## The Natural Step City of Madison





### What is Sustainability?

"Sustainable Development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs."



United Nations 1987 Brundtland Report - Our Common Future

#### A Sustainable City:

- Balances environment, economy and social good
- Recognizes a healthy environment underpins economic and social well-being



### Madison's Impacts on the Environment

### The City's domain:

- 750 miles of streets
- 3.7 million sq ft of office and buildings
- 54 million kWh of electricity and 1.3 million therms of natural gas
- 60,000 tons of garbage and recycling
- · 6,000 acres of parks
- $\bullet$  2.3 million gallons of fuel for buses and fleet



City government — as both consumer and steward of our environment and its resources — must incorporate the principles of sustainability to ensure the needs of tomorrow can be met.

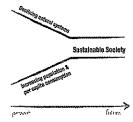
### What is The Natural Step?

- Initially formulated in 1989 by Dr. Karl-Henrik Robert, The Natural Step (or TNS) identifies basic scientific principles that act as a framework to help us think about the environmental impact of City programs and projects.
- Provides a common language and systems thinking framework for analyzing the long-term impact of City facilities and operations, and will help us to make greater progress toward sustainability.
- · Adopted by the City in 2005.
- · Initial training for staff in 2006.

### Key Elements of TNS

- · Funnel metaphor
- · Four System Conditions
- · Strategic Planning Framework
- · ABCD / Backcasting

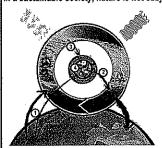
### The Funnel as a Metaphor



- As time goes by, population growth and consumer habits increase the demand on natural resources and the environment.
- At the same time, the capacity of natural systems to accommodate that demand is shrinking.
- The convergence of these two realities will restrict our options.
- In a sustainable society, these two pressures are stabilized or even reversed.

### TNS System Conditions for A Sustainable Society

In a sustainable society, nature is not subject to systematically increasing:



- O concentrations of substances extracted from the earth's crust
- ② concentrations of substances produced by society
- 3 degradation by physical means and, in that society...
- people are not subject to conditions that systematically undermine their capacity to meet their needs or the needs of future generations.

Slide provided by TNS Canada

### Sustainability - a syst perspective

### Matter & energy do not disappear

- Matter and energy can only be transformed. (Newton's 1st Law of Thermodynamics-Conservation of Matter and Energy)
- The earth is a closed system with respect to
- Energy enters the system as solar energy, leaves as heat radiation.

### i.e. nothing disappears

- Earth has same mass as 4.5.billion years ago
- carbon in your body in dinosaur
- fuel in your car doesn't disappear

### Sustainability - a syst perspective

### Matter & energy tend to disperse

- All processes irreversibly disperse matter (an into ever more chaotic states.
- Newton's 2nd Law of Thermodynamics (Law of Entropy)

### i.e. everything disperses

car to rust, carpet to dust, ink in water, etc





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### Ecosystem Services are the <u>processes</u> by which the environment produces resources

- Provisioning Resources
   Foods (seafood/game)
- Regulating Resources
- Regulating Resource
   Nutrient dispersal
- Supporting Resources
   Purifying air and water
- Cultural Resources
   Spiritual, intellectual, recreational inspiration
- Preserving Resources
   Biodiversity
- Ecosystems are threatened by many human activitiestoxic runoff, non-native species, over-harvesting, erosion, sprawl, pollution
- Ecosystem Services have financial value
- Our future depends on wise eco-choices.

## Sustainability – Human needs are Respected in a sustainable society



### TNS System Conditions for A Sustainable Society

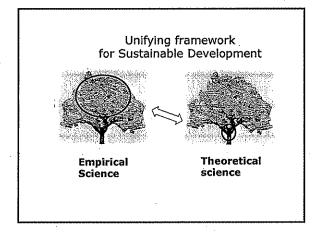
In a sustainable society, nature is not subject to systematically increasing:

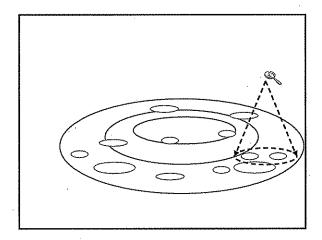


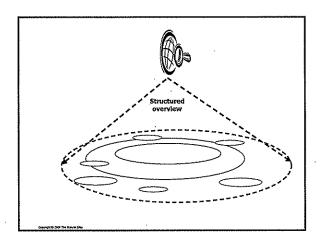
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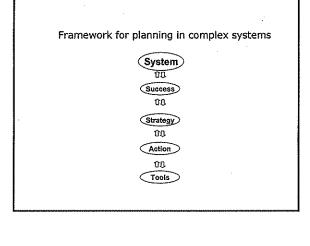
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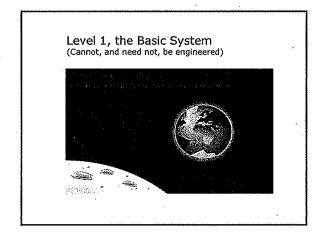
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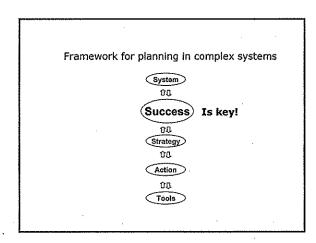


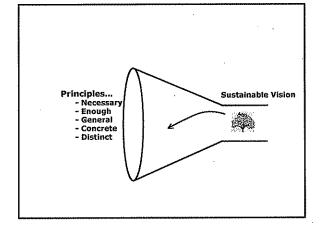












### Level 2, basic sustainability principles

In the Sustainable Society, Nature is not subject to systematically increasing...

- 1 ...concentrations of substances from the Earth's crust.
- 2 ...concentrations of substances produced by society.
- 3 ...degradation by physical means.
- 4 ... people are not subject to conditions that systematically undermine their capacity to meet their needs or the needs of future generations.

Framework for planning in complex systems

System III.

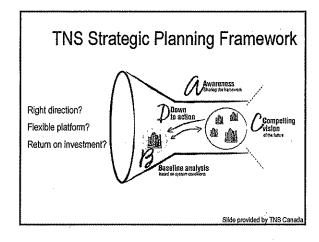
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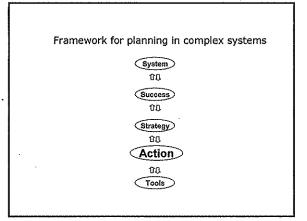
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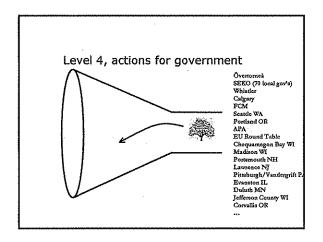
Action

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Tools







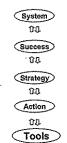
### Top 10 List for 2007

- Identifying Energy Wasters in City facilities.
- Install solar and/or wind power at City facilities.
- Green cleaning supplies and services.
- Zoning code rewrite (RFQ and RFQ).
- Bio-diesel pllot project for City Engineering vehicles.
- Reduce fuel consumption and emissions of fleet vehicles and Metro buses.
- 7. Metro Garage door.
- 8. Metro bus wash and vacuum.
- Commuting incentives for City employees.
- Energy saving strategies and policies for public housing in the City.

### Top 10 List for 2008

- Solar Energy for Madison
- 2. Zero Waste Initiative
- 3. Olbrich Botanical Gardens Green Team
- Paper Reduction Initiative: Planning Department
- 5. Green Purchasing Policies: Green Office Initiative
- 6. Green Purchasing Policies: Green Electronics Initiative
- 7. Green Fleet initiatives
- 8. Data Center Energy Reduction
- Lower Impact Lawn
   Maintenance
- Automated Work Order System for Forestry

Framework for planning in complex systems





### Level 5, tools

### Conclusions:

- · Many good tools and concepts
- · Different strengths and gaps
- None can replace structured systems perspective
- A framework increases the value of concepts and tools
- Don't wait for tools get going!
- · Select tools as needed

Robert, K.-H., Schmidt-Bieck, B., Akidi de Larderel, J., Basile, G., Jansen, L., Kuchr, R., Prica Thomas, P. Suzulé, M., Hawken, P., and Wackernagel, M. 2001. Strategia sustainable development – aclection, design and synergies of applied tools ~. The Journal of Cleaner Production, 10 (2002) 197-214.

# A Proposal: Review paper packets and determine if there is a better way to deliver information.

Will other options provide:
The same quality of information for decision making
Less energy consumption
Lower per page and annual printing costs
Less wasted paper
More convenience for commissioners
More time for staff to focus on issues

What are your thoughts?
What exemptions should be made?

## TNS Strategic Planning Framework Right direction? Flexible platform? Return on investment? Slide provided by TNS Canada

### A is for Awareness sharing the framework

### Printer Project

- Sustainability a priority for City
- Staff who identified this problem had been trained in The Natural
- Offices using many small printers or all different makes and models, needing different accessories
- Lots of printing being done, much of it on one side of the paper

### Commission Packets

- Identify the problem: packets often contain over 100 pages
- Staff initiative to study the problem, project team identified, charter
- 4/30/08 introduce the project and the survey to Plan Commission
- 5/19/08 training for Plan Commission members in The Natural Step framework for analyzing the problem

### B is for Baseline Analysis using the system conditions

### Printer Project

- Over \$100,000 per year spent on
- toner and cartridges of many types Desktop cost/page is triple the cost on networked printer
- Desktop printers are slow
- Paper is only 1/10th the total cost of printing, copying, etc
- Information Services staff servicing many different models of printers

### Commission Packets

- Who gets them, in what form?
- What do other commissions do?
- How do commissioners use the materials in their packets (survey)?
- Cost of producing each packet (printer, paper, time)
- · Cost of delivering packets

### C is for Compelling Vision of the future we desire

### Printer Project

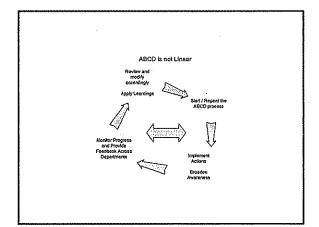
- Reduce number and types of printers
  Use only energy efficient printers, and ones that can be re-cycled at the end of their useful life Make more efficient use of printers
- Ensure staff needs are met

### Commission Packets

- Provide the highest quality information to support decision-making requirements of Plan
- Provide quality information in the most efficient format
- Reduce energy, time and resource costs of providing this information

### D is for Deployment getting "down to action"

- · Analyze Baseline Information and identify alternatives
- Analyze which alternatives move us toward sustainability by testing each using The Natural Step system conditions
- Analyze which alternatives provide a flexible platform for future choices
- Analyze the return on investment of each alternative
  - Environmental
  - Financi
- Test alternatives
- Change the procedure when a suitable alternative is chosen



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### Discussion

- · Survey Responses
- · Members' Ideas
- · Next Steps

## To ensure we are moving toward sustainability, the City will take the following steps to improve on these system conditions:

- Because resources like fossil fuels, metals and minerals are finite and damage our environment if allowed to accumulate, the City will reduce its consumption of materials extracted from the Earth's crust.
- Because the accumulation of pesticides, fertilizers and other persistent chemicals are harmful to people and the environment, the City will reduce its dependence on these kinds of synthetic chemicals.

### To ensure we are moving toward sustainability, the City will take the following steps:

- Because ecosystems take a long time to recover from physical destruction (if they can at all), the City will mitigate its impact through wise land use policies, lowimpact maintenance practices and environmentally friendly design.
- 4. Because our community will not be truly sustainable unless our residents are healthy, safe and prospering, the City will continue to pursue policies and actions that minimize the barriers that get in the way of residents ability to meet their basic needs.

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### Using many of the basic principles of TNS, the City will use a strategic planning framework to:

- Work to increase awareness of sustainability among its staff and management. This will provide us with a common language and keep all of us thinking about the impact we have during the course of our daily tasks.
- B) Take an inventory of current efforts that make progress toward sustainability and be frank about areas that need improvement. We will enhance our current efforts and identify additional improvements.
- C) Formulate vision of what sustainability means for the City and identify long-term goals necessary to achieve that vision.

## Using many of the basic principles of TNS, the City will:

- D) Incorporate the awareness and terminology of sustainability into our budget decisions, program administration and project development.
   To achieve this, we will ask questions of relevant projects or policies like:
- Does this help move the City toward sustainability (even if incrementally)?
- Will elements of this project serve as a potential stepping stone toward other changes or initiatives?
- Will increased implementation costs yield savings in the long-run or provide a social or environmental return on investment?

### **Three Magic Questions**

- Does your organization have a definition of Sustainability?
- What is, with reference to this definition, your gap to Sustainability?
- What are you doing, at the strategic level of the organization, to bridge that gap?

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### Some Additional Resources

- Mayor's website
   <a href="http://www.cityofinadison.com/mayor/Natural.html">http://www.cityofinadison.com/mayor/Natural.html</a>
   Karl van Lith 266-9037 <a href="https://www.cityofinadison.com">kvanlith@cityofinadison.com</a>
- Jeanne Hoffman 266-4091 jhoffman@cityofmadison.com


### NATURAL STEP & SUSTAINABILITY RESOURCES

The Natural Step, international website is <u>www.tns.org</u> and links to country-based organizations. See <u>www.naturalstep.ca</u> (Canada) and <u>www.ortns.org</u> (Oregon).

City of Madison website is <a href="www.cityofmadison.com">www.cityofmadison.com</a>/Mayor's link for The Natural Step <a href="www.cityofmadison.com/mayor/Natural">www.cityofmadison.com/mayor/Natural</a>

In Wisconsin, see <a href="www.1kFriends.org">www.1kFriends.org</a> (1000 Friends of Wisconsin), and <a href="www.sustaindane.org">www.sustaindane.org</a> (Sustain Dane). The Sustainable Chequamegon Initiative can be found at <a href="www.AllianceforSustainability.org">www.AllianceforSustainability.org</a>

For The Natural Step study circle information, see www.sustaindane.org

For individual sustainability discussion courses see The Northwest Earth Institute <a href="https://www.nwei.org">www.nwei.org</a> (Voluntary Simplicity, Choices for Sustainable Living, Healthy Children Healthy Planet, Global Warming: Changing C02urse, etc.)

Toward a Sustainable Community: A\_Toolkit for Local Government <a href="http://www3.uwm.edu/Dept/shwec/publications/cabinet/reductionreuse/SustainabilityToolkit.pdf">http://www3.uwm.edu/Dept/shwec/publications/cabinet/reductionreuse/SustainabilityToolkit.pdf</a> and its accompanying list of resources at <a href="http://www3.uwm.edu/Dept/shwec/publications/cabinet/reductionreuse/SustainabilityToolkit%2">http://www3.uwm.edu/Dept/shwec/publications/cabinet/reductionreuse/SustainabilityToolkit%2</a> OLiveLinks030607.pdf

For a comprehensive plan of a sustainable community see Whistler, BC, Canada www.whistler2020.ca

For a look at how 14 Oregon business leaders are applying Natural Step principles, see <a href="http://www.passionforsustainability.com/">http://www.passionforsustainability.com/</a>

The Natural Step for Communities: How Cities and Towns can Change to Sustainable Practices, by Sarah James and Torbjörn Lahti, available at <a href="https://www.newsociety.com">www.newsociety.com</a>

The Natural Step for Business: Wealth, Ecology and the Evolutionary Corporation, by Brian Nattrass and Mary Altomare available at <a href="https://www.newsociety.com">www.newsociety.com</a>

Visit <u>www.sustainablesweden.org</u> for info on tours and sustainable projects in Sweden.

Visit <a href="http://www.hallbara.robertsfors.se/engelsk/engom\_proj.html">http://www.hallbara.robertsfors.se/engelsk/engom\_proj.html</a> to learn more about the Sustainable Robertsfors project in Sweden.



### CITY OF MADISON PROJECT CHARTER

Updated 4/21/2008 - Version 3.0

Project Name	Planning Division-staffed commission targeted paper reduction
Executive Sponsor	Brad Murphy
Project Goach/Facilitator	Nan Fey, Karl van Lith
Project Manager	Michael Waidelich & Tim Parks, Planning Division
Primary Stakeholder(s)	Plan Commission & Long Range Transportation Planning Commission. Other boards and
	commissions may be added later.

### Project Description / Statement of Work

The Planning Division would like to explore ways to reduce the amount of printed materials sent to the Plan Commission for its regular meetings twice a month and the Long Range Transportation Planning Commission once a month.

Currently, both commissions receive paper copies of all of the materials submitted for its review. For the Plan Commission, this routinely includes rezoning applications, planned unit developments, conditional uses, demolition permits, subdivisions and neighborhood plans. The printed materials equal thousands of pages each meeting, given both the amount of material being provided and how that material is provided, as well as the number of copies required for the commissions, staff and others.

### Business Case / Statement of Need (Why is this project important now?)

The reduction project provides the City with an opportunity to reduce its consumption of paper, printing materials and energy. One of the primary goals of the plan will be to reduce the quantity of printed materials in a very strategic fashion that will not result in a reduction in the quality of information being forwarded to the commissions for decision-making. Staff feels that the sheer amount of paper can be reduced while improving the flow of information to both commissions.

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Customers			tomer Needs / Requirem	
Plan Commission Information to allow the commissions to render decisions on lan				
	ansportation Planning Commis		ansportation issues throughout the	
City Staff-Plann	Ing		ce time needed to prepare and de	
Purchasing Age	ents	costs	ce Amount of paper required, end	ergy costs, postar costs, gas
Project Defi	And the state of t			
Project Goals  To reduce the materials, energy cost and time being devoted to providing the Plan Commission are Transportation Planning Commission with their routine meeting materials. In the case of the LRTP also translate into savings brought on by scaling back or eliminating the mailing of meeting materials commission.				
Project Sco	initially, the Plan Co may be added in fut		portation Planning Commission.	Other boards and commissions
Project Deliverables  Initially for the Plan Commission, reduced-sized packets containing approximately the same quality of informa currently in a more streamlined document. For the LRTPC, the same will be provided initially, with a more immorphism goal of directing members to the Legistar system to access meeting materials using personal computers.				nitially, with a more immediate
	Progress be measured?  Staff will track the size of the copies of materials being made following the changes and can compare the size revised, reduced copy sets with the sets that were previously prepared, using the number of agenda items as a baseline. (Oftentimes, the number of agenda items correlates to the size of a commission's printed materials.)  Commissions and staff can also provide feedback on information received on a regular basis.			ber of agenda items as a ion's printed materials.)
Does this p	the first and the control of the first beginning the first property of the property of the control of the contr	wards sustainability?		
	SYSTEM CONDITION 1. Reduces dependence upon fossil fuels, extracted underground metals and minerals?	SYSTEM CONDITION 2.	SYSTEM CONDITION 3. Reduces dependence on activities that harm lifesustaining ecosystems?	SYSTEM CONDITION 4. Reduces dependence on activities that interfere with other people's abilities to meet their basic needs?
Specify how project moves City towards improving or achieving each system condition.	Reduces the City's dependence on paper for copying, which requires energy to either produce or recycle. LRTPC may eventually transition into online meeting materials only, reducing transport-related energy usage.	By reducing paper consumption, we are also reducing the corresponding printing chemicals used in the copying, such as ink and toner.	By reducing the amount of materials printed, we will be generating less waste and usage of environmentally unfriendly materials.	Save time of people involved in preparation, dissemination of material. Set example of green efficiency for others in community

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Identify trade offs	Shifting burden of cost and workload from City Staff to commissioners	Shifting burden of cost and workload from City Staff to commissioners	Shifting burden of cost and workload from City Staff to commissioners	Shifting burden of cost and workload from City Staff to commissioners
involved as relates to each system condition				
		ng stone towards sustain t to assess other paper reduction		
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fiscal, environr	mental and social returns)	ent return that the City co		
	lly responsible over time.			
results from ot	her projects or input from other to discuss changes to the comr	<b>nputs</b> ( <i>Elements that may restric</i> sources needed for project to be s nission materials with the Plan Co	successful) mmission and Long Range Tran	
		ose providing review comments for		
				· .
Implement	ation Plan / Milestones	(Due dates and durations)		
		ning on possible changes and wou arter of 2008. Actual implementation		
Tentative sche responses	dule; MarchFirst team meetin	g; April—team develops and distri	butes survey; May—training of Pi	lan Commission in TNS, survey
Communic	ation Plan (Mhat heads to	be communicated? When is	communication needed? To	whom? How?)
Staff will sched groups providi	lule discussions with both comr	nissions to gather their input and u terial can be conveyed differently.	use that information to develop be	etas of new materials to both
Change Ma	madement / Issue Mans	igement (What is process for a	ddressing concerns of those imp	acted? How decisions will be
made? How cl	nanges will be made?)	1. Sec. (2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		
Item on agend	a of commissions at each meet	ing to check-in on accessibility and	d effectiveness of materials.	
Project Tea	ım Roles and Responsi	bilities		
Team Membe	Annia de la companya		Responsibilities	
Michael Waide	elich, Principal Planner Co-p	roject Manager	Supervises Plan Commis	
Tim Parks Kevin Firchow		roject Manager, Staff to Plan Com n Member, Staff to Plan Commiss		k from PC, revise materials k from PC, revise materials
David Trowbrid		n Member, Staff to LRTPC		k from LRTPC, revise materials
Stavaholda	r Roles and Responsib	ilities		
Stakeholders	Roles and Responsib		Responsibilities	
Brad Murphy		cutive Sponsor	Promote overall program	
Plan Commiss	ion Cons	stituent Commission		ack on materials, improvements
Long Kange I	ransportation PC Cons	stituent Commission	Provide input and reedba	ack on materials, improvements
Sponsor Sig	ın-Off			
			Date:	
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