BUILDING FORM	E	SE	SEC	EC	Ħ	IG
Small Multi-Family Building	1	1		✓		
Large Multi-Family Building	1	1		1		
Civic or Institutional Building	✓	1	√	1		
Liner Building	1	1	1	1	1	1
Podium Building	✓	1	✓	1	1.	
Flex Building	✓	✓	1	1	√	1
Free-Standing Commercial Building	✓	✓	1	1	1	1
Parking Building	1	1	1	✓	1	V
Industrial Building	1	1	1	1	✓	✓

28.084 TRADITIONAL EMPLOYMENT DISTRICT.

(1) <u>Statement of Purpose</u>.

The TE District is established to encourage a broad range of employment activities, taking advantage of the varied transportation options and proximity to urban activities and cultural amenities found in many Traditional Employment locations. Residential uses are of secondary importance. The district is also intended to:

- (a) Encourage businesses with the potential to provide significant numbers of living-wage jobs that contribute to a sustainable economy and a strong tax base.
- (b) Support the continued use or adaptive re-use of traditional industrial buildings for a variety of purposes.
- (c) Facilitate preservation, development or redevelopment consistent with the adopted goals, objectives, policies, and recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan and adopted neighborhood, corridor or special area plans.
- (2) <u>Permitted and Conditional Uses.</u>

See Table 28F-1 for a complete list of allowed uses within the employment districts.

(3) <u>Dimensional Requirements, Permitted and Conditional Uses.</u>
Requirements represent minimums unless otherwise noted. Dimensions are in feet unless otherwise noted.

Traditional Employment District				
Lot area (sq. ft.)	6,000			
Lot area (for exclusive residential use)	2000 sq. ft./unit			
Lot width	50			
Front yard setback	None (see frontage requirements)			
Side yard setback:	Minimum side yard required in the adjacent			
Where buildings abut residentially-zoned lots	residential district			
at side lot line.	·			
Side yard setback: for exclusive residential	5 ft.: 1 story			
use	6 ft.: 2 or more stories			
Side yard setback: other cases (i.e. infill	None unless needed for access			
between party wall storefront buildings)				

Traditional Employment District			
Rear yard setback	Lesser of 20% lot depth or 20		
Maximum lot coverage	85%		
Minimum height	22, measured to building cornice		
Maximum height	5 stories/68		
· .	See (c) below		
Usable open space - residential only	20 sq. ft./bedroom		

(Am. by ORD-14-00003, 1-14-14; ORD-14-00133, 8-13-14; ORD-14-00169, 12-3-14; ORD-17-00054, 6-19-17)

- (a) (Rep. by ORD-17-00054, 6-19-17)
- (b) Rear or Side Yard Height Transitions to Adjacent Residential Districts. Where the TE District abuts a residential district, building height at the rear or side yard setback line shall not exceed two (2) stories/twenty-five (25) feet. From this point, building height may increase at a ratio of one foot of rise to one foot of horizontal distance away from the property line, (a 45° angle) up to the maximum allowed height. (Am. by ORD-14-00131, 8-13-14)
- (c) Additional Height. Building heights exceeding the maximum height may be allowed with conditional use approval. (Cr. by ORD-13-00007, 1-15-13)

(4) Site Standards.

The following standards apply to new buildings and additions exceeding fifty percent (50%) of the original building's floor area.

(a) Parking Placement. Parking shall not be placed between the plane of the front facade of a building and the abutting street. In addition, for buildings at corner locations, surface parking shall not be placed between the plane of a side facade of the building and an abutting street, in the area from said street back to a point marking fifty percent (50%) of the total building depth. These provisions do not apply when the building being enlarged is an existing landmark building or a contributing building in a historic district.

(b) For the Single-Family Attached, Small Multi-Family, Large Multi-Family and Courtyard Multi-Family Building Forms, parking shall be located behind or beside each building, below the building, or in a common parking court in the interior of a

Figure F1: Parking Placement on Corner Properties

block. If located on the side of the building, surface or structured parking shall occupy no more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the frontage along the primary abutting street. For Large Multi-Family Buildings, structured parking at ground level shall not be visible from the front facade of the building.

- (c) For all Building Forms other than (b) above, parking shall be located to the rear or side of the principal building.
- (d) <u>Loading</u>. All loading shall be from the rear or side of the building, but not facing an arterial street. Loading docks may be located in the rear yard, or a side yard facing a street that is internal to a TE district.

- (e) Entrance Orientation. Primary building entrances on all new buildings shall be oriented to the primary abutting public street. The entrance shall have a functional door. Additional, secondary entrances may be oriented to a secondary street or parking area. Entries shall be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and delineated with elements such as roof overhangs, recessed entries, landscaping, or similar design features. Barrier-free entrances are encouraged.
- (f) Notwithstanding (a), for lots abutting a street on three (3) or more sides, a maximum of twelve (12) parking stalls but no more than fifty percent (50%) of the total surface parking spaces may be located between the front facade and the street. These spaces shall be oriented to customers and visitors. (Cr. by ORD-14-00069, 4-16-14)

(Sec. 28.084(4) Am. by ORD-13-00193, 11-26-13)

- (5) Site Standards: New and Existing Development.
 - (a) All business activities shall be conducted within completely enclosed buildings, except:
 - 1. Off-street parking and off-street loading.
 - 2. Outdoor display and outdoor storage.
 - 3. Temporary outdoor events.
 - 4. Outdoor eating, cooking, and service areas associated with food and beverage establishments. (Am. by ORD-13-00178, 10-23-13)
 - 5. Agricultural activities.
 - 6. Vehicle access sales and service windows.
 - 7. Solar energy systems and wind energy systems.
 - 8. Bicycle-sharing facilities.
 - 9. Farmers' markets.
 - 10. Composting.
 - 11. Auto service stations.
 - 12. Outdoor recreation.
 - (b) Outside storage shall be effectively screened with screening between six (6) and eight (8) feet in height. Storage shall not exceed the height of the screening. Storage and loading areas shall be screened from direct view from the street, including views down access driveways.

28.085 SUBURBAN EMPLOYMENT DISTRICT.

(1) Statement of Purpose.

The SE District is established to encourage a broad range of employment activities, including limited industrial uses conducted within enclosed buildings, while also encouraging shared access, improved landscaping and site design, and bicycle and pedestrian facilities. The district is also intended to:

- (a) Encourage the integration of complementary employment and related uses in an attractive and pedestrian-oriented environment.
- (b) Discourage proliferation of highway-oriented commercial uses that reduce the land area available for development or expansion of employment uses.
- (c) Facilitate preservation, development or redevelopment consistent with the adopted goals, objectives, policies, and recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan and adopted neighborhood, corridor or special area plans.
- (2) Permitted and Conditional Uses.
 - See Table 28F-1 for a complete list of allowed uses within the employment districts.
- (3) <u>Dimensional Requirements, Permitted and Conditional Uses.</u>

 Requirements represent minimums unless otherwise noted. Dimensions are in feet unless otherwise noted.