavern, and a trail ran through the woods on the slope of the hill.

In 1800 Morgan sold the inn & 60 surrounding acres to Gorham for \$9000 in gold. Soon afterward, Gorham leased the inn & left Wisconsin to erve the Union Army in the First Regiment of the Berdan Sharp Shootrfs. He returned later & maintained "Gorhams Hotel" until 1895, when the services of the inn were discontinued & the Gorham family took up residence in it until 1922. The inn was a rendezvous of mail carriers & stage drivers on the nioneer Madison-Monroe Rd., one of 18 territorial

Monroe Kd., one of to territorial made territorial capitol in 1836. ack of the house, that being the register has been lost, it is claim pped there while travelling. Gover inn for oyster suppers, and soldiers re. Later university students had te recalled that her husband & Sent the Spring Tavers many times when to se to Madison to sample "Grandma"



The City's Preservation Expert Has Recommended Approval of this Project (Twice).

 Dr. Bailey concluded that the Project satisfies the MGO 41.18 Standards for Granting a Certificate of Appropriateness.

 Dr. Bailey concluded that the Project satisfies the Secretary of Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation.