



# Transit Network Redesign

**Public Hearing**

**Madison Transportation Commission**

**November 9, 2022**

# Planning Steps

- Phase 1 - Existing Conditions and Choices
- Phase 2 - Alternatives
- Phase 3 - Draft Plan
  - Plan adjusted based on community feedback
- Phase 4 - Final Plan
- **Implementation in June 2023**



Sept 2020

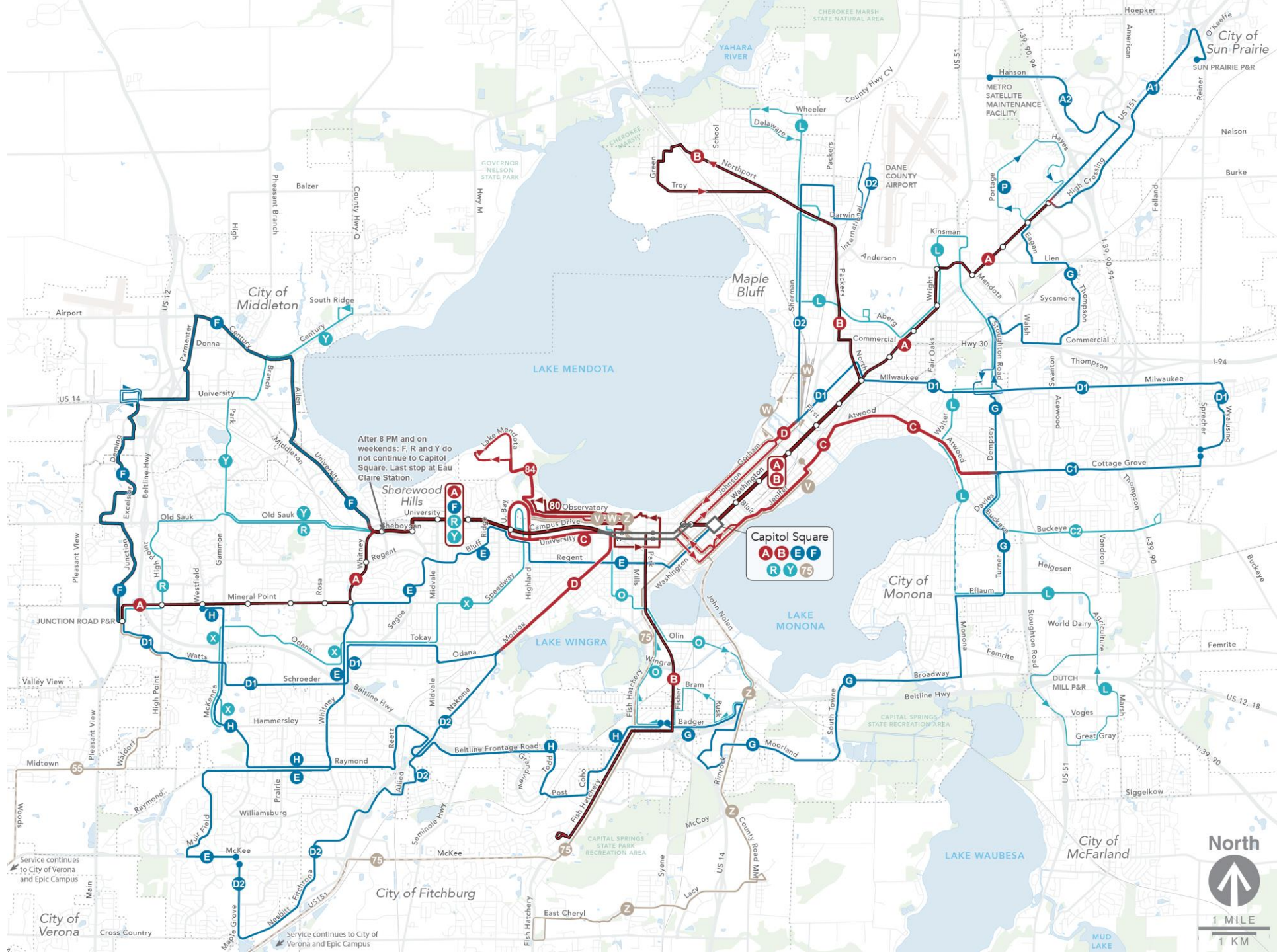
Mar 2021

Nov 2021

Feb 2022

June 2022

# Adopted Plan



# Interim Implementation Steps

- Route names updated
- Draft system map
- Minor route changes
- Draft route start and end times
- Draft bus stop locations
- Title VI results

# Route Name Changes

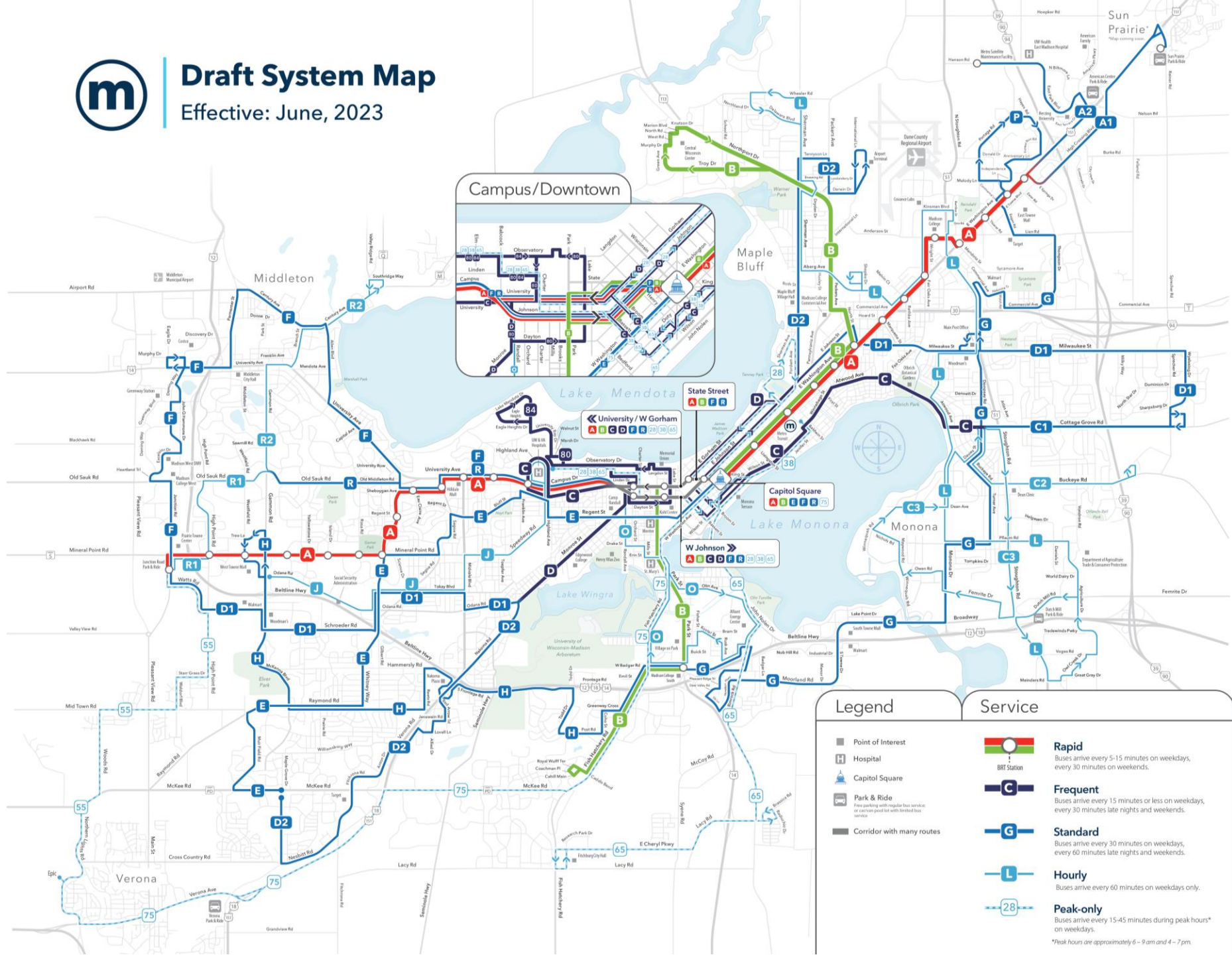
New Name	Old Name	Description
R1	R	Capitol Square, Old Sauk, Junction
R2	Y	Capitol Square, South Ridge (Middleton)
J	X	UW Hospital, Tokay, West Towne
65	Z	UW Campus, E Cheryl (Fitchburg)
28	W	UW Campus, Johnson / Gorham
38	V	UW Campus, Jenifer
S	---	New route in Sun Prairie
W	---	New route in Sun Prairie
C3	---	Potential new route in Monona





# Draft System Map

Effective: June, 2023



**Campus/Downtown**

**University / W Gorham**  
A B C D F R 28 38 45

**Capitol Square**  
A B C D F R 28 38 45

**W Johnson**  
A B C D F R 28 38 45

Legend	Service
Point of Interest	<b>Rapid</b> Buses arrive every 5-15 minutes on weekdays, every 30 minutes on weekends.
Hospital	BRT Station
Capitol Square	<b>Frequent</b> Buses arrive every 15 minutes or less on weekdays, every 30 minutes late nights and weekends.
Park & Ride <small>Free parking with regular bus service or carpool pool bet with limited bus service</small>	<b>Standard</b> Buses arrive every 30 minutes on weekdays, every 60 minutes late nights and weekends.
Corridor with many routes	<b>Hourly</b> Buses arrive every 60 minutes on weekdays only.
	<b>Peak-only</b> Buses arrive every 15-45 minutes during peak hours* on weekdays. <small>*Peak hours are approximately 6 – 9 am and 4 – 7 pm.</small>

# Draft System Map

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- Shows service levels
  - More frequent routes having thicker, darker lines
  - Less frequent routes have thinner, lighter lines
- Highlights the future BRT lines
- Easier to read

# Draft System Map



**Draft Redesign Map**



**Current Map**



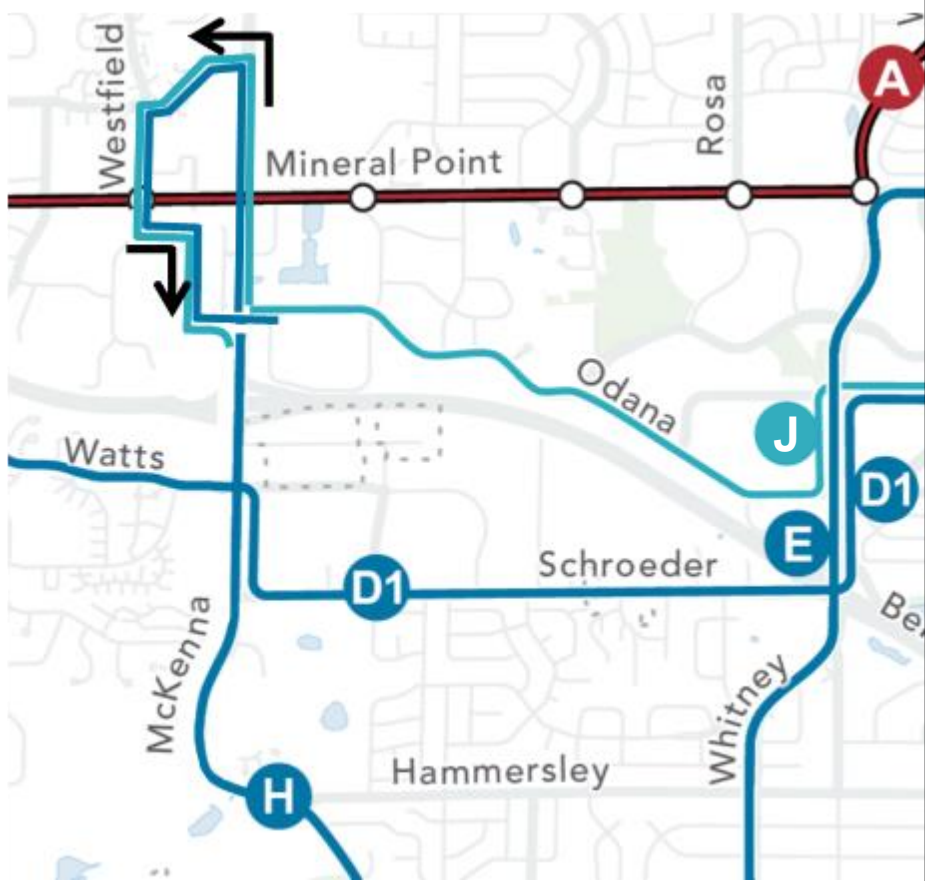
# Operational Route Adjustments

- Recommended based on ongoing planning work. Changes are consistent with the adopted plan.
- Changes impact:
  - Route J (formerly Route X)
  - Route P

# Route J End Changed (Formerly Route X)



**Adopted Plan**



**Recommended Change**

# Route J End Changed

- Route J ends at West Towne
- Route J continues as Route H, no transfer

## **Notes:**

- Maintains bus stop in West Towne Mall
- Adds coverage at no cost
- Slight delay for riders on McKenna, but all riders on Route H will have a guaranteed transfer

# Route P Moved from Frontage to Anniversary



Adopted Plan



Recommended Change

# Route P Moved from Frontage to Anniversary

- Shorter, faster, and more reliable
- New service on Anniversary
- Lost service on Frontage Road is served by Route A
- More consistent two-way service on Independence
- Better end of the line for a driver break



# Route Start and End Times

DRAFT First and Last Full Trips and Frequency for Transportation Commission													
Base Route	First Trip Start				Last Trip Start				Frequency, in Minutes**				
	Weekdays		Weekends*		Weekdays		Weekends*		Weekday		Saturday		Sunday
	WB	EB	WB	EB	WB	EB	WB	EB	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Base
<b>A BRT (Main Line)</b>	Trip start times are reflective of their respective branches								15	30	15	30	30
A1 BRT (Branch): Sun Prairie	6:00	5:15	6:00	5:15	10:30 PM	10:30 PM	9:30 PM	9:30 PM	30	60	30	60	60
A2 BRT (Branch): Hanson Rd	5:45	5:30	5:45	5:30	11:00 PM	11:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	30	60	30	60	60
<b>B: N. Madison-S. Madison BRT</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>Peak</b>	<b>Base</b>	<b>Peak</b>	<b>Base</b>	<b>Base</b>
	5:15	5:00	5:15	5:00	11:00 PM	11:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	15	30	15	30	30
	<b>WB</b>	<b>EB</b>	<b>WB</b>	<b>EB</b>	<b>WB</b>	<b>EB</b>	<b>WB</b>	<b>EB</b>	<b>Peak</b>	<b>Base</b>	<b>Peak</b>	<b>Base</b>	<b>Base</b>
<b>C: Main Line</b>	Trip start times are reflective of their respective branches								15	30	30	30	30
C1: Cottage Grove/UW Hospital	5:00	5:45	5:30	6:15	10:30 PM	11:00 PM	9:30 PM	10:00 PM	30	60	60	60	60
C2: Buckeye/UW Hospital	5:15	6:00	5:45	6:45	9:30 PM	10:00 PM	8:30 PM	9:00 PM	60	60	60	60	60
C3: Monona/UW Hospital	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	60	60	Pending	Pending	Pending
<b>D: Main Line</b>	Trip start times are reflective of their respective branches								15	30	30	30	30
D1: Watts/Milwaukee	5:15	5:15	5:45	5:45	10:30 PM	11:00 PM	9:30 PM	10:00 PM	30	60	60	60	60
D2: Airport/McKee	5:00	5:15	5:30	5:45	10:00 PM	10:30 PM	9:00 PM	9:30 PM	30	60	60	60	60
E: Mckee/Capitol Square	5:45	5:30	6:45	6:30	11:00 PM	11:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	30	60	60	60	60
F: Middleton/Capitol Sq	6:00	5:00	6:45	6:00	11:00 PM	11:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	30	30	30	30	30
G: East Towne/S. Madison	5:30	5:30	6:00	6:00	11:00 PM	11:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	30	30	30	30	30
H: West Towne/S. Madison	5:30	5:30	6:00	6:00	11:00 PM	11:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM	30	30	30	30	30
J: West Towne/UW Hospital	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	10:00 PM	10:30 PM	9:00 PM	9:30 PM	30	60	60	60	60
L. N. Madison-Owl Creek	6:00	6:00	7:00	7:00	9:30 PM	9:30 PM	8:30 PM	8:30 PM	60	60	60	60	60
<b>O: UW Campus/S. Madison</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>NB</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>Peak</b>	<b>Base</b>	<b>Peak</b>	<b>Base</b>	<b>Base</b>
	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	9:30 PM	9:30 PM	8:30 PM	8:30 PM	60	60	60	60	60
	<b>WB</b>	<b>EB</b>	<b>WB</b>	<b>EB</b>	<b>WB</b>	<b>EB</b>	<b>WB</b>	<b>EB</b>	<b>Peak</b>	<b>Base</b>	<b>Peak</b>	<b>Base</b>	<b>Base</b>
P: East Towne-Portage Loop	5:15	-	5:45	-	11:45 PM	-	10:45 PM	-	30	30	30	30	30
<b>R: Main Line</b>	Trip start times are reflective of their respective branches								30	30	30	30	30
R1: Junction P&R/Capitol Sq	6:45	5:45	7:15	6:45	11:00 PM	10:30 PM	10:00 PM	9:30 PM	60	60	60	60	60
R2: South Ridge/Capitol Sq	6:15	5:15	6:45	6:15	11:30 PM	10:30 PM	10:30 PM	9:30 PM	60	60	60	60	60
S: Sun Prairie Large Loop	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	60	60	60	60	60
W: Sun Prairie Short Loop	Pending	Pending	-	-	Pending	Pending	-	-	30	-	-	-	-

Start/end times may change by +/- 15 minutes as part of implementation period efficiencies.

# Route Start and End Times

Base Route	First Trip Start			
	Weekdays		Weekends*	
	WB	EB	WB	EB
<b>A BRT (Main Line)</b>	Trip start times are reflecti			
A1 BRT (Branch): Sun Prairie	6:00	5:15	6:00	5:15
A2 BRT (Branch): Hanson Rd	5:45	5:30	5:45	5:30
<b>B: N. Madison-S. Madison BRT</b>	NB	SB	NB	SB
	5:15	5:00	5:15	5:00
	WB	EB	WB	EB

Note:  
Some partial trips may provide earlier service

On weekdays, the first COMPLETE westbound trip on Route A1, towards Junction Road, will leave the Sun Prairie Park and Ride at about 6:00 am

# Route Start and End Times

Base Route
<b>A BRT (Main Line)</b>
A1 BRT (Branch): Sun Prairie
A2 BRT (Branch): Hanson Rd
<b>B: N. Madison-S. Madison BRT</b>

Last Trip Start			
Weekdays		Weekends*	
WB	EB	WB	EB
ive of their respective branches			
10:30 PM	10:30 PM	9:30 PM	9:30 PM
11:00 PM	11:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM
NB	SB	NB	SB
11:00 PM	11:00 PM	10:00 PM	10:00 PM
WB	EB	WB	EB

Note:  
Some partial trips may  
provide later service

On weekdays, the last COMPLETE westbound trip on Route A1, towards Junction Road, will leave the Sun Prairie Park and Ride at about 10:30 am

# Route Start and End Times

Base Route	Frequency, in Minutes**				
	Weekday		Saturday		Sunday
	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Base
<b>A BRT (Main Line)</b>	15	30	15	30	30
A1 BRT (Branch): Sun Prairie	30	60	30	60	60
A2 BRT (Branch): Hanson Rd	30	60	30	60	60
<b>B: N. Madison-S. Madison BRT</b>	15	30	15	30	30

“Peak” frequency means the time between buses during the morning and afternoon rush hour, not including added service to accommodate demand

“Base” frequency means the time between buses, generally in the evening

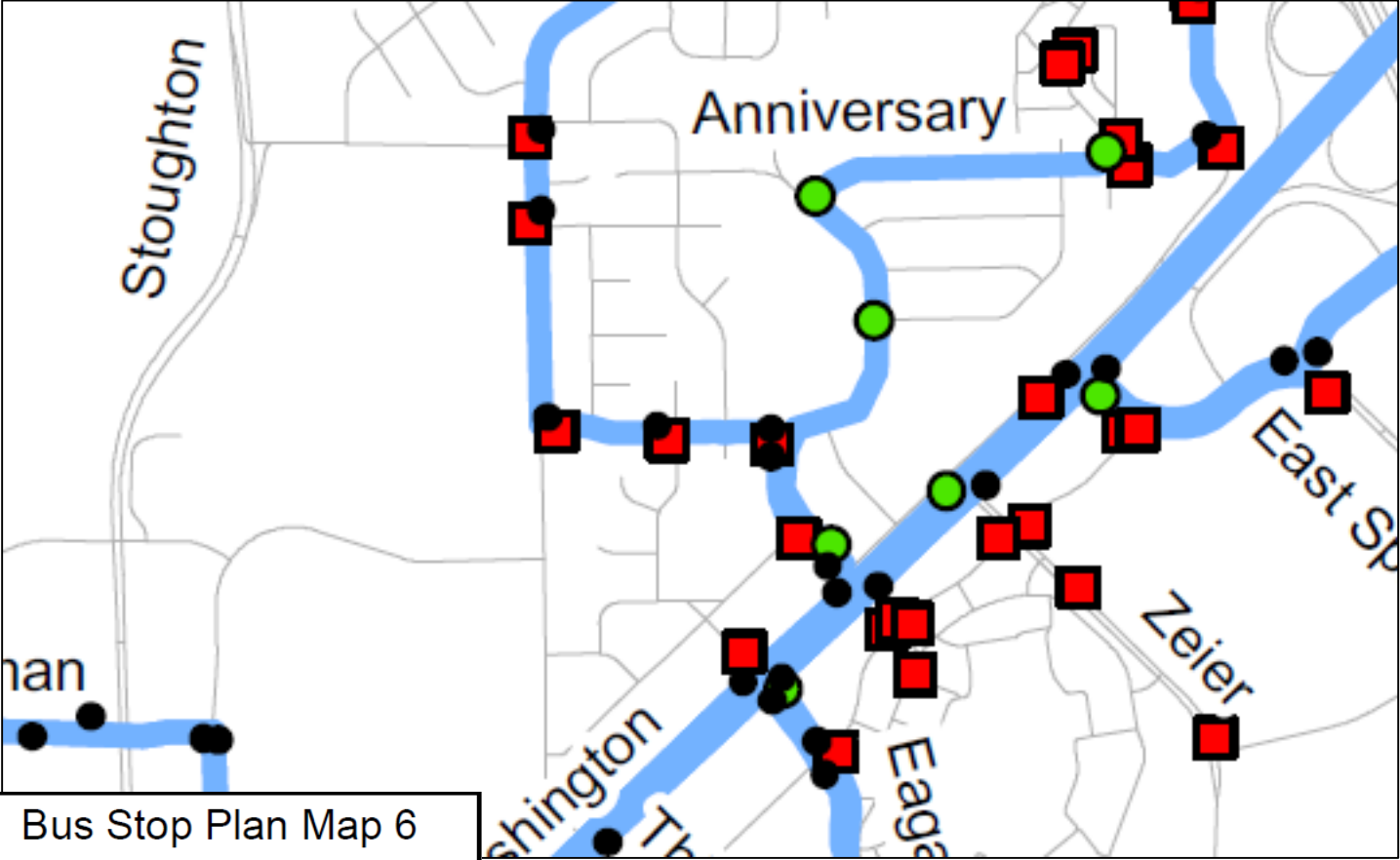
# Draft Bus Stop Locations

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- On streets with existing Metro routes, current stops will generally be used.
- On streets with new service, stop spacing guidelines of about  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile between stops will be used.
  - New bus stops will be strategically placed near high quality street crossings and popular destinations



# Draft Bus Stop Locations



**Bus Stop Plan Map 6**

- Planned route
- Existing bus stop, no change
- Existing bus stop to close
- New bus stop

0 0.25 0.5 1  
Miles

Estimated:  
153 new bus stops  
867 closed bus stops  
1,217 unaffected bus stops

Does not include Sun Prairie or Monona

# Title VI Results

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- Full equity analysis and summary available on our website
- [www.Mymetrobus.com/Redesign](http://www.Mymetrobus.com/Redesign)

# Title VI Results

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- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibits Metro Transit from discriminating on the basis of race, color, and national origin
- Required “Service Equity Analysis” for major service changes
- Consistent with City goals and practices

# Title VI Results

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## Key analysis checks:

- BIPOC residents benefit from the changes as much as White residents.
- Low-income neighborhoods benefit as much as other neighborhoods.
- Any service cuts do not harm one group any more than others.
  - No disparate impacts or disproportionate burdens

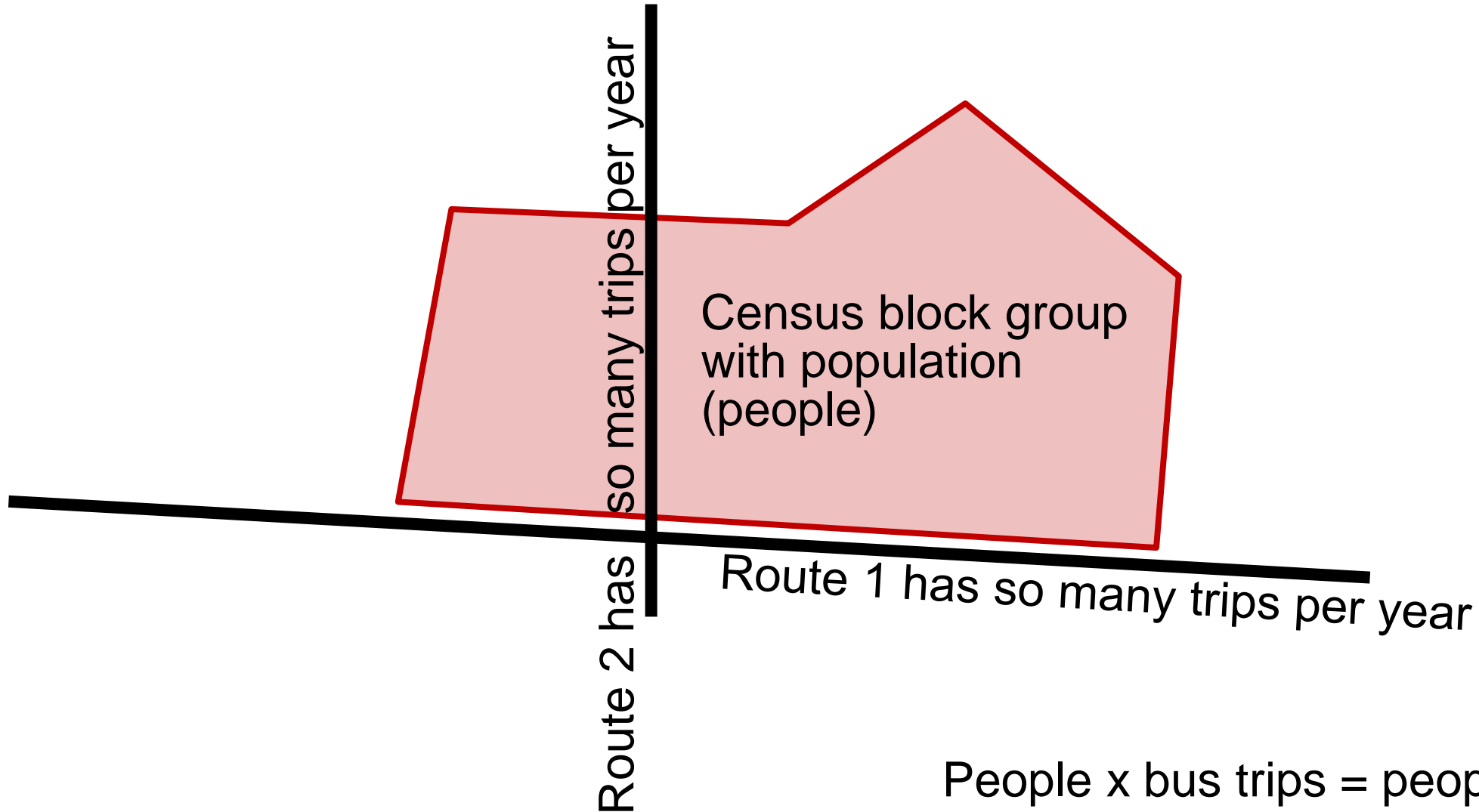
# Title VI Results

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- Service Equity Analysis looks at people in general.
- It categorizes all people as “low-income”, “non-low-income”, “minority”, and “non-minority”. These are federal guidelines.
- These broad conclusions are true for people as a whole. They are not necessarily true for individuals.

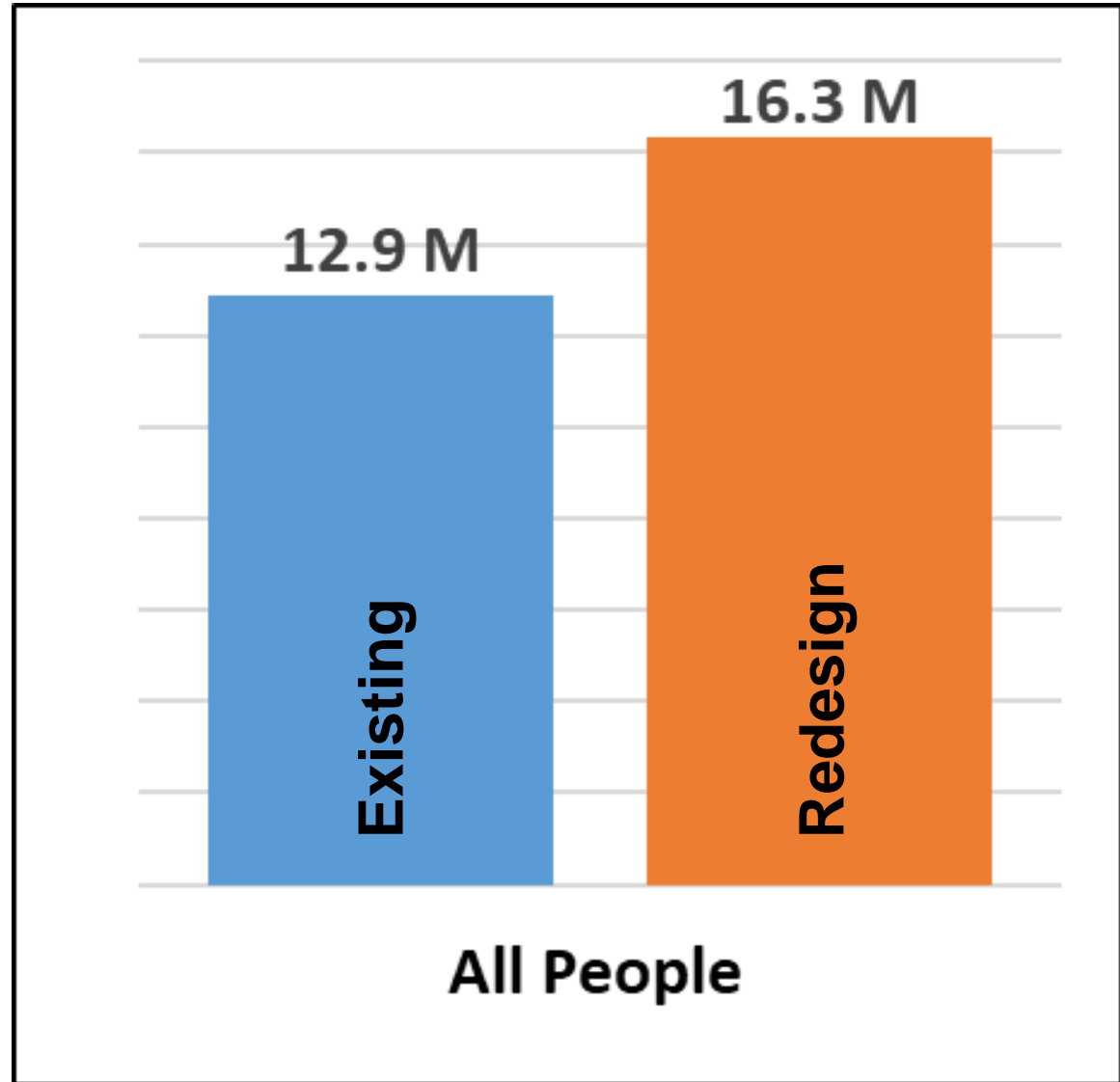


# Measure 1 – Service Quantity



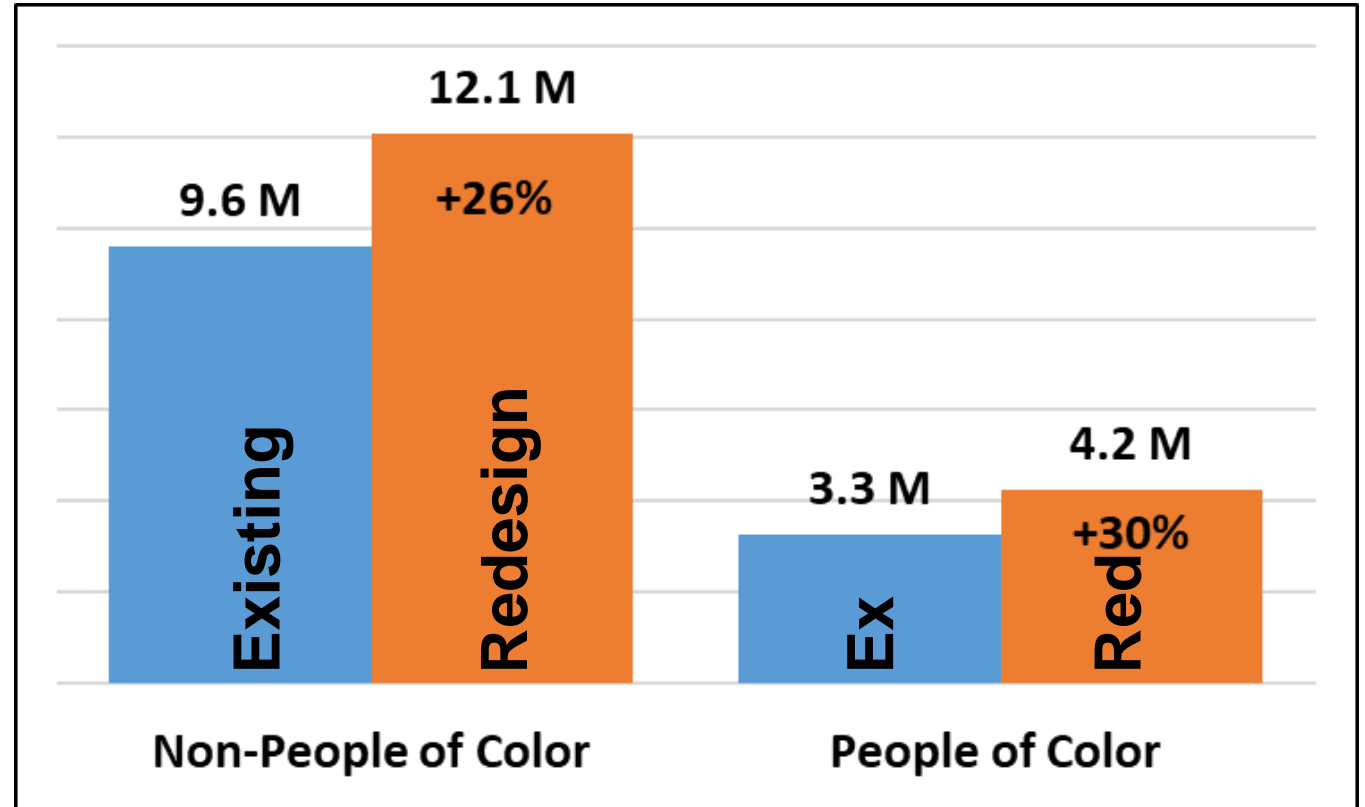
# Service Quantity

- The Transit Network Redesign network provides 27% more service than the existing network.



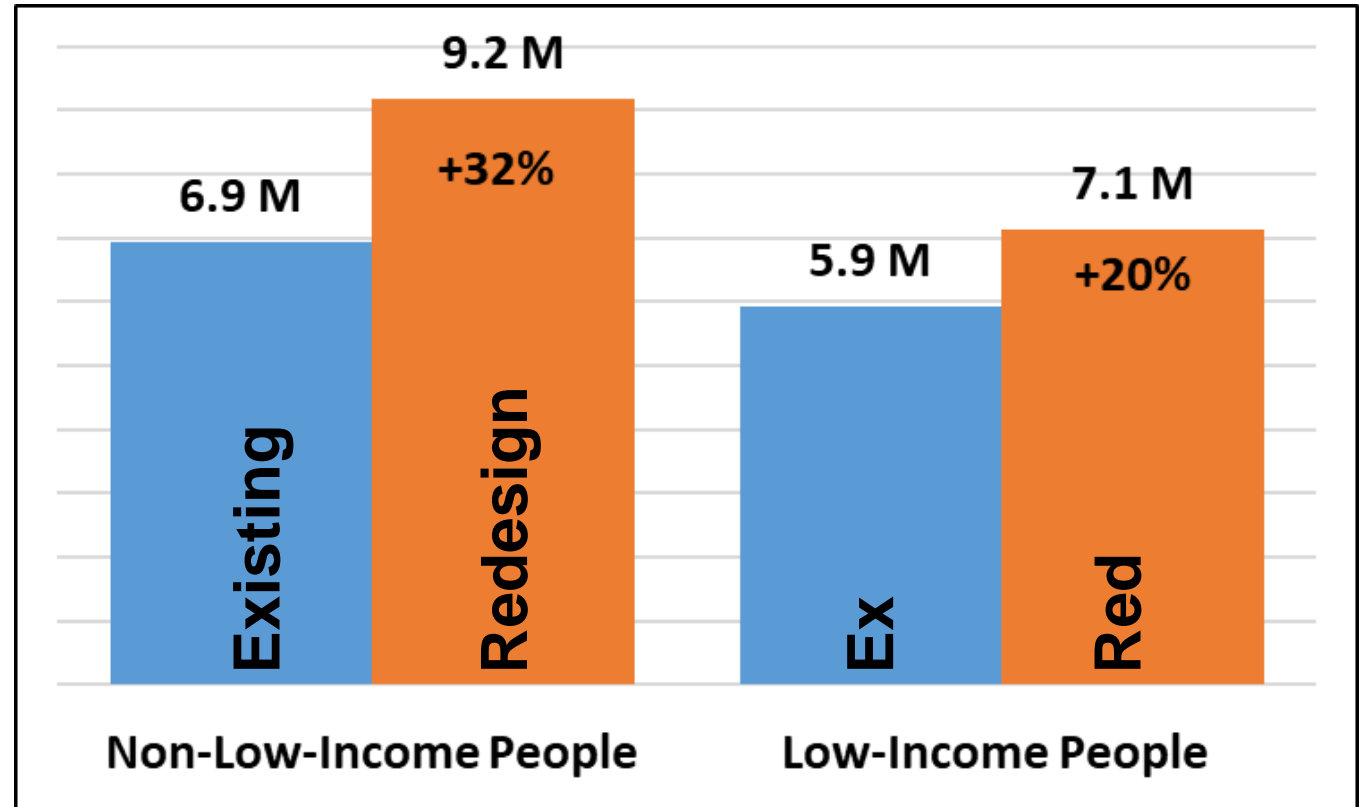
# Service Quantity – BIPOC

- While both BIPOC and white residents see more service with the Transit Network Redesign, BIPOC residents benefit as much or more.



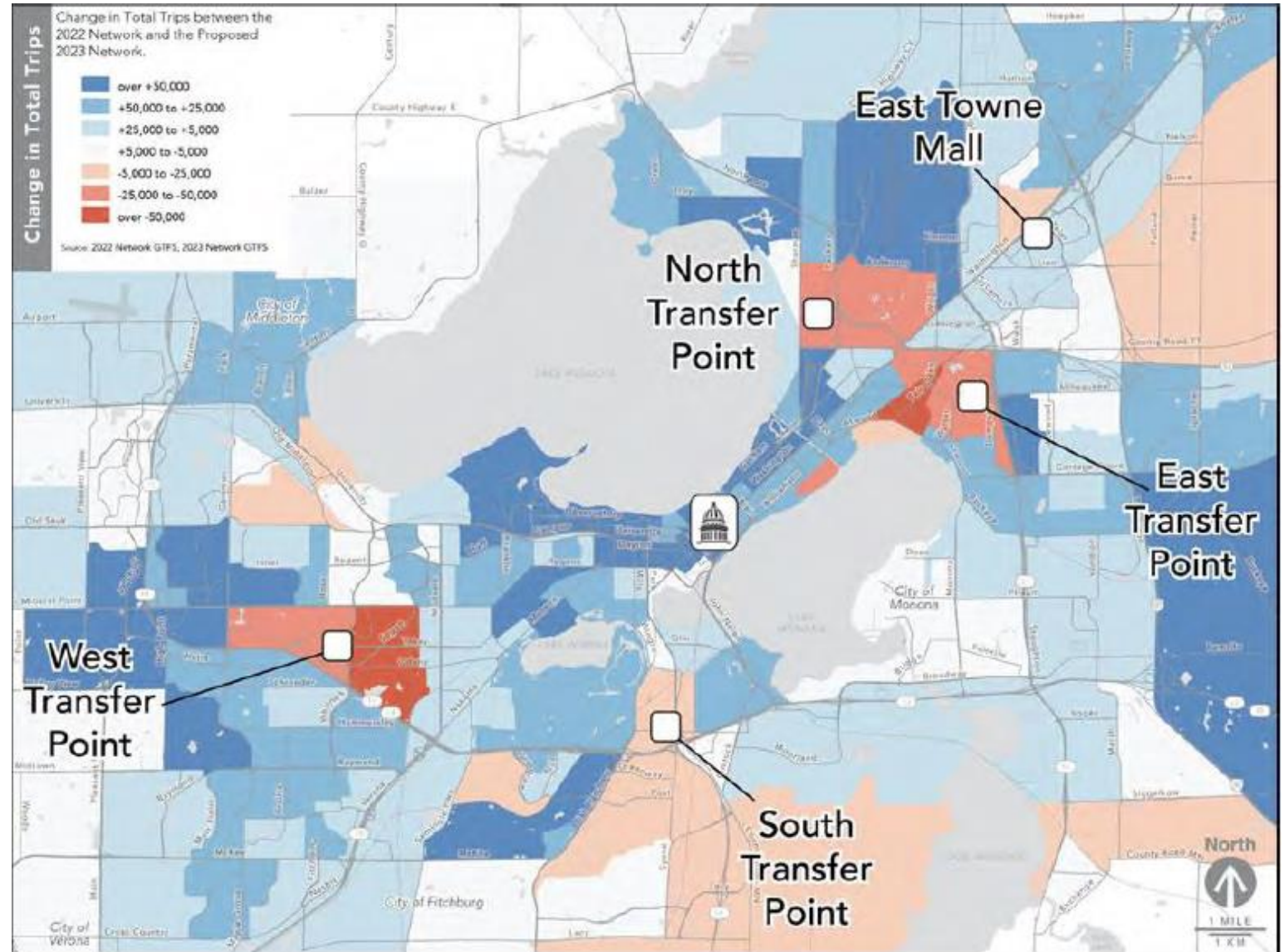
# Service Quantity – Low-Income People

- While both low-income and non-low-income residents see more service with the Transit Network Redesign, low-income residents do not benefit as much.



# Service Quantity – Low-Income People

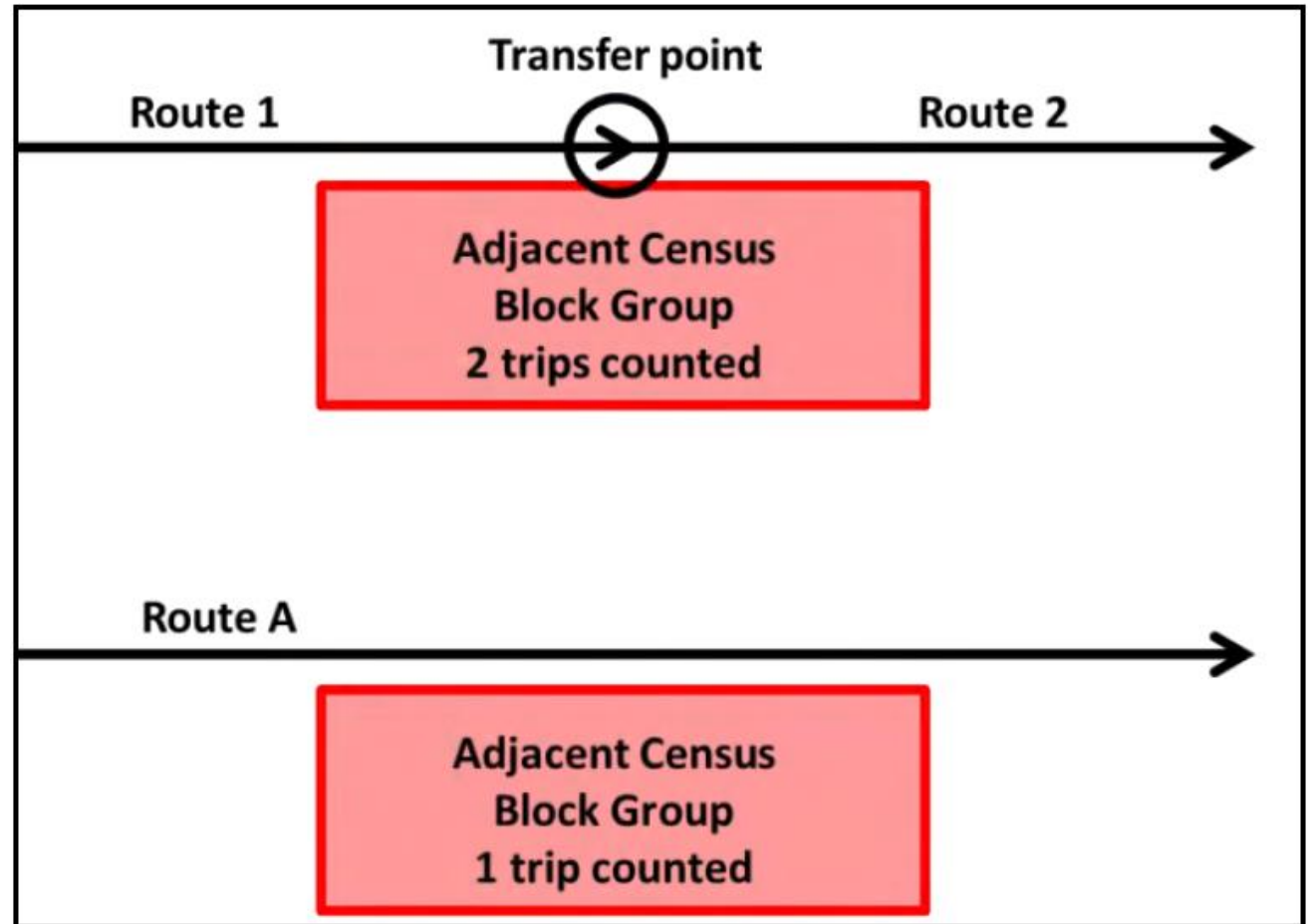
- Most people who see a reduction in service quantity live near the transfer points





# Service Quantity – Low-Income People

- Service in the existing network is being double counted because routes start and end near transfer points
- This double counting is not present in the Transit Network Redesign network

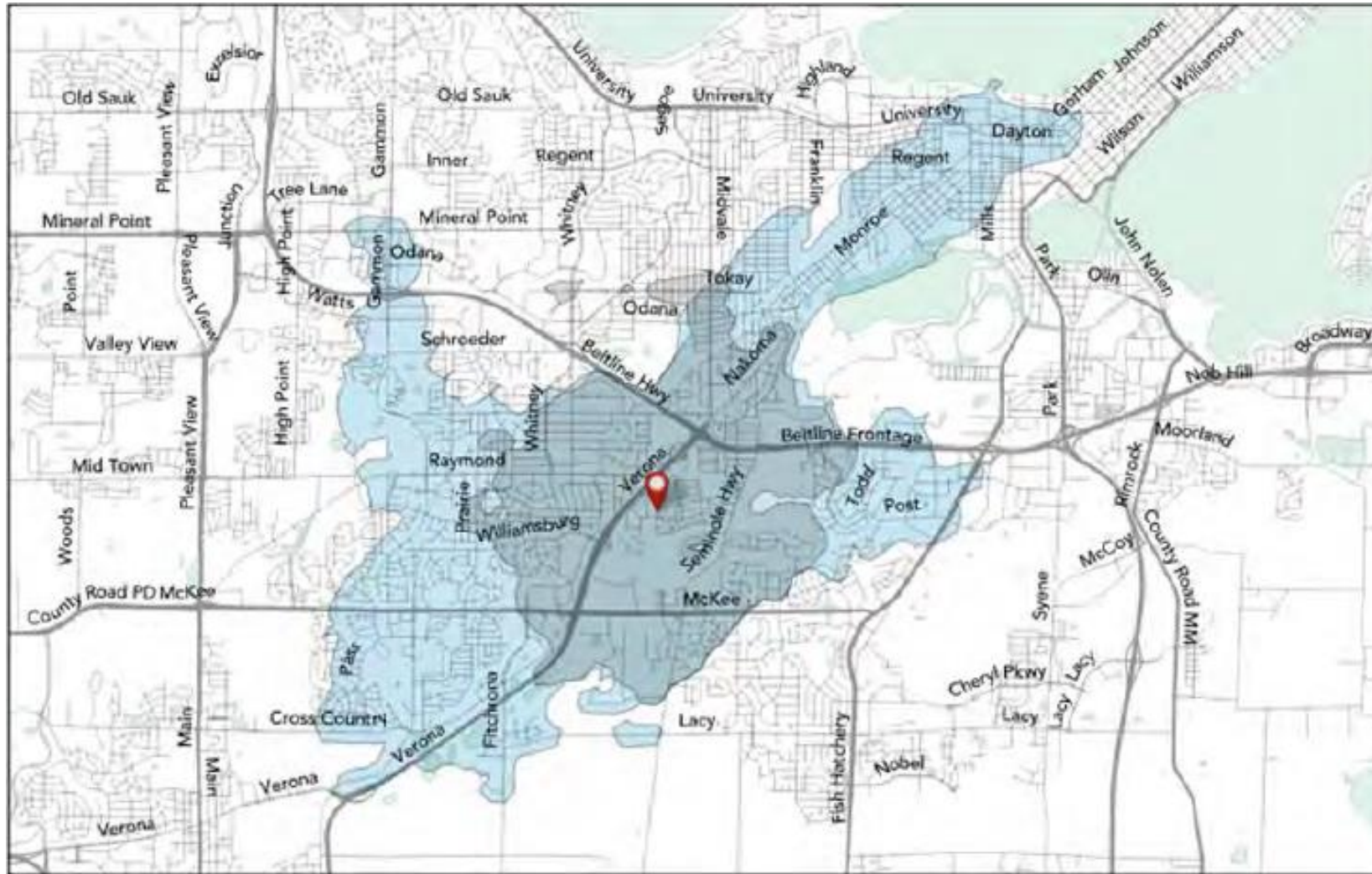


# Service Quantity – Low-Income People

## Conclusion:

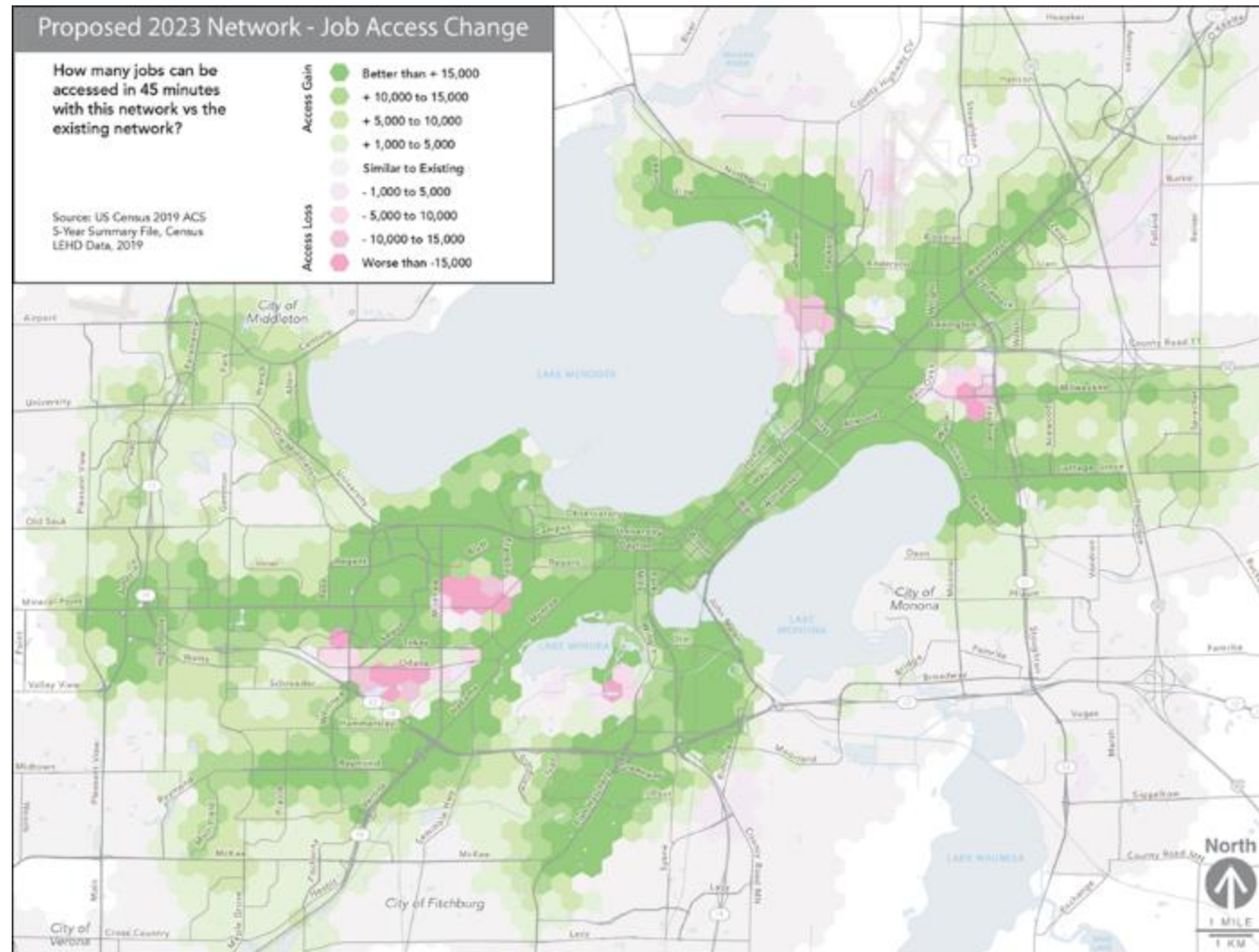
- Additional service in the current network near the transfer points is not as useful as it looks:
  - Only useful if you happen to live within walking distance of them
  - Added travel time due to routes waiting there not accounted for
  - Trips are double counted because routes start and end there
- Low-income residents benefit from the Redesign, however it is not clear if they benefit more, less, or about the same as non-low-income people.

# Measure 2 – Transit Access



How many destination can a person reach in 45 minutes by transit

# Measure 2 – Transit Access



Jobs is a data source that we have, that is a stand-in for destinations

# Transit Access – Low-Income People

	Approx. Population	Median Access to Jobs within 45 minutes, door-to-door, using transit			
		Existing Network	Network Redesign	Change	
All Residents	352,000	10,400	20,200	+9,800	+94%
Non-Low Income	270,000	8,400	15,700	+7,300	+87%
Low-Income	71,000	34,900	67,200	+32,200	+92%

- While both low-income people and non-low-income people see improved transit access with the Transit Network Redesign, low-income people benefit more.



# Transit Access – BIPOC

	Approx. Population	Median access to Jobs within 45 minutes, door-to-door, using transit			
		Existing Network	Network Redesign	Change	
All Residents	352,000	10,400	20,200	+9,800	+94%
Non-Minority White non-Hispanic	261,000	10,100	19,200	+9,100	+90%
Minority All people of color	91,000	11,000	23,600	+12,600	+115%

- While both BIPOC residents and white residents see improved transit access with the Transit Network Redesign, BIPOC residents benefit significantly more.



# Supplemental Analysis

- Additional analysis was done beyond what is required for a Title VI Service Equity Analysis.

# Access by Race

	Approx. Population	Median access to Jobs within 45 minutes, door-to-door, using transit			
		Existing Network	Network Redesign	Change	
White non-Hispanic	261,000	10,100	19,200	+9,100	+90%
Asian non-Hispanic	27,000	16,200	31,000	+14,800	+91%
Hispanic	27,000	10,000	22,000	+12,000	+120%
Black non-Hispanic	24,000	9,800	19,200	+9,400	+96%
Two or More Races non-Hispanic	10,000	8,500	18,200	+9,700	+114%
Native American/Alaska Native * non-Hispanic	1,500 *	9,800	18,300	+8,500	+87%
Other * non-Hispanic	< 1,000 *	7,500	14,700	+7,200	+96%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander * non-Hispanic	< 200 *	4,100	4,900	+800	+20%

\* Populations are considered too small for a reliable analysis.

# Transit Access – People with Low English Proficiency

	Approx. Population	Access to Jobs within 45 minutes, door-to-door, using transit			
		Existing Network	Network Redesign	Change	
All Residents	352,000	10,400	20,200	+9,800	+94%
Limited English Proficiency	14,000	11,200	20,400	+9,200	+87%

- People with low English proficiency may experience a smaller benefit than the average resident. However, there is a high margin of error, and the difference is small.

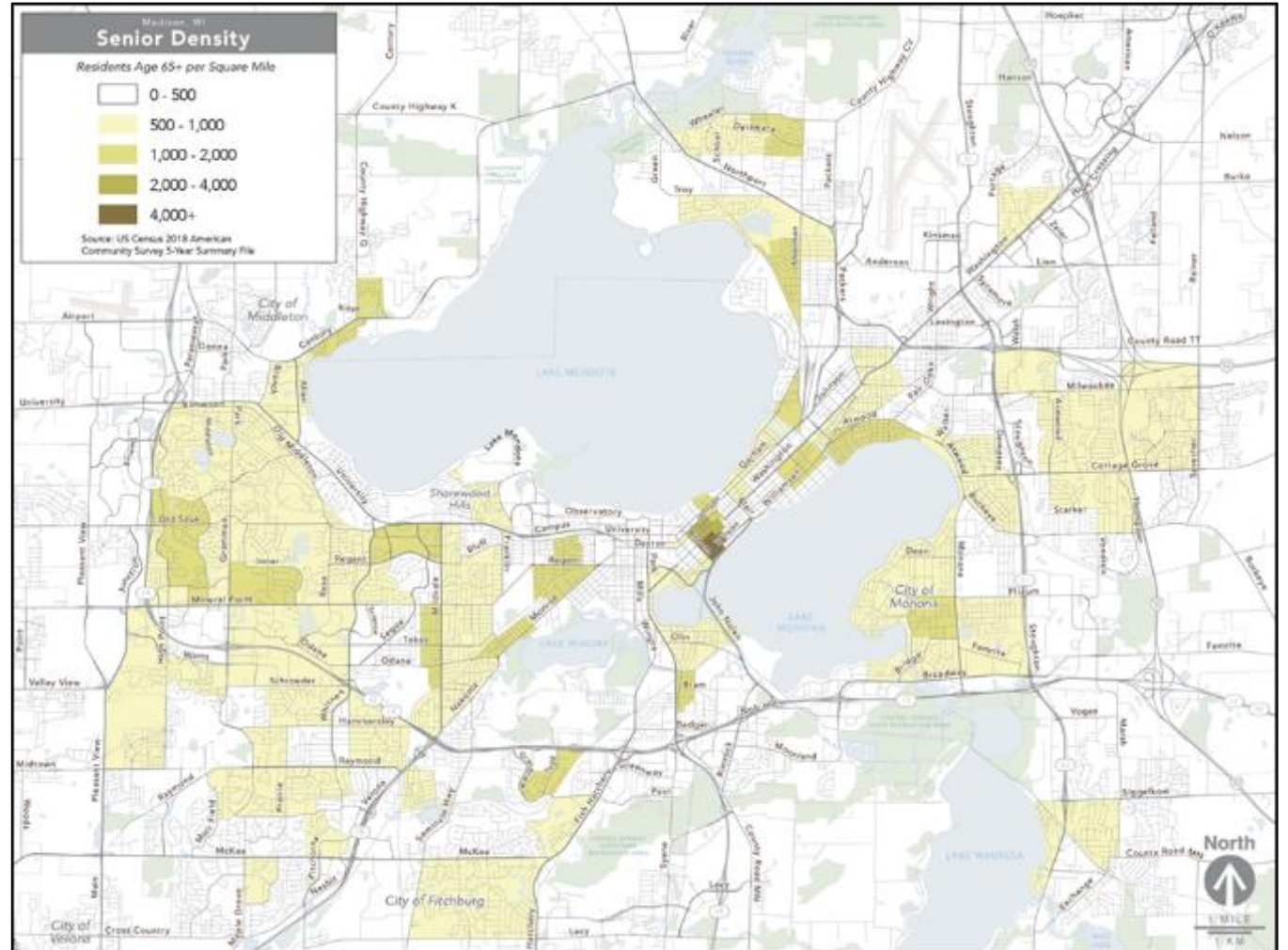
# Transit Access – Older Adults

	Approx. Population	Access to Jobs within 45 minutes, door-to-door, using transit			
		Existing Network	Redesigned Network	Change	
All Residents	352,000	10,400	20,200	+9,800	+94%
Seniors (65+)	43,000	8,100	14,700	+6,600	+81%

- Older adults may experience a smaller benefit than the average resident.

# Transit Access – Older Adults

- Older adults are more likely to live in low-density single-family homes.
- Improving service to older adults would be possible, but at odds with improving service to low-income people and BIPOC residents.



# Transit Access – People with Disabilities

	Approx. Population	Access to Jobs within 45 minutes, door-to-door, using transit			
		Existing Network	Network Redesign	Change	
All Residents measured at the Block Group Level	352,000	10,400	20,200	+9,800	+94%
People with Disabilities measured at the Census Tract level	29,000	9,000	16,800	+7,800	+87%

- People with disabilities may experience a smaller benefit than the average resident. However, there is a high margin of error, and the difference is small.



# Transit Access – People with Disabilities

- Census data on where people with disabilities live is much less accurate than data on other residents.
- Data also does not show exactly where people with disabilities live, type of disabilities, or how someone's disability affects how they are able to reach a bus stop or use the bus
- No paratransit area is lost with the Transit Network Redesign, some areas will gain new access to paratransit service.

# Qualitative Analysis

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- Other factors that can be considered to interpret the analysis, or describe other ways people will be benefited or impacted.
- Describes steps to mitigate any possible impacts.

# Qualitative Analysis

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- **Shifting service from peak periods to all day**
  - Makes it easier for people to travel off-peak, especially to destinations that are not downtown.
- **More consistent and usable routes**
  - The current and past transit networks were very confusing. Making the service easier to understand and use means that new riders will find it more useful.

# Qualitative Analysis

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- **The amendment process**

- Metro used an amendment process to the plan to make changes transparent and directly address shortcomings in the draft plan. Example amendments introduced Routes L and O to directly address the needs of the community.

- **Shifting to more direct routes with more frequent service**

- The overall outcome of the plan addresses long-standing complaints about the system. It simply takes too long to travel by Metro.

# A Survey of People with Disabilities

- Metro conducted a survey of people with disabilities. A summary of their responses are below.
  - Concerns about walking farther, crossing the streets, and in winter
  - Concerns about the affordability and availability of paratransit
  - Desire for more benches, shelters, and other amenities
  - Having bus stops as close to their homes and destinations as possible
  - Usability for blind people and people with neurological disorders
- Specific concerns that have been directly addressed by the amendment process in the final plan

# Title VI – Conclusion

- Metro Transit staff recommends enacting the Transit Network Redesign plan with the adjustments described.



# Transit Network Redesign

**Public Hearing**

**Madison Transportation Commission**

**[www.MyMetroBus.com/Redesign](http://www.MyMetroBus.com/Redesign)**

**[MetroRedesign@cityofmadison.com](mailto:MetroRedesign@cityofmadison.com)**