Standards for	Historic Districts				
New Structures	Mansion	Third Lake	University	Marquette Bungalows	First
	Hill	Ridge	Heights	The state of the s	Settlement
Building Form					
Proportions of width	In the street elevation(s) of a structure, the				
to height in facades	proportion of width to height in the facade(s)				
Proportions and	The proportions and relationships of width to				
relation of width to	height of the doors and windows in street				
height of doors and	facade(s).				
windows					
Proportion and	The proportion and rhythm of solids to voids	Parcels Zoned for Mixed-Use, Commercial			
rhythm of solids to	created by openings in the façade	and Residential Uses.			
voids		Any new structures on parcels zoned for			
		mixed-use and commercial use that are			
		located within two hundred (200) feet of			
		other historic resources shall be visually			
		compatible with those historic resources in			
		the following ways:			
		The proportion and rhythm of solids to voids			
51		in the street facade(s)			
Directional	All street facades shall blend with other	Parcels Zoned for Residential Uses.			
Expression	structures via directional expression. When	Any new structures on parcels zoned for			
	adjacent structures have a dominant vertical	mixed-use and commercial use that are			
	or horizontal expression, this expression should be carried over and reflected	located within two hundred (200) feet of			
	should be carried over and reflected	other historic resources shall be visually			
		compatible with those historic resources in the following ways:			
		Directional expression			
Compatible Height	Hoight	Parcels Zoned for Employment, Mixed-Use,	The maximum height in the TR-C2, TR-C3,		New principal structures shall be similar in
Compatible neight	Height	Commercial and Residential Uses.	TR-C4, TR-V1, and TR-V2 Zoning Districts		height to the structures directly adjacent to
		Any new structure on parcels zoned for	shall be thirty-five (35) feet and shall not		each side. If the structures directly adjacent
		employment use that are located within two	exceed two and a half (2-1/2) stories except		to each side are different in height, the new
		hundred (200) feet of other historic	as provided in the height regulations for the		structure shall be of a height compatible
		resources shall be visually compatible with	district.		with the structures within two hundred
		those historic resources in the following	The maximum height in the TR-U1, NMX,		(200) feet of the proposed structure. New
		ways:	TSS, and LMX Zoning Districts shall be forty		principal structures shall be compatible
		Height	(40) feet.		with the scale, proportion, and rhythm of
			The maximum height in the TR-U2 Zoning		masses and spaces of structures within two
			District shall be fifty (50) feet. All new		hundred (200) feet of the proposed
			structures in all zoning districts within		structure.
			University Heights shall be no less than		
			fifteen (15) feet high.		
Compatible Gross	Gross Volume	Parcels Zoned for Employment, Mixed-Use,	_		
Volume		Commercial and Residential Uses.			

	Darcole Zanad for Employment Has Any			
	Parcels Zoned for Employment Use. Any new			
	structure on parcels zoned for employment			
	use that are located within two hundred			
	(200) feet of other historic resources shall			
	be visually compatible with those historic			
	resources in the following ways:			
	Gross volume			
Rhythm of buildings	Parcels Zoned for Mixed-Use, Commercial			
and masses and	and Residential Uses.			
spaces	Any new structures on parcels zoned for			
	mixed-use and commercial use that are			
	located within two hundred (200) feet of			
	other historic resources shall be visually			
	compatible with those historic resources in			
	the following ways:			
	The rhythm of buildings masses and spaces			
Visual Size		The gross area of the front facade, i.e., all	New principal structures shall match the	
		walls facing the street, of a single-family,	design of other structures in the district in	
		two-unit or commercial structure shall be no	materials, roof shape, architectural details, the	
		greater than one hundred twenty-five	proportion and rhythm of solids to voids, the	
		percent (125%) of the average gross area of	proportion of widths to heights of doors and	
		the front facades of structures within two	windows, the scale, height, setbacks, side	
		hundred (200) feet of the subject property.	yards and other visual features. The intention	
		The gross area of the front facade of a	is to have new structures virtually duplicate	
		multiple family dwelling shall be no more	the design of other structures in the	
		than one hundred twenty-five percent	neighborhood, since all parcels in the district	
		(125%) of the average gross area of the front	are currently developed and any new	
		facades of all structures within two hundred	construction would be replacing an existing	
		(200) feet of the subject property or	structure	
		variations in the setback shall be designed in		
		the front facade of the structure to repeat		
		the rhythm and proportions of structures to		
		space between them within two hundred		
		(200) feet of the subject property		
Scale				
Architecture				
Design of the	Parcels Zoned for Mixed-Use, Commercial	Roof Shape. The shapes and pitches of roofs		If a principal structure does not have a flat
roof/roof shape	and Residential Uses.	shall be similar to the roof shapes and		roof, the pitch of the new roof shall be no
	Any new structures on parcels zoned for	pitches on existing structures within two		less than 4-in-12
	mixed-use and commercial use that are	hundred (200) feet of the subject property.		
	located within two hundred (200) feet of	Roof Materials. Roofing materials shall be		
	other historic resources shall be visually	similar in appearance to roofing materials		
	compatible with those historic resources in	used on structures within two hundred (200)		
	the following ways:	feet of the subject property. Modern-style		
	The design of the roof	shingles, such as thick wood shakes, Dutch		

		lap, French method and interlock shingles, that are incompatible with the historic character of the district are prohibited. Rolled roofing, tar and gravel and other similar roofing materials are prohibited except that such materials may be used on flat or slightly sloped roofs which are not	
Maria tala Hard ta dha		visible from the ground.	
Materials Used in the Street Facade	Parcels Zoned for Mixed-Use, Commercial and Residential Uses. Any new structures on parcels zoned for mixed-use and commercial use that are located within two hundred (200) feet of other historic resources shall be visually compatible with those historic resources in the following ways: The materials used in the street facade(s).		
Façade Design	The materials used in the street facade(s).		Street facades shall be modulated with setbacks incorporated into the design at the first floor level. The entrance shall either be inset or projecting from the plane of the main facade. Porches on main entrances are encouraged. Street facades shall reflect the rhythm and directional expression of pre-1930 structures within two hundred (200) feet of the subject property.
Materials, Patterns and Textures	Parcels Zoned for Residential Uses. Any new structures on parcels zoned for mixed-use and commercial use that are located within two hundred (200) feet of other historic resources shall be visually compatible with those historic resources in the following ways: Materials, patterns and textures	Materials for the exterior walls shall be the same as or similar to materials prevalent in the University Heights Historic District. Permitted materials include brick, narrow gauge horizontal clapboards four or less inches in exposed width, stone, stucco, smooth shingles or combinations of the above provided the combinations occur in a manner and location similar to the materials on existing structures in University Heights (e.g., brick on first floor with clapboard on second floor). Other materials, such as aluminum or vinyl must be visually compatible with structures within two hundred (200) feet of the subject property. The following materials are prohibited: concrete block, asbestos, wide clapboards over four inches in exposed width, diagonal	

	boards, vertical boards, rough sawn wood,	
	rough split shingles, shakes.	
Architectural Details	Tought split stilligles, stakes.	
		Poofing materials shall be asphalt shingless
Roof Materials		Roofing materials shall be asphalt shingles; fiberglass or other composition shingles similar in appearance to multi-layered architectural shingles or 3-in-1 tab; or Dutch lap, French method or interlock shingles. Sawn wood shingles may also be approved. Thick wood shakes are prohibited. Vents shall be located as inconspicuously as possible and shall be similar in color to the color of the roof. Rolled roofing, tar-and-gravel, rubberized membranes and other similar roofing materials are prohibited except that such materials may be used on flat or slightly
		sloped roofs that are not visible from the ground
Siding Materials		Narrow gauge clapboards made of wood, composite wood material, or concrete, and/or brick and stone may be permitted. Stucco and split-faced concrete block may be permitted only as trim, rather than the primary siding material. Stucco panels and pebble dash are prohibited. If the first two floors of a proposed structure are masonry, the Landmarks Commission may permit the use of artificial siding (i.e. vinyl or aluminum) on the upper floor or floors. In such circumstances, the artificial siding must conform to the following requirements: 1. The material shall be of the highest grade offered by the manufacturer. 2. The material shall have a minimum gauge of .042. 3. The color and sheen of the siding shall be consistent with those used in the era in which adjacent structures were constructed. 4. The siding shall not have a false wood grain. 5. The width of each apparent clapboard shall not exceed four (4) inches.

				6. The use of visible j-channel trim and
				other prefabricated elements that differ in
				appearance from those used on historic
				structures in the neighborhood is
				prohibited.
Windows and Doors				The proportion of width to height of doors
				and windows and the proportion and
				rhythm of solids to voids in the front and
				side facade designs shall be similar to pre-
				1930 structures within two hundred (200)
				feet of the subject property. Windows
				trimmed with bead molds similar in design
				to other pre-1930 window trim in the
				district and windows and doors shall be
				inset at least one (1) inch from the exterior
				trim. The main entrance to the structure
				shall be on the front facade. Garage doors
				shall be located on the side or rear facades
				whenever feasible. If it is not feasible to
				locate the garage door on the sides or rear
				facades, one-car garage doors will be
				permitted on the front facade.
Site				
Landscape Treatment	Parcels Zoned for Residential Uses.			
	Any new structures on parcels zoned for			
	mixed-use and commercial use that are			
	located within two hundred (200) feet of			
	other historic resources shall be visually			
	other material resources shall be visually			
	compatible with those historic resources in			
	compatible with those historic resources in			
	the following ways:			
Parking lots		No new parking lots will be approved upless		
Parking lots	the following ways:	No new parking lots will be approved unless they are accessory to and on the same		
Parking lots	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same		
Parking lots	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or		
	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same	Chain link metal mesh and other rustic style	
Parking lots Fences	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	Chain link, metal mesh and other rustic style	
	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	fences, such as rough sawn wood or split-rails,	
	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	fences, such as rough sawn wood or split-rails, are prohibited in the front yard. Fences in the	
	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	fences, such as rough sawn wood or split-rails, are prohibited in the front yard. Fences in the front yard shall not exceed three (3) feet in	
Fences	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	fences, such as rough sawn wood or split-rails, are prohibited in the front yard. Fences in the	
Fences Retaining Walls in	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	fences, such as rough sawn wood or split-rails, are prohibited in the front yard. Fences in the front yard shall not exceed three (3) feet in	
Fences Retaining Walls in Front Yards	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	fences, such as rough sawn wood or split-rails, are prohibited in the front yard. Fences in the front yard shall not exceed three (3) feet in	
Fences Retaining Walls in Front Yards Setbacks, side yards	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	fences, such as rough sawn wood or split-rails, are prohibited in the front yard. Fences in the front yard shall not exceed three (3) feet in	
Fences Retaining Walls in Front Yards	the following ways:	they are accessory to and on the same zoning lot as a commercial structure or	fences, such as rough sawn wood or split-rails, are prohibited in the front yard. Fences in the front yard shall not exceed three (3) feet in	

Accessory Structures		
Accessory Structures Accessory Structures	Accessory structures, as defined in Section 28.211, MGO, shall be compatible with the design of the existing structures on the zoning lot, shall not exceed fifteen (15) fee in height and shall be as unobtrusive as possible. No accessory structure shall be erected in any yard except a rear yard. Exterior wall materials shall be the same at those for construction of new principal structures as set forth in Sec. 41.24(4)(a)2	the design of the existing structure on the zoning lot, shall not exceed fifteen (15) feet in height and shall be as unobtrusive as possible. Accessory structures shall be erected in the rear yard. If the structure on the lot is sided in wood or stucco, the siding on the accessory structure shall match the appearance of the siding on the structure. Imitation siding
Other		