Relationship between Transportation Commission, Transportation Planning and Policy Board, and Board of Public Works – For Discussion Purposes. 2020-01-06

What projects that go to Transportation Commission?

Informational Presentation(s) only:

- Reconstruction projects on collectors, arterials, or primary bicycle ways
- Projects that reallocate street space (e.g. resurfacing and/or pavement markings) on collectors, arterials, or primary bicycle ways.

Informational Presentation(s) and Follow up with Geometry Resolution introduced by Council:

- Major Street or Major Path Projects
- Federally Funded Projects

At what stage do projects go to the Transportation Commission and Transportation Planning and Policy Board?

- Stage 1 TPPB
 - o If it is part of a corridor, then the conceptual development for the corridor should go to the Transportation Planning and Policy Board. Components include
 - o Purpose and need and alternative development.
 - Alternatives developed to the 10 percent stage which includes:
 - Basic cross sectional dimensions.
 - Preliminary horizontal layout.
- Stage 2 TC
 - o 30 percent design, which includes:
 - Basic cross sectional dimensions
 - Intersection geometric design
 - Preliminary drainage and utility relocation information
 - Right of way needed for project (not including construction easements)
 - Alterations to landscaping.

How do the Transportation Commission and Board of Public Works Interact?

- The Transportation Commission and Board of Public Works approve 30 percent geometry on major projects/federally funded projects before assessments are made and/or plans are sent out to bid.
 Transportation Commission will review other projects as described above informationally before assessments are made and/or plans are sent out to bid.
 - o Board of Public Works reviews all projects.
 - Transportation Commission reviews projects involving collectors, arterials, primary bicycle ways, or project that reallocate street space.
 - o Generally, the Transportation Commission should review applicable projects prior to them going to Board of Public Works.

How much can a design change between 30 and 90 percent before it needs re-approval from the Transportation Commission?

- Modifications that <u>do not need</u> to be re-reviewed include:
 - Minor changes in intersection design to accommodate truck turning radii, curb ramp design, or traffic signal/lighting placement.
 - o Minor changes in roadway alignment to minimize impacts to property or landscaping.
 - Minor changes in pavement marking.
- Modifications that do need to be re-reviewed include:
 - o Changes in typical section dimensions that allocate space for different purposes.
 - o Major changes in intersection geometry (addition of an island, channelization, etc.)
 - Major changes in landscaping (# trees, etc.)

Sequence of Meetings for Reconstruction Projects

To be discussed.