

2025 Executive Operating Budget Overview

Presentation to the Finance Committee Monday, October 14 @ 4:30pm

Agenda

- 1. Highlights of the Executive Operating Budget
 - Structural Deficit
 - Closing the gap in 2025
 - Option 1: Referendum Passes
 - Option 2: Referendum Does No Pass
 - Expense, Revenues, and Property Taxes under each option
- 2. Centrally Budgeted Agencies
- 3. Timeline and Schedule of Agency Briefings
- 4. Legislative Process

Where to find the Operating Budget

The executive capital budget and executive summary were published online on 10/5/24:

https://www.cityofmadison.com/finance/budget/2025/operating

Executive Budget

Full Executive Operating Budget PDF

Executive Budget: Summary PDF

Legistar File 85264 🔼

Executive Summary: Overview of options and proposed changes in alternate budget

Overview and Summaries

- Vision PDF
- Operating Budget Overview and Policies PDF
- City Tax Rate Computation PDF
- General Fund Revenue Summaries PDF
- Expenditure Summaries PDF
- General Obligation Debt Service Summary PDF
- Statement of Indebtedness and Debt Service PDF

Introduction & Summaries:

 Overview and Policies has detailed summary of each phase of the budget, "How to Read Agency Budgets" guide, explanation of fund structure, and other resources

Agency Operating Budgets

Agency Budgets:

 Organized by functional areas Administration

- Assessor PDF
- Attorney PDF
- Civil Rights PDF

Executive Operating Budget = \$431.7 million Assumes passage of \$22 million property tax levy referendum

- 2025 Executive Budget is \$26.4 million (6.5%) more than the 2024 Adopted Budget
- Largest expense is for personnel (salaries and benefits); \$270.5 (63%) of budget is personnel expenses
- Executive budget reflects a \$22 million structural deficit
- Main budget document assumes passage of a municipal property tax levy referendum
- Summary and Overview present plans if referendum does not pass
- Major changes in baseline budget are included in the Overview (pages 9-10) and listed below

Major Changes in the 2025 Executive Budget – Revenues General and Library Funds

Revenues:

- + \$9.6 million allowable levy increase for net new construction and debt service
- + \$6.0 million increase in interest earnings
- + \$2.3 million in local revenues (\$1.0m ambulance fees, \$800,000 parking violations, \$500,000 PILOT payments)
- + \$4.0 million in state aid (\$3.2 million personal property exempt aid; \$331,000 highway aid, \$200,000 shared revenue)
- - \$17.9 million removing one-time sources (fund balance, ARPA, TID proceeds)

Major Changes, continued

Major Changes in the 2025 Executive Budget – Expenses General and Library Funds

Citywide:

Maintains 1% budget reduction for all agencies and higher (3%) average salary savings rate (Reduction: \$214,000)

Personnel:

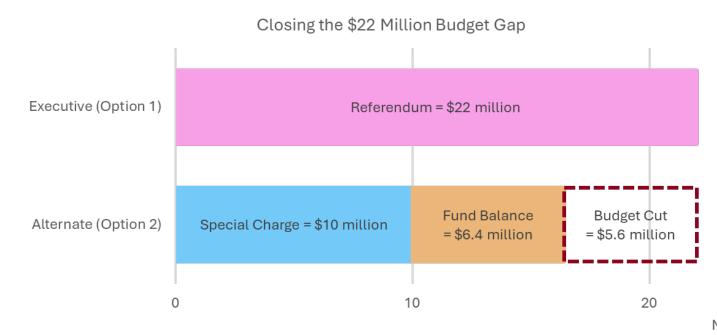
• Total salary and benefits costs increased by \$13.4 million compared to 2024. Includes 1% steps and longevity adjustment (\$2 million), 3% Cost of Living increase for all employees (\$6.1 million), increases to health insurance and WRS rates (\$3.9 million), and other adjustments/ misc. benefits

Non-Personnel:

- Increase Debt Service for principal and interest on already issued GO debt (\$4.3 million)
- Increase transfer out to capital projects (\$2.0 million)
- Increase technology costs (\$1.5 million)
- Increase in fleet expenses for general fund agencies (\$542,000)
- Increase utilities (\$315,000)
- Increase billings to non-GF agencies to recover costs (-\$460,000)
- Add \$1.2 million to CDD for shelter operations costs previously paid through federal ARPA funds; the increase is related to a multi-year plan to fully expend ARPA operating funds by 2024
- Remove \$1.2 million for Clerk due to odd-year election cycle
- Increase subsidy to Metro Transit by \$2.7 million, for a total transfer of \$18.4 million; subsidy includes the 2nd year of a 3 year pay back plan to restore a budget reduction made in 2023 to spend down federal funding
- Increase subsidy to Public Health by \$477,630, for a total transfer of \$10.8 million

Options under the Executive Budget

- Executive budget presents two options
- Option 1 (Main Executive Budget) assumes referendum passes and additional property tax revenues close the budget gap
- Option 2 (Alternate Executive Budget) reflects plan if referendum does not pass and closes the gap through a combination of special charges, fund balance, and budget cuts



Option 1 (Main Executive Budget)

Main budget reflects the cost to continue current services with some adjustments and reallocations within and across agency budgets.

- Positions: Adds 2 net new positions (1 GF funded, 1 non-GF funded)
 - Adds 1 general fund CD Technician 2 to support creation of a Finance and Compliance unit in CDD; Also reclassifies a vacant senior center director position into a manager for the new unit
 - Adds 2 Street machine operators (1 GF funded, 2 non-GF funded)
 - Removes funding and position authority for 1 data analyst in OIM
- Revenues: Adds \$50,000 in revenues from new/increased fees for Building Inspection activities
- Intra-Agency Reallocations: Reallocates funding for various CDD and PHMDC contracts to higher priority services within each agency
- Inter-Agency Reallocations: Reallocates funding from OIM to Library for Reindahl Imagination Center startup costs, which will support ongoing operations in future budgets;
- Other: Reduces funding for various memberships in Direct Appropriations; Reduces funding for conferences in the Mayor's Office; Reduces funding for Sunday Hours at drop-off sites in Streets; Charges CDA for administrative support currently funded by general fund
- **Policy Changes:** Recommends policy change to increase purchasing thresholds

Option 2 (Alternate Executive Budget)

Alternate budget closes the gap through a new infrastructure special charge, reductions in agency budgets, and use of fund balance.

- Changes made under Option 1 would remain in budget under Option 2, unless explicitly stated otherwise
 - Example: CDD
 - Option 1 adds a CD Technician 2 and reclassifies a position; these changes are not mentioned under the Option 2 budget, meaning the changes would remain in place for Option 2
 - Option 1 reallocates \$48,000 from various contracts to homeless services; Option 2 explicitly states these funds would be cut as part of the overall expenditure reduction
- Individual agency budgets, including highlights and line-item details, reflect Option 1. Option 2 is only reflected in the table in the executive summary and overview section of the budget (https://www.cityofmadison.com/finance/documents/budget/2025/operating/OpEx2025-Overview.pdf)

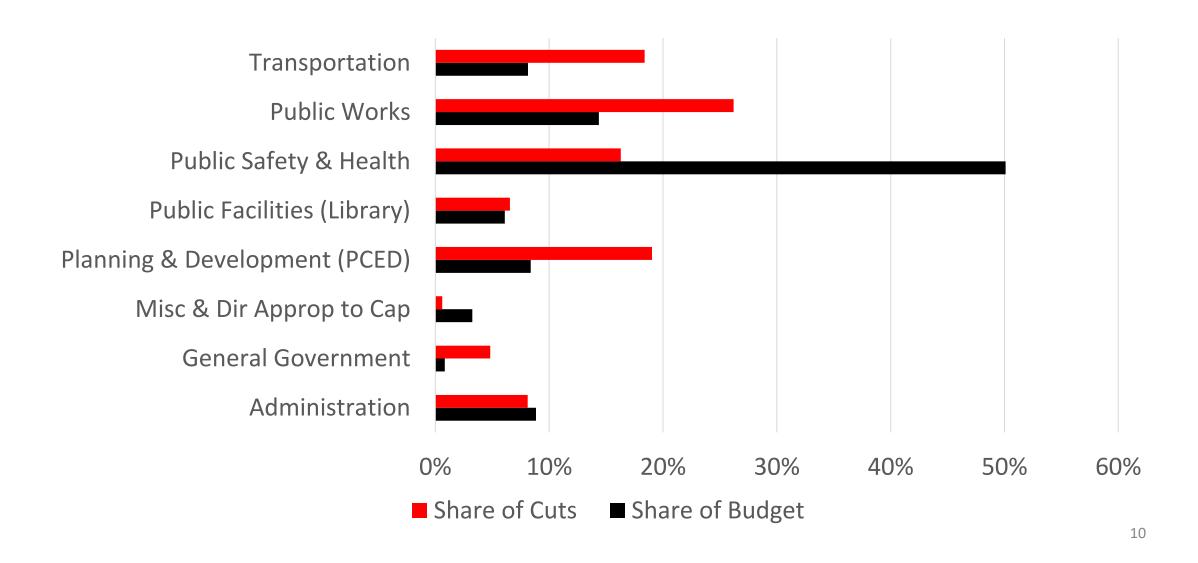
Alternate Plan – \$5.6 million of cuts

- Library: \$370,000 Sunday hours and programming.
- Community Development: \$685,000 less funding for affordable housing, early childhood support, and employment training.
- Parks: \$525,000 reduce city support for Mall Maintenance costs; eliminate funding for ice rinks.
- Streets: \$670,000 reduce drop-off site hours; reduce brush collection from 5 to 3 pick-ups.

- Metro Transit: \$1 million reduce hours of service and other reductions
- Mayor and Council: \$240,000 eliminate memberships, reduce staff and interns, cut training, less resident outreach.
- Police and Fire: \$500,000 reductions to civilian staff and other non-core services
- Independent Monitor: \$270,000 eliminate independent monitor and police civilian oversight board.

Remaining \$1.3 million of cuts – longer waits for building inspections; fewer virtual public meetings; longer lines to vote; fewer State Street events; longer wait for bike path snow removal; no arts or neighborhood grants.

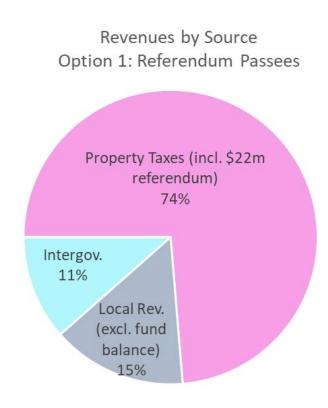
Distribution of Cuts in the Alternate Plan

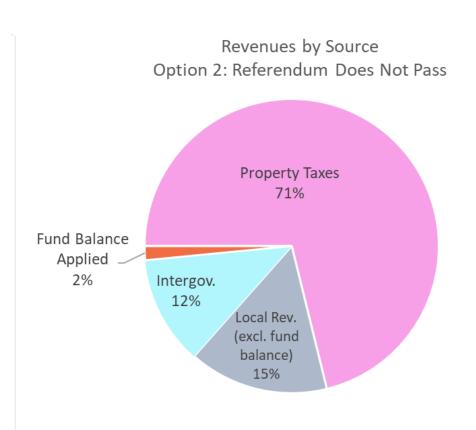


Alternate Plan – Other Changes

- Infrastructure Special Charge (\$10 million): recover the cost of expenditures related to infrastructure maintenance (Traffic Engineering and a portion of Streets expenses) through a special charge on the municipal services bill (estimated cost for single family household = \$6.35/month, or \$76.2/year)
- Fund Balance (\$6.4 million): cover remaining gap using fund balance; will draw down rainy day fund more quickly than long-range plan under Option 1
- Recommends policy change to eliminate Joint Campus Area Committee and Downtown Coordinating Committee

Revenues under each option





Revenues under each option

	Option 1: Executive Budget (Referendum Passes)	Option 2: Alternate Budget (Referendum Does Not Pass)
Property Tax Levy		
Maximum Allowable Levy	\$318.1 million	\$296.1 million
	Includes \$22 million referendum	
Increase Compared to 2024	\$31.6 million (11%)	\$9.6 million (3.4%)
Percentage of total GF	74%	71%
Revenues		
Local Revenues		
Total Local Revenues	\$64 million	\$70.4 million
Change Compared to 2024	\$-9.2 million (-13%)	\$-2.8 million (-4%)
	Uses no fund balance	Includes use of fund balance
Percentage of total GF	15%	17%
Revenues		
State Aid		
Total State Aid	\$49.6 million	\$49.6 million
Percentage of total GF	11.5%	12%
Revenues		

Property Tax Impact under each option

	Option 1: Executive Budget (Referendum Passes)	Option 2: Alternate Budget (Referendum Does Not Pass)
Property Taxes		
Property Taxes	\$318.1 million	\$296.1 million
Change Compared to 2024	11%	3.4%
Adopted		
2024 Mill Rate		
Mill Rate	7.28	6.77
Change Compared to 2024	+2.45%	-4.6%
Adopted		
Taxes on the Average Value F	lome (TOAH)	
TOAH	\$3,330	\$3,100
Increase Compared to 2024 Adopted	\$313 (10.4%)	\$83 (2.8%)

Utilities and Special Charges on the Municipal Services Bill

	2024	Adopted	2025	Executive	% Change
Water	\$	406.80	\$	406.80	0.0%
Sewer	\$	421.24	\$	448.62	6.5%
Stormwater	\$	150.36	\$	153.37	2.0%
Urban Forestry	\$	85.44	\$	90.96	6.5%
Landfill	\$	6.00	\$	6.00	0.0%
Resource Recovery	_		I		
Special Charge	\$	47.43	\$	42.72	-9.9%
Total Annual Cost	\$	1,117.27	\$	1,148.47	2.8%

2025 Operating budget will reflect new service structure

Current State: Agency budgets are organized by "service" to reflect their activities. These services were established ~10 years ago with the implementation of Munis and may not reflect an agency's current activities or organization structure.

Purpose/ Goal: The Service Redesign is a component of **Results Madison** – a strategic framework to align city services with the outcomes that matter most to residents. The goals are to 1) review and update each agency's Service structure to better reflect the agency's activities, 2) improve internal and external reporting on budget and metrics, and 3) facilitate the strategic allocation of resources.

Potential Changes in Agency Budgets:

1. No Change:

Keep Service structure same as current Munis structure

2. Add Services:

Create new services to add granularity to budget

3. Consolidate:

Combine services that should not be standalone

4. Shift Activities:

Realign accounts across services to reflect operations

Example of New Services

- Agency Highlights page will note changes from 2024
- Any change, even just updating a service name, is considered a change in the data and results in not showing service-level history

Police Department

Agency Overview

Budget Service Changes

As part of the 2025 budget process, all agencies evaluated their budget service structure and had the opportunity to propose updates to services. The Police Department's 2025 budget service structure has been changed from the 2024 adopted budget. Since there were changes to services, the budget does not show a full history at the service level. The budget does show a full history at the agency level by fund and by major expenditure category.

The 2024 Adopted Budget included the following service(s):

- Police Field
- Police Support

The 2025 Executive Budget has been updated to the following service(s):

- Administrative Services
- Community Support Services
- Criminal Investigative Services
- Patrol Operations & Traffic Services
- Training

Example of New Services

 Budget will continue to show budget history by the agency-fund level and by major revenue and expenditure categories

Police			Function:	Public Safety & Health			
Budget Overview							
Agency Budget by Fund							
Fund	2023 Actual	2024 Adopted	2024 Projected	2025 Request	2025 Executive		
General	86,403,470	91,033,353	92,033,888	95,222,141	96,160,248		
Other Grants	2,948,085	2,052,772	2,287,035	2,135,683	2,147,484		

312,828

93,398,952 \$

206,285

94,527,208 \$

227,800

97,585,624 \$

227,800

98,535,533

185,404

\$ 89,536,959 \$

Agency Budget by Service

Other Restricted

Total

Service	2023 Actual	20	024 Adopted	20	024 Projected	20	025 Request	2	025 Executive
Administrative Services							14,556,693		14,650,897
Community Support Services	Service history	no.	t shown due to	Res	sults Madison		2,049,598		2,876,914
Criminal Investigative Service	service restructu	re. S	Services listed	here	will take effect		18,096,045		18,355,570
Patrol Ops & Traffic Services							59,729,931		59,461,760
Training							3,153,357		3,190,392
	\$ 89,536,959	\$	93,398,952	\$	94,527,208	\$	97,585,624	\$	98,535,533

Agency Budget by Major-Revenue

Major Revenue	2023 Actual	2024 Adopted	2024 Projected	2025 Request	2025 Executive
Intergov Revenues	(318,071)	(357,680)	(357,680)	(359,764)	(359,764)
Charges For Services	(1,081,303)	(833,350)	(1,038,640)	(925,350)	(925,350)
Invest Other Contrib	(27,503)	(214,252)	(69,252)	(213,701)	(213,701)
Misc Revenue	(9,528)	(21,700)	(10,400)	(21,700)	(21,700)
Other Finance Source	(31,336)	-	-	-	-
Transfer In	(123,814)	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ (1,591,555)	\$ (1,426,982)	\$ (1,475,972)	\$ (1,520,515)	\$ (1,520,515)

Centrally Budgeted Funds:

Debt Service, Direct Appropriations, Insurance, Workers Compensation, Room Tax

Centrally Budgeted Funds: Debt Service

- \$68,147,105 = Total General Obligation Debt Service (\$55,386,535 in principal and \$12,760,570 in interest).
- Reoffering Premium: The budget reflects \$10.6 million of reoffering premium received from the 2024 debt issuance.
 - Under Wisconsin Statutes, reoffering premium amounts must be used to pay debt service.
 - The \$10.6 million of 2024 premium is allocated in the Debt Service Schedule to pay General Fund debt service in 2024.
- **Direct Appropriation for Capital Projects:** The 2025 Executive Operating Budget appropriates \$3.3 million from the general fund for capital projects.
 - Under MGO 4.17, whenever an amount is applied in general debt reserves to reduce general fund debt service, an equal amount must be directly appropriated in the general fund for capital projects, unless the Common Council, by a separate vote of two-thirds of all members during approval of the budget, votes to do otherwise.
 - The 2025 Executive Operating Budget appropriation of \$3.3 million is \$7.3 million less than the amount applied in general debt reserves to reduce general fund debt service.
 - As such, approval of the lower direct appropriation amount for capital projects requires a separate two-thirds vote of the Council during adoption of the 2025 operating budget.

Centrally Budgeted Funds: Direct Appropriations

Purchased Services

- Reduces funding for memberships, including League of Wisconsin Municipalities, Wheeler Report, WI Diversity Procurement, and WI Coalition Against Homelessness. (Decrease: \$72,824)
- Removes funding for compensation study, which is expected to be completed in 2024 (Decrease: \$350,000)
- Increases General Fund Contribution to Henry Vilas Zoo due to increase in Zoo Operating Costs (Increase: \$52,516)
- Increases funding for the Federal and State Liaisons based on new rates. (Increase: \$12,000)

Contingent Reserve

Increases the Contingent Reserve to maintain 0.5% of budgeted expenditures in accordance with City policy (Increase: \$52,907)

Transfers to Other Funds

- Increases General Fund debt service payments (Increase: \$4.3 million)
- Includes \$541,000 transfer to the Affordable Housing fund for debt service payments (Decrease: \$9,625)
- Includes \$3.3 million for capital projects funded by a direct appropriation from the General Fund (Increase: \$2.1 million)
- Increases the transfer to Public Health to support the City share of expenses and additional City priorities for a total City contribution of \$10.8 million (Increase: \$477,630)
- Includes a \$18.4 million general fund subsidy to Metro, which includes restoring reductions made in 2023 (Increase: \$2.7 million)

Centrally Budgeted Funds: Insurance & Worker's Compensation

Insurance

- Increases the rates charged to agencies based on anticipated claims (Increase: \$700,000)
- Increases funding for general liability insurance, property, and other premiums (Increase: \$194,750)
- Assumes adding \$30,500 to fund balance in 2025
- Increases net asset goal from \$1,875,000 to \$2,215,000 to reflect a higher annual aggregate deductible for the City from its insurer

Workers Compensation

- Decreases the rates charged to agencies based on anticipated claims (Decrease: \$500,000)
- Assumes adding \$34,500 in fund balance

Room Tax Commission

- The 2025 Executive Budget reflects funding allocations adopted by the Room Tax Commission.
- These adjustments reflect an overall \$635,000 increase in Room Tax revenues when compared to 2024

Description	Amount	Change from 2024
Room Tax Receipts	\$21.8 million	+ \$635,000
Greater Madison Convention and Visitors Bureau	\$6.2 million	+ \$335,200
City Tourism Marketing Activities	\$307,500	+ \$10,000
Monona Terrace Operating Costs	\$5.4 million	\$0
Overture Center	\$2.2 million	+ \$20,000
Alliant Energy Center, Henry Vilas Zoo and Olbrich Gardens	\$1.5 million	+ \$83,700
Room Tax revenue to be retained by the General Fund	\$6.5 million	+ \$190,000

Agency Briefings & Amendment Process

Agency Briefing Format

- Agencies will present 2 slides with a general overview of their budget
- Slides refer to main budget, which assumes the referendum passes (option 1)
- Agency heads will discuss budget highlights, major changes from prior year, and impact of changes proposed if the referendum does not pass (option 2)
- All budget materials (executive budget and original agency requests) can be found online: https://www.cityofmadison.com/finance/budget/2025/operating

Briefing Schedule

Monday, October 14th 4:30pm* Virtual Meeting	Tuesday, October 15 th 4:30pm Virtual Meeting
Overview**	General Government
	Municipal Court
Administration	Common Council
Assessor	Mayor's Office
Attorney	
Civil Rights	Administration
Clerk	Employee Assistance Program
	Finance
Public Facilities	Human Resources
Monona Terrace	Information Technology
	BCED.
Public Health and Safety	PCED
Public Health***	Building Inspection
5 11: W 1	CDA Red grales ment
Public Works	CDA Redevelopment
Engineering (including Landfill, Sewer,	Community Development Division Economic Development Division
Stormwater) Fleet	Planning
	PCED Office of the Director
Parks (including Golf) Streets	PCED Office of the Director
Water	Public Facilities
water	Library
Transportation	Library
Metro Transit	Public Health and Safety
Parking	Fire
Traffic Engineering	Office of the Independent Monitor
Transportation	Police
Transportation	. 5.166

Detailed Timeline for FC and CC Hearings

		Capital	Operating			
1.	Mayor Introduces Executive Budget	September 10	October 8			
2.	Finance Committee (FC) Hearings	Agencies present budget; alders have opportuSeptember 16 & 17	nity to ask questions • October 14 & 15			
		Alders submit requests to budget analysts; and	alysts review and publish amendments			
3.	FC Amendment Week	 September 18 – 27 Alders submit by Weds., Sept. 25 at 12pm Analysts publish by Fri., Sept 27 at 12pm 	 October 16 – 25 Alders submit by Weds., Oct. 23 at 12pm Analysts publish by Fri., Oct 25 at 12pm 			
4.	FC Vote on Amendments	September 30	October 28			
5.	City Council Amendments	 City Council has the opportunity to propose amendments to capital and operating budgets October 28 – November 8 (Referendum vote Nov. 5) Alders submit by Thurs., Nov. 7 at 12pm Analysts publish by Fri., Nov 8 at 4pm 				
6.	City Council Adoption	Up to three (3) CC meetings to vote on amendments and adopt budget • November 12, 13, 14				

Finance Committee Amendment Process

- Finance Committee proposes amendments to both Option 1 and Option 2
- FC can propose amendments to any component of the executive budget not limited to the reallocations/ major changes highlighted in the summary
 - Not all agency changes are included in the executive summary
 - Review the Executive Budget Overview for a list of changes made during cost to continue
 - Each agency section includes a list of highlights; review agency-specific highlights and budgets for full list of changes
- FC will vote on both sets of amendments during 10/28 meeting
- FC will refer both budgets to the Common Council

FC Amendment Example

Example: Finance Budget service reallocates \$25,000 from Hourly Wages for Data Team interns to Purchased Services for a digital budget book software. This reallocation was made during the agency request. The change is noted in the Finance Agency Highlights but not in the executive summary table.

Potential amendments may: 1) change option 1 budget only, 2) change option 2 budget only, or 3) change budget regardless of referendum outcome.

- Amend Option 1 Only: Amendment can remove funding for software and restore funding for interns in the main executive budget
- Amend Option 2 Only: Amendment can remove funding for software and use savings to help close the budget gap if the referendum fails
- Amend Regardless of Referendum Outcome: Amendment can update service description for Budget to explicitly mention the use of digital budget tools for community engagement

Common Council Amendment Process

- Council will consider one budget depending on the outcome of the 11/5 election
 - Option 1 as amended by Finance Committee or Option 2 as amended by Finance Committee
- CC will be able to propose additional amendments
- Due to short turnaround time, alders are encouraged to work with Finance staff on amendments for both options before the 11/7 deadline
- Reminder: CC does not deliberate on amendments adopted by FC. If an alder wishes to change the outcome of an amendment discussed by FC, a separate amendment will need to be proposed during the CC Amendment period.

Amendment Reminders

Balanced Budget

- Common Council is required to adopt a balanced budget (revenues = expenses)
- If an individual amendment increases expenses (for example, by restoring a cut), the expense should be offset by another expenditure reduction or increase in revenue

Sponsorship

- Finance Committee (FC) amendments must have FC sponsor; non-FC alders can move an amendment through an FC sponsor
- Common Council (CC) amendments must have 2 sponsors
- Include co-sponsors on emails so we can quickly confirm that everyone supports the same version of a file