BURDEN OF ALCOHOL IN DANE COUNTY

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June 18, 2025

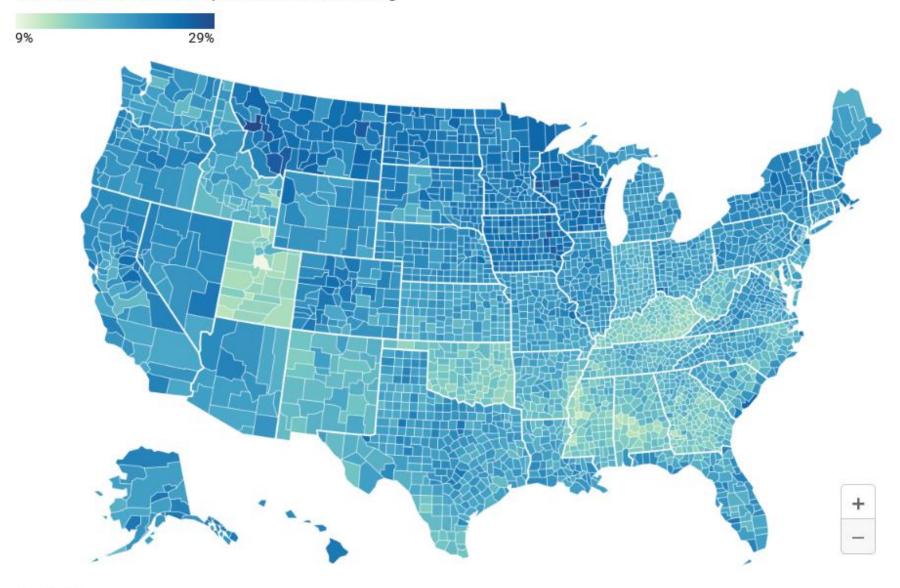


EXCESSIVE ALCOHOL USE IS A PUBLIC HEALTH & SAFETY PROBLEM

Every County in WI is higher than the national average for excessive drinking.

Excessive Drinking by County 2025

The % of adults who self-reported excessive drinking

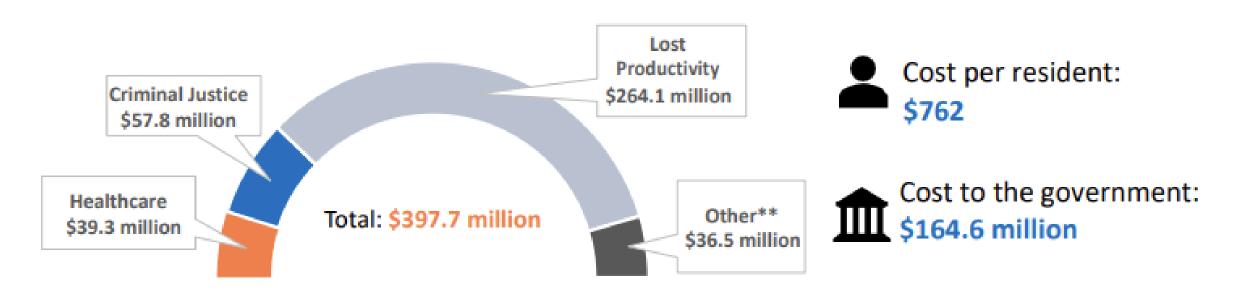


As of 2022

Map: Addy Bink, Nexstar • Source: University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute | 2025 County Health Rankings • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper

Binge drinking costs Dane County nearly \$398 Million

In Dane County, the estimated annual economic cost of binge drinking is \$397.7 million.



Binge drinking costs Dane County nearly \$398 Million

Binge drinking is responsible for 76% of the excessive alcohol consumption economic cost.3

In Dane County, excessive alcohol consumption contributes to an annual average of



170 alcohol-related deaths⁴



5,485 alcohol-related hospitalizations⁵



472 alcohol-related crashes⁶

Excessive alcohol consumption includes:²

- Binge drinking
- Heavy drinking (15+ drinks/week for men; 8+ drinks/week for women)
- Any alcohol consumption by youth under 21 or pregnant women



724 persons in an alcohol-related treatment service7

Dane County Alcohol-Related Deaths

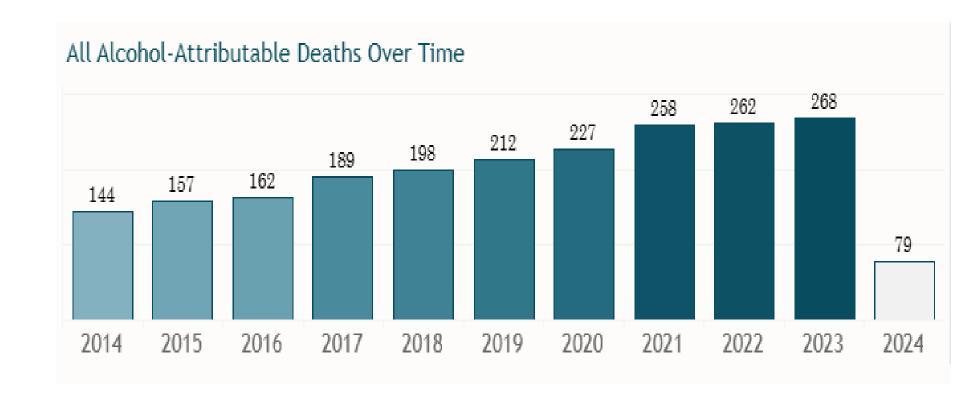
Dane County ranks 2nd in the state for Alcoholattributable deaths with 268 in 2023.

https://www.dhs.wisconsin.g ov/alcohol/deathscounty.htm



Dane County Alcohol-Related Deaths

Alcohol-related deaths are increasing in Dane County.



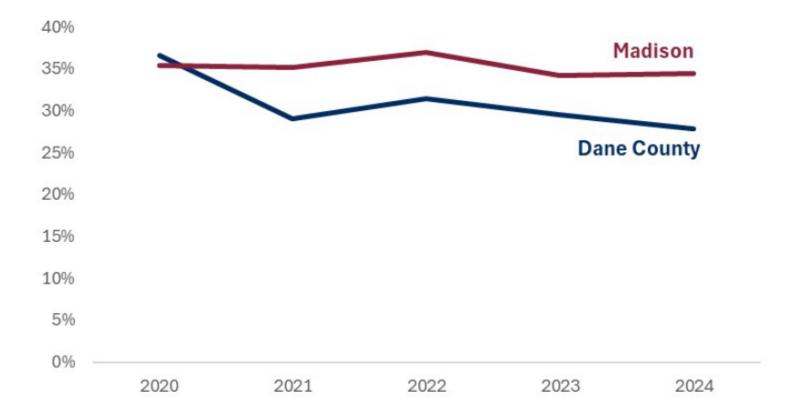
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Intimate Partner Violence Where Alcohol Is Suspected

Results

- On average, during 2020-2024 there were over 550 violent offenses per year in Madison involving intimate partners.
- In over 1/3 of these cases, the offender was suspected by the reporting officer of using alcohol.
- The average percent of IPV cases suspected of involving alcohol in Madison (35%) is consistently slightly above that of Dane County as a whole (31%).



Underage Alcohol Citations - 2024

1,355



What is Place of Last Drink (POLD)?

Place of Last Drink (POLD) is an initiative to identify patterns of alcohol use that lead to law enforcement response and calls for service. Over time, collecting this information will allow departments to identify patterns and areas of concern.

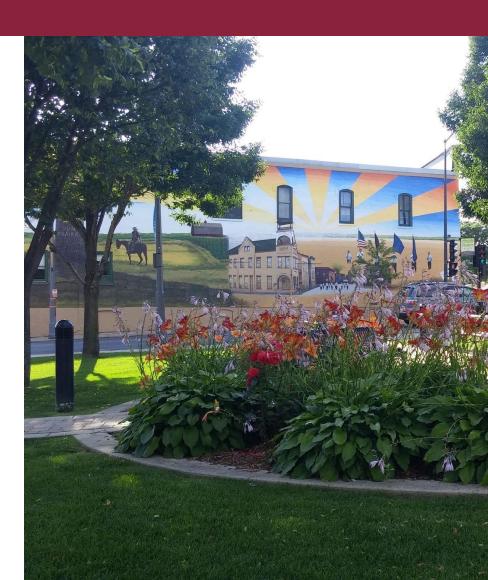


POLD Collected in Madison

POLD information is collected in any event in which the officer believes alcohol played a factor:

535 stops in 2024

- 92 of 534 (17%) named license holder
- 282 of 534 (53%) unknown/refused
- 147 of 534 (28%) generic: e.g. friends, work, residence, 'a bar'
- AVG BAC of .18 (422 of 535 results, 79%)



POLD Collected in Madison

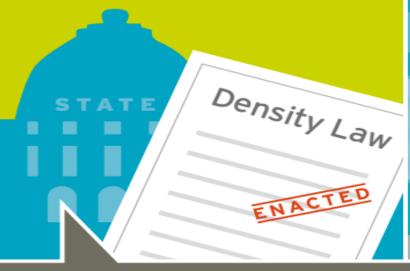
Location	POLD#	Avg. BAC
Red Rock	5	0.204
Five Nightclub	4	0.13
Ho-Chunk Casino	4	0.21
Cheba Hut	3	0.13
Sotto	3	0.1
Club La Mark	2	0.18
Crystal Corner	2	0.17
Ideal Bar	2	0.17
La Hacienda	2	0.195
Lazy Oaf	2	0.16
Mickey's	2	0.11
Nitty Gritty	2	Inc
Scwoeglers	2	0.183
Shamrock	2	0.155
Texas Roadhouse	2	Inc

Alcohol Outlet Density: An Evidence-Based Strategy

States permit local governments to regulate alcohol outlet density

Local governments use licensing and/or zoning authority to regulate alcohol outlet density

Regulating alcohol outlet density improves health & saves lives





Considerations for Local Regulation of Alcohol Outlet Density as a Public Health Strategy



Gives authority to those who know local conditions best



Encourages local residents to engage in decision-making processes



Supports
community norms
that discourage
excessive
drinking



Empowers local law enforcement agencies to address problems associated with excessive alcohol use



Reduced rates of excessive alcohol consumption (including binge and underage drinking)



Fewer public nuisance activities and reduced police costs

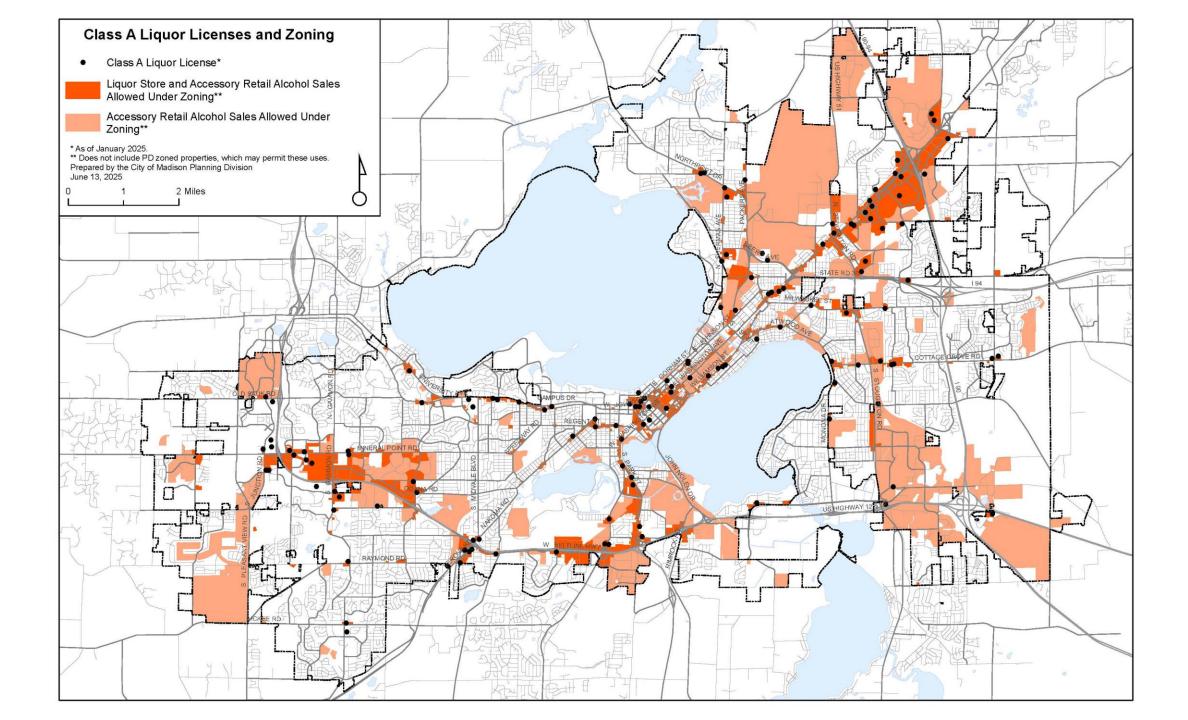


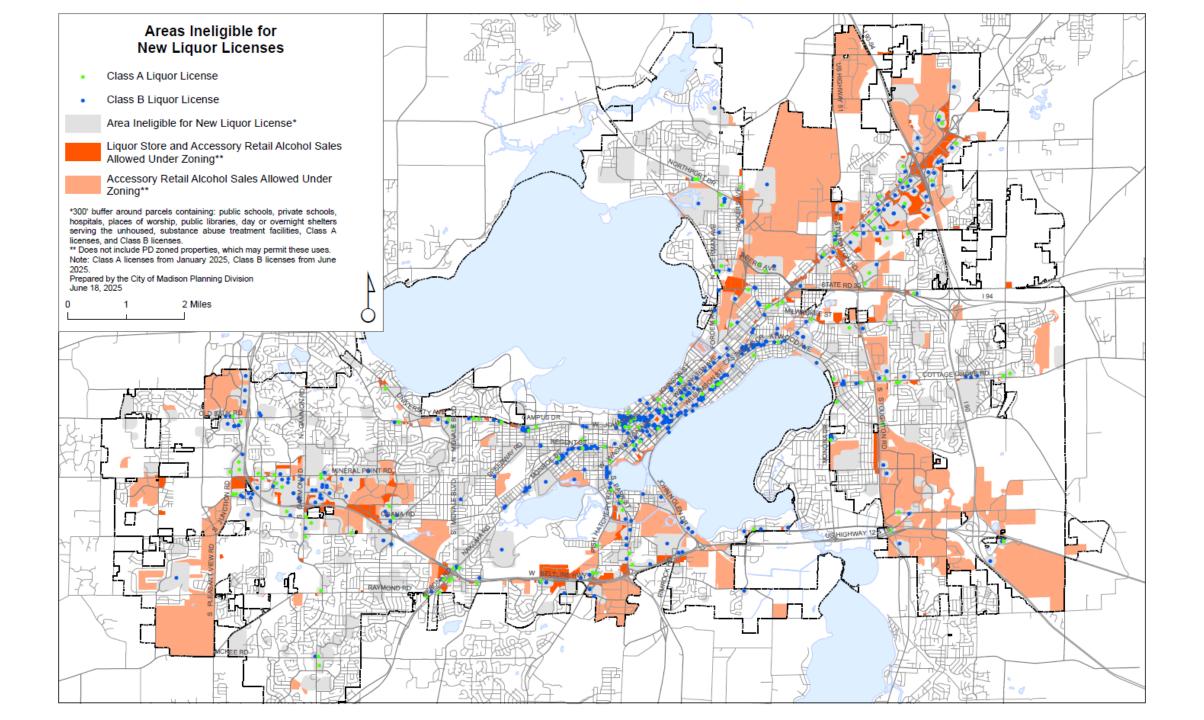
Lower rates of violence



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Ordinance Maps







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